

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10/A

GENERAL FORM FOR REGISTRATION OF SECURITIES
Pursuant to Section 12(b) or (g) of The Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Titan Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
State of other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization

94-3171940
I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (650) 244-4990

Securities to be registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act: none

Securities to be registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act:

Common Stock, \$.001 par value
(Title of class)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer (Do not check if smaller reporting company)

Smaller reporting company

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EXPLANATORY NOTE

Titan Pharmaceuticals, Inc. has been publicly-traded since our company's initial public offering in January 1996. In December 2008, as part of our efforts to conserve cash, we announced our decision to voluntarily delist from the NYSE Euronext (formerly the American Stock Exchange) and terminate our obligation to file reports under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act"). In light of recent favorable developments, in particular the U.S. Food and Drug Administration's approval of Fanapt™ and our receipt of a grant from the National Institutes for Health for our Probuphine program, our board of directors made a determination to file this registration statement on Form 10 to re-register under the Exchange Act. It is our intention to resume filing all periodic reports under the Exchange Act. In addition, we will seek to have our shares, which are currently quoted on the OTC Pink Sheets system, listed on the OTC Bulletin Board. Our board is taking these actions as part of an ongoing process to evaluate all of the strategic alternatives available to us with the goal of maximizing value for our stockholders.

References herein to "we," "us," "Titan," and "our company" refer to Titan Pharmaceuticals, Inc. and its subsidiaries unless the context otherwise requires.

Probuphine®, Spheramine® and ProNeura™ are trademarks of our company. This Form 10 also includes trade names and trademarks of companies other than Titan.

SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

Statements in this Form 10 or in the documents incorporated by reference herein that are not descriptions of historical facts are forward-looking statements within the meaning of the "safe harbor" provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Reference is made in particular to the description of our plans and objectives for future operations, assumptions underlying such plans and objectives and other forward-looking terminology such as "may," "expects," "believes," "anticipates," "intends," "expects," "projects," or similar terms, variations of such terms or the negative of such terms. Forward-looking statements are based on management's current expectations. Actual results could differ materially from those currently anticipated due to a number of factors, including those set forth under "Risk Factors" including, in particular, risks relating to:

- the results of ongoing research and development activities;
- uncertainties relating to preclinical and clinical testing, financing and strategic agreements and relationships;
- the early stage of products under development;
- government regulation;
- patent matters; and
- competition.

We expressly disclaim any obligation or undertaking to release publicly any updates or revisions to any forward-looking statements contained herein to reflect any change in our expectations or any changes in events, conditions or circumstances on which any such statement is based.

Item 1. Business

Overview

We are a biopharmaceutical company developing proprietary therapeutics primarily for the treatment of central nervous system ("CNS") disorders. We currently have two key assets as described below:

- *Iloperidone (Fanapt™)*: An atypical antipsychotic approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration ("FDA") for the treatment of schizophrenia. Novartis Pharma AG ("Novartis") has acquired the U.S. and Canadian rights to further develop and commercialize the approved oral formulation, and also further develop and potentially commercialize an injectable form of the drug, known as a depot formulation, that will provide medication over a prolonged period of several weeks following a single treatment. Vanda Pharmaceuticals, Inc. ("Vanda") has the development and commercialization rights to the oral and

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depot formulations of this product for the rest of the world. We are entitled to a royalty of 8-10% on worldwide net sales for several years based on the remaining life of certain patents (through September 2016 for the oral formulation in the U.S. including a patent extension requested under the Hatch Waxman Act), and we anticipate commencement of royalty revenues from sales in the United States during the first half of 2010.

- *Probuphine*: An implant formulation of buprenorphine in Phase 3 clinical development for the treatment of opioid addiction that is capable of maintaining a stable blood level of the drug in patients for six months following a single treatment. We announced positive safety and efficacy results of this product in a placebo controlled Phase 3 study during 2008 and we have now completed approximately half of the overall clinical development program required for registration and potential approval of Probuphine. Recently we have been awarded a \$7.6 million grant from the National Institutes of Health (“NIH”) that will partially fund the second Phase 3 controlled safety and efficacy study required by the FDA for product registration.

In September 2008, we were notified by Bayer Schering Pharma of the termination of the license agreement for the development and commercialization of Spheramine®, our proprietary cell therapy product in development for treating Parkinson’s disease. Bayer Schering Pharma returned all rights for this product to us and, after further review and analysis of the information, we also decided to discontinue any further activities associated with this product candidate. Subsequently, we terminated our Spheramine license agreement with New York University (“NYU”) and returned all rights previously granted to us by NYU. Thereafter, to further conserve capital, we also terminated the license agreements for DITPA and gallium maltolate and returned all development and commercialization rights to the respective licensors, except for certain rights from the University of Iowa to potentially use gallium maltolate for the treatment of chronic bacterial infections.

Our Products

The following table provides a summary status of our products:

<u>Product</u>	<u>Potential Indication(s)</u>	<u>Phase of Development</u>	<u>Marketing Rights</u>
Iloperidone (Fanapt™)	Schizophrenia, psychosis	Approved in U.S. for schizophrenia	Novartis – U.S. and Canada Vanda - Rest of the world
Probuphine	Opioid addiction	Phase 3	Titan

Iloperidone (Fanapt™) was approved by the FDA in May 2009 for the treatment of schizophrenia and Novartis has acquired the rights to commercialize it in the U.S. and Canada. Novartis announced that it commenced commercial launch of Fanapt in January 2010.

Probuphine is currently in Phase 3 clinical development and although it has demonstrated efficacy in one controlled Phase 3 study, additional development is necessary prior to registration and it may still not be successfully developed or commercialized. Titan has been awarded a \$7.6 million grant by the NIH in partial support of the second controlled Phase 3 study, the total external cost of which is estimated at approximately \$15.0 million. We will also require significant further capital, currently estimated at approximately \$3.5 million, to support third party expenses related to manufacturing development, testing, and regulatory clearance activities prior to commercialization without giving effect to the cost of additional clinical studies, if any, that may be required by the FDA. We may experience unanticipated problems relating to product development and cannot predict whether we will successfully develop and commercialize any products.

Iloperidone (Fanapt™)

Iloperidone (Fanapt™) is our novel, proprietary product approved in the U.S. on May 6, 2009 for the treatment of adult patients with schizophrenia. The Phase 3 clinical development was conducted initially by our sub-licensee, Novartis, and completed by Novartis’ sub-licensee, Vanda. In July 2008, Vanda received a non-approval letter from the FDA requesting additional information about the product. Vanda addressed the questions asked by the FDA and provided additional clarification following which the FDA granted marketing approval as noted above. The approval was supported by two placebo-controlled Phase 3 clinical studies comparing Fanapt™ to placebo and active control in patients with schizophrenia, as well as safety data from more than 3,000 patients. Fanapt™, a mixed dopamine D2 / serotonin 5HT2A receptor antagonist belonging to the class of atypical antipsychotics, will be commercialized in the U.S. and Canada by Novartis and the development of a depot formulation will also be pursued by Novartis. Vanda has commercialization rights for the rest of the world for the oral formulation and the

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depot formulations, although Novartis has the first option to negotiate an agreement to co-market both these products in the rest of the world. Based on the terms of our sub-license agreement with Novartis we are entitled to royalty revenue of 8% of annual worldwide net sales up to \$200 million and 10% of annual worldwide net sales above \$200 million. We do not incur any expenses associated with this product.

Probuphine

We are developing Probuphine for the treatment of opioid addiction. Probuphine is the first product to utilize our novel, proprietary, long-term drug delivery technology. See “Continuous Drug Delivery Technology” below. Probuphine is designed to provide continuous, long-term therapeutic levels of the drug buprenorphine, an approved agent for the treatment of opioid addiction. Probuphine has been shown to be effective with an acceptable safety profile in the three Phase 3 studies that have been completed to date, specifically:

- A six-month, double-blind, placebo-controlled safety and efficacy trial;
- A six-month, open-label re-treatment safety trial; and
- A pharmacokinetic safety study.

Results for the first double-blind, placebo-controlled safety and efficacy study were initially released in July 2008. These data indicated that Probuphine showed a clinically and statistically significant difference over placebo by consistently meeting the key objectives (primary and secondary endpoints) of the study, thereby demonstrating effectiveness of the treatment.

Treatment with Probuphine was well tolerated in this clinical study.

Patients who completed the first controlled study were eligible for enrollment in the six month re-treatment study, which provided data on one full year of treatment. The pharmacokinetic safety study has provided important data on the level of buprenorphine in the blood during the treatment period and gives a good profile of the safety of Probuphine. Data from all of these studies have been presented at the International Society of Addiction Medicine 2008 Annual Meeting in November 2008, and the American Society of Addiction Medicine 2009 Annual Meeting in May 2009.

These studies are part of a registration directed program intended to obtain marketing approval of Probuphine for the treatment of opioid addiction in Europe and the U.S. The Phase 3 program includes additional clinical studies, including a second controlled Phase 3 study which has received a \$7.6 million award from the NIH. This NIH grant will support approximately half of the expenses associated with this study and we will need additional funding to complete this clinical study and the overall development program. If adequate additional funding is available in a timely manner, the clinical study may commence patient enrollment in March/April 2010. We continue to have discussions with the FDA relating to finalizing the Probuphine clinical development program and the chemistry and manufacturing controls (“CMC”) which is necessary prior to any product registration.

In June 2004, we announced final results from a pilot clinical study that evaluated the safety, pharmacokinetics and preliminary efficacy of Probuphine in the treatment of opioid-addicted patients. The results were presented at the Annual Meeting of the International Society of Addiction Medicine in Helsinki, and demonstrated that all 12 patients switched from daily sublingual buprenorphine therapy to Probuphine, had maintenance of therapeutic benefit for a period of six months following a single treatment of Probuphine. Treatment with Probuphine was well tolerated in this clinical study, with no significant adverse events.

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Continuous Drug Delivery Technology

Our continuous drug delivery system consists of a small, solid rod made from a mixture of ethylene-vinyl acetate (“EVA”) and a drug substance. The resulting product is a solid matrix that is placed subcutaneously, normally in the upper arm in a simple office procedure, and is removed in a similar manner at the end of the treatment period. The drug substance is released slowly, at continuous levels, through the process of diffusion. This results in a constant rate of release similar to intravenous administration. We believe that such long-term, linear release characteristics are desirable by avoiding peak and trough level dosing that poses problems for many CNS and other therapeutic agents.

Our continuous drug delivery technology was developed to address the need for a simple, practical method to achieve continuous long-term drug delivery, and potentially can provide controlled drug release on an outpatient basis over extended periods of up to 6—12 months. In addition to Probuphine, which is our first product in clinical testing to utilize our proprietary continuous drug delivery technology, we continue to seek opportunities to develop this drug delivery technology for other potential treatment applications in which conventional treatment is limited by variability in blood drug levels and poor patient compliance.

License Agreements

We are a party to several agreements with companies and universities for the performance of research and development activities and for the acquisition of licenses relating to such activities. Expenses under these agreements totaled approximately \$239,000, \$378,000, and \$690,000 in the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007, and 2006, respectively.

In January 1997, we acquired an exclusive worldwide license under U.S. and foreign patents and patent applications relating to the use of iloperidone for the treatment of psychiatric and psychotic disorders and analgesia from Sanofi-Aventis SA (“Sanofi-Aventis”) (formerly Hoechst Marion Roussel, Inc.). The Sanofi-Aventis agreement provides for the payment of royalties on future net sales and requires us to satisfy certain other terms and conditions, specifically continued diligent product development and commercialization efforts standard for these types of agreements, in order to retain our rights, all of which have been met to date.

In November 1997, we granted a worldwide sublicense, except Japan, to Novartis under which Novartis continued, at its expense, all further development of iloperidone. In April 2001, that sublicense was extended to include Japan. Novartis will make our milestone and royalty payments to Sanofi-Aventis during the life of the Novartis agreement, and will also pay Titan a royalty on future net sales of the product.

In June 2004, Vanda acquired from Novartis the worldwide rights to develop and commercialize iloperidone. Under its agreement with Novartis, Vanda proceeded with and funded the iloperidone Phase III development program. All of our rights and economic interests in iloperidone, including royalties on sales of iloperidone, remained essentially unchanged under the agreement.

In October 2009, Vanda and Novartis amended and restated their sub-license agreement whereby Novartis acquired the U.S. and Canadian rights to commercialize Fanapt, the oral formulation of iloperidone approved in the U.S. Novartis also acquired the U.S. and Canadian development and commercialization rights to the depot formulation previously under development by Vanda and agreed to fund and continue the development of this formulation. Further, Novartis has also retained the right of first negotiation to co-market Fanapt and the depot formulation in the rest of the world. Our royalty interest in iloperidone remains unchanged, and Titan is entitled to royalty revenue of 8% of annual worldwide net sales up to \$200 million and 10% of annual worldwide net sales above \$200 million for several years based on the remaining life of certain patents. We anticipate commencement of royalty revenues from U.S. sales during the first half of 2010.

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In October 1995, we acquired from the Massachusetts Institute of Technology (“MIT”) an exclusive worldwide license to certain U.S. and foreign patents relating to our continuous drug delivery system. The exclusive nature of the MIT license is subject to our continued diligent product development activities. The agreement provides for the payment of a 2% royalty based on sales of products and processes incorporating the licensed technology, as well as 25% of other income (excluding research expense reimbursement) derived from sublicenses of the licensed technology.

In August 2000, through the acquisition of GeoMed, Inc., we acquired an exclusive worldwide license to make, use and sell products developed under the patent rights to the compositions and application of gallium complexes. We subsequently acquired additional rights to gallium; however, between December 2008 and March 2009, as part of our ongoing efforts to conserve cash, we terminated all of the license agreements with the exception of an agreement we entered into in July 2005 with the University of Iowa Research Foundation. Under this agreement, we received an exclusive worldwide license to patent rights held by the University of Iowa Research Foundation covering the methods of treating biofilm formation, pseudomonas aeruginosa growth, human deficiency virus, and intracellular pathogens and pathogens causing chronic pulmonary infection using gallium maltolate. Under this agreement, we are required to pay a license issuance fee and certain minimum annual royalty payments. In addition, we are required to pay royalties based on net sales of products and processes incorporating the licensed technology.

Patents and Proprietary Rights

We hold a license from Sanofi-Aventis under certain issued U.S. patents and certain issued foreign patents relating to iloperidone and its methods of use. Our license is exclusive for use in the treatment of psychiatric disorders, psychotic disorders and analgesia. The term of the U.S. patent that covers certain aspects of our iloperidone product expires in 2011, however it is anticipated that based on provisions of the Hatch-Waxman Act pertaining to the approval by the FDA of new molecules for medical treatment, the market exclusivity period for Fanapt will be extended by five years to 2016. The method of use patent in the U.S. covering the depot formulation will expire in 2020 assuming no further extensions. The issued foreign patents cover major countries in Europe, Asia, North and South America and Africa with expiration dates ranging from 2010 to 2015 (does not include any market exclusivity periods or patent extension periods that may be available in these countries). Prosecution of various divisional and continuation applications and their foreign counterparts continues satisfactorily, although it is uncertain whether additional patents will be granted.

We are the exclusive licensee under the MIT license to two U.S. patents and their European counterparts relating to a long-term drug delivery system. The U.S. patent terms have already expired and European patent terms will expire in 2010. These dates do not include possible term extensions. Four additional patent applications have been filed which incorporate the use of specific compounds with the continuous delivery technology, including two applications related to Probuphine for the potential treatment of opioid addiction and chronic pain. We have received a Notice of Allowance from the United States Patent and Trademark Office (“PTO”) for certain claims regarding the use of Probuphine for the treatment of opioid addiction. Further prosecution of these applications is currently proceeding at the PTO and corresponding agencies in other countries. The U.S. patent related to the use of Probuphine for the treatment of opioid addiction, if issued, will provide market exclusivity up to 2023.

We are the licensee of certain issued U.S. and foreign patents and patent applications relating to methods of use to inhibit the growth of *P. aeruginosa*, and to treat infections by pathogens causing chronic pulmonary infections. The two issued U.S. patents have terms expiring in 2016. The date does not include a possible term extension. We have additionally licensed applications covering the use of gallium complexes in treating and preventing bacterial biofilm-based infections. In 2009, patents were issued in South Africa and in Mexico relating to this application

Competition

The pharmaceutical and biotechnology industries are characterized by rapidly evolving technology and intense competition. Many companies of all sizes, including major pharmaceutical companies and specialized biotechnology companies, are engaged in the development and commercialization of therapeutic agents designed for the treatment of the same diseases and disorders that we target. Many of our competitors have substantially greater

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financial and other resources, larger research and development staff and more experience in the regulatory approval process. Moreover, potential competitors have or may have patents or other rights that conflict with patents covering our technologies. For risks we face with respect to competition, see “Risk Factors—We face intense competition.”

With respect to Probuphine, Reckitt & Benckiser, Inc. received FDA approval in 2002 for a sublingual buprenorphine product for the treatment of opioid addiction. This product, to be administered daily, will compete with our six-month implantable product for opioid addiction. The FDA previously approved Orphan Drug designation, expiring in 2009, for Reckitt Benckiser’s sublingual buprenorphine for the treatment of opioid addiction. Other forms of buprenorphine are also in development by other companies, including intramuscular injections and intranasally delivered buprenorphine, which also might compete with our product.

Several products categorized as atypical antipsychotics that will compete with Fanapt are already on the market. These products include Risperdal sold by Janssen Pharmaceuticals, Zyprexa sold by Eli Lilly, Clozaril sold by Novartis, Seroquel sold by AstraZeneca, Geodon sold by Pfizer, and Abilify sold by Bristol-Myers Squibb. Competition among these companies is already intense and iloperidone will face significant competition. The success of Fanapt will depend on how it can be differentiated from products already on the market on the basis of efficacy, side-effect profile, cost, availability of formulations and dose requirements, among other things.

Manufacturing

We utilize contract manufacturing organizations to manufacture our products for pre-clinical studies and clinical trials. While we have not introduced any products on the commercial market to date, at such time as we are ready to do so we will need to allocate additional resources to the manufacture of these products. We do not have the facilities to manufacture these products in-house nor do we intend to establish our own manufacturing operation at this time. We currently plan to pursue collaborative arrangements regarding the manufacture of any products that we may successfully develop.

Government Regulation

In order to obtain FDA approval of a new drug, a company generally must submit proof of purity, potency, safety and efficacy, among other regulatory standards. In most cases, such proof entails extensive clinical and pre-clinical laboratory tests.

The procedure for obtaining FDA approval to market a new drug involves several steps. Initially, the manufacturer must conduct pre-clinical animal testing to demonstrate that the product does not pose an unreasonable risk to human subjects in clinical studies. Upon completion of such animal testing, an Investigational New Drug application, or IND, must be filed with the FDA before clinical studies may begin. An IND application consists of, among other things, information about the proposed clinical trials. Among the conditions for clinical studies and IND approval is the requirement that the prospective manufacturer’s quality control and manufacturing procedures conform to current Good Manufacturing Practices (“cGMP”), which must be followed at all times. Once the IND is approved (or if the FDA does not respond within 30 days), the clinical trials may begin.

The results of the pre-clinical and clinical testing on new drugs, if successful, are submitted to the FDA in the form of a New Drug Application (“NDA”). The NDA approval process requires substantial time and effort and there can be no assurance that any approval will be granted on a timely basis, if at all. The FDA may refuse to approve an NDA if applicable regulatory requirements are not satisfied. Product approvals, if granted, may be withdrawn if compliance with regulatory standards is not maintained or problems occur following initial marketing.

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The FDA may also require post-marketing testing and surveillance of approved products, or place other conditions on their approvals. These requirements could cause it to be more difficult or expensive to sell the products, and could therefore restrict the commercial applications of such products. Product approvals may be withdrawn if compliance with regulatory standards is not maintained or if problems occur following initial marketing. With respect to patented products or technologies, delays imposed by the governmental approval process may materially reduce the period during which we will have the exclusive right to exploit such technologies.

We believe we are in compliance with all material applicable regulatory requirements. However, see “Risk Factors—We must comply with extensive government regulations” for additional risks we face regarding regulatory requirements and compliance.

Foreign Regulatory Issues

Sales of pharmaceutical products outside the United States are subject to foreign regulatory requirements that vary widely from country to country. Whether or not FDA approval has been obtained, approval of a product by a comparable regulatory authority of a foreign country must generally be obtained prior to the commencement of marketing in that country. Although the time required to obtain such approval may be longer or shorter than that required for FDA approval, the requirements for FDA approval are among the most detailed in the world and FDA approval generally takes longer than foreign regulatory approvals.

Employees

At December 31, 2009, we had four employees and several consultants. See “Risk Factors—We may not be able to retain our key management and scientific personnel.”

Item 1A. Risk Factors

The timing and amount of royalty revenues from iloperidone (Fanapt™) will be wholly dependent on the efforts of third parties.

We do not have any role in the marketing, manufacture or commercialization of iloperidone (Fanapt™). The timing and amount of royalty revenues we receive from the sale of this product will be wholly dependent upon the ability of Novartis to successfully launch and commercialize this product in the United States and Canada and on the ability of Vanda or others to sell this product in other countries. Similarly, our ability to realize any royalty revenue relating to the depot formulation of the product will depend on the ability of Novartis to successfully complete the development and regulatory approval process and implement the marketing program necessary to commercialize this product. While Novartis has announced that it launched commercial sales of Fanapt in January 2010, which would result in royalty payments to us during the following quarter, Novartis may experience unanticipated problems that delay, perhaps materially, product sales and our receipt of revenues.

Our available capital is sufficient to fund our operations only through September 2010 and we do not have the funds needed to continue the Probuphine program.

At September 30, 2009, we had cash and cash equivalents of \$0.7 million, which we believe is sufficient, together with the approximately \$0.5 million of net proceeds of a private placement, a \$3.0 million debt financing completed in December 2009 and the \$7.6 million NIH grant, to sustain our planned operations through September 2010, at which time we expect to be generating revenues from royalties on the sale of Fanapt. We do not currently have sufficient capital to fully fund the Probuphine program, external costs which are currently estimated at approximately \$18.5 million exclusive of any additional clinical trials the FDA may require, and we cannot be certain that the requisite funds will be available, from royalty revenues or otherwise, to continue that program.

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Probuphine is in the development stage and may not be successfully developed or commercialized.

Probuphine, which is in Phase 3 clinical development, will require significant further capital expenditures, development, testing, and regulatory clearances prior to commercialization. Even if we are able to obtain the requisite funding to continue this program, the results of preclinical and clinical studies to date are not necessarily indicative of whether a product will demonstrate safety and efficacy in large patient populations to the satisfaction of the regulatory authorities in the U.S. and elsewhere. Of the large number of drugs in development, only a small percentage successfully complete the FDA regulatory approval process and are commercialized.

To date, we have experienced setbacks in some of our other product development efforts. For example, the results of a study evaluating the EKG profile of patients taking iloperidone led to a significant delay in the development of that product, a vaccine product formerly under development failed to meet the study's primary endpoint, and a study of one of our products in a combination treatment was discontinued as a result of an interim safety analysis. We may continue to experience unanticipated problems relating to product development, testing, regulatory compliance, manufacturing, marketing and competition, and our costs and expenses could exceed current estimates. We cannot predict whether we will successfully develop and commercialize Probuphine or any other product.

We must comply with extensive government regulations.

The research, development, manufacture and marketing of pharmaceutical products are subject to an extensive regulatory approval process by the FDA and other regulatory agencies in the U.S. and other countries. The process of obtaining required regulatory approvals for drugs, including conducting preclinical and clinical testing to determine safety and efficacy, is lengthy, expensive and uncertain. Even after such time and expenditures, we may not obtain necessary regulatory approvals for clinical testing or for the manufacturing or marketing of any products. We have limited experience in obtaining FDA approval. Regulatory approval may entail limitations on the indicated usage of a drug, which may reduce the drug's market potential. Even if regulatory clearance is obtained, post-market evaluation of the products, if required, could result in restrictions on a product's marketing or withdrawal of the product from the market, as well as possible civil and criminal sanctions. Our business will be seriously harmed if our regulatory submissions are delayed or we cancel plans to make submissions for proposed products for any of the following reasons:

- unanticipated preclinical testing or clinical trial reports;
- failure to reach agreement with the FDA regarding study protocols or endpoints;
- changes in regulations or the adoption of new regulations;
- unanticipated enforcement of existing regulations;
- unexpected technological developments; and
- developments by our competitors.

We face risks associated with third parties conducting preclinical studies and clinical trials of our products as well as our dependence on third parties to manufacture any products that we may successfully develop.

We depend on third-party laboratories and medical institutions to conduct preclinical studies and clinical trials for our products and other third-party organizations to perform data collection and analysis, all of which must maintain both good laboratory and good clinical practices. We will also depend upon third party manufacturers for the production of any products we may successfully develop to comply with current Good Manufacturing Practices of the FDA, which are similarly outside our direct control. If third party laboratories and medical institutions conducting studies of our products fail to maintain both good laboratory and clinical practices, the studies could be delayed or have to be repeated. Similarly, if the manufacturers of any products we develop in the future fail to comply with current Good Manufacturing Practices of the FDA, we may be forced to cease manufacturing such product until we have found another third party to manufacture the product.

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We face risks associated with clinical trial liability claims in the event that the use or misuse of our product candidates results in personal injury or death.

We face an inherent risk of clinical trial liability claims in the event that the use or misuse of our product candidates results in personal injury or death. Our clinical liability insurance coverage may not be sufficient to cover claims that may be made against us. Any claims against us, regardless of their merit, could severely harm our financial condition, strain our management and other resources or destroy the prospects for commercialization of the product which is the subject of any such claim.

We may be unable to protect our patents and proprietary rights.

Our future success will depend to a significant extent on our ability to:

- obtain and keep patent protection for our products and technologies on an international basis;
- enforce our patents to prevent others from using our inventions;
- maintain and prevent others from using our trade secrets; and
- operate and commercialize products without infringing on the patents or proprietary rights of others.

We cannot assure you that our patent rights will afford any competitive advantages, and these rights may be challenged or circumvented by third parties. Further, patents may not be issued on any of our pending patent applications in the U.S. or abroad. Because of the extensive time required for development, testing and regulatory review of a potential product, it is possible that before a potential product can be commercialized, any related patent may expire or remain in existence for only a short period following commercialization, reducing or eliminating any advantage of the patent. For example, the two U.S. patents licensed by Titan under the MIT license have already expired, and we must rely on the “method of use” patent application for Probuphine to get patent protection and market exclusivity. If we sue others for infringing our patents, a court may determine that such patents are invalid or unenforceable. Even if the validity of our patent rights is upheld by a court, a court may not prevent the alleged infringement of our patent rights on the grounds that such activity is not covered by our patent claims.

In addition, third parties may sue us for infringing their patents. In the event of a successful claim of infringement against us, we may be required to:

- pay substantial damages;
- stop using our technologies and methods;
- stop certain research and development efforts;
- develop non-infringing products or methods; and
- obtain one or more licenses from third parties.

If required, we cannot assure you that we will be able to obtain such licenses on acceptable terms, or at all. If we are sued for infringement, we could encounter substantial delays in development, manufacture and commercialization of our product candidates. Any litigation, whether to enforce our patent rights or to defend against allegations that we infringe third party rights, will be costly, time consuming, and may distract management from other important tasks.

We also rely in our business on trade secrets, know-how and other proprietary information. We seek to protect this information, in part, through the use of confidentiality agreements with employees, consultants, advisors and others. Nonetheless, we cannot assure you that those agreements will provide adequate protection for our trade secrets, know-how or other proprietary information and prevent their unauthorized use or disclosure. To the extent that consultants, key employees or other third parties apply technological information independently developed by them or by others to our proposed products, disputes may arise as to the proprietary rights to such information, which may not be resolved in our favor.

We face intense competition.

Competition in the pharmaceutical and biotechnology industries is intense. We face, and will continue to face, competition from numerous companies that currently market, or are developing, products for the treatment of the diseases and disorders we have targeted. Many of these entities have significantly greater research and

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development capabilities, experience in obtaining regulatory approvals and manufacturing, marketing, financial and managerial resources than we have. We also compete with universities and other research institutions in the development of products, technologies and processes, as well as the recruitment of highly qualified personnel. Our competitors may succeed in developing technologies or products that are more effective than the ones we have under development or that render our proposed products or technologies noncompetitive or obsolete. In addition, our competitors may achieve product commercialization or patent protection earlier than we will.

Healthcare reform and restrictions on reimbursements may limit our financial returns.

Our ability or the ability of our collaborators to commercialize drug products, if any, may depend in part on the extent to which government health administration authorities, private health insurers and other organizations will reimburse consumers for the cost of these products. These third parties are increasingly challenging both the need for and the price of new drug products. Significant uncertainty exists as to the reimbursement status of newly approved therapeutics. Adequate third party reimbursement may not be available for our own or our collaborator's drug products to enable us or them to maintain price levels sufficient to realize an appropriate return on their and our investments in research and product development.

We may not be able to retain our key management and scientific personnel.

As a company with a limited number of personnel, we are highly dependent on the services of our executive management and scientific staff, in particular Sunil Bhonsle and Marc Rubin, our President and Executive Chairman, respectively, and our Senior Vice President Clinical Development and Medical Affairs, all of whom are parties to employment agreements with us. The loss of one or more of such individuals could substantially impair ongoing research and development programs and could hinder our ability to obtain corporate partners. Our success depends in large part upon our ability to attract and retain highly qualified personnel. We compete in our hiring efforts with other pharmaceutical and biotechnology companies, as well as universities and nonprofit research organizations, and we may not be successful in our efforts to attract and retain personnel.

Our shares are currently quoted in the OTC Pink Sheets and we cannot predict whether our shares will ever trade on the OTC Bulletin Board or any national securities exchange.

Our shares are currently quoted in the OTC Pink Sheets. Many institutional investors have investment policies which prohibit them from trading in stocks on the OTC Pink Sheets. As a result, shares quoted on the OTC Pink Sheets generally have limited trading volume and exhibit a wide spread between the bid/ask quotations than stock traded on national exchanges. We anticipate having a registered broker-dealer file a Form 15c211 with the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority that would permit our common stock to be quoted for trading on the OTC Bulletin Board, but we cannot be sure that such an effort would be successful. As a result, an investment in our common stock may be illiquid and investors may not be able to liquidate their investment readily or at all when they desire to sell.

Our stock price has been and will likely continue to be volatile.

Our stock price has experienced substantial fluctuations and could continue to fluctuate significantly due to a number of factors, including:

- variations in our anticipated or actual operating results;
- sales of substantial amounts of our common stock;
- announcements about us or about our competitors, including introductions of new products;
- litigation and other developments relating to our patents or other proprietary rights or those of our competitors;
- conditions in the pharmaceutical or biotechnology industries;
- governmental regulation and legislation; and
- change in securities analysts' estimates of our performance, or our failure to meet analysts' expectations.

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Our common stock is deemed to be a “penny stock,” which may make it more difficult for investors to sell their shares due to suitability requirements.

Our common stock is subject to Rule 15c-1 through 15c-9 under the Exchange Act, which imposes certain sales practice requirements on broker-dealers which sell our common stock to persons other than established customers and “accredited investors” (generally, individuals with a net worth in excess of \$1,000,000 or annual incomes exceeding \$200,000 (or \$300,000 together with their spouses)). For transactions covered by this rule, a broker-dealer must make a special suitability determination for the purchaser and have received the purchaser’s written consent to the transaction prior to the sale. This rule adversely affects the ability of broker-dealers to sell our common stock and the ability of our stockholders to sell their shares of common stock.

Additionally, our common stock is subject to the SEC regulations for “penny stock.” Penny stock includes any equity security that is not listed on a national exchange and has a market price of less than \$5.00 per share, subject to certain exceptions. The regulations require that prior to any non-exempt buy/sell transaction in a penny stock, a disclosure schedule set forth by the SEC relating to the penny stock market must be delivered to the purchaser of such penny stock. This disclosure must include the amount of commissions payable to both the broker-dealer and the registered representative and current price quotations for the common stock. The regulations also require that monthly statements be sent to holders of penny stock that disclose recent price information for the penny stock and information of the limited market for penny stocks. These requirements adversely affect the market liquidity of our common stock.

As a result of the de-registration of our securities, we are currently ineligible to use Form S-3 to register securities, which may adversely affect our cost of future capital.

We are currently ineligible to use Form S-3 to register securities for sale by us or for resale by other security holders and will not be eligible until we have timely filed all periodic reports under the Exchange Act for at least 12 calendar months. In the meantime, we would need to use Form S-1 to register securities with the SEC for capital raising transactions or issue such securities in private placements, in either case, increasing the costs of raising capital during this period.

Our net operating losses and research and development tax credits may not be available to reduce future federal and state income tax payments.

At December 31, 2008, we had federal net operating loss and tax credit carryforwards of \$231.9 million and \$7.3 million, respectively, and state net operating loss and tax credit carryforwards of \$110.2 million and \$6.5 million, respectively. Current federal and state tax laws include substantial restrictions on the utilization of net operating loss and tax credits in the event of an ownership change. We have not performed a change of ownership analysis since 1999 and, accordingly, some or all of our net operating loss and tax credit carryforwards may not be available to offset future taxable income, if any. Even if the carryforwards are available, they may be subject to annual limitations, lack of future taxable income, or future ownership changes that could result in the expiration of the carryforwards before they are utilized.

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Item 2. Financial Information

Selected Financial Data

The selected financial data presented below summarizes certain financial data which has been derived from and should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the section beginning on page F-1 and with “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” below.

	Nine Months ended September 30, (unaudited)		Years Ended December 31,				
	2009	2008	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
Statement of Operations Data:							
Total revenue	\$ 53	\$ 73	\$ 73	\$ 24	\$ 32	\$ 89	\$ 31
Operating expenses:							
Research and development	1,707	12,810	16,235	12,244	11,620	17,770	20,415
Acquired/in-process research and development(1)	—	—	—	—	—	—	759
General and administrative	2,443	7,086	9,756	6,213	4,859	5,370	5,237
Other income (expense), net	(7)	516	484	786	710	589	376
Net loss	<u>\$ (4,104)</u>	<u>\$ (19,307)</u>	<u>\$ (25,434)</u>	<u>\$ (17,647)</u>	<u>\$ (15,737)</u>	<u>\$ (22,462)</u>	<u>\$ (26,004)</u>
Basic and diluted net loss per share	\$ (0.07)	\$ (0.33)	\$ (0.44)	\$ (0.41)	\$ (0.42)	\$ (0.69)	\$ (0.83)
Shares used in computing:							
Basic and diluted net loss per share	58,291	58,284	58,285	42,998	37,902	32,635	31,381

(1) Acquired research and development reflects the acquisition of the minority shares of ProNeura, Inc. in 2004 and the acquisition of DTI in 2003.

	As of September 30, 2009 (unaudited)	As of December 31,				
		2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
Balance Sheet Data:						
Cash, cash equivalents, and marketable securities	\$ 725	\$4,672	\$30,016	\$13,715	\$17,369	\$36,322
Working capital	182	2,759	26,200	10,825	15,449	33,760
Total assets	1,393	5,668	30,844	15,040	19,737	38,626
Total stockholders’ equity	(916)	1,793	25,347	10,405	15,360	33,713

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Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations. Forward-Looking Statements

Statements in the following discussion and throughout this report that are not historical in nature are "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act and Section 21E of the Exchange Act. You can identify forward-looking statements by the use of words such as "expect," "anticipate," "estimate," "may," "will," "should," "intend," "believe," and similar expressions. Although we believe the expectations reflected in these forward-looking statements are reasonable, such statements are inherently subject to risk and we can give no assurances that our expectations will prove to be correct. Actual results could differ from those described in this report because of numerous factors, many of which are beyond our control. These factors include, without limitation, those described under Item 1A "Risk Factors." We undertake no obligation to update these forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this report or to reflect actual outcomes. Please see "Special Note Regarding Forward Looking Statements" at the beginning of this Form 10.

The following discussion of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and the related notes thereto and other financial information appearing elsewhere in this Form 10.

Overview

We are a biopharmaceutical company engaged in the development of proprietary therapeutics primarily for the treatment of central nervous system ("CNS") disorders. We commenced operations in 1992 and completed an initial public offering in January 1996. At the end of 2007, we had three late stage product development programs: (i) iloperidone-NDA filed with the FDA by Vanda seeking U.S. marketing approval for treatment of schizophrenia, (ii) Probuphine-controlled Phase 3 study being conducted by Titan to evaluate safety and efficacy for the treatment of opioid addiction, and (iii) Spheramine-controlled Phase 2b study being conducted by Bayer Schering Pharma for the treatment of advanced Parkinsons disease. In July 2008, we learned that Vanda, the licensee of iloperidone, had received a non-approval letter from the FDA. In July 2008, we announced positive results in the Phase 3 study of Probuphine for the treatment of opioid addiction. In September 2008, we were advised by the licensee of Spheramine that it was ending its development program and terminating its license agreement with us. After further review and analysis of the information on which such licensee's decision was based, we also decided to discontinue any further activities associated with this product candidate. As a result of these adverse events with respect to two of our three principal product candidates, we were forced to undertake substantial cost cutting measures that included an almost complete reduction in our workforce and a phased suspension of all of our development activities, and focus our efforts on maximizing value for our stockholders either through the sale of assets or the establishment of a corporate partnering arrangement for Probuphine.

In May 2009, the FDA, after reviewing additional material provided by Vanda, reconsidered its decision and granted approval for iloperidone (Fanapt™). Later that month, we announced that we had re-engaged three of our prior executives, including our two current executive officers. In October 2009, Vanda and Novartis announced their agreement regarding the marketing and commercialization of this product and later that month we received a \$7.6 million grant from the NIH for the clinical development of Probuphine. Our board of directors is currently in the process of evaluating all of the strategic alternatives available to us to maximize shareholder value, including possible monetization of the Fanapt royalty stream, continuation of the Probuphine program, a merger or other business combination, among others.

Critical Accounting Policies and the Use of Estimates

The preparation of our financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in our consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ materially from those estimates. We believe the following accounting policy for the year ended December 31, 2008 and the nine months ended September 30, 2009, to be applicable:

Share-Based Payments

In December 2004, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued their final standard on accounting for share-based payments in FASB Standard No. 123R (revised 2004), *Share-Based Payment* (SFAS 123R). This statement replaces FASB Statement 123, *Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation* (SFAS 123), and supersedes Accounting Principles Board (APB) Opinion No. 25, *Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees*. The statement is effective for all interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2005 and requires companies to measure and recognize compensation expense for all share-based payments at fair value in the consolidated statement of income. Effective January 1, 2006, we adopted SFAS 123R using the modified-prospective-transition method. Under this transition method, stock compensation cost recognized beginning January 1, 2006 includes: (a) compensation cost for all share-based payments granted prior to, but not yet vested as of January 1, 2006, based on the grant-date fair value estimated in accordance with the original provisions of SFAS 123, and (b) compensation cost for all share-based payments granted on or subsequent to January 1, 2006, based on the grant-date fair value estimated in accordance with the provisions of SFAS 123R. Results for prior periods have not been restated.

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Income Taxes

We make certain estimates and judgments in determining income tax expense for financial statement purposes. These estimates and judgments occur in the calculation of certain tax assets and liabilities, which arise from differences in the timing of recognition of revenue and expense for tax and financial statement purposes.

As part of the process of preparing our consolidated financial statements, we are required to estimate our income taxes in each of the jurisdictions in which we operate. This process involves us estimating our current tax exposure under the most recent tax laws and assessing temporary differences resulting from differing treatment of items for tax and accounting purposes.

We assess the likelihood that we will be able to recover our deferred tax assets. We consider all available evidence, both positive and negative, expectations and risks associated with estimates of future taxable income and ongoing prudent and feasible tax planning strategies in assessing the need for a valuation allowance. If it is not more likely than not that we will recover our deferred tax assets, we will increase our provision for taxes by recording a valuation allowance against the deferred tax assets that we estimate will not ultimately be recoverable.

Clinical Trial Accrual

We also record accruals for estimated ongoing clinical trial costs. Clinical trial costs represent costs incurred by clinical research organizations, (“CROs”), and clinical sites. These costs are recorded as a component of research and development expenses. Under our agreements, progress payments are typically made to investigators, clinical sites and CROs. We analyze the progress of the clinical trials, including levels of patient enrollment, invoices received and contracted costs when evaluating the adequacy of accrued liabilities. Significant judgments and estimates must be made and used in determining the accrued balance in any accounting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates under different assumptions. Revisions are charged to expense in the period in which the facts that give rise to the revision become known.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

We have funded our operations since inception primarily through sales of our securities, as well as with proceeds from warrant and option exercises, corporate licensing and collaborative agreements, and government-sponsored research grants. At September 30, 2009, we had approximately \$725,000 of cash and cash equivalents compared to approximately \$4.7 million at December 31, 2008. In December 2009, we completed the sale of 300,000 shares of common stock for aggregate gross proceeds of \$510,000. Also in December 2009, we entered into a financing agreement with Oxford Capital Financing (“Oxford”) pursuant to which we received a three-year term loan in the principal amount of \$3,000,000 that bears interest at the rate of 13% per annum. We paid Oxford an initial facility fee of \$60,000 and are obligated to make a final payment fee of \$180,000. The loan is secured by our assets and has a provision for pre-payment. Oxford received five-year warrants to purchase 42,254 shares of our common stock at an exercise price of \$2.13 per share.

Our operating activities used approximately \$4.4 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2009. This consisted primarily of the net loss for the period of approximately \$4.1 million and \$1.4 million related to net changes in operating assets and liabilities. This was offset in part by non-cash charges of approximately \$0.1 million related to depreciation, and approximately \$0.9 million related to share-based compensation expenses. Uses of cash in operating activities were primarily to fund product development programs and administrative expenses. The license agreements with Sanofi-Aventis and MIT require us to pay royalties on future product sales, if any. In addition, in order to maintain license and other rights while products are under development, we must comply with customary licensee obligations, including the payment of patent-related costs, annual minimum license fees, meeting project-funding milestones and diligent efforts in product development. The aggregate commitments we have under these agreements, including minimum license payments, for the next 12 months is approximately \$100,000. See “Item 1. Business—License Agreements.”

Net cash used by investing activities of approximately \$7,000 during the nine months ended September 30, 2009 consisted of purchases of furniture and equipment of approximately \$9,000. This was offset in part by disposals of furniture and equipment of approximately \$2,000.

Net cash provided by financing activities during the nine months ended September 30, 2009 was approximately \$475,000, which consisted primarily of proceeds from the exercise of options to purchase our common stock.

We expect to continue to incur substantial additional operating losses from costs related to the continuation of product and technology development, clinical trials, and administrative activities. We believe that our working capital at September 30, 2009, together with the funds obtained through the sale of equity and receipt of a loan in December 2009 and proceeds from the NIH grant, is sufficient to sustain our planned operations through September 2010, at which time we expect to be generating royalty revenues from sales of Fanapt.

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The following table sets forth the aggregate contractual cash obligations as of September 30, 2009 (in thousands):

<u>Contractual obligations</u>	<u>Payments Due by Period</u>				
	<u>Total</u>	<u>< 1 year</u>	<u>1-3 years</u>	<u>3-5 years</u>	<u>5 years+</u>
Operating leases	\$404	\$ 367	\$ 37	\$ —	\$ —
Sponsored research & license agreements	81	61	7	5	8
Total contractual cash obligations	<u>\$485</u>	<u>\$ 428</u>	<u>\$ 44</u>	<u>\$ 5</u>	<u>\$ 8</u>

The following table sets forth the aggregate contractual cash obligations entered into subsequent to September 30, 2009 (in thousands):

<u>Contractual obligations</u>	<u>Payments Due by Period</u>				
	<u>Total</u>	<u>< 1 year</u>	<u>1-3 years</u>	<u>3-5 years</u>	<u>5 years+</u>
Debt obligation	\$3,915	\$ 558	\$ 2,824	\$ 533	—
Total contractual cash obligations	<u>\$3,915</u>	<u>\$ 558</u>	<u>\$ 2,824</u>	<u>\$ 533</u>	<u>\$ —</u>

For a full discussion of risks and uncertainties regarding our need for additional financing, see “Risk Factors—Our available capital is sufficient to fund our operations only through September 2010 and we do not have the funds needed to continue the Probuphine program.”

Results of Operations

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2009 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2008

Our net loss for the nine month period ended September 30, 2009, was approximately \$4.1 million, or \$0.07 per share, compared to approximately \$19.3 million, or \$0.33 per share, for the comparable period in 2008.

We had revenues from licensing agreements of approximately \$53,000 and \$73,000 during the nine month periods ended September 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

Research and development (“R&D”) expenses for the nine month period ended September 30, 2009 were approximately \$1.7 million, compared to approximately \$12.8 million for the comparable period in 2008, a decrease of approximately \$11.1 million, or 87%. The decrease in research and development costs during the nine month period ended September 30, 2009 was primarily associated with the phased suspension of activities associated with clinical trials related to our Probuphine product, resulting in reductions in employee-related costs of \$2.5 million, internal research and development expenses of \$1.1 million and external research and development expenses of \$7.5 million. External research and development expenses include direct expenses such as clinical research organization charges, investigator and review board fees, patient expense reimbursements and contract manufacturing expenses. During the nine months ended September 30, 2009, our external research and development expenses relating to our Probuphine product development program were approximately \$0.6 million compared to \$7.9 million for the comparable period in 2008. Other research and development expenses include internal operating costs such as clinical research and development personnel-related expenses, clinical trials-related travel expenses, and allocation of facility and corporate costs. As a result of the risks and uncertainties inherently associated with pharmaceutical research and development activities described elsewhere in this report, we are unable to estimate the specific timing and future costs of our clinical development programs or the timing of material cash inflows, if any, from our products or product candidates.

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General and administrative expenses for the nine month period ended September 30, 2009 were approximately \$2.4 million, compared to approximately \$7.1 million for the comparable period in 2008, a decrease of approximately \$4.7 million, or 66%. The decrease in general and administrative expenses was primarily related to reductions in employee related costs of approximately \$2.2 million, non-cash stock compensation costs of approximately \$0.6 million, marketing and product positioning costs of approximately \$0.9 million, legal fees of approximately \$0.2 million, travel related expenses of approximately \$0.2 million, consulting and professional fees of approximately \$0.2 million, and other general and administrative costs of approximately \$0.3 million.

Net other expense for the nine month period ended September 30, 2009 was approximately \$7,000 compared to net other income of approximately \$516,000 during the comparable period in 2008. Net other expense during the nine month period ended September 30, 2009, consisted primarily of tax-related expenses of approximately \$14,000 offset by interest income of approximately \$2,000 and gains of approximately \$6,000 resulting from the sale of certain assets. Net other income during the nine month period ended September 30, 2008, consisted primarily of interest income on investments of approximately \$0.4 million and gains of approximately \$0.1 million resulting from the sale of certain investments.

Year Ended December 31, 2008 Compared to Year Ended December 31, 2007

Revenues in 2008 were \$73,000 compared to \$24,000 for 2007, an increase of \$49,000. Our revenues during 2008 and 2007 were derived from fees received under various licensing agreements.

Research and development expenses for 2008 were \$16.2 million compared to \$12.2 million for 2007, an increase of \$4.0 million. The increase in R&D was primarily associated with the initiation of certain clinical study-related activities in 2007. Of our 2008 R&D expenses, approximately 57%, or \$9.3 million, were attributable to external R&D expenses related to our Probuphine project. External R&D expenses include direct expenses such as clinical research organization charges, investigator and review board fees, patient expense reimbursements, pre-clinical activities and contract manufacturing expenses. Remaining R&D expenses were attributable to internal operating costs, which include clinical R&D personnel salaries and employee related expenses, clinical trials related travel expenses, and allocation of facility and corporate costs.

General and administrative expenses for 2008 were \$9.8 million compared to \$6.2 million for 2007, an increase of \$3.6 million. The increase in general and administrative expenses was primarily related to increases in employee related costs of approximately \$1.9 million, non-cash stock compensation costs of approximately \$0.5 million, marketing and product positioning costs of approximately \$0.6 million, legal fees of approximately \$0.2 million, travel related expenses of approximately \$0.1 million, and other general and administrative costs of approximately \$0.3 million. This was offset by a decrease in consulting and professional fees of approximately \$0.1 million.

Other income, net, for 2008 was \$484,000 compared to \$786,000 for 2007, a decrease of \$302,000. The decrease in other income, net, consisted primarily of a decrease in interest income on investments of approximately \$0.2 million and a decrease in gains on the sale of investments of approximately \$0.2 million. This was offset by a decrease in other expense of approximately \$0.1 million.

As a result of the foregoing, we had a net loss of \$25.4 million in 2008 compared to a net loss of \$17.7 million in 2007.

Year Ended December 31, 2007 Compared to Year Ended December 31, 2006

Revenues in 2007 were \$24,000 compared to \$32,000 for 2006, a decrease of \$8,000. Our revenues during 2007 and 2006 were derived from fees received under various licensing agreements.

Research and development expenses for 2007 were \$12.2 million compared to \$11.6 million for 2006, an increase of \$0.6 million. The increase in R&D was primarily associated with the initiation of certain clinical study-related activities in 2007. Of our 2007 R&D expenses, approximately 56%, or \$6.8 million, were attributable to external R&D expenses. External R&D expenses include direct expenses such as clinical research organization charges, investigator and review board fees, patient expense reimbursements, pre-clinical activities and contract manufacturing expenses. In 2007, approximately \$5.1 million of external R&D expenses were related to Probuphine, \$0.8 million to DITPA, \$0.7 million to gallium maltolate, and the remainder to other projects.

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Remaining R&D expenses were attributable to internal operating costs, which include clinical R&D personnel salaries and employment-related expenses, clinical trials-related travel expenses, and allocation of facility and corporate costs. In October 2006, we determined that we would focus our resources on the Phase III development of Probuphine, and discontinued further enrollment in our Phase II study of DITPA in congestive heart failure (“CHF”).

General and administrative expenses for 2007 were \$6.2 million compared to \$4.9 million for 2006, an increase of \$1.3 million. The increase in general and administrative expenses was primarily related to increases in non-cash stock compensation costs of approximately \$0.5 million, marketing and product positioning costs of approximately \$0.3 million, legal fees of approximately \$0.2 million, consulting fees of approximately \$0.1 million, and other general and administrative costs of approximately \$0.2 million.

Other income, net, for 2007 was \$786,000 compared to \$710,000 for 2006, an increase of \$76,000.

As a result of the foregoing, we had a net loss of \$17.7 million in 2007 compared to a net loss of \$15.8 million in 2006.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We have never entered into any off-balance sheet financing arrangements and we have never established any special purpose entities. We have not guaranteed any debt or commitments of other entities or entered into any options on non-financial assets.

Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

We held no marketable securities at December 31, 2008 or September 30, 2009.

Item 3. Properties

We have a five-year operating lease, expiring in June 2010, for approximately 14,017 square feet of office space in South San Francisco, California. We currently sublease approximately 6,871 square feet of our office space in South San Francisco, California to Anesiva, Inc. under an operating lease expiring in June 2010. We also have an operating lease, expiring in March 2011, for approximately 3,135 square feet of office space in Fort Lee, New Jersey.

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Item 4. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management

The following table sets forth, as of December 31, 2009, certain information concerning the beneficial ownership of our common stock by (i) each stockholder known by us to own beneficially five percent or more of our outstanding common stock; (ii) each director; (iii) each named executive officer; and (iv) all of our executive officers and directors as a group, and their percentage ownership and voting power.

<u>Name and Address of Beneficial Owner(1)</u>	<u>Shares Beneficially Owned(2)</u>	<u>Percent of Shares Beneficially Owned</u>
Marc Rubin, M.D.	1,221,874 (3)	2.0%
Victor J. Bauer, Ph.D.	348,644 (4)	*
Sunil Bhonsle	1,188,747 (5)	2.0%
Eurelio M. Cavalier	418,750 (6)	*
Hubert E. Huckel, M.D.	455,019 (7)	*
Joachim Friedrich Kapp, M.D., Ph.D.	1,051,251 (8)	1.8%
M. David MacFarlane, Ph.D.	255,000 (9)	*
Ley S. Smith	246,250 (10)	*
Arnhold and S. Bleichroeder Advisors, LLC	8,354,644 (11)	13.7%
All executive officers and directors as a group (8) persons	5,185,535	8.3%

* Less than one percent.

- (1) Unless otherwise indicated, the address of such individual is c/o Titan Pharmaceuticals, Inc., 400 Oyster Point Boulevard, Suite 505, South San Francisco, California 94080.
- (2) In computing the number of shares beneficially owned by a person and the percentage ownership of a person, shares of our common stock subject to options held by that person that are currently exercisable or exercisable within 60 days of December 31, 2009 are deemed outstanding. Such shares, however, are not deemed outstanding for purposes of computing the percentage ownership of each other person. Except as indicated in the footnotes to this table and pursuant to applicable community property laws, the persons named in the table have sole voting and investment power with respect to all shares of common stock.
- (3) Includes 846,874 shares issuable upon exercise of outstanding options.
- (4) Includes 337,500 shares issuable upon exercise of outstanding options.
- (5) Includes 897,490 shares issuable upon exercise of outstanding options.
- (6) Includes 236,250 shares issuable upon exercise of outstanding options.
- (7) Includes (i) 263,750 shares issuable upon exercise of outstanding options, (ii) 2,080 shares held by Dr. Huckel's son, and (iii) 789 shares held by his wife.
- (8) Includes 48,751 shares issuable upon exercise of outstanding options.
- (9) Includes 132,500 shares issuable upon exercise of outstanding options.
- (10) Includes 233,750 shares issuable upon exercise of outstanding options.
- (11) Derived from a Schedule 13G filed by Arnhold and S. Bleichroeder Advisors, LLC on February 12, 2009. Includes warrants to purchase common stock. The holder's address is 1345 Avenue of the Americas, New York, New York 10105.

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Item 5. Directors, Executive Officers

Set forth below are the name, age and position and a brief account of the business experience of each of our executive officers and directors:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Age</u>	<u>Office</u>	<u>Director Since</u>
Marc Rubin (1)	55	Executive Chairman of the Board	November 2007
Sunil Bhonsle	60	President and Director	February 2004
Victor J. Bauer (2)	74	Director	November 1997
Eurelio M. Cavalier (1)(3)(4)	77	Director	September 1998
Hubert E. Huckel (1)(2)(3)	78	Director	October 1995
Joachim Friedrich Kapp	67	Director	August 2005
M. David MacFarlane (2)(4)	69	Director	May 2002
Ley S. Smith (1)(2)(4)	75	Director	July 2000

- (1) Member of Executive Committee
- (2) Member of Audit Committee
- (3) Member of Compensation Committee
- (4) Member of Nominating Committee

Marc Rubin, M.D. served as our President and Chief Executive from October 2007 until December 2008 and was re-engaged as our Executive Chairman in May 2009. Until February 2007, Dr. Rubin served as Head of Global Research and Development for Bayer Schering Pharma, as well as a member of the Executive Committee of Bayer Healthcare and the Board of Management of Bayer Schering Pharma. Prior to the merger of Bayer Pharmaceuticals and Schering AG in June 2006, Dr. Rubin was a member of the Executive Board of Schering AG since joining such company in October 2003, as well as Chairman of Schering Berlin Inc. and President of Berlex Pharmaceuticals, a division of Schering AG. From 1990 until August 2003, Dr. Rubin was employed by GlaxoSmithKline where he held positions of responsibility in global clinical and commercial development overseeing programs in the United States, Europe, Asia and Latin America. From 2001 through 2003, he was Senior Vice President of Global Clinical Pharmacology & Discovery Medicine. Dr. Rubin holds an M.D. from Cornell University Medical College. Dr. Rubin currently serves on the board of directors of Medarex, Inc.

Sunil Bhonsle served as our Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer from September 1995 until December 2008 and was re-engaged as our President in May 2009. Mr. Bhonsle served in various positions, including Vice President and General Manager—Plasma Supply and Manager—Inventory and Technical Planning, at Bayer Corporation from July 1975 until April 1995. Mr. Bhonsle holds an M.B.A. from the University of California at Berkeley and a B.Tech. in chemical engineering from the Indian Institute of Technology.

Victor J. Bauer, Ph.D. serves as the Executive Vice President of Concordia Pharmaceuticals, Inc., a biopharmaceutical company he co-founded in January 2004. From February 1997 through March 2003, Dr. Bauer was employed by Titan, most recently as our Executive Director of Corporate Development. From April 1996 until its merger into Titan, Dr. Bauer also served as a director and Chairman of Theracell. From December 1992 until February 1997, Dr. Bauer was a self-employed consultant to companies in the pharmaceutical and biotechnology industries. Prior to that time, Dr. Bauer was with Hoechst-Roussel Pharmaceuticals Inc., where he served as President from 1988 through 1992.

Eurelio M. Cavalier was employed in various capacities by Eli Lilly & Co. from 1958 until his retirement in 1994, serving as Vice President Sales from 1976 to 1982 and Group Vice President U.S. Pharmaceutical Business Unit from 1982 to 1993.

Hubert E. Huckel, M.D. served in various positions with The Hoechst Group from 1964 until his retirement in December 1992. At the time of his retirement, Dr. Huckel was Chairman of the Board of Hoechst-Roussel Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Chairman and President of Hoechst-Roussel Agri-Vet Company and a member of the Executive Committee of Hoechst Celanese Corporation. He currently serves on the board of directors of ThermoGenesis Corp., Catalyst Pharmaceuticals, Inc. and Concordia Pharmaceuticals, Inc. He is a member of the compensation committee of ThermoGenesis Corp.

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Joachim Friedrich Kapp, M.D., Ph.D. has worked in various capacities for Schering AG since 1975, from 1991 on as President of the Global Business Unit, Specialized Therapeutics. Dr. Kapp worked in various capacities with Warner Lambert and its subsidiaries between 1984 and 1990. Dr. Kapp holds an M.D. and a Ph.D. from The University of Essen, Germany.

M. David MacFarlane, Ph.D. served as Vice President and Responsible Head of Regulatory Affairs of Genentech, Inc from 1989 until his retirement in August 1999. Prior to joining Genentech, Inc., he served in various positions with Glaxo Inc., last as Vice President of Regulatory Affairs.

Ley S. Smith served in various positions with The Upjohn Company and Pharmacia & Upjohn from 1958 until his retirement in November 1997. From 1991 to 1993 he served as Vice Chairman of the Board of The Upjohn Company, and from 1993 to 1995 he was President and Chief Operating Officer of The Upjohn Company. At the time of his retirement, Mr. Smith was Executive Vice President of Pharmacia & Upjohn, and President of Pharmacia & Upjohn's U.S. Pharma Product Center.

Directors serve until the next annual meeting or until their successors are elected and qualified. Officers serve at the discretion of the board of directors, subject to rights, if any, under contracts of employment. See "Item 6. Executive Compensation—Employment Agreements."

Item 6. Executive Compensation

Overview

During the last approximately 18 months, our company has undergone significant changes to its operations and organizational structure. In late 2007, we had three promising late stage product development programs, iloperidone, Probuphine and Spheramine. Planning for the future, we added to the executive management team with the addition on October 1, 2007 of Marc Rubin as Chief Executive Officer. Simultaneously, Louis Bucalo assumed the role of Executive Chairman. Later, in April 2008, we entered into an agreement with Dr. Bucalo pursuant to which he retired and resigned as an officer and member of our board of directors.

In July 2008, we experienced adverse events in connection with our iloperidone and Spheramine development programs that negatively impacted our financial position and the market price of our common stock. Consequently, upon the recommendation of our Compensation Committee, in October 2008 we implemented an employee retention program in order to bolster our ability to pursue our objective of completing an appropriate transaction for the advancement of the Probuphine development program. The retention program consisted of two components—the issuance of restricted shares in lieu of the annual option grants that would otherwise be made in January 2009 and modifications to existing severance provisions. On October 21, 2008, an aggregate of 1,430,000 restricted shares were granted with varying vesting schedules to our employees, of which a total of 900,000 were granted to Marc Rubin, Sunil Bhonsle and Robert Farrell, our three executive officers at that time. As part of the retention program, we made a determination to increase the severance period (which ranged from 1 to 12 months) by 100% for substantially all of our employees in the event that within one year following a change in control the employee's employment were terminated (including constructive termination) other than for cause.

Following a further decline in the market value of the Company and to conserve capital, in December 2008 we effected an approximately 90% reduction in our workforce in order to reduce operations to the minimal level necessary to enable us to continue our efforts to realize the potential value of our assets, particularly the Probuphine program. As part of the reduction plan, Dr. Rubin and Mr. Bhonsle entered into separation agreements pursuant to which they ended their employment relationships with us but agreed to assist us during the next six months, as needed, in connection with the aforementioned efforts. Robert Farrell, Chief Financial Officer, assumed the role of President pursuant to the terms of a retention agreement. Accordingly, by year end, we had three employees, including Mr. Farrell who served as our sole executive officer. In April 2009, we terminated Mr. Farrell's employment and Mr. Bhonsle, a board member, stepped in as our interim President. As a result of the foregoing, all but 5,000 of the restricted shares issued as part of the October 2008 retention program were cancelled.

In May 2009, the FDA's approval of Fanapt substantially increased our opportunities and our board recommended the rehiring of certain of our former officers, including Dr. Rubin, who agreed to serve as our Executive Chairman, and Sunil Bhonsle, who assumed the role of President. Their compensation packages were structured by our Compensation Committee with minimal or no base salary, payment of which was also deferred to help maximize our limited cash resources, and to return the executives to an equity position comparable to that which existed prior to their termination five months earlier.

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This compensation discussion describes the material elements of compensation awarded to, earned by, or paid to each of our executive officers who served as named executive officers during the year ended December 31, 2009, our last completed fiscal year prior to the filing of this Form 10. This compensation discussion focuses on the information contained in the following tables and related footnotes and narrative for primarily the last completed fiscal year; however, in light of the material changes in our operations and management team described above and elsewhere in this Form 10, we also describe compensation actions taken before or after the last completed fiscal year to the extent it enhances the understanding of our executive compensation disclosure.

Compensation Program Objectives and Philosophy

Our Compensation Committee currently oversees the design and administration of our executive compensation program. It reviews and approves all elements of compensation for each of our named executive officers taking into consideration recommendations from our principal executive officer (for compensation other than his own), as well as competitive market guidance from the Radford Biotechnology Surveys and, when applicable, other independent third-party compensation consultants. We define our competitive markets for executive talent to be the pharmaceutical and biotechnology industries in northern California and New Jersey. To date, we have utilized the Radford Biotechnology Surveys, a third party market specific compensation survey, and, when applicable, other independent third-party compensation consultants to benchmark our executive compensation.

The principal elements of our executive compensation program have historically been base salary, annual cash incentives, long-term equity incentives in the form of stock options, other benefits and perquisites, post-termination severance and acceleration of stock option vesting for certain named executive officers upon termination and/or a change in control. Our other benefits and perquisites have consisted of life, health and disability insurance benefits, and a qualified 401(k) savings plan. Our philosophy has been to position the aggregate of these elements at a level that is competitive within the industry and commensurate with our size and performance. During the last 18 months, our compensation philosophy has evolved to accommodate our changing circumstances, operational needs and limited financial resources during this period.

During 2009, our operations were initially focused on winding down the company while maximizing the value that could be returned to the shareholders. Subsequently, following the approval of iloperidone by the FDA in May 2009, we have focused on efforts to realize maximum shareholder value from both iloperidone and Probuphine, while limiting expenses to stay within the available cash resources. Accordingly, our Compensation Committee implemented a compensation plan which substantially limited the base salary while providing additional potential earnings through stock option awards.

Base Salaries

During 2009, the base salary of the named executives is reflective of the limited availability of funds and the reduced level of operations. Accordingly, Mr. Farrell, President and CFO from January to April 2009 accepted an approximately 25% reduction in base salary from the prior years base salary. Dr. Rubin and Mr. Bhonsle, whose employment was terminated in December 2008, received lump sum severance payments of approximately \$384,000 and \$277,000, respectively, in January 2009 and continued to provide services in support of winding down the operations. Dr. Rubin and Mr. Bhonsle have indicated that such services were undertaken in their roles as directors of Titan and that we do not owe them any consulting fees for work performed prior to their re-employment in May 2009, except for the time during which Mr. Bhonsle assumed the role of Acting President during the months of April and May 2009 for which he was paid approximately \$12,400. Following the approval of iloperidone by the FDA, both Dr. Rubin and Mr. Bhonsle executed employment agreements that terminate on February 28, 2010. Dr. Rubin was engaged as Executive Chairman with no base salary and Mr. Bhonsle was confirmed as our President with a base salary of \$ 200,000 per year, an approximately 33% reduction from the prior year, payment of which has been deferred until our receipt of funds. See "Employment Agreements" below.

Long-term Equity Incentives

We provide the opportunity for our named executive officers and other executives to earn a long-term equity incentive award. Long-term incentive awards provide employees with the incentive to stay with us for longer

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periods of time, which in turn, provides us with greater stability. Equity awards also are less costly to us in the short term than cash compensation. We review long-term equity incentives for our named executive officers and other executives annually.

Historically, for our named executive officers, our stock option grants were of a size and term determined and approved by the Compensation Committee in consideration of the range of grants in the Radford Survey, generally falling within the 50-75% range outlined in the survey. We have traditionally used stock options as our form of equity compensation because stock options provide a relatively straightforward incentive for our executives, result in less immediate dilution of existing shareholders' interests and, prior to our adoption of FAS 123(R), resulted in less compensation expense for us relative to other types of equity awards. Generally, all grants of stock options to our employees were granted with exercise prices equal to or greater than the fair market value of our common stock on the respective grant dates. For a discussion of the determination of the fair market value of these grants, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Critical Accounting Policies and the Use of Estimates."

We do not time stock option grants to executives in coordination with the release of material non-public information. Our stock option grants have a 10-year contractual exercise term. In general, the option grants are also subject to the following post-termination and change in control provisions:

<u>Event</u>	<u>Award Vesting</u>	<u>Exercise Term</u>
• Termination by us for Reason Other than Cause, Disability or Death	• Forfeit Unvested Options	• Earlier of: (1) 90 days or (2) Remaining Option Period
• Termination for Disability, Death or Retirement	• Forfeit Unvested Options	• Earlier of: (1) 2 years or (2) Remaining Option Period
• Termination for Cause	• Forfeit Vested and Unvested Options	• Expire
• Other Termination	• Forfeit Unvested Options	• Earlier of: (1) 90 days or (2) Remaining Option Period
• Change in Control	• Accelerated*	• *

* The Compensation Committee may provide that, in the event of a change in control, any outstanding awards that are unexercisable or otherwise unvested will become fully vested and immediately exercisable. If there is a termination of employment, the applicable termination provisions regarding exercise term will apply.

The vesting of certain of our named executive officers' stock options is accelerated pursuant to the terms of their employment agreements in certain change in control or other material events. These terms are more fully described in "—Employment Agreements" and "—Potential Payments upon Termination or Change in Control."

Upon termination of employment of Dr. Rubin and Mr. Bhonsle in December 2008, all prior stock option grants ceased further vesting and the vested stock options continued to be available for exercise while they remained members of the board of directors. Prior stock option grants awarded to Mr. Farrell, who continued as the President and Chief Financial Officer until April 2009, continued to vest during the term of his employment and the vested stock options subsequently expired unexercised 90 days following termination of his employment.

At the time of re-engagement of Dr. Rubin as Executive Chairman in May 2009, he was awarded a stock option grant of 1,000,000 shares with immediate vesting of 25% of the grant and the remainder to vest monthly over four years. This is the only compensation provided to Dr. Rubin. Similarly, upon the confirmation of Mr. Bhonsle as the President, he was awarded a stock option grant to purchase 700,000 shares of common stock with immediate vesting of 25% and the remainder to vest monthly over four years.

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Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation

Members of our Compensation Committee of the board of directors were Mr. Eurelio M. Cavalier, Dr. Hubert E. Huckel and Dr. Joachim Friedrich Kapp. No member of our Compensation Committee was, or has been, an officer or employee of Titan or any of our subsidiaries.

No member of the Compensation Committee has a relationship that would constitute an interlocking relationship with executive officers or directors of the Company or another entity.

SUMMARY COMPENSATION TABLE

The following table shows information concerning the annual compensation for services provided to us by our Chief Executive Officer, our Chief Financial Officer and our other executive officers for the periods set forth.

<u>Name and Principal Position(1)</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Salary (\$)</u>	<u>Bonus (\$)</u>	<u>Option Awards(2) (\$)</u>	<u>All Other Compensation (\$)</u>	<u>Total Compensation (\$)</u>
Marc Rubin, M.D.(3)(4)(5) Executive Chairman	2009	\$384,326	—	\$197,139	\$ —	\$ 581,465
	2008	430,639	—	21,243	36,767	488,649
	2007	103,750	—	154,691	—	258,441
Louis R. Bucalo, M.D.(6)(7) Former Executive Chairman	2009	328,125	—	—	—	328,125
	2008	375,169	—	143,070	2,000	520,239
	2007	493,328	—	236,160	—	729,488
Sunil Bhonsle (8) President	2009	402,487	—	160,173	12,400	575,060
	2008	340,550	—	66,198	—	406,748
	2007	297,583	—	159,082	—	456,665
Robert E. Farrell, J.D.(9) Former Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer	2009	216,862	—	—	—	216,862
	2008	402,099	—	39,280	—	441,379
	2007	248,508	—	124,026	—	372,534

- (1) The positions listed are the most recent held by such individuals.
- (2) Valuation based on the dollar amount of option grants and stock awards recognized for financial statement reporting purposes pursuant to FAS 123(R). The assumptions used by us with respect to the valuation of option grants and stock awards are set forth in “Titan Pharmaceuticals, Inc. Consolidated Financial Statements—Notes to Financial Statements—Note 12—Stock Plans” and “Titan Pharmaceuticals, Inc. Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements—Notes to Financial Statements—Note 2—Stock Plans.”
- (3) Dr. Rubin’s 2007 salary has been prorated to reflect his October 1, 2007 employment start date.
- (4) Dr. Rubin’s employment was terminated on December 15, 2008. His 2008 salary includes \$26,374 in compensation related to accrued vacation and his 2009 salary includes a one time severance payment of \$384,326 made in January 2009.
- (5) Dr. Rubin’s 2008 other compensation consists of housing and transportation costs of \$36,767.
- (6) Dr. Bucalo’s 2007 salary includes \$106,812 in compensation related to accrued vacation.
- (7) Dr. Bucalo’s employment was terminated in April 2008 and he will receive salary continuation payments until April 2010. During 2009 and 2008, Dr. Bucalo received salary continuation payments of \$328,125 and \$250,018, respectively, and reimbursement of legal expenses of \$2,000 in 2008. Dr. Bucalo’s outstanding options will continue to vest under the terms of his severance agreement through April 2010.
- (8) Mr. Bhonsle’s employment was terminated on December 15, 2008. His 2008 salary includes \$46,319 related to accrued vacation and his 2009 salary includes a one time severance payment of \$277,487 made in January 2009 and \$125,000 related to compensation deferred to 2010.
- (9) Mr. Farrell’s employment was terminated in April 2009. His 2008 salary includes \$40,768 related to accrued vacation and \$100,000 of severance related to his December 2008 retention agreement. Mr. Farrell’s 2009 salary includes a payment of \$161,824 related to the remaining balance of his severance.

For a description of the material terms of employment agreements with our current and former named executive officers, see “— Employment Agreements.”

GRANTS OF PLAN-BASED AWARDS(1)

<u>Name</u>	<u>Grant Date</u>	<u>Approval Date(2)</u>	<u>Number of Shares of Common Stock Underlying Options (#)</u>	<u>Exercise or Base Price of Option Awards (\$/Sh)</u>	<u>Grant Date Fair Value of Stock and Option Awards\$(3)</u>
Marc Rubin, M.D.	05/17/2009	05/17/2009	385,000 (5)	\$ 0.79	\$ 287,557
	05/17/2009	05/17/2009	615,000 (7)	0.79	459,344
	05/17/2009	05/17/2009	10,000 (4)	0.79	7,469
	05/17/2009	05/17/2009	5,000 (4)	0.79	3,735
Sunil Bhonsle	05/17/2009	05/17/2009	100,000 (6)	0.79	74,690
	05/17/2009	05/17/2009	390,000 (8)	0.79	291,291
	05/17/2009	05/17/2009	310,000 (7)	0.79	231,539
	05/17/2009	05/17/2009	100,000 (6)	0.79	74,690
	05/17/2009	05/17/2009	10,000 (4)	0.79	7,469

- (1) A portion of each award was granted outside the 2002 Plan in light of the annual 500,000 share grant limitation on individual recipients.
- (2) All grants were approved by the Compensation Committee on the dates indicated to be granted on the indicated grant date.
- (3) Valuation assumptions are found under “Titan Pharmaceuticals, Inc. Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements —Notes to Financial Statements—Note 2—Stock Plans.”
- (4) These options vest in 12 equal monthly installments beginning on the grant date.
- (5) 250,000 options were fully vested on the grant date with the balance of the options vesting in 48 equal monthly installments beginning on the grant date.
- (6) Reflects grants to such individuals in their capacity as directors. See “Director Compensation.”
- (7) These options were granted outside the 2002 Plan and vest in 48 equal monthly installments beginning on the grant date.
- (8) 175,000 options were fully vested on the grant date with the balance of the options vesting in 48 equal monthly installments beginning on the grant date with the vesting of 100,000 shares contingent upon the sale or partnering of the Probuphine program.

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Employee Benefits Plans

The principal purpose of our stock incentive plans is to attract, motivate, reward and retain selected employees, consultants and directors through the granting of stock-based compensation awards. The stock option plans provides for a variety of awards, including non-qualified stock options, incentive stock options (within the meaning of Section 422 of the Code), stock appreciation rights, restricted stock awards, performance-based awards and other stock-based awards.

2002 Stock Incentive Plan

In July 2002, we adopted the 2002 Stock Incentive Plan, or the 2002 Plan. The 2002 Plan assumed the options which remain available for grant under our option plans previously approved by stockholders. Under the 2002 Plan and predecessor plans, a total of approximately 7.4 million shares of our common stock were authorized for issuance to employees, officers, directors, consultants, and advisers. Options granted under the 2002 Plan and predecessor plans may either be incentive stock options within the meaning of Section 422 of the Internal Revenue Code and/or options that do not qualify as incentive stock options; however, only employees are eligible to receive incentive stock options. Options granted under the option plans generally expire no later than ten years from the date of grant, except when the grantee is a 10% shareholder, in which case the maximum term is five years from the date of grant. Options generally vest at the rate of one fourth after one year from the date of grant and the remainder ratably over the subsequent three years, although options with different vesting terms are granted from time-to-time. Generally, the exercise price of any options granted under the 2002 Plan must be at least 100% of the fair market value of our common stock on the date of grant, except when the grantee is a 10% shareholder, in which case the exercise price shall be at least 110% of the fair market value of our common stock on the date of grant.

In August 2005, we adopted an amendment to the 2002 Plan to (i) permit the issuance of shares of restricted stock and stock appreciation rights to participants under the 2002 Plan, and (ii) increase the number of shares issuable pursuant to grants under the 2002 Plan from 2,000,000 to 3,000,000.

2001 Stock Option Plan

In August 2001, we adopted the 2001 Employee Non-Qualified Stock Option Plan, or the 2001 NQ Plan, pursuant to which 1,750,000 shares of common stock were authorized for issuance for option grants to employees

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and consultants who are not officers or directors of Titan. Options granted under the option plans generally expire no later than ten years from the date of grant. Option vesting schedule and exercise price are determined at time of grant by the board of directors. Generally, the exercise prices of options granted under the 2001 NQ Plan were 100% of the fair market value of our common stock on the date of grant.

General

Set forth below is information regarding the 2002 Plan and the 2001 NQ Plan, which we refer to herein collectively as the Stock Option Plans.

Administration. The Stock Option Plans are administered by our Compensation Committee. The Compensation Committee may in certain circumstances delegate certain of its duties to one or more of our officers. The Compensation Committee has the power to interpret the Stock Option Plans and to adopt rules for the administration, interpretation and application of the plans according to their terms.

Grant of Awards; Shares Available for Awards. Certain employees, consultants and directors are eligible to be granted awards under the plans. The Compensation Committee will determine who will receive awards under the plans, as well as the form of the awards, the number of shares underlying the awards, and the terms and conditions of the awards consistent with the terms of the plans.

A total of approximately 9.1 million shares of our common stock are available for issuance or delivery under our existing Stock Option Plans. The number of shares of our common stock issued or reserved pursuant to the Stock Option Plans will be adjusted at the discretion of our Board or the Compensation Committee as a result of stock splits, stock dividends and similar changes in our common stock. In addition, shares subject to grant under our prior option plans (including shares under such plans that expire unexercised or are forfeited, terminated, canceled or withheld for income tax withholding) shall be merged and available for issuance under the 2002 Stock Option Plan, without reducing the aggregate number of shares available for issuance reflected above.

Stock Options. The Stock Option Plans permit the Compensation Committee to grant participants incentive stock options, which qualify for special tax treatment in the United States, as well as non-qualified stock options. The Compensation Committee will establish the duration of each option at the time it is granted, with a maximum ten-year duration for incentive stock options, and may also establish vesting and performance requirements that must be met prior to the exercise of options. Stock option grants (other than incentive stock option grants) also may have exercise prices that are less than, equal to or greater than the fair market value of our common stock on the date of grant. Incentive stock options must have an exercise price that is at least equal to the fair market value of our common stock on the date of grant. Stock option grants may include provisions that permit the option holder to exercise all or part of the holder's vested options, or to satisfy withholding tax liabilities, by tendering shares of our common stock already owned by the option holder for at least six months (or another period consistent with the applicable accounting rules) with a fair market value equal to the exercise price.

Stock Appreciation Rights. The Compensation Committee may also grant stock appreciation rights, which will be exercisable upon the occurrence of certain contingent events. Stock appreciation rights entitle the holder upon exercise to receive an amount in any combination of cash, shares of our common stock (as determined by the Compensation Committee) equal in value to the excess of the fair market value of the shares covered by the stock appreciation right over the exercise price of the right, or other securities or property owned by us.

Other Equity-Based Awards. In addition to stock options and stock appreciation rights, the Compensation Committee may also grant certain employees, consultants and directors shares of restricted stock, with terms and conditions as the Compensation Committee may, pursuant to the terms of the Stock Option Plan, establish. The Stock Option Plan does not allow awards to be made under terms and conditions which would cause such awards to be treated as deferred compensation subject to the rules of Section 409A of the Code.

Change-in-Control Provisions. In connection with the grant of an award, the Compensation Committee may provide that, in the event of a change in control, any outstanding awards that are unexercisable or otherwise unvested will become fully vested and immediately exercisable.

Amendment and Termination. The Compensation Committee may adopt, amend and rescind rules relating to the administration of the Stock Option Plans, and amend, suspend or terminate the Stock Option Plans, but no

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amendment will be made that adversely affects in a material manner any rights of the holder of any award without the holder's consent, other than amendments that are necessary to permit the granting of awards in compliance with applicable laws. We have attempted to structure the Stock Option Plans so that remuneration attributable to stock options and other awards will not be subject to a deduction limitation contained in Section 162(m) of the Code.

OUTSTANDING EQUITY AWARDS AT FISCAL YEAR-END

The following tables summarizes the number of securities underlying outstanding plan awards for each named executive officer as of December 31, 2009.

Name	Option Awards			
	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#) Exercisable	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#) Unexercisable	Option Exercise Price (\$)	Option Expiration Date
Marc Rubin, M.D.	437,500	—	\$ 2.40	10/01/2017
	2,500	—	1.52	1/2/2018
	5,000	—	1.52	5/30/2018
	89,657	525,313 (2)	0.79	5/17/2019
	100,000	—	0.79	5/17/2019
	2,916	2,084 (1)	0.79	5/17/2019
	5,833	4,167 (1)	0.79	5/17/2019
	169,687	115,313 (2)	0.79	5/17/2019
Sunil Bhonsle	42,000	—	22.98	1/8/2011
	31,500	—	11.63	8/9/2011
	90,000	—	8.77	1/16/2012
	50,000	—	1.50	3/1/2013
	60,000	—	3.69	2/9/2014
	70,000	—	2.62	2/7/2015
	80,137	—	1.40	1/3/2016
	11,250	—	2.35	8/29/2016
	76,666	—	3.13	1/3/2017
	5,000	—	1.52	5/30/2018
	45,208	264,792 (3)	0.79	5/17/2019
	100,000	—	0.79	5/17/2019
	5,833	4,167 (1)	0.79	5/17/2019
	206,354	183,646 (3)	0.79	5/17/2019

- (1) These options vest in 12 equal monthly installments beginning on May 17, 2009.
- (2) These options vest in 48 equal monthly installments beginning on May 17, 2009.
- (3) These options vest in 48 equal monthly installments beginning on May 17, 2009, with the vesting of 100,000 shares contingent upon the sale or partnering of the Probuphine program.

The following table summarizes the option exercises by our named executive officers during 2009.

Name	Number of Shares Acquired on Exercise	Value Realized on Exercise (1)
Marc Rubin	100,000	\$ 58,500
Sunil Bhonsle	54,863	—

- (1) Represents the amounts realized based on the difference between the market price of our common stock on the date of exercise and the exercise price.

Pension Benefits

We do not sponsor any qualified or non-qualified defined benefit plans.

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Nonqualified Deferred Compensation

We do not maintain any non-qualified defined contribution or deferred compensation plans. The Compensation Committee, which is comprised solely of “outside directors” as defined for purposes of Section 162(m) of the Code, may elect to provide our officers and other employees with non-qualified defined contribution or deferred compensation benefits if the Compensation Committee determines that doing so is in our best interests. We sponsor a tax qualified defined contribution 401(k) plan in which Dr. Rubin, Dr. Bucalo, Mr. Bhonsle, and Mr. Farrell participated.

Employment Agreements

Marc Rubin

In October 2007, we entered into an employment agreement with Marc Rubin (the “First Rubin Agreement”) in connection with his joining our company as President and Chief Executive Officer. The First Rubin Agreement provided for an annual salary of \$415,000 and an annual discretionary bonus of 0-50% based on the achievement of individual and company performance goals to be established by Dr. Rubin in consultation with senior management and approved by our board of directors. Upon joining Titan, Dr. Rubin received options to acquire 1,500,000 shares of our common stock that were to vest monthly over a four-year period, subject to a requirement of at least 12 months of employment for the vesting of any options. The First Rubin Agreement provided for the termination of employment by either party at any time for any reason by giving written notice to the other party. In the event his employment was terminated by us without Cause or by Dr. Rubin for Good Reason, or in the event of his death or Disability (as such terms are defined in such agreement), Dr. Rubin would be entitled to 12 months’ severance. The First Rubin Agreement contained customary non-competition and non-solicitation provisions. Dr. Rubin’s compensation package was determined based on a review of CEO compensation information provided in the Radford Biotechnology Survey. In addition, we engaged Compensation Resources, a consulting firm, to provide information on current CEO compensation packages for similar companies. In connection with its review of Dr. Rubin’s proposed compensation package, our Compensation Committee retained ExeQuity LLP, a consulting firm specializing in executive compensation, which concurred that the proposed compensation was appropriate and within the mid-range for similarly situated executives.

In December 2008, we entered into a separation agreement with Dr. Rubin (the “Rubin Severance Agreement”) pursuant to which we agreed to pay Dr. Rubin a one time severance payment of \$384,326, representing the net present value of his base salary for 12 months less an amount he forfeited to enable us to make severance payments to certain other employees. The Rubin Severance Agreement stated that the exercise period of all vested options held by Dr. Rubin would terminate 90 days after he ceases to be a member of our board. Under the Rubin Severance Agreement, Dr. Rubin agreed to provide transition services to us through June 15, 2009 at an hourly rate of \$205 to be paid at such time as we receive proceeds from the sale of the company or our assets or royalties from Fanapt™. Services provided by Dr. Rubin during this interim period were conducted within the scope of his responsibilities as a member of our board of directors and, accordingly, no payments are owed to him for transition services.

In May 2009, in connection with our re-engagement of our executive officers following the FDA’s approval of Fanapt™, we entered into a new employment agreement with Dr. Rubin to serve as our Executive Chairman (the “Third Rubin Agreement”). Pursuant to the Third Rubin Agreement, as such agreement was amended effective March 1, 2010, he will receive no cash salary. We granted Dr. Rubin options to purchase 1,000,000 shares of our common stock that vest as follows: 25% immediately and the balance monthly over a four-year period. Notwithstanding the foregoing, all unvested options held by Dr. Rubin automatically will become vested and exercisable immediately prior to the occurrence of a change of control. One half of the options will accelerate in the event we sell or transfer all or substantially all of our rights in iloperidone. In addition, in the event that we declare a dividend or similar distribution following such sale or transfer, we have agreed to retain for Dr. Rubin’s benefit an amount equal to the dividend amount for distribution to him only upon the actual vesting and exercise by him of the unvested options. In consideration for entering into the amendment agreement, we agreed to issue Dr. Rubin 36,000 restricted shares that will vest in four monthly installments through the Trigger Date. The Third Rubin Agreement contains non-competition provisions applicable during the term of employment.

Sunil Bhonsle

In December 2007, we amended our employment agreement with Sunil Bhonsle in order to maintain parity with the agreements with Drs. Rubin and Bucalo described herein (the “First Bhonsle Agreement”). The First Bhonsle Agreement, which was originally entered into in August 1995, provided for a base salary and eligibility to receive an annual performance bonus up to a specified percentage of base salary. The actual amount of the annual bonus was discretionary and determined based upon the executive’s performance, our performance and certain

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performance targets approved by our Compensation Committee. The First Bhonsle Agreement provided that Mr. Bhonsle would be entitled to 12 months' severance in the event that his employment was terminated by us without Cause or by him for Good Reason (as such terms are defined in such agreement or six months in the event of their death or disability and provided for the continued vesting of the employee's stock options during the severance period in the event of termination without Cause or for Good Reason. The First Bhonsle Agreement contained customary non-competition and non-solicitation provisions.

In December 2008, we entered into a separation agreement with Mr. Bhonsle (the "Bhonsle Severance Agreement") pursuant to which we agreed to pay Mr. Bhonsle a one time severance payment of \$277,487, representing the net present value of his base salary for 12 months less an amount he forfeited to enable us to make severance payments to certain other employees. The Bhonsle Severance Agreement stated that the exercise period of all vested options held by Mr. Bhonsle would terminate on March 15, 2009 and on such date all of his vested options terminated unexercised. Mr. Bhonsle agreed to provide transition services to us through June 15, 2009 at an hourly rate of \$150 to be paid at such time as we receive proceeds from the sale of the company or our assets or royalties from Fanapt™. In April 2009, upon our termination of Mr. Farrell, Mr. Bhonsle stepped in to act as our sole executive officer. Services provided by Mr. Bhonsle from January until April 2009 were conducted within the scope of his responsibilities as a member of our board of directors and, accordingly, no payments are owed to him for such transition services. We paid Mr. Bhonsle approximately \$12,400 in April 2009.

In May 2009, in connection with our re-engagement of our executive officers following the FDA's approval of Fanapt™, we entered into a new employment agreement with Mr. Bhonsle to serve as our President (the "Third Bhonsle Agreement"). The Third Bhonsle Agreement provides that until February 28, 2010, he is entitled to a cash salary of \$200,000 per annum, payment of which will be deferred until we receive royalty payments from Fanapt or other financing that by its terms does not restrict such use, but in no event earlier than January 1, 2010 or later than March 15, 2010. Mr. Bhonsle was granted options to purchase 700,000 shares of our common stock that vest as follows: 25% immediately and the balance monthly over a four-year period; provided, however, that the vesting of 100,000 shares is also contingent upon the sale or partnering of the Probuphine program. Notwithstanding the foregoing, all unvested options held by Mr. Bhonsle automatically will become vested and exercisable immediately prior to the occurrence of a change of control. Effective March 1, 2010, we amended the Third Bhonsle Agreement to provide that from the effective date through June 30, 2010, he will be entitled to a salary of \$300,000 per annum. The amendment also provides that one half of the options will accelerate in the event we sell or transfer all or substantially all of our rights in iloperidone. In addition, in the event that we declare a dividend or similar distribution following such sale or transfer, we have agreed to retain for Mr. Bhonsle's benefit an amount equal to the dividend amount for distribution to him only upon the actual vesting and exercise by him of the unvested options. The Third Bhonsle Agreement contains non-competition provisions applicable during the term of employment.

Robert Farrell

In December 2007, we amended our employment agreement with Robert Farrell in order to maintain parity with the agreements with Drs. Rubin and Bucalo described herein (the "First Farrell Agreement"). The First Farrell Agreement, which was originally entered into in 1996, provided for a base salary and eligibility to receive an annual performance bonus up to a specified percentage of base salary. The actual amount of the annual bonus was discretionary and determined based upon the executive's performance, our performance and certain performance targets approved by our Compensation Committee. The First Farrell Agreement provided that Mr. Farrell would be entitled to 12 months' severance in the event that his employment was terminated by us without Cause or by him for Good Reason (as such terms are defined in such agreement or six months in the event of their death or disability and provided for the continued vesting of the employee's stock options during the severance period in the event of termination without Cause or for Good Reason. The First Farrell Agreement contained customary non-competition and non-solicitation provisions.

In December 2008, we entered into a one-year retention agreement with Mr. Farrell pursuant to which he assumed the role of President in addition to his role as Chief Financial Officer (the "Retention Agreement"). Under the Retention Agreement, we paid Mr. Farrell, in lieu of the 12 months' cash severance provided for in the First Farrell Agreement, a lump sum equal to \$261,824, the net present value of his base salary for a period of 12 months, less required deductions required by law. The Retention Agreement provided for a monthly salary of \$16,562.50 during the first six months and \$8,281.25 thereafter. In April 2009, we terminated Mr. Farrell's employment. No further payments were made to him and all of his options subsequently expired unexercised.

Louis R. Bucalo

In October 2007, in connection with the restructuring of management, we entered into an agreement with Louis Bucalo pursuant to which he would continue to serve as Executive Chairman for an annual salary of \$375,000 during the first two years of the agreement and \$187,500 thereafter. Under the agreement, Dr. Bucalo's employment

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could be terminated by either party at any time for any reason by giving written notice to the other party. In the event of termination by the Company without Cause or by Dr. Bucalo for Good Reason, or in the event of his death or Disability (as such terms are defined in the agreement), Dr. Bucalo was entitled to 24 months' severance, the 150,000 options he was granted in January 2008 would vest in full immediately, and all of his other options would continue to vest in accordance with their respective vesting schedules during such 24-month period.

In April 2008, we entered into an agreement with Dr. Bucalo pursuant to which he retired and resigned as Executive Chairman and a member of our board of directors. Under the terms of the agreement, we agreed to pay Dr. Bucalo his base monthly salary at the rates provided for in his employment agreement through May 14, 2010 (the "Compensation Period") and the 150,000 options granted to Dr. Bucalo in January 2008 vested in full immediately. All other options held by Dr. Bucalo will continue to vest in accordance with their terms and shall remain exercisable during the Compensation Period.

POTENTIAL PAYMENTS UPON TERMINATION OR CHANGE IN CONTROL

As set forth above under "Employment Agreements," as of December 31, 2008, we had terminated our employment arrangements with Drs. Bucalo and Rubin and Mr. Bhonsle and undertaken to make the lump sum or monthly severance payments agreed upon. At such date, we had also restructured our employment arrangement with Mr. Farrell and paid him a lump sum retention bonus in consideration of his agreement to terminate the severance provisions of his agreement. During 2009, we terminated Mr. Farrell's employment agreement and rehired Dr. Rubin and Mr. Bhonsle.

Pursuant to the Third Rubin Agreement and the Third Bhonsle Agreement, assuming a change of control had taken place as of December 31, 2009, Dr. Rubin and Mr. Bhonsle would have been entitled to accelerated vesting of their outstanding stock options described in the table below:

	Value of Equity Awards: Termination Without Cause or For Good Reason(1)	Value of Equity Awards: In Connection With a Change in Control(1)
Marc Rubin, M.D.	None	Fully Vested. 646,877 options with value of \$983,253
Sunil Bhonsle.	None	Fully Vested. 452,605 options with value of \$687,960

- (1) Value is based on the aggregate difference between the respective exercise prices and the closing sale price of our common stock on December 31, 2009, which was \$2.31 per share.

DIRECTOR COMPENSATION

Summary of Director Compensation

Non-employee directors are entitled to receive a fee for each meeting attended and all directors are entitled to receive stock options pursuant to our stockholder-approved stock option plans, including an initial grant of 10,000 options upon becoming a director, an annual grant of 10,000 options thereafter, and an annual grant of 5,000 options for each committee on which they serve. Directors are not precluded from serving us in any other capacity and receiving compensation therefore. Non-employee directors have also historically received an annual retainer fee of \$15,000 in addition to the fee received for each meeting attended. In May 2009, in recognition of the large number (almost weekly) telephonic and in-person meetings attended by the members of the board to help manage the company between January and May 2009, each member of the board was awarded a stock option grant to purchase 100,000 shares of common stock with immediate vesting. In July, 2009, each non-employee director was awarded 2,500 shares of restricted stock in lieu of fees earned. The Compensation Committee has determined that commencing September 2009, non-employee directors will receive \$500 for each telephonic board meeting attended

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The following table summarizes compensation that our directors earned during 2009 for services as members of our board.

Name	Fees Earned or Paid in Cash(\$)	Stock Awards (\$)	Options Awards\$(1)	Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation (\$)	Change in Pension Value and Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Earnings (\$)	All Other Compensation (\$)	Total (\$)
Victor J. Bauer, Ph.D.	\$ 7,000	\$ 2,600	\$ 84,348	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$91,348
Eurelio M. Cavalier	7,000	\$ 2,600	88,849	—	—	—	95,849
Hubert E. Huckel, M.D.	7,000	\$ 2,600	88,849	—	—	—	95,849
Joachim Friedrich Kapp, M.D., Ph.D.	7,000	\$ 2,600	84,226	—	—	—	91,226
M. David MacFarlane, Ph.D.	7,000	\$ 2,600	86,537	—	—	—	93,537
Ley S. Smith	6,500	\$ 2,600	88,849	—	—	—	95,349

- (1) Valuation based on the dollar amount of option grants recognized for financial statement reporting purposes pursuant to FAS 123(R) with respect to 2009. The assumptions we used with respect to the valuation of option grants are set forth in “Titan Pharmaceuticals Inc. Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements for the nine month period ended September 30, 2009—Notes to Financial Statements—Note 2—Stock Plans.”

Equity Compensation Plan Information

The following table sets forth aggregate information regarding our equity compensation plans in effect as of December 31, 2009:

Plan category	Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options and awards (a)	Weighted-average exercise price of outstanding options and awards (b)	Number of securities remaining available for future issuance under equity compensation plans (c)
Equity compensation plans approved by security holders	4,130,404	\$ 13.07	1,619,543
Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders(1)(2)(3)(4)	1,959,250	\$ 1.40	798,716
Total	6,089,654	\$ 11.65	2,418,259

- (1) In August 2002, we amended our 2001 Employee Non-Qualified Stock Option Plan. Pursuant to this amendment, a total of 1,750,000 shares of common stock were reserved and authorized for issuance for option grants to employees and consultants who are not officers or directors of Titan.
- (2) In November 1999 and in connection with the redemption of warrants, we granted 813,000 non-qualified stock options outside of our stock option plans to our executive officers, at an exercise price of \$12.69, vesting equally over 36 months from the date of grant.
- (3) In October 2007, we granted 1,500,000 non-qualified stock options outside of our stock option plans to our Chief Executive Officer, at an exercise price of \$2.40, vesting equally over 48 months from the date of grant. At December 31, 2009, 437,500 of these non-qualified stock options remained outstanding.
- (4) In May 2009, we granted 615,000 and 310,000 non-qualified stock options outside of our stock option plans to our Executive Chairman and President, respectively, at an exercise price of \$0.79, vesting equally over 48 months from the date of grant.

Item 7. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence

The following members of our board of directors, representing a majority of our board, meet the independence requirements and standards currently established by the NYSE Euronext (formerly the American Stock Exchange, or “Amex”): Victor J. Bauer, Eurelio M. Cavalier, Hubert E. Huckel, Joachim Friedrich Kapp, M. David MacFarlane and Ley S. Smith.

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Item 8. Legal Proceedings

In March 2005, Dr. Bernard Sabel initiated an appraisal proceeding in the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware relating to the merger of our subsidiary ProNeura, Inc. into Titan. In March 2009, we settled our dispute with Dr. Sabel and in April 2009, under the terms of the settlement, we paid \$600,000 to Dr. Sabel.

Item 9. Market Price of and Dividends on the Registrant's Common Equity and Related Stockholder Matters

Prior to December 15, 2008, our common stock was listed on the Amex under the symbol "TTP". Following our voluntary delisting and termination of our Exchange Act reporting obligations, our common stock has been quoted on the OTC Pink Sheets system maintained by Pink OTC Markets Inc. under the symbol TTNP.PK The Pink Sheets market is extremely limited and any prices quoted may not be a reliable indication of the value of our common stock.

The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, the high and low sales prices per share of our common stock as reported by Amex or the Pink OTC Markets Inc., as applicable. The quotations reflect inter-dealer prices without retail markups, markdowns, or commissions and may not represent actual transactions. For current price information, stockholders are urged to consult publicly available sources.

	<u>High</u>	<u>Low</u>
Fiscal 2009		
Fourth Quarter	\$2.48	\$1.33
Third Quarter	\$1.75	\$0.98
Second Quarter	\$1.75	\$0.03
First Quarter	\$0.04	\$0.02
Fiscal 2008		
Fourth Quarter	\$0.25	\$0.01
Third Quarter	\$1.38	\$0.20
Second Quarter	\$1.65	\$1.15
First Quarter	\$1.69	\$0.90
Fiscal 2007		
Fourth Quarter	\$2.60	\$1.47
Third Quarter	\$2.50	\$1.83
Second Quarter	\$2.74	\$1.93
First Quarter	\$3.36	\$2.10

Holdings

As of December 31, 2009, there were 141 record holders of our common stock. Based on a Broadridge survey conducted in April 2008, we believe there are in excess of 8,000 beneficial holders of our common stock.

Dividends

We have never paid a cash dividend on our common stock and anticipate that for the foreseeable future any earnings will be retained for use in our business and, accordingly, do not anticipate the payment of cash dividends.

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Item 10. Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities

The information below lists all of the securities sold by us during the past three years which were not registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"). Except as set forth below, no underwriting discounts or commissions were incurred in connection with any of the following transactions. Each of the transactions was conducted as a private placement, without the use of any general solicitation, and was exempt from registration under Section 4(2) of the Securities Act.

In December 2007, we completed the sale of units consisting of 13,300,000 shares of our common stock and five-year warrants to purchase 6,650,000 shares of our common stock to several institutions and one individual accredited investor for gross proceeds of approximately \$21.3 million. Net proceeds were approximately \$19.9 million. The warrants have an exercise price of \$2.00 per share.

In December 2009, we completed the sale of 300,000 shares of our common stock to one individual accredited investor for gross proceeds of approximately \$510,000. Net proceeds were approximately \$478,000.

Item 11. Description of Registrant's Securities to be Registered

The Company is authorized by its Certificate of Incorporation to issue an aggregate of 130,000,000 shares of capital stock, of which 125,000,000 are shares of common stock, par value \$.001 per share (the "Common Stock") and 5,000,000 are shares of preferred stock, par value \$.001 per share (the "Preferred Stock"). As of the date hereof, there were 59,247,742 shares of Common Stock and no shares of Preferred Stock issued and outstanding.

All outstanding shares of Common Stock are of the same class and have equal rights and attributes. The holders of Common Stock are entitled to one vote per share on all matters submitted to a vote of stockholders of the Company. All stockholders are entitled to share equally in dividends, if any, as may be declared from time to time by the board of directors out of funds legally available. In the event of liquidation, the holders of Common Stock are entitled to share ratably in all assets remaining after payment of all liabilities. The stockholders do not have cumulative or preemptive rights.

Our board of directors is empowered, without stockholder approval, to issue preferred stock with dividend, liquidation, conversion, voting or other rights which could adversely affect the voting power or other rights of the holders of common stock, although the underwriting agreement prohibits us, prior to a business combination, from issuing preferred stock which participates in any manner in the proceeds of the trust account, or which votes as a class with the common stock on a business combination. We may issue some or all of the preferred stock to effect a business combination. In addition, the preferred stock could be utilized as a method of discouraging, delaying or preventing a change in control of us. Although we do not currently intend to issue any shares of preferred stock, we cannot assure you that we will not do so in the future.

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Item 12. Indemnification of Directors and Officers.

Section 145 of the Delaware General Corporation Law (the “DGCL”) provides that a corporation may indemnify directors and officers as well as other employees and individuals against expenses including attorneys’ fees, judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement in connection with various actions, suits or proceedings, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative other than an action by or in the right of the corporation, a derivative action, if they acted in good faith and in a manner they reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation, and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, if they had no reasonable cause to believe their conduct was unlawful. A similar standard is applicable in the case of derivative actions, except that indemnification only extends to expenses including attorneys’ fees incurred in connection with the defense or settlement of such actions, and the statute requires court approval before there can be any indemnification where the person seeking indemnification has been found liable to the corporation. The statute provides that it is not exclusive of other indemnification that may be granted by a corporation’s certificate of incorporation, bylaws, agreement, a vote of stockholders or disinterested directors or otherwise.

Our certificate of incorporation provides that we will indemnify and hold harmless, to the fullest extent permitted by Section 145 of the DGCL, as amended from time to time, each person that such section grants us the power to indemnify.

The DGCL permits a corporation to provide in its certificate of incorporation that a director of the corporation shall not be personally liable to the corporation or its stockholders for monetary damages for breach of fiduciary duty as a director, except for liability for:

- any breach of the director’s duty of loyalty to the corporation or its stockholders;
- acts or omissions not in good faith or which involve intentional misconduct or a knowing violation of law;
- payments of unlawful dividends or unlawful stock repurchases or redemptions; or
- any transaction from which the director derived an improper personal benefit.

In accordance with Section 102(a)(7) of the DGCL, our certificate of incorporation eliminates the personal liability of directors to the registrant or its stockholders for monetary damages for breach of fiduciary duty as a director with certain limited exceptions set forth in Section 102(a)(7).

We also enter into indemnification agreements with each of our officers and directors, the form of which has been filed as Exhibit 10.6 and reference is hereby made to such form.

In addition, we currently maintain an officers’ and directors’ liability insurance policy which insures, subject to the exclusions and limitations of the policy, our officers and directors against certain liabilities which might be incurred by them solely in such capacities.

Item 13. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data.

See the financial statements and related notes beginning on page F-1 of this registration statement.

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Item 14. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

There are not and have not been any disagreements between the Company and its accountants on any matter of accounting principles, practices or financial statement disclosure.

Item 15. Financial Statements and Exhibits

a) Index to Consolidated Financial Statements.

See the index to consolidated financial statements set forth on page F-1.

(b) Index to Exhibits.

See the exhibit index immediately following the signature page to this Form 10.

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TITAN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.
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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Board of Directors and Stockholders of
Titan Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Titan Pharmaceuticals, Inc. and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2008 and 2007, and the related consolidated statements of operations, stockholders' equity and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2008. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. We were not engaged to perform an audit of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Our audits included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an audit opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note 14 to the consolidated financial statements, on January 1, 2007, the Company adopted Financial Accounting Standards Board Interpretation No. 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes, an Interpretation of FAS 109*.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements audited by us present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Titan Pharmaceuticals, Inc. and subsidiaries at December 31, 2008 and 2007, and the consolidated results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2008, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

/s/ ODENBERG, ULLAKKO, MURANISHI & CO. LLP

San Francisco, California
January 13, 2010

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TITAN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	<u>December 31,</u>	
	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>
	<u>(in thousands of dollars)</u>	
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,672	\$ 25,614
Marketable securities	—	4,402
Prepaid expenses, receivables and other current assets	<u>721</u>	<u>440</u>
Total current assets	5,393	30,456
Property and equipment, net	<u>275</u>	<u>388</u>
Total Assets	<u>\$ 5,668</u>	<u>\$ 30,844</u>
Liabilities and Stockholders' equity		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 493	\$ 557
Accrued clinical trials expenses	910	2,388
Other accrued liabilities	<u>1,231</u>	<u>1,311</u>
Total current liabilities	<u>2,634</u>	<u>4,256</u>
Commitments and contingencies		
Stockholders' Equity:		
Preferred stock, \$0.001 par value per share; 5,000,000 shares authorized, none issued and outstanding:	—	—
Common stock, at amounts paid in, \$0.001 par value per share; 125,000,000 shares authorized, 58,287,880 and 58,281,460 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively	255,403	255,429
Additional paid-in capital	13,415	11,508
Accumulated deficit	(267,025)	(241,591)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	<u>—</u>	<u>1</u>
Total Titan Pharmaceuticals, Inc.'s stockholders' equity	1,793	25,347
Non-controlling interest in Series B preferred stock of Ingenex, Inc.	<u>1,241</u>	<u>1,241</u>
Total stockholders' equity	<u>3,034</u>	<u>26,587</u>
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	<u>\$ 5,668</u>	<u>\$ 30,844</u>

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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TITAN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

	Years ended December 31,		
	2008	2007	2006
	(in thousands, except per share amount)		
Revenue:			
License revenue	\$ 73	\$ 24	\$ 32
Operating expenses:			
Research and development	16,235	12,244	11,620
General and administrative	9,756	6,213	4,859
Total operating expenses	25,991	18,457	16,479
Loss from operations	(25,918)	(18,433)	(16,447)
Other income (expense):			
Interest income	470	646	717
Other income (expense)	14	140	(7)
Other income, net	484	786	710
Net loss	\$ (25,434)	\$ (17,647)	\$ (15,737)
Basic and diluted net loss per share	\$ (0.44)	\$ (0.41)	\$ (0.42)
Weighted average shares used in computing basic and diluted net loss per share	58,285	42,998	37,902

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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TITAN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY
(in thousands)

	Common Stock		Additional Paid-In Capital	Deferred Compensation	Accumulated Deficit	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Total Stockholders' Equity
	Shares	Amount					
Balances at December 31, 2005	35,584	\$214,331	\$ 9,264	\$ (19)	\$ (208,207)	\$ (9)	\$ 15,360
Comprehensive loss:							
Net loss					(15,737)		(15,737)
Unrealized gain on marketable securities						19	19
Comprehensive loss							(15,718)
Issuance of common stock, net of issuance costs of \$730	3,077	9,270					9,270
Issuance of common stock upon exercise of options	314	620					620
Compensation related to stock options			854				854
Amortization of deferred compensation				19			19
Balances at December 31, 2006	38,975	224,221	10,118	—	(223,944)	10	10,405
Comprehensive loss:							
Net loss					(17,647)		(17,647)
Unrealized loss on marketable securities						(9)	(9)
Comprehensive loss							(17,656)
Issuance of common stock, net of issuance costs of \$2,205	19,232	31,075					31,075
Issuance of common stock upon exercise of options	74	133					133
Compensation related to stock options			1,390				1,390
Balances at December 31, 2007	58,281	255,429	11,508	—	(241,591)	1	\$ 25,347
Comprehensive loss:							
Net loss					(25,434)		(25,434)
Unrealized loss on marketable securities						(1)	(1)
Comprehensive loss							(25,435)
Issuance of common stock, net of issuance costs	7	(26)					(26)
Compensation related to stock options			1,907				1,907
Balances at December 31, 2008	58,288	\$255,403	\$ 13,415	\$ —	\$ (267,025)	\$ —	\$ 1,793

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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TITAN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Years ended December 31,		
	2008	2007	2006
	(in thousands of dollars)		
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net loss	\$(25,434)	\$(17,647)	\$(15,737)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization	213	288	389
Gain on investment activities	(120)	(352)	—
(Gain) loss on disposition of property and equipment	—	(7)	5
Non-cash compensation related to stock options	1,907	1,390	873
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Prepaid expenses, receivables and other current assets	(281)	278	712
Accounts payable	(64)	(4)	42
Accrued clinical trials and other liabilities	(1,558)	866	216
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>\$(25,337)</u>	<u>\$(15,188)</u>	<u>\$(13,500)</u>
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Purchases of property and equipment, net	(100)	(212)	(63)
Proceeds from the sale of investments	120	502	—
Purchases of marketable securities	—	(56,302)	(15,596)
Proceeds from maturities of marketable securities	—	27,945	19,740
Proceeds from the sale of marketable securities	4,401	28,048	—
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	<u>4,421</u>	<u>(19)</u>	<u>4,081</u>
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Issuance of common stock, net	(26)	31,208	9,890
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	<u>(26)</u>	<u>31,208</u>	<u>9,890</u>
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	<u>(20,942)</u>	<u>16,001</u>	<u>471</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	<u>25,614</u>	<u>9,613</u>	<u>9,142</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	4,672	25,614	9,613
Marketable securities at end of period	<u>—</u>	<u>4,402</u>	<u>4,102</u>
Cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities at end of period	<u>\$ 4,672</u>	<u>\$ 30,016</u>	<u>\$ 13,715</u>

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

TITAN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Company and its Subsidiaries

We are a biopharmaceutical company developing proprietary therapeutics primarily for the treatment of central nervous system (“CNS”) disorders. Our product development programs focus primarily on large pharmaceutical markets with significant unmet medical needs and commercial potential. We are directly developing our product candidates and also utilizing corporate partnerships. These collaborations have helped to fund product development and have enabled us to retain significant economic interest in our products. At December 31, 2008, we owned 81% of Ingenex, Inc. assuming the conversion of all preferred stock to common stock. We operate in only one business segment, the development of pharmaceutical products.

In December 2008, we implemented an approximately 90% reduction in our workforce which included our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Operating Officer, to lower operating expenses and preserve capital. The remaining staff was focused on reducing all current clinical and manufacturing development activities to the minimal level necessary to continue our efforts to realize the potential value of our assets, particularly the Probuphine Phase 3 clinical development program. We incurred approximately \$1,618,000 in severance-related expenses in connection with the workforce reduction. In addition, options to purchase 1,933,653 shares of our common stock and 865,000 shares of restricted stock held by our employees were cancelled.

We expect to continue to incur substantial additional operating losses from costs related to continuation of product and technology development, clinical trials, and administrative activities. We believe that our working capital at December 31, 2008 is sufficient to sustain our planned operations through 2009.

We will need to seek additional financing sources to fund our product development activities, and will be required to obtain substantial funding to commercialize any products other than iloperidone that we may successfully develop. If we are unable to complete a debt or equity offering, or otherwise obtain sufficient financing when and if needed, we may be required to reduce, defer or discontinue one or more of our product development programs.

Basis of Presentation and Consolidation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Titan Pharmaceuticals, Inc. and our wholly and majority owned subsidiaries. All significant intercompany balances and transactions are eliminated.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Stock Option Plans

Effective January 1, 2006, we adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standard 123R, *Share Based Payment* (“SFAS 123R”) using the modified-prospective-transition method. Under this transition method, stock compensation cost recognized beginning January 1, 2006 includes: (a) compensation cost for all share-based payments granted prior to, but not yet vested as of January 1, 2006, based on the grant-date fair value estimated in accordance with the original provisions of SFAS 123, and (b) compensation cost for all share-based payments granted on or subsequent to January 1, 2006, based on the grant-date fair value estimated in accordance with the provisions of SFAS 123R. Results for prior periods have not been restated.

TITAN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)

In November 2005, the FASB issued a Financial Statement Position (“FSP”) on SFAS No. 123(R)-3, *Transition Election Related to Accounting for Tax Effects of Share-Based Payment Awards* (“FSP No. 123(R)-3”). Effective upon issuance, FSP No. 123(R)-3 provides for an alternative transition method for calculating the tax effects of stock-based compensation expense pursuant to SFAS 123R. The alternative transition method provides simplified approaches to establish the beginning balance of a tax benefit pool comprised of the additional paid-in capital (“APIC”) related to the tax effects of employee stock-based compensation expense, and to determine the subsequent impact on the APIC tax benefit pool and the statement of cash flows of stock-based awards that were outstanding upon the adoption of SFAS 123R. The Company has made the election to calculate the tax effects of stock-based compensation expense using the alternative transition method pursuant to FSP No. 123(R)-3 and computed the beginning balance of the APIC tax benefit pool by applying the simplified method. Based on the Company’s historical losses, the Company did not have cumulative excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation available in APIC that could be used to offset an equal amount of future tax shortfalls (i.e., when the amount of the tax deductible stock-based compensation is less than the related stock-based compensation cost).

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Marketable Securities

Our investment policy emphasizes liquidity and preservation of principal over other portfolio considerations. We select investments that maximize interest income to the extent possible given these two constraints. We satisfy liquidity requirements by investing excess cash in securities with different maturities to match projected cash needs and limit concentration of credit risk by diversifying our investments among a variety of high credit-quality issuers and limit the amount of credit exposure to any one issuer. The estimated fair values have been determined using available market information. We do not use derivative financial instruments in our investment portfolio.

All investments with original maturities of three months or less are considered to be cash equivalents. Our marketable securities, consisting primarily of high-grade debt securities including money market funds, U.S. government and corporate notes and bonds, and commercial paper, are classified as available-for-sale at time of purchase and carried at fair value. If the fair value of a security is below its amortized cost for six consecutive months or if its decline is due to a significant adverse event, the impairment is considered to be other-than-temporary. Other-than-temporary declines in fair value of our marketable securities are charged against interest income. We recognized no charges in 2008 and 2007 and \$27,000 in 2006 as a result of charges related to other-than-temporary declines in the fair values of certain of our marketable securities. Amortization of premiums and discounts, and realized gains and losses are included in interest income. Unrealized gains and losses are included as accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), a separate component of stockholders’ equity. The cost of securities sold is based on use of the specific identification method.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are recorded at cost and depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets ranging from three to five years. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the shorter of the lease term or the estimated useful life of the assets.

Investment in Other Companies

We have invested in equity instruments of privately-held companies for business and strategic purposes. These investments are classified as long-term assets and are accounted for under the cost method as we do not have the ability to exercise significant influence over their operations. We monitor our investments for impairment and record reductions in carrying value when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. Determination of impairment is based on a number of factors, including an assessment of the strength of an investee’s management, the length of time and extent to which the fair value has been less than our cost basis, the financial condition and near-term prospects of the investee, fundamental changes to the business prospects of the investee, share prices of subsequent offerings, and our intent and ability to hold the investment for a period of time sufficient to allow for any anticipated recovery in our carrying value.

TITAN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)

In December 2001, we made a \$300,000 equity investment in Molecular Medicine BioServices, Inc. for 714,286 shares of Series A Preferred stock. In May 2007, we entered into an agreement to sell our investment in Molecular Medicine BioServices, Inc. and received total proceeds of \$577,000 related to the sale. We recognized as a gain on the sale of our investment the difference between the total proceeds and the carrying value in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations.

Revenue Recognition

We generate revenue principally from collaborative research and development arrangements, technology licenses, and government grants. Revenue arrangements with multiple components are divided into separate units of accounting if certain criteria are met, including whether the delivered component has stand-alone value to the customer, and whether there is objective and reliable evidence of the fair value of the undelivered items. Consideration received is allocated among the separate units of accounting based on their respective fair values, and the applicable revenue recognition criteria are then applied to each of the units.

Revenue is recognized when the four basic criteria of revenue recognition are met: (1) a contractual agreement exists; (2) transfer of technology has been completed or services have been rendered; (3) the fee is fixed or determinable; and (4) collectibility is reasonably assured. For each source of revenue, we comply with the above revenue recognition criteria in the following manner:

- Collaborative arrangements typically consist of non-refundable and/or exclusive technology access fees, cost reimbursements for specific research and development spending, and various milestone and future product royalty payments. If the delivered technology does not have stand-alone value or if we do not have objective or reliable evidence of the fair value of the undelivered component, the amount of revenue allocable to the delivered technology is deferred. Non-refundable upfront fees with stand-alone value that are not dependent on future performance under these agreements are recognized as revenue when received, and are deferred if we have continuing performance obligations and have no evidence of fair value of those obligations. Cost reimbursements for research and development spending are recognized when the related costs are incurred and when collections are reasonably expected. Payments received related to substantive, performance-based “at-risk” milestones are recognized as revenue upon achievement of the clinical success or regulatory event specified in the underlying contracts, which represent the culmination of the earnings process. Amounts received in advance are recorded as deferred revenue until the technology is transferred, costs are incurred, or a milestone is reached.
- Technology license agreements typically consist of non-refundable upfront license fees, annual minimum access fees or royalty payments. Non-refundable upfront license fees and annual minimum payments received with separable stand-alone values are recognized when the technology is transferred or accessed, provided that the technology transferred or accessed is not dependent on the outcome of our continuing research and development efforts.
- Government grants, which support our research efforts in specific projects, generally provide for reimbursement of approved costs as defined in the notices of grants. Grant revenue is recognized when associated project costs are incurred.

Research and Development Costs and Related Accrual

Research and development expenses include internal and external costs. Internal costs include salaries and employment related expenses, facility costs, administrative expenses and allocations of corporate costs. External expenses consist of costs associated with outsourced clinical research organization activities, sponsored research studies, product registration, patent application and prosecution, and investigator sponsored trials. In accordance with SFAS No. 2, *Accounting for Research and Development Costs*, all such costs are charged to expense as incurred. We also record accruals for estimated ongoing clinical trial costs. Clinical trial costs represent costs incurred by clinical research organizations, (“CROs”), and clinical sites. These costs are recorded as a component of R&D expenses. Under our agreements, progress payments are typically made to investigators, clinical sites and CROs. We analyze the progress of the clinical trials, including levels of patient enrollment, invoices received and contracted costs when evaluating the adequacy of accrued liabilities. Significant judgments and estimates must be made and used in determining the accrued balance in any accounting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates under different assumptions. Revisions are charged to expense in the period in which the facts that give rise to the revision become known.

TITAN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)

Net Loss Per Share

We calculate basic net loss per share using the weighted average common shares outstanding for the period. Diluted net income per share would include the impact of other dilutive equity instruments, primarily our options and warrants. For the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007, and 2006, options and warrants totaled 13.3 million, 9.3 million, and 6.6 million shares, respectively. We reported net losses for all years presented and, therefore, options and warrants were excluded from the calculation of diluted net loss per share as they were anti-dilutive.

Comprehensive Income (Loss)

Comprehensive income (loss) is comprised of net loss and other comprehensive income. The only component of other comprehensive income is unrealized gains and losses on our marketable securities. Comprehensive loss for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007, and 2006 was \$25.4 million, \$17.7 million, and \$15.7 million, respectively. Comprehensive income (loss) has been disclosed in the accompanying consolidated statements of stockholders' equity for all periods presented.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Effective January 1, 2008, we adopted EITF 07-3, *Accounting for Advance Payments for Goods and Services to be Received for Use in Future Research and Development Activities* ("EITF 07-3"). EITF 07-3 requires that non-refundable advance payments for goods or services that will be used or rendered for future research and development activities be deferred and capitalized and recognized as an expense as the goods are delivered or the related services are performed, subject to an assessment of recoverability. The adoption did not have a material impact on our consolidated results of operations or financial condition.

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS 141 (revised 2007), *Business Combinations* ("SFAS 141R"). SFAS 141R establishes principles and requirements for how an acquirer recognizes and measures in its financial statements the identifiable assets acquired, the liabilities assumed, any non-controlling interest of the acquiree and the goodwill acquired. SFAS 141R also establishes disclosure requirements to enable the evaluation of the nature and financial effects of the business combination. This statement is effective for us beginning January 1, 2009. We will assess the potential impact of the adoption of SFAS 141R if and when a future acquisition occurs.

In September 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued SFAS No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements* ("SFAS 157"), which defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in generally accepted accounting principles, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. SFAS 157 does not require any new fair value measurements, but provides guidance on how to measure fair value by providing a fair value hierarchy used to classify the source of the information. SFAS 157 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. However, on December 14, 2007, the FASB issued proposed FSP FAS 157-b which would delay the effective date of SFAS 157 for all nonfinancial assets and nonfinancial liabilities, except those that are recognized or disclosed at fair value in the financial statements on a recurring basis (at least annually). This proposed FSP partially defers the effective date of Statement 157 to fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2008, and interim periods within those fiscal years for items within the scope of this FSP. Effective January 1, 2008, we adopted SFAS 157 except as it applies to those nonfinancial assets and nonfinancial liabilities as noted in proposed FSP FAS 157-b. The adoption of SFAS 157 did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In November 2007, the EITF issued EITF Issue No. 07-1 ("EITF 07-1"), *Accounting for Collaborative Arrangements Related to the Development and Commercialization of Intellectual Property*. Companies may enter into arrangements with other companies to jointly develop, manufacture, distribute, and market a product. Often the activities associated with these arrangements are conducted by the collaborators without the creation of a separate legal entity (that is, the arrangement is operated as a "virtual joint venture"). The arrangements generally provide that the collaborators will share, based on contractually defined calculations, the profits or losses from the associated activities. Periodically, the collaborators share financial information related to product revenues generated (if any) and costs incurred that may trigger a sharing payment for the combined profits or losses. The consensus requires collaborators in such an arrangement to present the result of activities for which they act as the principal on a gross basis and report any payments received from (made to) other collaborators based on other applicable GAAP or, in the absence of other applicable GAAP, based on analogy to authoritative accounting literature or a reasonable, rational, and consistently applied accounting policy election. EITF 07-1 is effective for collaborative arrangements in place at the beginning of the annual period beginning after December 15, 2008. Management does not expect that the adoption EITF 07-1 will have a material impact on the Company's financial position and results of operations.

TITAN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)

In December 2007, the FASB approved the issuance of SFAS No. 160, *Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements — an amendment of ARB No. 51* (“SFAS 160”). SFAS 160 will change the accounting and reporting for minority interests, which will now be termed *noncontrolling interests*. SFAS 160 requires a noncontrolling interest to be presented as a separate component of equity and requires the amount of net income attributable to the parent and to the noncontrolling interest to be separately identified on the consolidated statement of operations. SFAS 160 is effective for fiscal years beginning on or after December 15, 2008. At this time, we do not expect adoption of SFAS 160 to have any impact on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

Effective January 1, 2008 we adopted SFAS No. 159, *The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities* - including an amendment of FASB Statement No. 115 (“SFAS 159”). SFAS 159 allows an entity the irrevocable option to elect fair value for the initial and subsequent measurement for specified financial assets and liabilities on a contract-by-contract basis. We did not elect to apply the fair value option under SFAS 159.

In February 2008, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position No. FSP FAS 157-2, *Effective Date of FASB Statement No. 157* (“FSP FAS 157-2”), which defers the effective date of SFAS No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements*, for all non-financial assets and non-financial liabilities, except those that are recognized or disclosed at fair value in the financial statements on a recurring basis (at least annually), for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2008 and interim periods within those fiscal years for items within the scope of FSP FAS 157-2. The adoption of FSP FAS 157-2 did not have a material impact on the Company’s financial position or results of operations.

In March 2008, the FASB issued FAS No. 161, *Disclosures about Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities — an amendment of FASB Statement No. 133* (“SFAS 161”). SFAS 161 requires enhanced disclosure related to derivatives and hedging activities and thereby seeks to improve the transparency of financial reporting. Under SFAS 161, entities are required to provide enhanced disclosures relating to: (a) how and why an entity uses derivative instruments; (b) how derivatives instruments and related hedge items are accounted for under SFAS 133, *Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities* (“SFAS 133”) and its related interpretations; and (c) how derivative instruments and related hedged items affect an entity’s financial position, financial performance and cash flows. SFAS 161 must be applied prospectively to all derivative instruments and non-derivative instruments that are designated and qualify as hedging instruments and related hedged items accounted for under SFAS 133 for all financial statements issued for fiscal years and interim periods beginning after November 15, 2008. We do not expect adoption of SFAS 161 to have any impact on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In April 2008, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position No. FAS 142-3, *Determination of the Useful Life of Intangible Assets* (“FSP 142-3”). FSP 142-3 amends the factors that should be considered in developing renewal or extension assumptions used to determine the useful life of a recognized intangible asset under FASB Statement No. 142, *Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets* and requires enhanced disclosures relating to: (a) the entity’s accounting policy on the treatment costs incurred to renew or extend the term of a recognized intangible asset; (b) in the period of acquisition or renewal, the weighted-average period prior to the next renewal or extension costs, the total amount of costs incurred in the period to renew or extend the term of a recognized intangible asset for each period for which a statement of financial position is presented by major intangible asset class. FSP 142-3 must be applied prospectively to all intangible assets acquired as of and subsequent to fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008, and interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is prohibited. We do not expect adoption of FASP 142-3 to have any impact on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

TITAN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)

In November 2007, the EITF issued EITF Issue No. 07-1, *Accounting for Collaborative Arrangements Related to the Development and Commercialization of Intellectual Property* (“EITF 07-1”). Companies may enter into arrangements with other companies to jointly develop, manufacture, distribute, and market a product. Often the activities associated with these arrangements are conducted by the collaborators without the creation of a separate legal entity (that is, the arrangement is operated as a “virtual joint venture”). The arrangements generally provide that the collaborators will share, based on contractually defined calculations, the profits or losses from the associated activities. Periodically, the collaborators share financial information related to product revenues generated (if any) and costs incurred that may trigger a sharing payment for the combined profits or losses. The consensus requires collaborators in such an arrangement to present the result of activities for which they act as the principal on a gross basis and report any payments received from (made to) other collaborators based on other applicable GAAP or, in the absence of other applicable GAAP, based on analogy to authoritative accounting literature or a reasonable, rational, and consistently applied accounting policy election. EITF 07-1 is effective for collaborative arrangements in place at the beginning of the annual period beginning after December 15, 2008. The adoption of EITF 07-1 did not have a material impact on the Company’s financial position and results of operations.

2. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Marketable Securities

The following is a summary of our cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities at December 31, 2008 and 2007 (in thousands):

Classified as:	2008				2007			
	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gain	Gross Unrealized (Loss)	Fair Value	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gain	Gross Unrealized (Loss)	Fair Value
Cash	\$ 1,099	\$ —	\$ —	\$1,099	\$ 2,013	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 2,013
Cash equivalents:								
Money market funds	3,573	—	—	3,573	23,601	—	—	23,601
Total cash and cash equivalents	4,672	—	—	4,672	25,614	—	—	25,614
Marketable securities:								
Securities of the U.S. government and its agencies	—	—	—	—	4,401	1	—	4,402
Total cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities	\$ 4,672	\$ —	\$ —	\$4,672	\$ 30,015	\$ 1	\$ —	\$30,016
Securities available-for-sale:								
Maturing within 1 year	\$ —			\$ —	\$ 4,401			\$ 4,402
Maturing between 1 to 2 years	\$ —			\$ —	\$ —			\$ —

There were no material gross realized gains or losses on sales of marketable securities for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006.

3. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment consisted of the following at December 31, 2008 and 2007 (in thousands):

	2008	2007
Furniture and office equipment	\$ 397	\$ 402
Leasehold improvements	489	489
Laboratory equipment	687	686
Computer equipment	1,010	940
	2,583	2,517
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	(2,308)	(2,129)
Property and equipment, net	\$ 275	\$ 388

Depreciation and amortization expense was \$213,000, \$288,000, and \$389,000 for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007, and 2006, respectively.

TITAN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)

4. Research and License Agreements

We have entered into various agreements with research institutions, universities, clinical research organizations and other entities for the performance of research and development activities and for the acquisition of licenses related to those activities. Expenses under these agreements totaled approximately \$239,000, \$378,000, and \$690,000 in the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007, and 2006, respectively.

At December 31, 2008, the annual aggregate commitments we have under these agreements, including minimum license payments, are as follows (in thousands):

2009	\$ 74
2010	61
2011	5
2012	5
2013	5
	<u>\$150</u>

After 2013, we must make annual payments aggregating approximately \$5,000 per year to maintain certain licenses. Certain licenses provide for the payment of royalties by us on future product sales, if any. In addition, in order to maintain these licenses and other rights during product development, we must comply with various conditions including the payment of patent related costs and obtaining additional equity investments.

5. Agreement with Sanofi-Aventis SA

In 1997, we entered into an exclusive license agreement with Sanofi-Aventis SA (formerly Hoechst Marion Roussel, Inc.). The agreement gave us a worldwide license to the patent rights and know-how related to the antipsychotic agent iloperidone, including the ability to develop, use, sublicense, manufacture and sell products and processes claimed in the patent rights. We are required to make additional benchmark payments as specific milestones are met. Upon commercialization of the product, the license agreement provides that we will pay royalties based on net sales.

6. Iloperidone Sublicense to Novartis Pharma AG

We entered into an agreement with Novartis Pharma AG (“Novartis”) in 1997 pursuant to which we granted Novartis a sublicense for the worldwide (with the exception of Japan) development, manufacturing and marketing of iloperidone. In April 2001, we entered into an amendment to the agreement for the development and commercialization of iloperidone in Japan. Under the amendment, in exchange for rights to iloperidone in Japan, we received a \$2.5 million license fee in May 2001. Novartis will make our milestone payments to Sanofi-Aventis during the life of the Novartis agreement, and will also pay to Sanofi-Aventis and us a royalty on future net sales of the product, providing us with a net royalty of 8% on the first \$200 million of sales annually and 10% on all sales above \$200 million on an annual basis. Novartis has assumed the responsibility for all clinical development, registration, manufacturing and marketing of iloperidone, and we have no remaining obligations under the terms of this agreement, except for maintaining certain usual and customary requirements, such as confidentiality covenants.

In June 2004, we announced that Vanda Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (“Vanda”) had acquired from Novartis the worldwide rights to develop and commercialize iloperidone, our proprietary antipsychotic agent in Phase III clinical development for the treatment of schizophrenia and related psychotic disorders. Under its agreement with Novartis, Vanda is pursuing advancement of the iloperidone development program. All of our rights and economic interests in iloperidone, including royalties on sales of iloperidone, remain essentially unchanged under the agreement.

7. Licensing and Collaborative Agreement with Bayer Schering Pharma AG

In January 2000, we entered into a licensing and collaborative agreement with Bayer Schering Pharma AG (“Bayer Schering”), under which we collaborated with Bayer Schering on manufacturing and clinical development

TITAN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)

of our cell therapy product, Spheramine®, for the treatment of Parkinson’s disease. Under the agreement, we performed clinical development activities for which we received funding. As of December 31, 2008, we have recognized \$2.8 million under this agreement. In February 2002, we announced that we received a \$2.0 million milestone payment from Bayer Schering. The milestone payment followed Bayer Schering’s decision in the first quarter 2002 to initiate larger, randomized clinical testing of Spheramine for the treatment of patients with advanced Parkinson’s disease following the successful completion of our Phase I/II clinical study of Spheramine. As a result, we recognized \$2.0 million in contract revenue in the first quarter of 2002. Bayer Schering fully funded, and managed in collaboration with us, all pilot and pivotal clinical studies, and manufacturing and development activities. We were entitled to receive up to an aggregate of \$8 million over the life of the Bayer Schering agreement upon the achievement of specific milestones. We were also to receive a royalty on future net sales of the product. In September 2008, we were notified by Bayer Schering of the termination of the above license agreement.

8. DITPA Acquisition

On October 16, 2003, we announced the acquisition of a novel product in clinical testing for the treatment of congestive heart failure (“CHF”). The product in development, 3,5-diiodothyropropionic acid (“DITPA”), is an orally active analogue of thyroid hormone that has demonstrated in preclinical and clinical studies to date the ability to improve cardiac function, with no significant adverse effects. We acquired DITPA through the acquisition of Developmental Therapeutics, Inc. (“DTI”), a private company established to develop DITPA, and the exclusive licensee of recently issued U.S. patent and pending U.S. and international patent applications covering DITPA. We acquired DTI in a stock transaction for 1,187,500 shares of our common stock valued at approximately \$3.6 million using the average market price of our common stock over the five-day trading period, including and prior to the date of the merger in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. We also made a cash payment of \$171,250 to the licensor of the technology. In the fourth quarter of 2003, the total acquisition cost of \$3.9 million was reported as acquired research and development in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations. An additional payment of 712,500 shares of our common stock will be made only upon the achievement of positive pivotal study results or certain other substantial milestones within five years. In addition, a cash payment of \$102,750 or, alternatively, an additional payment of 37,500 shares of our common stock, will be made to the licensor of the technology upon achievement of such study results or such other substantial milestones within five years. In October 2006, we discontinued further enrollment in our Phase II study of DITPA in CHF. In addition to the discontinuation of our Phase II clinical study in CHF, the Department of Veteran’s Affairs has indicated that it will discontinue its Cooperative Studies Program Phase II study of DITPA in CHF patients. No specific milestones have been achieved related to this acquisition as of December 31, 2008 and no future payments of cash or shares of our stock are anticipated related to this acquisition.

9. Commitments and Contingencies

Lease Commitments

We lease facilities under operating leases that expire at various dates through June 2010. We also lease certain office equipment under operating leases that expire at various dates through March 2010. Rental expense was \$578,000, \$705,000, and \$703,000 for years ended December 31, 2008, 2007, and 2006, respectively.

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments at December 31, 2008 (in thousands):

2009	\$498
2010	268
2011	14
2012	—
2013	—
Thereafter	—
	<u>\$780</u>

TITAN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)

Legal Proceedings

In March 2005, Dr. Bernard Sabel initiated an appraisal proceeding in the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware relating to the merger of our subsidiary ProNeura, Inc. into Titan. The complaint indicated that Mr. Sabel wanted the court to appraise the value of the 108,800 shares of the common stock of ProNeura owned by him. The complaint did not specify an amount that Mr. Sabel considered the fair value of the shares.

In July 2007, a complaint was filed in the United States District Court in and for the Middle District of Florida against, among others, Berlex, Inc., Schering AG, the Regents of the University of California and us alleging that a patient in the Spheramine Phase IIb clinical trial suffered certain physical effects and that she and her husband suffered emotional distress as a result of her participation in the trial. The complaint alleged breach of contract, product liability and fraud and deceit claims. The plaintiffs were seeking \$5.2 million in damages, as well as punitive damages, costs and attorney's fees. The parties have settled this dispute and we are not required to make any payments in connection with the settlement. (See Note 15, Subsequent Events)

10. Guarantees and Indemnifications

As permitted under Delaware law and in accordance with our Bylaws, we indemnify our officers and directors for certain events or occurrences while the officer or director is or was serving at the Company's request in such capacity. The term of the indemnification period is for the officer's or director's lifetime. The maximum amount of potential future indemnification is unlimited; however, we have a director and officer insurance policy that limits our exposure and may enable us to recover a portion of any future amounts paid. We believe the fair value of these indemnification agreements is minimal. Accordingly, we have not recorded any liabilities for these agreements as of December 31, 2008.

In the normal course of business, we have commitments to make certain milestone payments to various clinical research organizations in connection with our clinical trial activities. Payments are contingent upon the achievement of specific milestones or events as defined in the agreements, and we have made appropriate accruals in our consolidated financial statements for those milestones that were achieved as of December 31, 2008. We also provide indemnifications of varying scope to our clinical research organizations and investigators against claims made by third parties arising from the use of our products and processes in clinical trials. Historically, costs related to these indemnification provisions were immaterial. We also maintain various liability insurance policies that limit our exposure. We are unable to estimate the maximum potential impact of these indemnification provisions on our future results of operations.

11. Stockholders' Equity

Common Stock

In December 2008, we terminated the Common Stock Purchase Agreement (the "Purchase Agreement"), with Azimuth Opportunity Ltd. ("Azimuth"). Under the agreement, we could have required Azimuth to purchase up to the lesser of (a) \$25.0 million of our common stock, or (b) 7,805,887 shares of our common stock over the 24 month term of the Purchase Agreement, subject to certain limits and so long as specified conditions were met. Any sale of the shares would have been registered pursuant to the February 2007 shelf registration statement. In October 2007, we completed a sale of 486,746 shares of our common stock under the Purchase Agreement with Azimuth at a price of approximately \$2.05 per share, for gross proceeds of approximately \$1.0 million. Net proceeds were approximately \$965,000. No draw downs were made under this facility during 2008.

On May 29, 2008, our shareholders approved a proposal to amendment to our Certificate of Incorporation to increase the number of authorized shares of common stock from 75,000,000 to 125,000,000.

In December 2007, we completed the sale of units consisting of 13,300,000 shares of our common stock and five-year warrants to purchase 6,650,000 shares of our common stock to certain institutional investors for gross proceeds of approximately \$21.3 million. Net proceeds were approximately \$19.9 million. The warrants have an exercise price of \$2.00 per share. In January 2008, we filed a registration statement with the Securities and Exchange Commission covering the resale of the shares of common stock and shares of common stock underlying the warrants issued in the private placement.

TITAN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)

In March 2007, we terminated the Standby Equity Distribution Agreement with Cornell Capital Partners. Under the agreement, we could have required Cornell Capital Partners to purchase up to \$35.0 million of our common stock over a two year period following the effective date of a registration statement covering the shares of the common stock to be sold to Cornell Capital Partners. In 2005, we completed a total of five draw downs under the Standby Equity Distribution Agreement selling a total of 3,050,435 shares of our common stock for gross proceeds of approximately \$4.0 million. Net proceeds were approximately \$3.8 million. No draw downs were made under this facility during 2006 and 2007.

In February 2007, we filed a shelf registration statement with the Securities and Exchange Commission to sell up to \$50.0 million of common or preferred stock. Under this registration statement, shares may be sold periodically to provide additional funds for our operations. In April 2007, we entered into a stock purchase agreement with certain individual and institutional investors for the purchase and sale of 5,445,546 shares of our common stock under the shelf registration statement at a price of \$2.02 per share. In May 2007, we completed the sale of such shares for gross proceeds of \$11.0 million. Net proceeds were approximately \$10.2 million.

In February 2004, we filed a shelf registration statement with the Securities and Exchange Commission to sell up to \$50.0 million of common or preferred stock. Under this registration statement, shares may be sold periodically to provide additional funds for our operations. In March 2004, we completed a sale of 3,075,000 shares of our common stock offered under the registration statement at a price of \$5.00 per share, for gross proceeds of approximately \$15.4 million. Net proceeds were approximately \$14.4 million. In March 2006, we completed a sale of 3,076,924 shares of our common stock offered under the registration statement at a price of \$3.25 per share, for gross proceeds of approximately \$10 million. Net proceeds were approximately \$9.3 million. This registration statement expired in February 2007.

Shares Reserved for Future Issuance

As of December 31, 2008, shares of common stock reserved by us for future issuance consisted of the following (in thousands):

Stock options	6,513
Restricted stock awards	115
Shares issuable upon the exercise of warrants	6,650
	<u>13,278</u>

12. Stock Plans

In December 2008, as previously mentioned in Note 1, *Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies*, we implemented an approximately 90% reduction in our workforce to lower operating expenses and preserve capital. As a result of the workforce reduction, options to purchase 1,933,653 shares of our common stock and 865,000 shares of our restricted stock held by our employees were cancelled.

In October 2008, an aggregate of 980,000 restricted shares were granted to our employees pursuant to our Amended and Restated 2002 Incentive Plan. A total of 450,000 of such restricted shares were granted to our executive officers. The shares granted to the executives vest in 24 equal monthly installments commencing one-year from the date of grant. The 530,000 restricted shares granted to all other employees vest as to one-third on the one year anniversary of the date of grant and the balance in 24 equal monthly installments commencing one year from the date of grant. All restricted share grants provide for the acceleration of the unvested shares in the event the employee's employment is terminated (other than for cause) within 12 months following a change in control of the Company.

TITAN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)

In October 2007, we granted to our President and Chief Executive Officer, upon his joining the Company and pursuant to his agreement with the Company, 10-year options to purchase 1,500,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.40 per share. The options vest monthly over a four-year period, subject to a requirement of at least 12 months of employment for the vesting of any options. Notwithstanding the foregoing, all unvested options will automatically become vested and exercisable immediately prior to the occurrence of a change of control. The options will expire on the tenth anniversary of the date of the Option Agreement. The Company received no consideration for the issuance of the options. The shares were issued pursuant to the exemption from registration contained in Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and the regulations promulgated thereunder, because the shares were issued to a sophisticated individual who is a director and officer of the Company in a private transaction.

In August 2005, we adopted an amendment to the 2002 Stock Incentive Plan (“2002 Plan”) to (i) permit the issuance of Shares of restricted stock and stock appreciation rights to participants under the 2002 Plan, and (ii) increase the number of Shares issuable pursuant to grants under the 2002 Plan from 2,000,000 to 3,000,000.

In July 2002, we adopted the 2002 Stock Incentive Plan (“2002 Plan”). The 2002 Plan assumed the options which remain available for grant under our option plans previously approved by stockholders. Under the 2002 Plan and predecessor plans, a total of 7.4 million shares of our common stock were authorized for issuance to employees, officers, directors, consultants, and advisers. Options granted under the 2002 Plan and predecessor plans may either be incentive stock options within the meaning of Section 422 of the Internal Revenue Code and/or options that do not qualify as incentive stock options; however, only employees are eligible to receive incentive stock options. Options granted under the option plans generally expire no later than ten years from the date of grant, except when the grantee is a 10% shareholder, in which case the maximum term is five years from the date of grant. Options generally vest at the rate of one fourth after one year from the date of grant and the remainder ratably over the subsequent three years, although options with different vesting terms are granted from time-to-time. Generally, the exercise price of any options granted under the 2002 Plan must be at least 100% of the fair market value of our common stock on the date of grant, except when the grantee is a 10% shareholder, in which case the exercise price shall be at least 110% of the fair market value of our common stock on the date of grant.

In July 2002, our board of directors elected to continue the option grant practice under our amended 1998 Option Plan, which provided for the automatic grant of non-qualified stock options (“Directors’ Options”) to our directors who are not 10% stockholders (“Eligible Directors”). Each Eligible Director will be granted an option to purchase 10,000 shares of common stock on the date that such person is first elected or appointed a director. Commencing on the day immediately following the later of (i) the 2000 annual stockholders meeting, or (ii) the first annual meeting of stockholders after their election to the Board, each Eligible Director will receive an automatic biennial (i.e. every two years) grant of an option to purchase 15,000 shares of common stock as long as such director is a member of the board of directors. In addition, each Eligible Director will receive an automatic annual grant of an option to purchase 5,000 shares of common stock for each committee of the Board on which they serve. The exercise price of the Director’s Options shall be equal to the fair market value of our common stock on the date of grant. Commencing in 2005, the biennial grant of options to non-employee directors pursuant to our stockholder-approved stock option plans was increased from 15,000 options to 20,000 options. Commencing in 2008, the biennial grant of 20,000 options to directors will be replaced with an annual grant of 10,000 options to align the grants with the term of the directors.

In August 2001, we adopted the 2001 Employee Non-Qualified Stock Option Plan (“2001 NQ Plan”) pursuant to which 1,750,000 shares of common stock were authorized for issuance for option grants to employees and consultants who are not officers or directors of Titan. Options granted under the option plans generally expire no later than ten years from the date of grant. Option vesting schedule and exercise price are determined at time of grant by the board of directors. Historically, the exercise prices of options granted under the 2001 NQ Plan were 100% of the fair market value of our common stock on the date of grant.

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TITAN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)

Activity under our stock plans, as well as non-plan activity, are summarized below (shares in thousands):

	Shares Available For Grant	Number of Options and Awards Outstanding	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Balance at December 31, 2005	2,266	6,499	\$ 7.56
Options granted	(1,158)	1,158	\$ 1.69
Options exercised	—	(314)	\$ 1.98
Options cancelled	606	(753)	\$ 4.68
Balance at December 31, 2006	1,714	6,590	\$ 7.12
Increase in shares reserved	1,500	—	—
Options granted	(2,199)	2,199	\$ 2.55
Options exercised	—	(74)	\$ 1.79
Options cancelled	182	(291)	\$ 4.87
Balance at December 31, 2007	1,197	8,424	\$ 6.05
Options granted	(1,181)	1,181	\$ 1.31
Options exercised	—	—	\$ —
Options cancelled and expired	3,485	(3,092)	\$ 3.77
Awards granted	(980)	980	\$ 0.17
Awards cancelled	865	(865)	\$ 0.17
Balance at December 31, 2008	3,386	6,628	\$ 6.27

Our option plans allow for stock options issued as the result of a merger or consolidation of another entity, including the acquisition of minority interest of our subsidiaries, to be added to the maximum number of shares provided for in the plan (Substitute Options). Consequently, Substitute Options are not returned to the shares reserved under the plan when cancelled. During 2008, 2007 and 2006, the number of Substitute Options cancelled was immaterial.

Options for 6.3 million and 6.0 million shares were exercisable at December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively. The options outstanding at December 31, 2008 have been segregated into four ranges for additional disclosure as follows (option shares in thousands):

Range of Exercise Prices	Options Outstanding			Options Exercisable	
	Number Outstanding	Weighted Average Remaining Life (Years)	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Number Exercisable	Weighted Average Exercise Price
\$0.08 - \$2.04	1,646	3.66	\$ 1.52	1,508	\$ 1.51
\$2.05 - \$2.83	1,632	2.51	\$ 2.44	1,570	\$ 2.44
\$2.86 - \$8.77	1,670	1.62	\$ 4.82	1,663	\$ 4.82
\$9.03 - \$43.63	1,565	1.12	\$ 16.83	1,565	\$ 16.83
\$0.08 - \$43.63	6,513	2.23	\$ 6.27	6,306	\$ 6.42

In addition, Ingenex has a stock option plan under which options to purchase common stock of Ingenex have and may be granted. No options have been granted under such plan since 1997.

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TITAN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)

We use the Black-Scholes-Merton option-pricing model with the following assumptions to estimate the share-based compensation expense for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007, and 2006:

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2008	2007	2006
Weighted-average risk-free interest rate	2.9%	3.9%	4.8%
Expected dividend payments	—	—	—
Expected holding period (years)(1)	5.4	6.1	5.8
Weighted-average volatility factor(2)	0.66	0.78	0.64
Estimated forfeiture rates for options granted to management(3)	2%	2%	2%
Estimated forfeiture rates for options granted to non-management(3)	30%	29%	31%

- (1) For 2006 and 2007 the expected holding period was based on the simplified method provided in Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 107 for “plain vanilla options.”
- (2) Weighted average volatility is based on the historical volatility of the Company’s common stock.
- (3) Estimated forfeiture rates are based on historical data.

Based upon the above methodology, the weighted-average fair value of options granted during the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007, and 2006 was \$0.76, \$1.79, and \$1.06, respectively.

The following table summarizes the SFAS 123R share-based compensation expense and impact on our basic and diluted loss per share for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007, and 2006 due to the adoption of SFAS 123R:

<u>(in thousands, except per share amounts)</u>	Years Ended December 31,		
	2008	2007	2006
Research and development	\$ 374	\$ 391	\$ 354
General and administrative	1,533	999	519
Total share-based compensation expenses	<u>\$1,907</u>	<u>\$1,390</u>	<u>\$ 873</u>
Increase in basic and diluted net loss per share	<u>\$(0.03)</u>	<u>\$(0.03)</u>	<u>\$(0.03)</u>

No tax benefit was recognized related to share-based compensation expense since we have incurred operating losses and we have established a full valuation allowance to offset all the potential tax benefits associated with our deferred tax assets.

During the year ended December 31, 2008 we granted 1,180,727 options to employees, directors and consultants to purchase common stocks. The following table summarizes option activity for the year ended December 31, 2008:

<u>(in thousands, except per share amounts)</u>	Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Outstanding at January 1, 2008	8,424	\$ 6.05		
Granted	1,181	1.31		
Exercised	—	—		
Cancelled	(3,092)	3.77		
Outstanding at December 31, 2008	<u>6,513</u>	<u>\$ 6.27</u>	<u>2.23</u>	<u>\$ —</u>
Options exercisable at December 31, 2008	6,306	\$ 6.42	2.14	\$ —

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TITAN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)

As of December 31, 2008 there was approximately \$2,088,731 of total unrecognized compensation expense related to non-vested stock options. This expense is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 1.0 year.

During the year ended December 31, 2008 we awarded 980,000 shares of restricted stock to employees. The following table summarizes restricted stock activity for the year ended December 31, 2008:

<u>(in thousands, except per share amounts)</u>	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Weighted Average Exercise Price</u>	<u>Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term</u>	<u>Aggregate Intrinsic Value</u>
Outstanding at January 1, 2008	—	\$ —		
Granted	980	0.17		
Exercised	—	—		
Cancelled	(865)	0.17		
Outstanding at December 31, 2008	<u>115</u>	<u>\$ 0.17</u>	<u>1.94</u>	<u>\$ —</u>
Awards exercisable at December 31, 2008	—	\$ —	—	\$ —

As of December 31, 2008 there was approximately \$19,000 of total unrecognized compensation expense related to non-vested awards. This expense is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 1.9 years.

13. Minority Interest

The \$1.2 million received by Ingenex upon the issuance of its Series B convertible preferred stock has been classified as minority interest in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. As a result of the Series B preferred stockholders' liquidation preference, the balance has not been reduced by any portion of the losses of Ingenex.

Amounts invested by outside investors in the common stock of the consolidated subsidiaries have been apportioned between minority interest and additional paid-in capital in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. Losses applicable to the minority interest holdings of the subsidiaries' common stock have been reduced to zero.

14. Income Taxes

As of December 31, 2008, we had net operating loss carryforwards for federal income tax purposes of approximately \$231.9 million that expire at various dates through 2028, and federal research and development tax credits of approximately \$7.3 million that expire at various dates through 2028. We also had net operating loss carryforwards for California income tax purposes of approximately \$110.2 million that expire at various dates through 2018 and state research and development tax credits of approximately \$6.5 million which do not expire. Approximately \$12.4 million of federal and state net operating loss carryforwards represent stock option deductions arising from activity under the Company's stock option plan, the benefit of which will increase additional paid in capital when realized.

Current federal and California tax laws include substantial restrictions on the utilization of net operating losses and tax credits in the event of an ownership change of a corporation. The Company has not performed a change in ownership analysis since 1999 and, accordingly, some or all of its net operating loss and tax credit carryforwards may not be available to offset future taxable income, if any. Even if the carryforwards are available they may be subject to annual limitations that could result in the expiration of carryforwards before they are utilized.

TITAN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)

Deferred income taxes reflect the net tax effects of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for income tax purposes. Significant components of our deferred tax assets are as follows (in thousands):

	December 31,	
	2008	2007
Deferred tax assets:		
Net operating loss carryforwards	\$ 85,263	\$ 81,579
Research credit carryforwards	11,582	10,606
Other, net	5,796	6,438
Total deferred tax assets	102,641	98,623
Valuation allowance	(102,641)	(98,623)
Net deferred tax assets	\$ —	\$ —

Realization of deferred tax assets is dependent upon future earnings, if any, the timing and amount of which are uncertain. Accordingly, the net deferred tax assets have been fully offset by a valuation allowance. The valuation allowance increased by \$4.0 million, \$6.9 million, and \$2.7 million during 2008, 2007, and 2006, respectively.

Under SFAS 123R, the deferred tax asset for net operating losses as of December 31, 2008 excludes deductions for excess tax benefits related to stock based compensation.

The provision for income taxes consists of state minimum taxes due. The effective tax rate of the Company's provision (benefit) for income taxes differs from the federal statutory rate as follows (in thousands):

	Year Ending December 31,	
	2008	2007
Computed at 34%	\$ (8,646)	\$ (5,998)
State Taxes	(551)	(1,017)
Book losses not currently benefited	8,330	6,903
Other	867	117
Total	\$ —	\$ 5

In July 2006, the FASB issued Interpretation No. 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes* ("FIN 48"). FIN 48 prescribes the minimum recognition threshold a tax position is required to meet before being recognized in the financial statements. FIN 48 also requires additional disclosure of the beginning and ending unrecognized tax benefits and details regarding the uncertainties that may cause the unrecognized benefits to increase or decrease within a twelve month period.

We adopted the provisions of FIN 48 on January 1, 2007. There was no impact on our consolidated financial position, results of operations and cash flows as a result of adoption. We had no unrecognized tax benefits as of December 31, 2008, including no accrued amounts for interest and penalties.

Our policy will be to recognize interest and penalties related to income taxes as a component of income tax expense. We do not anticipate that total unrecognized tax benefits will significantly change prior to December 31, 2009.

We file income tax returns in the U.S. Federal jurisdiction and some state jurisdictions. We are subject to the U.S. Federal and State income tax examination by tax authorities for such years 1992 through 2008, due to net operating losses that are being carried forward for tax purposes.

15. Subsequent Events

In March 2009, as a result of the workforce reduction implemented in December 2008, options to purchase 870,078 shares of our common stock were cancelled.

TITAN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)

In March 2009, we settled our dispute with Dr. Sabel related to the merger of our subsidiary ProNeura, Inc. into Titan. In April 2009, under the terms of the settlement, we paid \$600,000 to Dr. Sabel.

In March 2009, we terminated our license to the DITPA technology.

In April 2009, the employment of our acting President and Chief Financial Officer was terminated.

In May 2009, iloperidone (Fanapt) was approved by the FDA for the treatment of schizophrenia. In October 2009, Novartis Pharma, acquired from Vanda Pharmaceuticals the rights to commercialize Fanapt in the U.S. and Canada, subject to approval under the Hart Scott Rodino Act. We will be entitled to a net royalty of 8% on the first \$200 million of sales annually and 10% on all sales above \$200 million on an annual basis.

In May 2009, we rehired three former employees to serve as our Executive Chairman, President, and Senior Vice President of Clinical Development and Medical Affairs.

The Executive Chairman was granted options to purchase 1,000,000 shares of our stock. Of those options, 250,000 options vested on the date of grant and the remaining 750,000 will vest monthly over a period of 48 months from the date of grant. All unvested options automatically will become vested and exercisable immediately prior to the occurrence of a change of control. The Executive Chairman has agreed to receive no annual salary until the earlier of our receipt of iloperidone royalty revenues or February 28, 2010.

The President was granted options to purchase 700,000 shares of our stock. Of those options, 175,000 vested on the date of grant and the remaining 525,000 will vest monthly over a period of 48 months from the date of grant, provided; however, the vesting of 100,000 shares will also be contingent upon the Company's sale or partnering of the Probuphine program. All unvested options automatically will become vested and exercisable immediately prior to the occurrence of a change of control. Payment of all the officer's salary will be deferred until the receipt of iloperidone royalty payments or other financing that by its terms does not restrict such use, but in no event earlier than January 1, 2010 or later than March 15, 2010. After January 1, 2010 and no later than March 15, 2010, the officer will be entitled to receive a deferred salary payment of no greater than approximately \$167,000.

The Senior Vice President of Clinical Development and Medical Affairs was granted options to purchase 250,000 shares of our stock. Of those options, 62,500 vested on the date of grant and the remaining 187,500 will vest monthly over a period of 48 months from the date of grant, provided; however, that the vesting of 50,000 shares will also be contingent upon the Company's receipt of a grant from the National Institute of Health's National Institute on Drug Abuse ("NIDA") and the vesting of an additional 50,000 shares will also be contingent upon the Company's sale or partnering of the Probuphine program. All unvested options automatically will become vested and exercisable immediately prior to the occurrence of a change of control. Payment of a portion of the employee's salary will be deferred until the receipt of iloperidone royalty payments or other financing that by its terms does not restrict such use, but in no event later than March 15, 2010. No later than March 15, 2010, the employee will be entitled to receive a deferred salary payment of no greater than approximately \$100,000.

In September 2009, we were awarded a \$7.6 million grant by the National Institute of Health ("NIH") in partial support of a second controlled Phase 3 study of our Probuphine product for the treatment of opioid dependence. We will require significant further capital expenditures to support this and other clinical studies, manufacturing development, testing, and regulatory clearances prior to commercialization.

In September and October 2009, members of our board of directors exercised options to purchase 659,862 shares of our common stock at prices ranging from \$0.79 to \$1.40 per share. Net proceeds were approximately \$555,000.

In December 2009, we completed the sale of 300,000 shares of our common stock to an institutional investor for gross proceeds of approximately \$510,000. Net proceeds were approximately \$478,000.

In December 2009, we entered into a financing agreement with Oxford Capital Financing ("Oxford") pursuant to which we received a three-year term loan in the principal amount of \$3,000,000 that bears interest at the rate of 13% per annum. We paid Oxford an initial facility fee of \$60,000 and are obligated to make a final payment fee of \$180,000. The loan is secured by our assets and has a provision for pre-payment. Oxford received five-year warrants to purchase 42,254 shares of our common stock at an exercise price of \$2.13 per share.

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TITAN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(in thousands)

	September 30, 2009 <u>(unaudited)</u>	December 31, 2008 <u>(Note A)</u>
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 725	\$ 4,672
Prepaid expenses, other receivables and current assets	<u>525</u>	<u>721</u>
Total current assets	1,250	5,393
Property and equipment, net	<u>143</u>	<u>275</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 1,393</u>	<u>\$ 5,668</u>
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 448	\$ 493
Accrued clinical trials expenses	174	910
Other accrued liabilities	<u>446</u>	<u>1,231</u>
Total liabilities	<u>1,068</u>	<u>2,634</u>
Commitments and contingencies		
Stockholders' equity (deficit)		
Common stock, at amounts paid-in	255,878	255,403
Additional paid-in capital	14,335	13,415
Accumulated deficit	(271,129)	(267,025)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>
Total Titan Pharmaceuticals, Inc. stockholders' equity (deficit)	(916)	1,793
Non-controlling interest in Series B preferred stock of Ingenex, Inc.	<u>1,241</u>	<u>1,241</u>
Total stockholders' equity (deficit)	<u>325</u>	<u>3,034</u>
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity (deficit)	<u>\$ 1,393</u>	<u>\$ 5,668</u>

Note A: The year end consolidated balance sheet data was derived from audited financial statements, but does not include all disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements

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TITAN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(unaudited)
(in thousands, except per share amount)

	Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2009	2008
License revenue	\$ 53	\$ 73
Operating expenses:		
Research and development	1,707	12,810
General and administrative	2,443	7,086
Total operating expenses	<u>4,150</u>	<u>19,896</u>
Loss from operations	(4,097)	(19,823)
Other income:		
Interest income, net	2	442
Other income (expense)	(9)	74
Other income (expense), net	<u>(7)</u>	<u>516</u>
Net loss	<u>\$ (4,104)</u>	<u>\$ (19,307)</u>
Basic and diluted net loss per share	<u>\$ (0.07)</u>	<u>\$ (0.33)</u>
Weighted average shares used in computing basic and diluted net loss per share	<u>58,291</u>	<u>58,284</u>

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements

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TITAN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(unaudited)
(in thousands)

	Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2009	2008
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net loss	\$(4,104)	\$(19,307)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	136	163
Loss on disposal of assets	3	—
Gain on sale of investments	—	(120)
Stock-based compensation	920	1,687
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Prepaid expenses, receivables and other assets	196	(526)
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	(1,566)	299
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>(4,415)</u>	<u>(17,804)</u>
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchases of furniture and equipment	(9)	(122)
Disposals of furniture and equipment	2	21
Proceeds from maturities of marketable securities	—	4,401
Sale of investment in other companies	—	120
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	<u>(7)</u>	<u>4,420</u>
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Issuance of common stock, net	475	(26)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	<u>475</u>	<u>(26)</u>
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(3,947)	(13,410)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	<u>4,672</u>	<u>25,614</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	<u>\$ 725</u>	<u>\$ 12,204</u>

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements

TITAN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(unaudited)

1. Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Company

We are a biopharmaceutical company developing proprietary therapeutics primarily for the treatment of central nervous system (CNS) disorders. Our product development programs focus primarily on large pharmaceutical markets with significant unmet medical needs and commercial potential. We are directly developing our product candidates and also utilizing corporate partnerships. These collaborations have helped to fund product development and have enabled us to retain significant economic interest in our products. At September 30, 2009, we owned 81% of Ingenex, Inc. assuming the conversion of all preferred stock to common stock. We operate in only one business segment, the development of pharmaceutical products.

In May 2009, iloperidone (Fanapt) was approved by the FDA for the treatment of schizophrenia. In October 2009, Novartis Pharma, acquired from Vanda Pharmaceuticals the rights to commercialize Fanapt in the U.S. and Canada, subject to approval under the Hart Scott Rodino Act. We will be entitled to a net royalty of 8% on the first \$200 million of sales annually and 10% on all sales above \$200 million on an annual basis.

In September 2009, we were awarded a \$7.6 million grant by the National Institute of Health (“NIH”) in partial support of a second controlled Phase 3 study of our Probuphine product for the treatment of opioid dependence. We will require significant further capital expenditures to support this and other clinical studies, manufacturing development, testing, and regulatory clearances prior to commercialization.

In accordance with Accounting Standards Codification (“ASC”) 855, Subsequent Events, we have evaluated subsequent events through January 13, 2010, the date of the issuance of the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Titan Pharmaceuticals, Inc. and its subsidiaries after elimination of all significant intercompany accounts and transactions. Certain prior period balances have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation. These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10 and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles for a complete financial statement presentation. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Operating results for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2009 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2009, or any future interim periods.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2008 and footnotes thereto included in this Form 10.

We will continue to incur substantial additional operating losses from costs related to the continuation of product and technology development, clinical trials, and administrative activities. We believe that our working capital at September 30, 2009, together with the funds obtained through the sale of equity and receipt of a loan in December 2009 and proceeds from the NIH grant, is sufficient to sustain our planned operations through September 2010, at which time we expect to be generating royalty revenues from sales of Fanapt.

TITAN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
(unaudited)

Majority-Owned Subsidiary

At September 30, 2009, we owned 81% of Ingenex (assuming the conversion of all preferred stock to common stock).

Revenue Recognition

We generate revenue principally from collaborative research and development arrangements, technology licenses, and government grants. Revenue arrangements with multiple components are divided into separate units of accounting if certain criteria are met, including whether the delivered component has stand-alone value to the customer, and whether there is objective and reliable evidence of the fair value of the undelivered items. Consideration received is allocated among the separate units of accounting based on their respective fair values, and the applicable revenue recognition criteria are then applied to each of the units.

Revenue is recognized when the four basic criteria of revenue recognition are met: (1) a contractual agreement exists; (2) transfer of technology has been completed or services have been rendered; (3) the fee is fixed or determinable; and (4) collectibility is reasonably assured. For each source of revenue, we comply with the above revenue recognition criteria in the following manner:

- Collaborative arrangements typically consist of non-refundable and/or exclusive technology access fees, cost reimbursements for specific research and development spending, and various milestone and future product royalty payments. If the delivered technology does not have stand-alone value or if we do not have objective or reliable evidence of the fair value of the undelivered component, the amount of revenue allocable to the delivered technology is deferred. Non-refundable upfront fees with stand-alone value that are not dependent on future performance under these agreements are recognized as revenue when received, and are deferred if we have continuing performance obligations and have no evidence of fair value of those obligations. Cost reimbursements for research and development spending are recognized when the related costs are incurred and when collections are reasonably expected. Payments received related to substantive, performance-based “at-risk” milestones are recognized as revenue upon achievement of the clinical success or regulatory event specified in the underlying contracts, which represent the culmination of the earnings process. Amounts received in advance are recorded as deferred revenue until the technology is transferred, costs are incurred, or milestone is reached.
- Technology license agreements typically consist of non-refundable upfront license fees, annual minimum access fees or royalty payments. Non-refundable upfront license fees and annual minimum payments received with separable stand-alone values are recognized when the technology is transferred or accessed, provided that the technology transferred or accessed is not dependent on the outcome of our continuing research and development efforts.
- Government grants, which support our research efforts in specific projects, generally provide for reimbursement of approved costs as defined in the notices of grants. Grant revenue is recognized when associated project costs are incurred.

Research and Development Costs and Related Accrual

Research and development expenses include internal and external costs. Internal costs include salaries and employment related expenses, facility costs, administrative expenses and allocations of corporate costs. External expenses consist of costs associated with outsourced clinical research organization activities, sponsored research studies, product registration, patent application and prosecution, and investigator sponsored trials. In accordance with SFAS No. 2, *Accounting for Research and Development Costs*, all such costs are charged to expense as incurred. We also record accruals for estimated ongoing clinical trial costs. Clinical trial costs represent costs incurred by clinical research organizations, (“CROs”), and clinical sites. These costs are recorded as a component of research and development expenses. Under our agreements, progress payments are typically made to investigators, clinical sites and CROs. We analyze the progress of the clinical trials, including levels of patient enrollment, invoices received and contracted costs when evaluating the adequacy of accrued liabilities. Significant judgments and estimates must be made and used in determining the accrued balance in any accounting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates under different assumptions. Revisions are charged to expense in the period in which the facts that give rise to the revision become known.

TITAN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
(unaudited)

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2009, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (“SFAS”) Statement No. 168, *The FASB Accounting Standards Codification*TM (“ASC”). The FASB notes that the ASC will become the source of authoritative U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”) recognized by the FASB to be applied by nongovernmental entities. All of the ASC content will carry the same level of authority, effectively superseding Statement No. 162. The GAAP hierarchy will be modified to include only two levels of GAAP: authoritative and non-authoritative. The ASC is effective for financial statements issued for interim and annual periods ending after September 15, 2009. The Company does not expect the adoption of SFAS 168 to have an impact on its consolidated financial position or results of operations.

In May 2009, the FASB issued an accounting standard codified in ASC 855, *Subsequent Events* (formerly SFAS No. 165) which provides guidance on management’s assessment of subsequent events. ASC 855 represents the inclusion of guidance on subsequent events in the accounting literature and is directed specifically to management, since management is responsible for preparing an entity’s financial statements. ASC 855 is not expected to significantly change practice because it includes guidance which is similar to that in AU Section 560, with some important modifications. The new standard clarifies that management must evaluate, as of each reporting period, events or transactions that occur after the balance sheet date through the date that the financial statements are issued or are available to be issued. Management must perform its assessment for both interim and annual financial reporting periods. The Company adoption of ASC 855 did not have a material impact on the Company’s consolidated financial position or results of operations.

In April 2009, the FASB issued an accounting standard codified in ASC 320, *Investments-Debt and Equity Securities* (formerly FASB Staff Position (FSP) 115-2 and FSP 124-2). ASC 320 provides greater clarity to investors about the credit and noncredit component of an other-than-temporary impairment event and to more effectively communicate when an other-than-temporary impairment event has occurred. ASC 320 applies to fixed maturity securities only and requires separate display of losses related to credit deterioration and losses related to other market factors. When an entity does not intend to sell the security and it is more likely than not that an entity will not have to sell the security before recovery of its cost basis, it must recognize the credit component of an other-than-temporary impairment in earnings and the remaining portion in other comprehensive income. In addition, upon adoption of ASC 320, an entity will be required to record a cumulative-effect adjustment as of the beginning of the period of adoption to reclassify the noncredit component of a previously recognized other-than-temporary impairment from retained earnings to accumulated other comprehensive income. ASC 320 is effective for the Company for the quarter ended June 30, 2009. The adoption of ASC 320 did not have a material impact on the Company’s consolidated financial position or results of operations.

TITAN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
(unaudited)

In April 2009, the FASB issued an accounting standard codified in ASC 820, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures* (formerly FSP 157-4). ASC 820 provides additional authoritative guidance to assist both issuers and users of financial statements in determining whether a market is active or inactive, and whether a transaction is distressed. ASC 820 is effective for the Company for the quarter ended June 30, 2009. The adoption of ASC 820 did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial position or results of operations.

In April 2009, the FASB issued an accounting standard codified in ASC 825, *Financial Instruments* (formerly FSP 107-1 and APB 28-1). ASC 825 requires disclosures about fair value of financial instruments for interim reporting periods of publicly traded companies as well as in annual financial statements. ASC 825 is effective for the Company for the quarter ended June 30, 2009. The adoption of ASC 825 did not have an impact on the Company's consolidated financial position or results of operations.

2. Stock Plans

In March 2009, as a result of the workforce reduction implemented in December 2008, options to purchase 870,078 shares of our common stock were cancelled.

In May 2009, we rehired three former employees to serve as our Executive Chairman, President, and Senior Vice President of Clinical Development and Medical Affairs.

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TITAN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
(unaudited)

The Executive Chairman was granted options to purchase 1,000,000 shares of our stock. Of those options, 250,000 options vested on the date of grant and the remaining 750,000 will vest monthly over a period of 48 months from the date of grant. All unvested options automatically will become vested and exercisable immediately prior to the occurrence of a change of control. The Executive Chairman has agreed to receive no annual salary until the earlier of our receipt of iloperidone royalty revenues or February 28, 2010.

The President was granted options to purchase 700,000 shares of our stock. Of those options, 175,000 vested on the date of grant and the remaining 525,000 will vest monthly over a period of 48 months from the date of grant, provided; however, the vesting of 100,000 shares will also be contingent upon the Company's sale or partnering of the Probuphine program. All unvested options automatically will become vested and exercisable immediately prior to the occurrence of a change of control. Payment of all the officer's salary will be deferred until the receipt of iloperidone royalty payments or other financing that by its terms does not restrict such use, but in no event earlier than January 1, 2010 or later than March 15, 2010. After January 1, 2010 and no later than March 15, 2010, the officer will be entitled to receive a deferred salary payment of no greater than approximately \$167,000.

The Senior Vice President of Clinical Development and Medical Affairs was granted options to purchase 250,000 shares of our stock. Of those options, 62,500 vested on the date of grant and the remaining 187,500 will vest monthly over a period of 48 months from the date of grant, provided; however, that the vesting of 50,000 shares will also be contingent upon the Company's receipt of a grant from the National Institute of Health's National Institute on Drug Abuse ("NIDA") and the vesting of an additional 50,000 shares will also be contingent upon the Company's sale or partnering of the Probuphine program. All unvested options automatically will become vested and exercisable immediately prior to the occurrence of a change of control. Payment of a portion of the employee's salary will be deferred until the receipt of iloperidone royalty payments or other financing that by its terms does not restrict such use, but in no event later than March 15, 2010. No later than March 15, 2010, the employee will be entitled to receive a deferred salary payment of no greater than approximately \$100,000.

The following table summarizes the SFAS 123R share-based compensation expense recorded for awards under the stock option plans and the resulting impact on our basic and diluted loss per share for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2009 and 2008:

<i>(in thousands, except per share amounts)</i>	Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2009	2008
Research and development	\$ 131	\$ 305
General and administrative	789	1,382
Total share-based compensation expenses	<u>\$ 920</u>	<u>\$ 1,687</u>
Increase in basic and diluted net loss per share	<u>\$(0.02)</u>	<u>\$ (0.03)</u>

No tax benefit was recognized related to share-based compensation expense since we have incurred operating losses and we have established a full valuation allowance to offset all the potential tax benefits associated with our deferred tax assets.

We use the Black-Scholes-Merton option-pricing model with the following assumptions to estimate the share-based compensation expense for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2009 and 2008:

	Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2009	2008
Weighted-average risk-free interest rate	0.4%	2.9%
Expected dividend payments	—	—
Expected holding period (years) ¹	4.6	5.4
Weighted-average volatility factor ²	1.84	0.66
Estimated forfeiture rates for options granted to management ³	21%	2%
Estimated forfeiture rates for options granted to non-management ³	41%	30%

¹ For the nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008, we used historical data to estimate the expected holding period.

² Weighted average volatility is based on the historical volatility of the Company's common stock.

³ Estimated forfeiture rates are based on historical data.

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TITAN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
(unaudited)

During the nine month period ended September 30, 2009, we granted 3,475,000 options to employees, directors and consultants to purchase common stock. The following table summarizes option activity for the nine month period ended September 30, 2009:

<i>(in thousands, except per share amounts)</i>	<u>Options</u>	<u>Weighted Average Exercise Price</u>	<u>Weighted Average Remaining Option Term</u>	<u>Aggregate Intrinsic Value</u>
Outstanding at January 1, 2009	6,513	\$ 6.27	2.23	\$ —
Granted	3,475	0.86		
Exercised	(560)	0.85		
Expired or cancelled	(2,631)	4.99		
Outstanding at September 30, 2009	<u>6,797</u>	<u>\$ 4.45</u>	<u>5.81</u>	<u>\$ 1,503</u>
Exercisable at September 30, 2009	<u>4,856</u>	<u>\$ 5.86</u>	<u>4.30</u>	<u>\$ 580</u>

As of September 30, 2009 there was approximately \$867,000 of total unrecognized compensation expense related to non-vested stock options. This expense is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 3.4 years.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2009, we awarded 15,000 shares of restricted stock to employees. The following table summarizes restricted stock activity for the nine months ended September 30, 2009:

<i>(in thousands, except per share amounts)</i>	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Weighted Average Exercise Price</u>	<u>Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term</u>	<u>Aggregate Intrinsic Value</u>
Outstanding at January 1, 2009	115	\$ 0.17	1.94	\$ 2
Granted	15	1.04		
Exercised	—	—		
Cancelled	(110)	0.17		
Outstanding at September 30, 2009	<u>20</u>	<u>\$ 0.82</u>	<u>2.06</u>	<u>\$ 28</u>
Awards exercisable at September 30, 2009	15	\$ —	—	\$ 21

As of September 30, 2009 there was approximately \$1,000 of total unrecognized compensation expense related to non-vested awards. This expense is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 2.1 years.

3. Net Loss Per Share

We calculated net loss per share using the weighted average common shares outstanding for the periods presented. For the periods ended September 30, 2009 and 2008, the effect of an additional 13,467,320 and 16,132,387 shares, respectively, representing outstanding options and warrants, were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share because they are anti-dilutive.

4. Comprehensive Loss

Comprehensive loss is comprised of net loss and other comprehensive income or loss. The only component of other comprehensive income or loss is unrealized gains and losses on our marketable securities. Comprehensive losses for the nine month periods ended September 30, 2009 and 2008 were \$4.1 million and \$19.3 million, respectively.

TITAN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
(unaudited)

5. Commitments and Contingencies

Legal Proceedings

In March 2005, Dr. Bernard Sabel initiated an appraisal proceeding in the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware relating to the merger of our subsidiary ProNeura, Inc. into Titan. The complaint indicated that Mr. Sabel wanted the court to appraise the value of the 108,800 shares of the common stock of ProNeura owned by him. The complaint did not specify an amount that Mr. Sabel considered the fair value of the shares. In March 2009, we settled our dispute with Dr. Sabel related to the merger of our subsidiary ProNeura, Inc. into Titan. In April 2009, under the terms of the settlement, we paid \$600,000 to Dr. Sabel.

6. Stockholders' Equity

In September 2009, members of our board of directors exercised options to purchase 559,862 shares of our common stock at prices ranging from \$0.79 to \$1.40 per share. Net proceeds were approximately \$476,000.

In December 2008, we terminated the Common Stock Purchase Agreement (the "Purchase Agreement"), with Azimuth Opportunity Ltd. ("Azimuth"). Under the agreement, we could have required Azimuth to purchase up to the lesser of (a) \$25.0 million of our common stock, or (b) 7,805,887 shares of our common stock over the 24 month term of the Purchase Agreement, subject to certain limits and so long as specified conditions were met. Any sale of the shares would have been registered pursuant to the February 2007 shelf registration statement. In October 2007, we completed a sale of 486,746 shares of our common stock under the Purchase Agreement with Azimuth at a price of approximately \$2.05 per share, for gross proceeds of approximately \$1.0 million. Net proceeds were approximately \$965,000. No draw downs were made under this facility during 2008.

On May 29, 2008, our shareholders approved a proposal to amend to our Certificate of Incorporation to increase the number of authorized shares of common stock from 75,000,000 to 125,000,000.

In December 2007, we completed the sale of units consisting of 13,300,000 shares of our common stock and five-year warrants to purchase 6,650,000 shares of our common stock to certain institutional investors for gross proceeds of approximately \$21.3 million. Net proceeds were approximately \$19.9 million. The warrants have an exercise price of \$2.00 per share. In January 2008, we filed a registration statement with the Securities and Exchange Commission covering the resale of the shares of common stock and shares of common stock underlying the warrants issued in the private placement.

In February 2007, we filed a shelf registration statement with the Securities and Exchange Commission to sell up to \$50 million of common or preferred stock. Under this registration statement, shares may be sold periodically to provide additional funds for our operations. In April 2007, we entered into a stock purchase agreement with certain individual and institutional investors for the purchase and sale of 5,445,546 shares of our common stock under the shelf registration statement at a price of \$2.02 per share. In May 2007, we completed the sale of such shares for gross proceeds of \$11.0 million. Net proceeds were approximately \$10.2 million.

7. Subsequent Events

In October 2009, a member of our board of directors exercised options to purchase 100,000 shares of our common stock at price of \$0.79 per share. Net proceeds were approximately \$79,000.

In December 2009, we completed the sale of 300,000 shares of our common stock to an institutional investor for gross proceeds of approximately \$510,000. Net proceeds were approximately \$478,000.

In December 2009, we entered into a financing agreement with Oxford Capital Financing ("Oxford") pursuant to which we received a three-year term loan in the principal amount of \$3,000,000 that bears interest at the

TITAN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
(unaudited)

rate of 13% per annum. We paid Oxford an initial facility fee of \$60,000 and are obligated to make a final payment fee of \$180,000. The loan is secured by our assets and has a provision for pre-payment. Oxford received five-year warrants to purchase 42,254 shares of our common stock at an exercise price of \$2.13 per share.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 12 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this registration statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Date: February 24, 2010

TITAN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

By: _____ /s/ SUNIL BHONSLE

Name: Sunil Bhonsle

Title: President

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EXHIBIT INDEX

<u>No.</u>	<u>Description</u>
3.1	Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Registrant, as amended [†]
3.2	By-laws of the Registrant ¹
4.1	Registration Rights Agreement dated as of December 17, 2007 ²
4.2	Registration Rights Agreement dated as of December 8, 2009 [†]
4.3	Warrant to Purchase Common Stock dated December 23, 2009 issued to Oxford Finance Corporation.
10.1	1998 Stock Option Plan ³
10.2	2001 Non-Qualified Employee Stock Option Plan ⁴
10.3	2002 Stock Option Plan ⁵
10.4	Employment Agreement between the Registrant and Sunil Bhonsle, dated May 16, 2009, as amended by agreement dated February 17, 2010
10.5	Employment Agreement between the Registrant and Marc Rubin, dated May 16, 2009, as amended by agreement dated February 17, 2010
10.6	Lease for the Registrant's facilities, amended as of October 1, 2004 ⁶
10.7	Amendments to lease for Registrant's facilities dated May 21, 2007 and March 12, 2009 [†]
10.8	Sublease between the Registrant and Anesiva, Inc. dated March 27, 2009 [†]
10.9*	License Agreement between the Registrant and Sanofi-Aventis SA effective as of December 31, 1996 ⁷
10.10*	Sublicense Agreement between the Registrant and Novartis Pharma AG dated November 20, 1997 ⁸
10.11*	License Agreement between the Registrant and the Massachusetts Institute of Technology dated September 28, 1995 ¹
10.12	Loan and Security Agreement between the Registrant and Oxford Finance Corporation dated December 18, 2009 [†]
10.13	Stock Purchase Agreement between the Registrant and certain investors dated December 8, 2009
23.1	Consent of Odenberg, Ullakko, Muranishi & Co., LLP, Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

[†] Previously filed

¹ Incorporated by reference from the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form SB-2 (File No. 33-99386).

² Incorporated by reference from the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K dated December 27, 2007.

³ Incorporated by reference from the Registrant's definitive Proxy Statement filed on July 28, 2000.

⁴ Incorporated by reference from the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2001.

⁵ Incorporated by reference from the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2002.

⁶ Incorporated by reference from the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005.

⁷ Incorporated by reference from the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended December 31, 1996.

⁸ Incorporated by reference from the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-3 (File No. 333-42367).

* Confidential treatment has been granted with respect to portions of this exhibit.

THIS WARRANT AND THE SHARES ISSUABLE HEREUNDER HAVE NOT BEEN REGISTERED UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED (THE "ACT"), OR THE SECURITIES LAWS OF ANY STATE AND, EXCEPT AND PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF ARTICLE 5 BELOW, MAY NOT BE OFFERED, SOLD OR OTHERWISE TRANSFERRED, PLEDGED OR HYPOTHECATED UNLESS AND UNTIL REGISTERED UNDER SAID ACT AND APPLICABLE STATE SECURITIES LAW OR, IN THE OPINION OF LEGAL COUNSEL IN FORM AND SUBSTANCE SATISFACTORY TO THE ISSUER OF THESE SECURITIES, SUCH OFFER, SALE OR TRANSFER, PLEDGE OR HYPOTHECATION IS EXEMPT FROM REGISTRATION.

WARRANT TO PURCHASE COMMON STOCK

Company: TITAN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC., a Delaware corporation
Number of Shares: 42,254
Warrant Price: \$2.13 per Share
Issue Date: December 23, 2009
Expiration Date: The 5th anniversary after the Issue Date
Credit Facility: This Warrant is issued in connection with the Loan and Security Agreement between Company and Oxford Finance Corporation dated as of the Closing Date (as defined therein), as amended from time to time (the "Loan Agreement").

THIS WARRANT CERTIFIES THAT, for good and valuable consideration, including without limitation the mutual promises contained in the Loan Agreement OXFORD FINANCE CORPORATION (together with any successor or permitted assignee or transferee of this Warrant, "Holder") is entitled to purchase the number of fully paid and nonassessable shares of the common stock (the "Shares") of the Company at the Warrant Price, all as set forth above and as adjusted pursuant to Article 2 of this Warrant, subject to the provisions and upon the terms and conditions set forth in this Warrant.

ARTICLE 1. EXERCISE.

1.1 Method of Exercise. Holder may exercise this Warrant by delivering the original of this Warrant together with a duly executed Notice of Exercise in substantially the form attached as Appendix 1 to the principal office of the Company. Unless Holder is exercising the conversion right set forth in Article 1.2, Holder shall also deliver to the Company a check, wire transfer (to an account designated by the Company), or other form of payment acceptable to the Company for the aggregate Warrant Price for the Shares being purchased.

1.2 Conversion Right. In lieu of exercising this Warrant as specified in Article 1.1, Holder may from time to time convert this Warrant, in whole or in part, into a number of Shares determined by dividing (a) the aggregate fair market value of the Shares or other securities otherwise issuable upon exercise of this Warrant minus the aggregate Warrant Price of such Shares by (b) the fair market value of one Share. The fair market value of the Shares shall be determined pursuant to Article 1.3.

1.3 Fair Market Value. The fair market value of each Share shall be the closing price of a Share reported for the business day immediately before Holder delivers this Warrant together with its Notice of Exercise to the Company.

1.4 Delivery of Certificate and New Warrant. Promptly after Holder exercises or converts this Warrant and, if applicable, the Company receives payment of the aggregate Warrant Price, the Company shall deliver to Holder certificates for the Shares acquired and, if this Warrant has not been fully exercised or converted and has not expired, a new Warrant representing the Shares not so acquired.

1.5 Replacement of Warrants. On receipt of evidence reasonably satisfactory to the Company of the loss, theft, destruction or mutilation of this Warrant and, in the case of loss, theft or destruction, on delivery of an indemnity agreement reasonably satisfactory in form and amount to the Company or, in the case of mutilation on surrender and cancellation of this Warrant, the Company shall execute and deliver, in lieu of this Warrant, a new warrant of like tenor.

1.6 Treatment of Warrant Upon Acquisition of Company.

1.6.1 "Acquisition". For the purpose of this Warrant, "Acquisition" means any sale, license, or other disposition of all or substantially all of the assets of the Company, or any reorganization, consolidation, or merger of the Company where the holders of the Company's securities before the transaction beneficially own less than 50% of the outstanding voting securities of the surviving entity after the transaction.

1.6.2 Treatment of Warrant at Acquisition.

A) Upon the written request of the Company, Holder agrees that, in the event of an Acquisition that is not an asset sale and in which the sole consideration is cash, either (a) Holder shall exercise its conversion or purchase right under this Warrant and such exercise will be deemed effective immediately prior to the consummation of such Acquisition or (b) if Holder elects not to exercise the Warrant, this Warrant will expire upon the consummation of such Acquisition. The Company shall provide the Holder with written notice of its request relating to the foregoing (together with such reasonable information as the Holder may request in connection with such contemplated Acquisition giving rise to such notice), which is to be delivered to Holder not less than ten (10) days prior to the closing of the proposed Acquisition.

B) Upon the written request of the Company, Holder agrees that, in the event of an Acquisition that is an "arms length" sale of all or substantially all of the Company's assets (and only its assets) to a third party that is not an Affiliate (as defined below) of the Company (a "True Asset Sale"), either (a) Holder shall exercise its conversion or purchase right under this Warrant and such exercise will be deemed effective immediately prior to the consummation of such Acquisition or (b) if Holder elects not to exercise the Warrant, this Warrant will continue until the Expiration Date if the Company continues as a going concern following the closing of any such True Asset Sale. The Company shall provide the Holder with written notice of its request relating to the foregoing (together with such reasonable information as the Holder may request in connection with such contemplated Acquisition giving rise to such notice), which is to be delivered to Holder not less than ten (10) days prior to the closing of the proposed Acquisition.

C) Upon the closing of any Acquisition other than those particularly described in subsections (A) and (B) above, the successor entity shall assume the obligations of this Warrant, and this Warrant shall be exercisable for the same securities, cash, and property as would be payable for the Shares issuable upon exercise of the unexercised portion of this Warrant as if such Shares were outstanding on the record date for the Acquisition and subsequent closing. The Warrant Price and/or number of Shares shall be adjusted accordingly.

As used herein “Affiliate” shall mean any person or entity that owns or controls directly or indirectly ten (10) percent or more of the stock of Company, any person or entity that controls or is controlled by or is under common control with such persons or entities, and each of such person’s or entity’s officers, directors, joint venturers or partners, as applicable.

ARTICLE 2. ADJUSTMENTS TO THE SHARES.

2.1 Stock Dividends, Splits, Etc. If the Company declares or pays a dividend on the shares of its common stock payable in common stock, or other securities, then upon exercise of this Warrant, for each Share acquired, Holder shall receive, without cost to Holder, the total number and kind of securities to which Holder would have been entitled had Holder owned the Shares of record as of the date the dividend occurred. If the Company subdivides the shares of its common stock by reclassification or otherwise into a greater number of shares or takes any other action that causes the outstanding shares of its common stock to become converted into a greater number of shares of common stock, the number of Shares shall be proportionately increased and the Warrant Price shall be proportionately decreased. If the outstanding shares of the Company’s common stock are combined or consolidated, by reclassification or otherwise, into a lesser number of shares, the Warrant Price shall be proportionately increased and the number of Shares shall be proportionately decreased.

2.2 Reclassification, Exchange, Combinations or Substitution. Upon any reclassification, exchange, substitution, or other event that results in a change of the number and/or class of the securities issuable upon exercise or conversion of this Warrant, Holder shall be entitled to receive, upon exercise or conversion of this Warrant, the number and kind of securities and property that Holder would have received for the Shares if this Warrant had been exercised or converted immediately before such reclassification, exchange, substitution, or other event. The Company or its successor shall promptly issue to Holder an amendment to this Warrant setting forth the number and kind of such new securities or other property issuable upon exercise or conversion of this Warrant as a result of such reclassification, exchange, substitution or other event that results in a change of the number and/or class of securities issuable upon exercise or conversion of this Warrant and the amended Warrant Price. The amendment to this Warrant shall provide for adjustments which shall be as nearly equivalent as may be practicable to the adjustments provided for in this Article 2 including, without limitation, adjustments to the Warrant Price and to the number of securities or property issuable upon exercise of the new Warrant. The provisions of this Article 2.2 shall similarly apply to successive reclassifications, exchanges, substitutions, or other events.

2.3 No Impairment. The Company shall not, by amendment of its Certificate of Incorporation or through a reorganization, transfer of assets, consolidation, merger, dissolution, issue, or sale of securities or any other voluntary action, avoid or seek to avoid the observance or performance of any of the terms to be observed or performed under this Warrant by the Company, but shall at all times in good faith assist in carrying out of all the provisions of this Article 2 and in taking all such action as may be necessary or appropriate to protect Holder’s rights under this Article against impairment.

2.4 Fractional Shares. No fractional Shares shall be issuable upon exercise or conversion of this Warrant and the number of Shares to be issued shall be rounded down to the nearest whole Share. If a fractional share interest arises upon any exercise or conversion of the Warrant, the Company shall eliminate such fractional share interest by paying Holder the amount computed by multiplying the fractional interest by the fair market value of a full Share computed as set forth in Article 1.3 above.

2.5 Certificate as to Adjustments. Upon each adjustment of the Warrant Price, the Company shall promptly notify Holder in writing, and, at the Company's expense, promptly compute such adjustment, and furnish Holder with a certificate of its Chief Financial Officer setting forth such adjustment and the facts upon which such adjustment is based. The Company shall, upon written request, furnish Holder a certificate setting forth the Warrant Price in effect upon the date thereof and the series of adjustments leading to such Warrant Price.

ARTICLE 3. REPRESENTATIONS AND COVENANTS OF THE COMPANY.

3.1 Representations and Warranties. The Company represents and warrants and covenants to the Holder as follows: all Shares which may be issued upon the exercise of the purchase right represented by this Warrant shall, upon issuance, be duly authorized, validly issued, fully paid and nonassessable, and free of any liens and encumbrances except for restrictions on transfer provided for herein or under applicable federal and state securities laws.

3.2 Notice of Certain Events. If the Company proposes at any time (a) to declare any dividend or distribution upon any of its stock, whether in cash, property, stock, or other securities and whether or not a regular cash dividend; (b) to effect any reclassification or recapitalization of any of its stock; (c) to merge or consolidate with or into any other corporation, or sell, lease, license, or convey all or substantially all of its assets, or to liquidate, dissolve or wind up, then, in connection with each such event, the Company shall give Holder: (1) at least 10 days prior written notice of the date on which a record will be taken for such dividend, distribution, or subscription rights (and specifying the date on which the holders of common stock will be entitled thereto) or for determining rights to vote, if any, in respect of the matters referred to in (a) above; and (2) in the case of the matters referred to in (b) and (c) above at least 10 days prior written notice of the date when the same will take place (and specifying the date on which the holders of common stock will be entitled to exchange their common stock for securities or other property deliverable upon the occurrence of such event). Company will also provide information requested by Holder reasonably necessary to enable the Holder to comply with the Holder's accounting or reporting requirements.

3.3 No Shareholder Rights. Except as provided in this Warrant, the Holder will not have any rights as a shareholder of the Company until the exercise of this Warrant.

ARTICLE 4. REPRESENTATIONS, WARRANTIES OF THE HOLDER. The Holder represents and warrants to the Company as follows:

4.1 Purchase for Own Account. This Warrant and the securities to be acquired upon exercise of this Warrant by the Holder will be acquired for investment for the Holder's account, not as a nominee or agent, and not with a view to the public resale or distribution within the meaning of the Act. Holder also represents that the Holder has not been formed for the specific purpose of acquiring this Warrant or the Shares.

4.2 Disclosure of Information. The Holder has received or has had full access to all the information it considers necessary or appropriate to make an informed investment decision with respect to the acquisition of this Warrant and its underlying securities. The Holder further has had an opportunity to ask questions and receive answers from the Company regarding the terms and conditions of the offering of this Warrant and its underlying securities and to obtain additional information (to the extent the Company possessed such information or could acquire it without unreasonable effort or expense) necessary to verify any information furnished to the Holder or to which the Holder has access.

4.3 Investment Experience. The Holder understands that the purchase of this Warrant and its underlying securities involves substantial risk. The Holder has experience as an investor in securities of companies in the development stage and acknowledges that the Holder can bear the economic risk of such Holder's investment in this Warrant and its underlying securities and has such knowledge and experience in financial or business matters that the Holder is capable of evaluating the merits and risks of its investment in this Warrant and its underlying securities and/or has a preexisting personal or business relationship with the Company and certain of its officers, directors or controlling persons of a nature and duration that enables the Holder to be aware of the character, business acumen and financial circumstances of such persons.

4.4 Accredited Investor Status. The Holder is an "accredited investor" within the meaning of Regulation D promulgated under the Act.

4.5 The Act. The Holder understands that this Warrant and the Shares issuable upon exercise or conversion hereof have not been registered under the Act in reliance upon a specific exemption therefrom, which exemption depends upon, among other things, the bona fide nature of the Holder's investment intent as expressed herein. The Holder understands that this Warrant and the Shares issued upon any exercise or conversion hereof must be held indefinitely unless subsequently registered under the Act and qualified under applicable state securities laws, or unless exemption from such registration and qualification are otherwise available.

ARTICLE 5. MISCELLANEOUS.

5.1 Term. This Warrant is exercisable in whole or in part at any time and from time to time on or before the Expiration Date.

5.2 Legends. This Warrant and the Shares shall be imprinted with a legend in substantially the following form:

THIS WARRANT AND THE SHARES ISSUABLE HEREUNDER HAVE NOT BEEN REGISTERED UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED (THE "ACT"), OR THE SECURITIES LAWS OF ANY STATE AND, EXCEPT AND PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF ARTICLE 5 BELOW, MAY NOT BE OFFERED, SOLD OR OTHERWISE TRANSFERRED, PLEDGED OR HYPOTHECATED UNLESS AND UNTIL REGISTERED UNDER SAID ACT AND APPLICABLE STATE SECURITIES LAW OR, IN THE OPINION OF LEGAL COUNSEL IN FORM AND SUBSTANCE SATISFACTORY TO THE ISSUER OF THESE SECURITIES, SUCH OFFER, SALE OR TRANSFER, PLEDGE OR HYPOTHECATION IS EXEMPT FROM REGISTRATION.

5.3 Compliance with Securities Laws on Transfer. This Warrant and the Shares issuable upon exercise of this Warrant may not be transferred or assigned in whole or in part without compliance with applicable federal and state securities laws by the transferor and the transferee (including, without limitation, the delivery of investment representation letters and legal opinions reasonably satisfactory to the Company, as reasonably requested by the Company). The Company shall not require Holder to provide an opinion of counsel if the transfer is to any affiliate of Holder. Additionally, the Company shall also not require an opinion of counsel if there is no material question as to the availability of Rule 144, including, without limitation, current information as referenced in Rule 144(c), Holder represents that it has complied with Rule 144(d) and (e) in reasonable detail, the selling broker represents that it has complied with Rule 144(f), and the Company is provided with a copy of Holder's notice of proposed sale.

5.4 Transfer Procedure. After receipt by Holder of the executed Warrant, Holder may transfer this Warrant to any affiliate of Holder, by execution of an Assignment substantially in the form of Appendix 2. Subject to the provisions of Article 5.3 and upon providing Company with written notice, any subsequent Holder may transfer all or part of this Warrant or the Shares issuable upon exercise of this Warrant (or the Shares issuable directly or indirectly, upon conversion of the Shares, if any) to any transferee, provided, however, in connection with any such transfer, any subsequent Holder will give the Company notice of the portion of the Warrant being transferred with the name, address and taxpayer identification number of the transferee and Holder will surrender this Warrant to the Company for reissuance to the transferee(s) (and Holder if applicable).

5.5 Notices. All notices and other communications from the Company to the Holder, or vice versa, shall be deemed delivered and effective when given personally or mailed by first-class registered or certified mail, postage prepaid, at such address as may have been furnished to the Company or the Holder, as the case may (or on the first business day after transmission by facsimile) be, in writing by the Company or such Holder from time to time. Effective upon receipt of the fully executed Warrant and the initial transfer described in Article 5.4 above, all notices to the Holder shall be addressed as follows until the Company receives notice of a change of address in connection with a transfer or otherwise:

Oxford Finance Corporation
133 N. Fairfax Street
Alexandria, VA 22314
Attn: Tim A. Lex, Chief Operating Officer
Telephone: (703) 519-4900
Facsimile: (703) 519-5225

Notice to the Company shall be addressed as follows until the Holder receives notice of a change in address:

Titan Pharmaceuticals, Inc.
400 Oyster Point Blvd., Suite 505
South San Francisco, CA 94080
Attn: Chief Financial Officer
Tel.: (650) 244-4990
Fax: (650) 244-4956

5.6 Waiver. This Warrant and any term hereof may be changed, waived, discharged or terminated only by an instrument in writing signed by the party against which enforcement of such change, waiver, discharge or termination is sought.

5.7 Attorneys' Fees. In the event of any dispute between the parties concerning the terms and provisions of this Warrant, the party prevailing in such dispute shall be entitled to collect from the other party all costs incurred in such dispute, including reasonable attorneys' fees.

5.8 Automatic Conversion upon Expiration. In the event that, upon the Expiration Date, the fair market value of one Share as determined in accordance with Article 1.3 above is greater than the Warrant Price in effect on such date, then this Warrant shall automatically be deemed on and as of such date to be converted pursuant to Article 1.2 above as to all Shares (or such other securities) for which it shall not previously have been exercised or converted, and the Company shall promptly deliver a certificate representing the Shares (or such other securities) issued upon such conversion to the Holder.

5.9 Counterparts. This Warrant may be executed in counterparts, all of which together shall constitute one and the same agreement.

5.10 Governing Law. This Warrant shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of California, without giving effect to its principles regarding conflicts of law.

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“COMPANY”

TITAN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

By: /s/ Sunil Bhonsie
Name: _____
Sunil Bhonsie
Title: President

“HOLDER”

OXFORD FINANCE CORPORATION

By: /s/ T.A. Lex
Name: T.A. Lex
(Print)
Title: COO

[Signature Page to Warrant to Purchase Common Stock]

APPENDIX 1

NOTICE OF EXERCISE

1. Holder elects to purchase _____ shares of the Common Stock of TITAN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC. pursuant to the terms of the attached Warrant, and tenders payment of the purchase price of the shares in full.

[or]

1. Holder elects to convert the attached Warrant into Shares in the manner specified in the Warrant. This conversion is exercised for _____ of the Shares covered by the Warrant.

[Strike paragraph that does not apply.]

2. Please issue a certificate or certificates representing the shares in the name specified below:

Holders Name

(Address)

3. By its execution below and for the benefit of the Company, Holder hereby restates each of the representations and warranties in Article 4 of the Warrant as the date hereof.

HOLDER:

By: _____
Name: _____
Title: _____
(Date): _____

APPENDIX 2

ASSIGNMENT

For value received, Oxford Finance Corporation hereby sells, assigns and transfers unto

Name:

Address:

Tax ID:

that certain Warrant to Purchase Stock issued by TITAN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC. (the "Company"), on December , 2009 (the "Warrant") together with all rights, title and interest therein.

OXFORD FINANCE CORPORATION

By: _____

Name: _____

Title: _____

Date: _____

By its execution below, and for the benefit of the Company, _____ makes each of the representations and warranties set forth in Article 4 of the Warrant and agrees to all other provisions of the Warrant as of the date hereof.

By: _____

Name: _____

Title: _____



Titan Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

May 16, 2009

Sunil Bhonsle
[Address]

Dear Sunil:

The Board of Directors (the "Board") of Titan Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (the "Company") is pleased to confirm the terms upon which you have recently resumed employment with the Company in the role of President. In this position, you will be primarily responsible for overseeing the day to day operations of the Company and will work with the Company's Executive Chairman in identifying business opportunities and establishing corporate strategies. You will report directly to the Board.

1. Effective Date. The effective date of this Agreement will be May 17, 2009 (the "Effective Date").

2. Compensation.

- (a) Salary. During the period commencing on the Effective Date through the earlier of (i) the commencement of Iloperidone royalty payments to the Company or (ii) Feb 28, 2010 (the "Trigger Date"), you will be entitled to salary at the rate of \$200,000 per annum, payment of which will be deferred until the Company's receipt of Iloperidone royalty payments or other financing that by its terms does not restrict such use, but in no event earlier than January 1, 2010 or later than March 15, 2010. You will also be entitled to reimbursement for all reasonable business expenses incurred in connection with your duties as President following your presentation to the Company of appropriate documentation. Following the Trigger Date, you shall be entitled to such cash compensation as you and the Company may mutually agree. The Company agrees that prior to the Trigger Date it shall not appoint any person other than you or Marc Rubin to serve as Chief Executive Officer of the Company. If the Company makes such an appointment following the Trigger Date and you choose to terminate your employment, the Board will consider an appropriate separation package for you.
- (b) Stock Options. On the Effective Date, you will receive stock options to acquire 700,000 shares of the Company's Common Stock (the "Options"), which Options will be governed by the terms and conditions of the Company's 2002 Stock Option Plan, as amended (the "Plan"). Options to purchase 175,000 shares will vest on the Effective Date and the balance will vest in equal monthly installments over a four year period, provided; however, that the vesting of 100,000 shares will also be contingent upon the Company's sale or partnering of the Probuphine program. All of the Options are subject to accelerated vesting as hereinafter provided under paragraph 1(b)(i) below. The exercise price of the Options will be determined per the Plan as of the grant date, which shall be the Effective Date.

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- (i) Notwithstanding the foregoing, all unvested Options automatically will become vested and exercisable immediately prior to the occurrence of a Change of Control. For the purposes of this letter, a “Change of Control” shall be deemed to occur (a) upon a sale or transfer of substantially all of the assets of the Company; (b) upon the acquisition by any person, entity or group of beneficial ownership of 50 percent or more of either the outstanding shares of common stock of the Company or the combined voting power of the then outstanding voting securities of the Company entitled to vote generally in the election of directors; or (c) upon a merger or consolidation of the Company or any of its subsidiaries with any other corporation, which results in the stockholders of the Company prior thereto continuing to represent less than 50 percent of the combined voting power of the voting securities of the Company or the surviving entity after the merger; provided, however, that an event described in (a), (b) or (c) above shall not be treated as a Change of Control, unless such event is also a change in the ownership of the Company (within the meaning of Treasury Regulation Section 409A-3(i)(5)(v)), a change in the effective control of the Company (within the meaning of Treasury Regulation Section 409A-3(i)(5)(vi)), or a change in the ownership of a substantial portion of the Company’s assets (within the meaning of Treasury Regulation Section 409A-3(i)(5)(vii)).
- (c) Health Benefits. Health insurance coverage for you and your family will be provided under the Company’s group health plan. You will be eligible to participate in all health and medical benefits as are generally made available by the Company to other employees. In addition, you will be eligible to participate in the Company’s 401(k) plan and all other sponsored employee benefit plans as they are adopted by the Company. Any benefits to which you are entitled shall be determined in accordance with the aforementioned plans and programs. The Company reserves the right to suspend, amend or terminate any employee benefit plan or program at any time.
- (d) Vacation, Holidays. From the Effective Date through the Trigger Date, you will receive four (4) weeks of paid vacation, which shall accrue and otherwise be subject to the Company’s established policies. Sick leave and holidays will be provided in accordance with the Company’s established policies. Following the Trigger Date, you will be entitled to such vacation benefits as you and the Company may mutually agree.
- (e) Required Taxes and Withholdings. Even if not otherwise specified herein, the Company shall withhold from any payments made to you (whether under this letter or otherwise) all federal, state, local or other taxes and withholdings that it believes are required by law or governmental regulation or ruling.

3. “At-Will” Employment. You or the Company may terminate your employment with the Company at any time, for any or no reason, with or without notice.

4. Non-Compete and Outside Activities. You agree that, while serving as President of the Company, you will not engage in any activity that is competitive with the Company. Also, during the term of this Agreement, approval of the Company’s Board of Directors shall be required prior to your acceptance of any employment, consulting or advisory relationship with any for-profit enterprise within the biotechnology/pharmaceutical industry and notice to the Company’s Board shall be required with respect to your acceptance of any role as a biotechnology/pharmaceutical industry advisor to an investment bank, fund or private equity firm. It is understood that buying and selling of securities of any public company does not constitute a violation of this Agreement.

5. Indemnification. The Company shall indemnify, and advance expenses to, you pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Indemnification Agreement to which you are a party.

6. Company Policies, Company Property, Confidentiality and Inventions. You will comply with all of the Company's employment policies; you will keep confidential all non-public information you acquire during the course of your employment with the Company; and anything you create, develop or receive during the course of your employment with the Company, including without limitation any and all documents (whether in paper or electronic form) and equipment, shall be the exclusive property of the Company, which you agree to return to the Company immediately upon the termination of your employment with the Company, or earlier if requested by the Company. Additionally, you agree to adhere to and hereby reaffirm the terms of and your obligations under the previously executed Proprietary Information and Inventions Assignment, the terms of which are expressly incorporated herein, as if set forth in full.

7. Choice of Law. The parties agree that this letter and all matters concerning your employment with the Company and/or the termination of such employment shall be governed and construed by and in accordance with the laws of the State of California, without reference to its principles of the conflicts of laws.

8. Arbitration. Any controversy or claim arising between you and Company involving or relating to the construction or application of any terms, covenants or conditions of this letter, or any claims arising out of or relating to this letter or the breach thereof or with your employment with the Company or any termination of that employment, except with respect to prejudgment remedies, shall be settled exclusively by arbitration in San Francisco, California, pursuant to the then current Employment Arbitration Rules and Mediation Procedures of the American Arbitration Association ("AAA") (which can be found at <http://www.adr.org>), as well as any applicable sections of the California Code of Civil Procedure or the Federal Arbitration Act. To the extent this letter is in issue in the arbitration, the arbitrator's authority shall be strictly limited to applying and interpreting the terms and conditions of this letter. The arbitrator shall not have the authority to add to, subtract from or otherwise amend or modify the terms or conditions of this letter by implication or otherwise. The arbitral award shall be binding upon the parties. Judgment upon the award rendered by the arbitrator may be entered in any court having competent jurisdiction thereof. In connection with any arbitration under this paragraph, you represent and warrant that you and your representatives will take all reasonable steps to maintain the confidentiality of the arbitration award, including, without limitation, executing an appropriate confidentiality stipulation in a form acceptable to the Company and requesting the arbitrator or Court to place the arbitration award under seal. The arbitrator shall have authority to award any damages authorized by law, including an award of attorneys' fees and costs. The prevailing party shall be entitled to recover his/its reasonable costs and reasonable attorneys' fees to the extent permitted by applicable law; however, the Company shall pay for all costs unique to arbitration. This agreement to arbitrate shall not include (i) claims for unemployment or workers compensation insurance; (ii) to the extent required by applicable law, claims before governmental or administrative agencies (*e.g.*, the EEOC); or (iii) claims related to the National Labor Relations Act. This agreement to arbitrate shall apply to both you and Company.

9. Code Section 409A. Unless otherwise expressly provided, any payment of compensation by the Company to you, whether pursuant to this letter or otherwise, shall be made on or before March 15 of the calendar year following the calendar year in which your right to such payment vests (*i.e.*, is not subject to a "substantial risk of forfeiture" as defined by Section 409A). All payments of

“nonqualified deferred compensation” (within the meaning of Section 409A) by the Company to you are intended to comply with the requirements of Section 409A, and shall be interpreted consistent therewith. Neither the Company nor you, individually or in combination, may accelerate any such deferred payment, except in compliance with Section 409A, and no amount shall be paid prior to the earliest date on which it is permitted to be paid under Section 409A. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, no amendment may be made to this letter if it would cause this letter or any payment hereunder to not be in compliance with the requirements of Section 409A.

10. Code Section 208G. Should the Company reasonably determine that the payment of compensation by the Company to you, including but not limited to compensation payable under this Agreement and/or the Options, would result in your receiving an “excess parachute payment” within the meaning of Section 280G(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, the Company shall reduce the amount of any payment or payments otherwise payable to you, as determined by the Company in its sole discretion, which reduction shall be reasonably determined by the Company to be the smallest amount which will prevent you from receiving such an “excess parachute payment.”

11. Amendments. No amendment, modification or termination of any or all of the terms of this letter or any subsequent agreement or representation shall be valid and binding on the Company unless contained in writing signed by you and an authorized officer of the Company.

To accept this offer, please sign in the space below, indicating your acceptance and agreement to the terms contained herein.

Sincerely,

Eurelio Cavalier
Chairman of the Compensation Committee

Accepted by:

/s/ Sunil Bhonsle

Name: Sunil Bhonsle

AMENDMENT AGREEMENT

AMENDMENT AGREEMENT dated this 17th day of February, 2010 between Titan Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (the "Company") and Sunil Bhonsle ("Executive").

WHEREAS, the Company and Executive are parties to an employment agreement dated May 16, 2009 (the "Agreement"); and

WHEREAS, the compensation provision of the Agreement will expire by its terms on February 28, 2010 and the Company and Executive wish to amend the Agreement to provide for uninterrupted service by the Executive.

NOW, THEREFORE, for and in consideration of the premises and the mutual covenants hereinafter set forth, the parties hereto do hereby agree as follows. Capitalized terms not defined herein shall have the meanings set forth in the Agreement.

1. Effective Date. The effective date of this Amendment Agreement (the "Effective Date") is March 1, 2010.
2. Compensation. The first sentence of Section 2(a) of the Agreement shall be deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following:

"During the period commencing on the Effective Date through June 30, 2010 (the "Trigger Date"), you will be entitled to salary at the rate of \$300,000 per annum."
3. Stock Options. The following new Section 2(b)(ii) shall be added to the Agreement

"Notwithstanding the foregoing, one half of the Options automatically will become vested and exercisable immediately upon the sale or transfer of all or substantially all of the Company's rights in iloperidone. Furthermore, in the event that the Company declares a dividend or similar distribution following such sale or transfer, it shall retain for the benefit of the Executive an amount equal to the dividend amount per share multiplied by the number of unvested Options, such retained amount to be used first to offset the amount that would be due to the Company at the time of exercise of such unvested Options and the remainder, if any, to be distributed pro rata to the Executive only upon the actual vesting and proper notice of exercise (including payment of any remaining portion of the exercise price) by the Executive of the such unvested Options."
4. Code Section 280G. Section 10 of the Agreement is hereby deleted and replaced with the following:

"If it is determined that the payment of compensation by the Company to you, including but not limited to compensation payable under this Agreement and/or the Options, would result in your receiving an "excess parachute payment" within the meaning of Section 280G(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, then the parties agree to take such action as may be necessary to place you in the best after-tax position taking into account all income, employment and excise taxes, without regard to the deductibility of any payments by the Company. Thus, for

example, any amount deemed to constitute a “parachute payment” under Section 280G, shall be reduced to the extent necessary to avoid excise taxes that would otherwise be imposed if, and only if, such reduction would result in your retaining a larger total after-tax amount of compensation, taking into account all of your compensation, benefits, income, employment and excise taxes.”

5. Miscellaneous. Except as expressly amended by this Amendment Agreement, the Agreement remains in full force and effect.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Amendment Agreement to be duly executed as of the day and year first above written.

TITAN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

By: /s/ Eurelio Cavalier
Name: Eurelio Cavalier
Title: Chairman of the Compensation Committee

EXECUTIVE

/s/ Sunil Bhonsle
Name: Sunil Bhonsle



Titan Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

May 16, 2009

Marc Rubin, MD
[Address]

Dear Marc:

The Board of Directors (the "Board") of Titan Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (the "Company") is pleased to confirm the terms upon which you will resume employment with the Company in the role of Executive Chairman reporting directly to the Board. In this position, you will be responsible for interacting with members of the financial community and will work with the Company's President in identifying business opportunities, establishing corporate strategies. You will also serve as Chairman of all meetings of the Board.

1. Effective Date. The effective date of this Agreement will be May 17, 2009 (the "Effective Date").
2. Compensation.
 - (a) Salary. During the period commencing on the Effective Date through the earlier of (i) the commencement of Iloperidone royalty payments or (ii) Feb 28, 2010 (the "Trigger Date"), you will not receive any cash compensation, but will be entitled to reimbursement for all reasonable business expenses incurred in connection with your duties as Executive Chairman following your presentation to the Company of appropriate documentation. Following the Trigger Date, you may be entitled to such cash compensation as you and the Company may mutually agree.
 - (b) Stock Options. On the Effective Date, you will receive stock options to acquire 1,000,000 shares of the Company's Common Stock (the "Options"), which Options will be governed by the terms and conditions of the Company's 2002 Stock Option Plan, as amended (the "Plan"). Options to purchase 250,000 shares will vest on the Effective Date and the balance will vest in equal monthly installments over a four year period, subject to accelerated vesting as hereinafter provided under paragraph 1(b)(i) below. The exercise price of the Options will be determined per the Plan as of the grant date, which shall be the Effective Date.
 - (i) Notwithstanding the foregoing, all unvested Options automatically will become vested and exercisable immediately prior to the occurrence of a Change of Control. For the purposes of this letter, a "Change of Control" shall be deemed to occur (a) upon a sale or transfer of substantially all of the assets of the Company; (b) upon the acquisition by any person, entity or group of beneficial ownership of 50 percent or more of either the outstanding shares of common stock of the Company or the combined

voting power of the then outstanding voting securities of the Company entitled to vote generally in the election of directors; or (c) upon a merger or consolidation of the Company or any of its subsidiaries with any other corporation, which results in the stockholders of the Company prior thereto continuing to represent less than 50 percent of the combined voting power of the voting securities of the Company or the surviving entity after the merger; provided, however, that an event described in (a), (b) or (c) above shall not be treated as a Change of Control, unless such event is also a change in the ownership of the Company (within the meaning of Treasury Regulation Section 409A-3(i)(5)(v)), a change in the effective control of the Company (within the meaning of Treasury Regulation Section 409A-3(i)(5)(vi)), or a change in the ownership of a substantial portion of the Company's assets (within the meaning of Treasury Regulation Section 409A-3(i)(5)(vii)).

- (c) Health Benefits. Health insurance coverage for you and your family will be provided under the Company's group health plan. You will be eligible to participate in all health and medical benefits as are generally made available by the Company to other employees. In addition, you will be eligible to participate in the Company's 401(k) plan and all other sponsored employee benefit plans as they are adopted by the Company. Any benefits to which you are entitled shall be determined in accordance with the aforementioned plans and programs. The Company reserves the right to suspend, amend or terminate any employee benefit plan or program at any time.
 - (d) Vacation, Holidays. In recognition of the flexible schedule associated with your position as Executive Chairman, you acknowledge and agree that such position does not include a vacation benefit.
 - (e) Required Taxes and Withholdings. Even if not otherwise specified herein, the Company shall withhold from any payments made to you (whether under this letter or otherwise) all federal, state, local or other taxes and withholdings that it believes are required by law or governmental regulation or ruling.
3. "At-Will" Employment. You or the Company may terminate your employment with the Company at any time, for any or no reason, with or without notice.
4. Non-Compete and Outside Activities. You agree that, while serving as Executive Chairman of the Board of the Company, you will not engage in any activity that is competitive with the Company. Also, while serving as Executive Chairman pursuant to this Agreement, approval of the Company's Board of Directors shall be required prior to your acceptance of any employment, consulting or advisory relationship with any for-profit enterprise within the biotechnology/pharmaceutical industry and notice to the Company's Board shall be required with respect to your acceptance of any role as a biotechnology/pharmaceutical industry advisor to an investment bank, fund or private equity firm. It is understood that buying and selling of securities of any public company does not constitute a violation of this Agreement. The Company acknowledges that you currently serve on the boards of directors of Medarex, Inc., Surface Logix and The Rogosin Institute.

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5. Indemnification. The Company shall indemnify, and advance expenses to, you pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Indemnification Agreement to which you are a party.
 6. Company Policies, Company Property, Confidentiality and Inventions. You will comply with all of the Company's employment policies; you will keep confidential all non-public information you acquire during the course of your employment with the Company; and anything you create, develop or receive during the course of your employment with the Company, including without limitation any and all documents (whether in paper or electronic form) and equipment, shall be the exclusive property of the Company, which you agree to return to the Company immediately upon the termination of your employment with the Company, or earlier if requested by the Company. Additionally, you agree to adhere to and hereby reaffirm the terms of and your obligations under the previously executed Proprietary Information and Inventions Assignment, the terms of which are expressly incorporated herein, as if set forth in full.
 7. Choice of Law. The parties agree that this letter and all matters concerning your employment with the Company and/or the termination of such employment shall be governed and construed by and in accordance with the laws of the State of California, without reference to its principles of the conflicts of laws.
 8. Arbitration. Any controversy or claim arising between you and Company involving or relating to the construction or application of any terms, covenants or conditions of this letter, or any claims arising out of or relating to this letter or the breach thereof or with your employment with the Company or any termination of that employment, except with respect to prejudgment remedies, shall be settled exclusively by arbitration in San Francisco, California, pursuant to the then current Employment Arbitration Rules and Mediation Procedures of the American Arbitration Association ("AAA") (which can be found at <http://www.adr.org>), as well as any applicable sections of the California Code of Civil Procedure or the Federal Arbitration Act. To the extent this letter is in issue in the arbitration, the arbitrator's authority shall be strictly limited to applying and interpreting the terms and conditions of this letter. The arbitrator shall not have the authority to add to, subtract from or otherwise amend or modify the terms or conditions of this letter by implication or otherwise. The arbitral award shall be binding upon the parties. Judgment upon the award rendered by the arbitrator may be entered in any court having competent jurisdiction thereof. In connection with any arbitration under this paragraph, you represent and warrant that you and your representatives will take all reasonable steps to maintain the confidentiality of the arbitration award, including, without limitation, executing an appropriate confidentiality stipulation in a form acceptable to the Company and requesting the arbitrator or Court to place the arbitration award under seal. The arbitrator shall have authority to award any damages authorized by law, including an award of attorneys' fees and costs. The prevailing party shall be entitled to recover his/its reasonable costs and reasonable attorneys' fees to the extent permitted by applicable law; however, the Company shall pay for all costs unique to arbitration. This agreement to arbitrate shall not include (i) claims for unemployment or workers compensation insurance; (ii) to the extent required by applicable law, claims before governmental or administrative agencies (*e.g.*, the EEOC); or (iii) claims related to the National Labor Relations Act. This agreement to arbitrate shall apply to both you and Company.

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9. Code Section 409A. Unless otherwise expressly provided, any payment of compensation by the Company to you, whether pursuant to this letter or otherwise, shall be made on or before March 15 of the calendar year following the calendar year in which your right to such payment vests (*i.e.*, is not subject to a “substantial risk of forfeiture” as defined by Section 409A). All payments of “nonqualified deferred compensation” (within the meaning of Section 409A) by the Company to you are intended to comply with the requirements of Section 409A, and shall be interpreted consistent therewith. Neither the Company nor you, individually or in combination, may accelerate any such deferred payment, except in compliance with Section 409A, and no amount shall be paid prior to the earliest date on which it is permitted to be paid under Section 409A. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, no amendment may be made to this letter if it would cause this letter or any payment hereunder to not be in compliance with the requirements of Section 409A.
 10. Code Section 208G. Should the Company reasonably determine that the payment of compensation by the Company to the you, including but not limited to compensation payable under this Agreement and/or the Options, would result in your receiving an “excess parachute payment” within the meaning of Section 280G(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, the Company shall reduce the amount of any payment or payments otherwise payable to you, as determined by the Company in its sole discretion, which reduction shall be reasonably determined by the Company to be the smallest amount which will prevent you from receiving such an “excess parachute payment.”
 11. Amendments. No amendment, modification or termination of any or all of the terms of this letter or any subsequent agreement or representation shall be valid and binding on the Company unless contained in writing signed by you and an authorized officer of the Company.

To accept this offer, please sign in the space below, indicating your acceptance and agreement to the terms contained herein.

Sincerely,

Eurelio Cavalier
Chairman of the Compensation Committee

Accepted by:

/s/ Marc Rubin

Name: Marc Rubin, MD

AMENDMENT AGREEMENT

AMENDMENT AGREEMENT dated this 17th day of February, 2010 between Titan Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (the “Company”) and Marc Rubin (“Executive”).

WHEREAS, the Company and Executive are parties to an employment agreement dated May 16, 2009 (the “Agreement”); and

WHEREAS, the compensation provision of the Agreement will expire by its terms on February 28, 2010 and the Company and Executive wish to amend the Agreement to provide for uninterrupted service by the Executive.

NOW, THEREFORE, for and in consideration of the premises and the mutual covenants hereinafter set forth, the parties hereto do hereby agree as follows. Capitalized terms not defined herein shall have the meanings set forth in the Agreement.

1. Effective Date. The effective date of this Amendment Agreement (the “Effective Date”) is March 1, 2010.
2. Trigger Date. The term Trigger Date as used in the Agreement shall be changed to June 30, 2010.
3. Restricted Shares. In consideration of Executive’s agreement to extend the period during which he will not receive any cash compensation, on the Effective Date the Company shall issue to Executive 36,000 shares of restricted stock, which shares shall vest in four equal installments of 9,000 shares on the last day of each month between the Effective Date and the Trigger Date.
4. Stock Options. The following new Section 2(b)(ii) shall be added to the Agreement
“Notwithstanding the foregoing, one half of the Options automatically will become vested and exercisable immediately upon the sale or transfer of all or substantially all of the Company’s rights in iloperidone. Furthermore, in the event that the Company declares a dividend or similar distribution following such sale or transfer, it shall retain for the benefit of the Executive an amount equal to the dividend amount per share multiplied by the number of unvested Options, such retained amount to be used first to offset the amount that would be due to the Company at the time of exercise of such unvested Options and the remainder, if any, to be distributed pro rata to the Executive only upon the actual vesting and proper notice of exercise (including payment of any remaining portion of the exercise price) by the Executive of the such unvested Options.”
5. Code Section 280G. Section 10 of the Agreement is hereby deleted and replaced with the following:
“If it is determined that the payment of compensation by the Company to you, including but not limited to compensation payable under this Agreement and/or the Options, would result in your receiving an “excess parachute payment” within the meaning of Section 280G(b) of the Internal

Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, then the parties agree to take such action as may be necessary to place you in the best after-tax position taking into account all income, employment and excise taxes, without regard to the deductibility of any payments by the Company. Thus, for example, any amount deemed to constitute a “parachute payment” under Section 280G, shall be reduced to the extent necessary to avoid excise taxes that would otherwise be imposed if, and only if, such reduction would result in your retaining a larger total after-tax amount of compensation, taking into account all of your compensation, benefits, income, employment and excise taxes.”

6. Miscellaneous. Except as expressly amended by this Amendment Agreement, the Agreement remains in full force and effect.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Amendment Agreement to be duly executed as of the day and year first above written.

TITAN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

By: /s/ Eurelio Cavalier
Name: Eurelio Cavalier
Title: Chairman of the Compensation Committee
EXECUTIVE

/s/ Marc Rubin
Name: Marc Rubin

STOCK PURCHASE AGREEMENT

This Stock Purchase Agreement (this "Agreement") is dated December 8, 2009 between Titan Pharmaceuticals, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), and each of the signatories hereto (collectively, the "Investors").

WHEREAS, the Company desires to issue and sell to the Investors, and the Investors desire to purchase from the Company, an aggregate of 300,000 shares (the "Shares") of the Company's common stock, \$.001 par value (the "Common Stock") on the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in this Agreement.

NOW, THEREFORE, IN CONSIDERATION of the mutual covenants contained in this Agreement, and for other good and valuable consideration the receipt and adequacy of which are hereby acknowledged, the Company and the Investors agree as follows:

1. **Purchase and Sale of Shares.** At the Closing (as defined in Section 2), the Company shall sell to the Investors and the Investors shall purchase from the Company the number of Shares indicated on the signature page of this agreement for a purchase price of \$1.70 per share or an aggregate purchase price of \$510,000 (the "Purchase Price"). The Investors shall deliver to the Company via wire transfer immediately available funds equal to the Purchase Price and the Company shall deliver to the Investors the Shares.

2. **Closing.** The closing of the purchase and sale of the Shares (the "Closing") shall take place at the offices of Loeb and Loeb LLP, 345 Park Avenue, New York, New York, 10154, or such other place to be specified by the Company and the Investors, on such date and at such time (the "Closing Date") as the Company and the Investors shall agree in writing, but in no event later than three Business Days following the date of this Agreement. For purposes of this Agreement, (i) "Business Day" shall mean a day, other than a Saturday or Sunday, on which banks in New York City are open for the general transaction of business, and (ii) "Trading Day" shall mean a day on which the Common Stock is quoted in the over-the-counter market as reported in the "pink sheets" by Pink Sheets LLC (or any similar organization or agency succeeding to its functions of reporting prices); *provided*, that in the event that the Common Stock is not so quoted, then Trading Day shall mean a Business Day.

3. Representations, Warranties and Covenants of the Company. Except as otherwise described in the Company's disclosure schedules delivered to the Investors in connection with the transactions contemplated hereby (the "Disclosure Schedules") or in the Company's definitive proxy statement on Form 14A, filed May, 2, 2008, the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K/A for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007, the Company's Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q for each of the quarterly periods ended March 31, 2008, June 30, 2008 and September 30, 2008, respectively, and the Company's Current Reports on Form 8-K filed during the period from January 1, 2008 to December 5, 2008, each case as filed by the Company with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission"), (the foregoing materials, including the exhibits thereto and documents incorporated by reference therein, being collectively referred to herein as the "SEC Documents"), and in the Company's press releases dated December 15, 2008, May 6, 2009, May 20, 2009, October 1, 2009, October 12, 2009 and November 30, 2009 (the "Releases") and, together with the Disclosure Schedules and the SEC Documents, the "Company Information"), which qualify the following representations and warranties in their entirety, the Company hereby represents and warrants to, and covenants with, the Investors, as of the date of this Agreement and as of the Closing Date (except for the representations and warranties that speak as of a specific date, which shall be made as of such date) as follows:

3.1 Subsidiaries; Organization. The Company has no direct or indirect Subsidiaries other than those listed in Section 3.1 of the Disclosure Schedules. Except as disclosed in Section 3.1 of the Disclosure Schedules, the Company owns, directly or indirectly, all of the capital stock or comparable equity interests of each Subsidiary free and clear of any and all Liens, and all the issued and outstanding shares of capital stock or comparable equity interest of each Subsidiary are validly issued and are fully paid, non-assessable and free of preemptive and similar rights to subscribe for or purchase securities. The Company and each of its Subsidiaries is an entity duly incorporated or otherwise organized, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the jurisdiction of its incorporation or organization (as applicable), with the requisite corporate power and authority to own or lease and use its properties and assets and to carry on its business as currently conducted. Neither the Company nor any Subsidiary is in violation of any of the provisions of its respective certificate or articles of incorporation, bylaws or other organizational or charter documents. The Company and each of its Subsidiaries is duly qualified to conduct business and is in good standing as a foreign corporation or other entity in each jurisdiction in which the nature of the business conducted or property owned by it makes such qualification necessary, except where the failure to be so qualified or in good standing, as the case may be, would not have a Material Adverse Effect, and no Proceeding has been instituted, is pending, or, to the Company's knowledge, has been threatened in writing in any such jurisdiction revoking, limiting or curtailing or seeking to revoke, limit or curtail such power and authority or qualification. For purposes of this Agreement, (i) "Subsidiary" shall mean any entity in which the Company, directly or indirectly, owns capital stock or holds an equity or similar interest, (ii) "Lien" shall mean any lien, charge, claim, encumbrance, security interest, right of first refusal, preemptive right or other restrictions of any kind, (iii) "Material Adverse Effect" shall mean any of (a) a material and adverse effect on the legality, validity or enforceability of this Agreement, the schedules and exhibits attached hereto, and any other documents or agreements executed in connection with the transactions contemplated hereunder, (b) a material and adverse effect on the results of operations, assets, prospects, business or financial condition of the Company and the Subsidiaries, taken as a whole, or (c) any adverse impairment to the Company's ability to perform in any material respect on a timely basis its obligations under this Agreement, and (iv) "Proceeding" shall mean an action, claim, suit, investigation or proceeding (including, without limitation, an investigation or partial Proceeding, such as a deposition), whether commenced or threatened.

3.2 Due Authorization. The Company has all requisite power and authority to execute, deliver and perform its obligations under this Agreement and that certain registration rights agreement of even date herewith (the "Registration Rights Agreement") and, together with this Agreement, the "Transaction Agreements") and each of the Transaction Agreements has been duly authorized and validly executed and delivered by the Company and, assuming the due authorization, execution and delivery by the Investors, constitutes a legal, valid and binding agreement of the Company enforceable against the Company in accordance with its terms, except as rights to indemnity and contribution may be limited by state or federal securities laws or the public policy underlying such laws, except as enforceability may be limited by applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium or similar laws affecting creditors' and contracting parties' rights generally and except as enforceability may be subject to general principles of equity (regardless of whether such enforceability is considered in a Proceeding in equity or at law).

3.3 Issuance of the Shares. The Shares are duly authorized and, when issued and paid for in accordance with this Agreement, will be duly and validly issued, fully paid and nonassessable, free and clear of all Liens and shall not be subject to preemptive or similar rights.

3.4 Non-Contravention. The execution and delivery of the Transaction Agreements, the issuance and sale of the Shares by the Company under this Agreement and the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby will not (A) conflict with or constitute a violation of, or default (with the passage of time or otherwise) under, (i) any bond, debenture, note or other evidence of indebtedness, or any material lease, contract, indenture, mortgage, deed of trust, loan agreement, joint venture or other agreement or instrument to which the Company or any Subsidiary is a party or by which the Company, any Subsidiary or any of their property is bound, where such conflict, violation or default is likely to result in a Material Adverse Effect, (ii) the charter, by-laws or other organizational documents of the Company or any Subsidiary, or (iii) any law, administrative regulation, ordinance or order of any court or governmental agency, arbitration panel or authority binding upon the Company or any Subsidiary or any of their property, where such conflict, violation or default is likely to result in a Material Adverse Effect, or (B) result in the creation or imposition of any Lien upon any of the material properties or assets of the Company or any Subsidiary or an acceleration of indebtedness pursuant to any obligation, agreement or condition contained in any bond, debenture, note or any other evidence of indebtedness or any indenture, mortgage, deed of trust or any other agreement or instrument to which the Company or any Subsidiary is a party or by which the Company or any Subsidiary is bound or to which any of the property or assets of the Company or any Subsidiary is subject. No consent, approval, authorization or other order of, or registration, qualification or filing with, any regulatory body, administrative agency, or other governmental body in the United States is required for the execution, delivery and performance of this Agreement, the valid issuance and sale of the Shares, other than such as have been made or obtained.

3.5 Capitalization. The Company has authorized 125,000,000 shares of Common Stock and 5,000,000 shares of preferred stock, \$.001 par value (the "Preferred Stock"). As of the date of this Agreement, there were 58,967,742 shares of Common Stock and no shares of Preferred Stock outstanding and there were options and warrants outstanding to purchase an aggregate of 13,347,320 additional shares of Common Stock. The outstanding shares of capital stock of the Company have been duly and validly issued and are fully paid and nonassessable, have been issued in compliance with all federal and state securities laws, and were not issued in violation of any preemptive rights or similar rights to subscribe for or purchase securities. There are no stockholders agreements, voting agreements or other similar agreements with respect to the Common Stock to which the Company is a party. Except as specified in Section 3.5 of the Disclosure Schedules: (i) no shares of the Company's outstanding capital stock are subject to preemptive rights or any other similar rights; (ii) there are no outstanding options, warrants, scrip, rights to subscribe to, calls or commitments of any character whatsoever relating to, or securities or rights convertible into, or exercisable or exchangeable for, any shares of capital stock of the Company, or contracts, commitments, understandings or arrangements by which the Company is or may become bound to issue additional shares of capital stock of the Company or options, warrants, scrip, rights to subscribe to, calls or commitments of any character whatsoever relating to, or securities or rights convertible into, or exercisable or exchangeable for, any shares of capital stock of the Company; (iii) there are no material outstanding debt securities, notes, credit agreements, credit facilities or other agreements, documents or instruments evidencing indebtedness of the Company or by which the Company is or may become bound; (iv) to the Company's knowledge, there are no financing statements securing obligations in any material amounts, either singly or in the aggregate, filed in connection with the Company; (v) there are no agreements or arrangements under which the Company is obligated to register the sale of any of their securities under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"); (vi) there are no outstanding securities or instruments of the Company or which contain any redemption or similar provisions, and there are no contracts, commitments, understandings or arrangements by which the Company is or may become bound to redeem a security of the Company; (vii) there are no securities or instruments containing anti-dilution or similar provisions that will be triggered by the issuance of the Shares; (viii) the Company does not have any stock appreciation rights or "phantom stock" plans or agreements or any similar plan or agreement; and (ix) the Company has no liabilities or obligations required to be disclosed in the Financial Statements but not so disclosed in the Financial Statements, other than those incurred in the ordinary course of the Company's businesses and which, individually or in the aggregate, do not or would not have a Material Adverse Effect.

3.6 **Legal Proceedings.** There is no legal or governmental Proceeding pending to which the Company or any Subsidiary is a party or of which the business or property of the Company or any Subsidiary is subject.

3.7 **No Violations.** None of the Company or any Subsidiary is in violation of its charter, bylaws or other organizational document, or in violation of any law, rule, regulation, ordinance, judgment, injunction, decree or order of any court or governmental agency, arbitration panel or authority applicable to it, which violation, individually or in the aggregate, would be reasonably likely to have a Material Adverse Effect, or is in default (and there exists no condition which, with the passage of time or otherwise, would constitute a default) in the performance of any bond, debenture, note or any other evidence of indebtedness in any indenture, mortgage, deed of trust or any other material agreement or instrument to which the Company or any Subsidiary is a party or by which the Company or any Subsidiary is bound or by which the property of the Company or any Subsidiary is bound, which would be reasonably likely to have a Material Adverse Effect.

3.8 **Governmental Permits, Etc.** Each of the Company and the Subsidiaries has all necessary franchises, licenses, certificates and other authorizations from any foreign, federal, state or local government or governmental agency, department or body that are currently necessary for the operation of its business as currently conducted ("Material Permits"), except where the failure to currently possess any such franchise, license, certificate or other authorization could not reasonably be expected to have, individually or in the aggregate, a Material Adverse Effect. Neither the Company nor any of its Subsidiaries has received any notice of Proceedings relating to the revocation or modification of any such Material Permits, and the Company is unaware of any facts or circumstances that would reasonably expect to give rise to the revocation or modification of any Material Permits.

3.9 Intellectual Property. The Company and its Subsidiaries own, possess, license or have other rights to use all foreign and domestic patents, patent applications, trade and service marks, trade and service mark registrations, trade names, copyrights, licenses, inventions, trade secrets, technology, Internet domain names, know-how and other intellectual property (collectively, the "Intellectual Property") necessary for the conduct of their respective businesses as now conducted or as proposed to be conducted. Except where such violations or infringements would not have, either individually or in the aggregate, a Material Adverse Effect, (a) there are no rights of third parties to any such Intellectual Property; (b) to the Company's knowledge, there is no infringement by third parties of any such Intellectual Property; (c) there is no pending or, to the Company's knowledge, threatened action, suit, Proceeding or claim by others challenging the Company's and its Subsidiaries' rights in or to any such Intellectual Property, and the Company is unaware of any facts which would form a reasonable basis for any such claim; (d) there is no pending or, to the Company's knowledge, threatened action, suit, Proceeding or claim by others challenging the validity or scope of any such Intellectual Property; and (e) there is no pending or, to the Company's knowledge, threatened action, suit, Proceeding or claim by others that the Company and/or any Subsidiary infringes or otherwise violates any patent, trademark, copyright, trade secret or other proprietary rights of others, and the Company is unaware of any other fact which would form a reasonable basis for any such claim.

3.10 Financial Statements; SEC Documents. The financial statements of the Company and the related notes contained in the Company's SEC Documents, in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006 and the financial statements and the related notes for the year ended December 31, 2008 (the "2008 Financials") previously delivered to the Investor (collectively, the "Financial Statements") present fairly, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, the financial position of the Company as of the dates indicated, and the results of its operations and cash flows for the periods therein specified, subject, in the case of unaudited financial statements for interim periods, to normal year-end audit adjustments. The Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles applied on a consistent basis throughout the periods therein specified, except that unaudited financial statements may not contain all footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles. Prior to December 16, 2008, the Company filed all reports, schedules, forms, statements and other documents required to be filed by it under the Exchange Act, including pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) thereof, for the three years preceding such date on a timely basis or received a valid extension of such time of filing and filed any such reports prior to the expiration of any such extension. As of their respective filing dates, or to the extent corrected by a subsequent restatement, the SEC Documents complied in all material respects with the requirements of the Securities Act and the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), and the rules and regulations of the Commission promulgated thereunder, and none of the SEC Documents, when filed, contained any untrue statement of a material fact or omitted to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary in order to make the statements therein, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading. Except as specified in Section 3.10 of the Disclosure Schedules, all material agreements to which the Company or any Subsidiary is a party or to which the property or assets of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries are subject are included as part of or specifically identified in the SEC Documents or the Press Releases. The Financial Statements included in any of the SEC Documents or in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006 comply in all material respects with applicable accounting requirements and the rules and regulations of the Commission with respect thereto as in effect at the time of filing (or to the extent corrected by a subsequent restatement).

3.11 Foreign Corrupt Practices. Neither the Company nor, to the knowledge of the Company, any agent or other person acting on behalf of the Company, have (i) directly or indirectly, used any corporate funds for unlawful contributions, gifts, entertainment or other unlawful expenses related to foreign or domestic political activity, (ii) made any unlawful payment to foreign or domestic government officials or employees or to foreign or domestic political parties or campaigns from corporate funds, (iii) failed to disclose fully any contribution made by the Company or made by any person acting on its behalf and of which the Company is aware in violation of law or (iv) violated in any material respect any provision of the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act of 1977, as amended.

3.12 No Manipulation of Stock. The Company has not taken and will not, in violation of applicable laws, rules or regulations take, any action outside the ordinary course of business designed to or that might reasonably be expected to cause or result in unlawful manipulation of the price of the Common Stock to facilitate the sale or resale of the Shares.

3.13 Transfer Taxes. On the Closing Date, all stock transfer or other taxes (other than income taxes) which are required to be paid in connection with the sale and transfer of the Shares to be sold to the Investors hereunder will be, or will have been, fully paid or provided for by the Company and all laws imposing such taxes will be or will have been fully complied with.

3.14 Legal Opinion. The Company shall cause to be delivered to the Investors by counsel to the Company a legal opinion substantially in the form attached hereto as Exhibit B.

3.15 Exemption from Registration; No Registration Rights. Assuming the accuracy of the representations and warranties of the Investors in Section 4 of this Agreement, no registration under the Securities Act is required for the offer and sale of the Shares by the Company to the Investors. The Company has not engaged in any form of general solicitation or general advertising (as those terms are used in Regulation D under the Securities Act) in connection with the offering of the Shares or in any manner involving a public offering within the meaning of Section 4(2) of the Securities Act. None of the Company, its Subsidiaries nor, to the Company's knowledge, any of its Affiliates or any Person acting on its behalf has, directly or indirectly, at any time within the past six months, made any offers or sales of any Company security or solicited any offers to buy any security under circumstances that would (i) eliminate the availability of the exemption from registration under Regulation D under the Securities Act in connection with the offer and sale by the Company of the Shares as contemplated hereby or (ii) cause the offering of the Shares pursuant to the Agreement to be integrated with prior offerings by the Company for purposes of any applicable laws, rules or regulation or stockholder approval provisions. The Company shall comply with all applicable laws, including the Securities Act, and any applicable state securities laws in connection with the offer and sale of the Shares. From and after the date of this Agreement, the Company shall not, and shall use its commercially reasonable efforts to ensure that no Affiliate of the Company shall, sell, offer for sale or solicit offers to buy or otherwise negotiate in respect of any security (as defined in Section 2 of the Securities Act) that will be integrated with the offer or sale of the Shares in a manner that would require the registration under the Securities Act of the sale of the Shares to the Investor, or that will be integrated with the offer or sale of the Shares. Except as specified in Section 3.15 of the Disclosure Schedules, no Person has any right to cause the Company to effect the registration under the Securities Act of any securities of the Company. For purposes of this Agreement, (i) "Affiliate" shall mean, with respect to any Person, any other Person that, directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, controls, is controlled by or is under common control with such Person, as such terms are used in and construed under Rule 144 under the Securities Act (with respect to the Investor, any investment fund or managed account that is managed on a discretionary basis by the same investment manager as the Investor will be deemed to be an Affiliate of the Investor), and (ii) "Person" shall mean an individual, corporation, partnership, limited liability company, trust, business trust, association, joint stock company, joint venture, sole proprietorship, unincorporated organization, governmental authority or any other form of entity not specifically listed herein.

3.16 **Accountants.** Odenberg, Ullakko, Muranishi & Co. LLP, which has expressed its opinion with respect to the financial statements set forth in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K/A for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007, as well as the 2008 Financials, are independent accountants as required by the Securities Act and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

3.17 **Taxes.** The Company and each of its Subsidiaries (i) has accurately and timely prepared and filed all foreign, federal and state income and all other tax returns, reports and declarations required by any jurisdiction to which it is subject, (ii) has paid all taxes and other governmental assessments and charges that are material in amount, shown or determined to be due on such returns, reports and declarations, except those being contested in good faith, with respect to which adequate reserves have been set aside on the books of the Company, and (iii) has set aside on its books provisions reasonably adequate for the payment of all taxes for periods subsequent to the periods to which such returns, reports or declarations apply, except, in the case of clauses (i) and (ii) above, where the failure to so pay or file any such tax, assessment, charge or return would not have a Material Adverse Effect. There are no unpaid taxes in any material amount claimed to be due by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries by the taxing authority of any jurisdiction.

3.18 **Investment Company.** None of the Company or any Subsidiary is an "investment company" or an "affiliated person" of, or "promoter" or "principal underwriter" for an investment company, within the meaning of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended.

3.19 **No Trigger of Antidilution Provisions.** None of the execution, delivery or performance of this Agreement by the Company will trigger any antidilution adjustment with respect to the exercise or conversion price of any securities of the Company outstanding as of the date hereof.

3.20 Material Changes. Since December 31, 2007, except as set forth in the Company Information or as specifically disclosed in Section 3.20 of the Disclosure Schedules, (i) there have been no events, occurrences or developments that have had or would reasonably be expected to have, either individually or in the aggregate, a Material Adverse Effect, (ii) the Company has not incurred any material liabilities (contingent or otherwise) other than (A) trade payables, accrued expenses and other liabilities incurred in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice and (B) liabilities not required to be reflected in the Company's financial statements pursuant to GAAP or required to be disclosed in filings made with the Commission, (iii) the Company has not altered materially its method of accounting or the manner in which it keeps its accounting books and records, (iv) the Company has not declared or made any dividend or distribution of cash or other property to its stockholders or purchased, redeemed or made any agreements to purchase or redeem any shares of its capital stock (other than in connection with repurchases of unvested stock issued to employees of the Company), (v) the Company has not issued any equity securities to any officer, director or Affiliate, except Common Stock issued in the ordinary course as dividends on outstanding preferred stock or issued pursuant to existing Company stock option or stock purchase plans or executive and director corporate arrangements disclosed in the SEC Documents and Press Releases and (vi) there has not been any material change or amendment to, or any waiver of any material right by the Company under, any material contract under which the Company or any of its Subsidiaries is bound or subject. Except for the transactions contemplated by this Agreement, no event, liability or development has occurred or exists with respect to the Company or its Subsidiaries or their respective business, properties, operations or financial condition that would be required to be disclosed under applicable securities laws at the time this representation is made that has not been publicly disclosed at least one Trading Day prior to the date that this representation is made. For purposes of this Agreement, "GAAP" shall mean U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, applied on a consistent basis.

3.21 Environmental Matters. To the Company's knowledge, neither the Company nor any of its Subsidiaries (i) is in violation of any statute, rule, regulation, decision or order of any governmental agency or body or any court, domestic or foreign, relating to the use, disposal or release of hazardous or toxic substances or relating to the protection or restoration of the environment or human exposure to hazardous or toxic substances (collectively, "Environmental Laws"), (ii) owns or operates any real property contaminated with any substance that is in violation of any Environmental Laws, (iii) is liable for any off-site disposal or contamination pursuant to any Environmental Laws, or (iv) is subject to any claim relating to any Environmental Laws; which violation, contamination, liability or claim has had or would have, individually or in the aggregate, a Material Adverse Effect; and there is no pending investigation or, to the Company's knowledge, investigation threatened in writing that might lead to such a claim.

3.22 Employment Matters. No material labor dispute exists or, to the Company's knowledge, is imminent with respect to any of the employees of the Company that would have a Material Adverse Effect. No executive officer of the Company (as defined in Rule 501(f) of the Securities Act) has notified the Company or any such Subsidiary that such officer intends to leave the Company or any such Subsidiary or otherwise terminate such officer's employment with the Company or any such Subsidiary. To the Company's knowledge, no executive officer is in violation of any term of any employment contract, confidentiality, disclosure or proprietary information agreement or non-competition agreement, or any other contract or agreement or any restrictive covenant which would have a Material Adverse Effect, and the continued employment of each such executive officer does not subject the Company or any Subsidiary to any liability with respect to any of the foregoing matters.

3.23 Title to Assets; Insurance. The Company and its Subsidiaries have good and marketable title in fee simple to all real property. The Company and its Subsidiaries have good and marketable title to all tangible personal property owned by them which is material to the business of the Company and its Subsidiaries, taken as whole, in each case free and clear of all Liens except such as do not materially affect the value of such property and do not interfere with the use made and proposed to be made of such property by the Company and any of its Subsidiaries. Any real property and facilities held under lease by the Company and any of its Subsidiaries are held by them under valid, subsisting and enforceable leases with such exceptions as are not material and do not interfere with the use made and proposed to be made of such property and buildings by the Company and its Subsidiaries. The Company and each of the Subsidiaries are insured by insurers of recognized financial responsibility against such losses and risks and in such amounts as the Company believes to be prudent and customary in the businesses and locations in which the Company and the Subsidiaries are engaged. Neither the Company nor any of its Subsidiaries has received any notice of cancellation of any such insurance, nor, to the Company's knowledge, will it or any Subsidiary be unable to renew their respective existing insurance coverage as and when such coverage expires or to obtain similar coverage from similar insurers as may be necessary to continue its business without a significant increase in cost.

3.24 Transactions With Affiliates and Employees; Accounting and Disclosure Controls. None of the officers or directors of the Company and, to the Company's knowledge, none of the employees of the Company, is presently a party to any transaction with the Company or to a presently contemplated transaction (other than for services as employees, officers and directors) that would be required to be disclosed pursuant to Item 404 of Regulation S-K promulgated under the Securities Act if such regulation were applicable to the Company. The Company and each of its Subsidiaries maintains a system of internal accounting controls sufficient to provide reasonable assurance that (i) transactions are executed in accordance with management's general or specific authorizations, (ii) transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP and to maintain asset and liability accountability, (iii) access to assets or incurrence of liabilities is permitted only in accordance with management's general or specific authorization, and (iv) the recorded accountability for assets and liabilities is compared with the existing assets and liabilities at reasonable intervals and appropriate action is taken with respect to any differences.

3.25 Certain Fees. No person or entity will have, as a result of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement, any valid right, interest or claim against or upon the Company or the Investors for any commission, fee or other compensation pursuant to any agreement, arrangement or understanding entered into by or on behalf of the Company. The Company shall indemnify, pay, and hold the Investors harmless against, any liability, loss or expense (including, without limitation, attorneys' fees and out-of-pocket expenses) arising in connection with any such right, interest or claim.

3.26 Application of Takeover Protections; Rights Agreements. The Company and its board of directors have taken all necessary action, if any, in order to render inapplicable any control share acquisition, business combination, poison pill (including any distribution under a rights agreement) or other similar anti-takeover provision under the Company's charter documents or the laws of its state of incorporation that is or could reasonably be expected to become applicable to the Investors as a result of the Investors and the Company fulfilling their obligations or exercising their rights under this Agreement including, without limitation, the Company's issuance of the Shares and the Investors' ownership of the Shares. The Company has not adopted a stockholder rights plan or similar arrangement relating to accumulations of beneficial ownership of Common Stock or a change in control of the Company.

3.27 Disclosure. The Company confirms that neither it nor any of its officers or directors nor any other Person acting on its or their behalf has provided the Investors or their agents or counsel with any information that it believes constitutes or could reasonably be expected to constitute material, non-public information except insofar as the existence, provisions and terms of this Agreement and the proposed transactions hereunder may constitute such information, all of which will be disclosed by the Company in the Press Release as contemplated by Section 3.31 hereof. The Company understands and confirms that the Investors will rely on the foregoing representations in effecting transactions in securities of the Company. No event or circumstance has occurred or information exists with respect to the Company or any of its Subsidiaries or its or their business, properties, operations or financial conditions, which, under applicable law, rule or regulation, requires public disclosure or announcement by the Company but which has not been so publicly announced or disclosed, except for the announcement of this Agreement and related transactions.

3.28 Acknowledgment Regarding Investors. The Company acknowledges and agrees that each Investor is acting solely in the capacity of an arm's length Investor with respect to this Agreement and the transactions contemplated hereby. The Company further acknowledges that none of the Investors is not acting as a financial advisor or fiduciary of the Company (or in any similar capacity) with respect to this Agreement and the transactions contemplated hereby and any advice given by an Investor or any of its representatives or agents in connection with this Agreement and the transactions contemplated hereby is merely incidental to the Investor's purchase of the Shares. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, it is understood and acknowledged by the Company (i) that the Investors have not been asked to agree, nor have the Investors agreed, to desist from purchasing or selling, long and/or short, securities of the Company, or "derivative" securities based on securities issued by the Company or to hold the Shares for any specified term; (ii) that past or future open market or other transactions by the Investors, including "short sales", and specifically including, without limitation, "short sales" or "derivative" transactions, may negatively impact the market price of the Company's publicly-traded securities; (iii) that the Investors, and counter-parties in "derivative" transactions to which the Investors are parties, directly or indirectly, presently may have a "short" position in the Common Stock, and (iv) that the Investors shall not be deemed to have any affiliation with or control over any arm's length counter-party in any "derivative" transaction. The Company further understands and acknowledges that (a) the Investors may engage in hedging activities at various times during the period that the Shares are outstanding and (b) such hedging activities (if any) could reduce the value of the existing stockholders' equity interests in the Company at and after the time that the hedging activities are being conducted. The Company acknowledges that such aforementioned hedging activities do not constitute a breach of this Agreement.

3.29 **PFIC.** Neither the Company nor any Subsidiary is or intends to become a “passive foreign investment company” within the meaning of Section 1297 of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

3.30 **Form D and Blue Sky.** The Company agrees to timely file a Form D with respect to the Shares if required under Regulation D of the Securities Act. The Company, on or before the Closing Date, shall take such action as the Company shall reasonably determine is necessary in order to obtain an exemption for or to qualify the Shares for sale to the Investors at the Closing pursuant to this Agreement under applicable securities or “Blue Sky” laws of the states of the United States (or to obtain an exemption from such qualification). The Company shall make all filings and reports relating to the offer and sale of the Shares required under applicable securities or “Blue Sky” laws of the states of the United States following the Closing Date.

3.31 **Use of Proceeds.** The Company intends to use the net proceeds from the sale of the Shares hereunder for working capital and general corporate purposes and, except as set forth in Section 3.32 of the Disclosure Schedules, not for the satisfaction of any portion of the Company’s debt (other than payment of trade payables and accrued expenses in the ordinary course of the Company’s business and consistent with prior practices), or to redeem any Common Stock or Common Stock equivalents or to settle any outstanding legal action.

3.32 **Form 10; Registration Rights.** On or before January 15, 2010, the Company shall file a registration statement on Form 10 with the SEC and use its commercially reasonable efforts to effect the re-registration of the Common Stock under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 on or prior to April 15, 2010. Following the Closing, if, at any time, the Company is not required to file periodic reports with the Commission under the Exchange Act, it will prepare and furnish to the Investor such information, and in the time periods required, as would be required if the Investor were to sell the Shares under Rule 144 of the Exchange Act. The Investors shall be entitled to have the Shares registered for resale under the Securities Act pursuant to the terms of the Registration Rights Agreement.

4. Representations, Warranties and Covenants of the Investors. Each Investor hereby, for itself and for no other Investor, represents and warrants as of the date hereof and as of the Closing Date to the Company as follows:

4.1 **Organization; Authority.** Such Investor is an entity duly organized, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the jurisdiction of its organization with the requisite corporate or partnership power and authority to enter into and to consummate the transactions contemplated by the Transaction Agreements and otherwise to carry out its obligations hereunder and thereunder. The execution, delivery and performance by such Investor of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement have been duly authorized by all necessary corporate or, if such Investor is not a corporation, such partnership, limited liability company or other applicable like action, on the part of such Investor. Each of the Transaction Agreements has been duly executed by such Investor, and when delivered by such Investor in accordance with the terms hereof, will constitute the valid and legally binding obligation of such Investor, enforceable against it in accordance with its terms, except as such enforceability may be limited by applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium, liquidation or similar laws relating to, or affecting generally the enforcement of, creditors’ rights and remedies or by other equitable principles of general application.

4.2 No Conflicts. The execution, delivery and performance by such Investor of the Transaction Agreements and the consummation by such Investor of the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby will not (i) result in a violation of the organizational documents of such Investor, (ii) conflict with, or constitute a default (or an event which with notice or lapse of time or both would become a default) under, or give to others any rights of termination, amendment, acceleration or cancellation of, any agreement, indenture or instrument to which such Investor is a party, or (iii) result in a violation of any law, rule, regulation, order, judgment or decree (including federal and state securities laws) applicable to such Investor, except in the case of clauses (ii) and (iii) above, for such conflicts, defaults, rights or violations which would not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on the ability of such Investor to perform its obligations hereunder.

4.3 Investment Intent. Such Investor understands that the Shares are “restricted securities” and have not been registered under the Securities Act or any applicable state securities law and is acquiring the Shares for its own account and not with a view to, or for distributing or reselling the Shares or any part thereof in violation of the Securities Act or any applicable state securities laws, *provided, however,* that by making the representations herein, such Investor does not agree to hold any of the Shares for any minimum period of time and reserves the right, subject to the provisions of the Transaction Agreements, at all times to sell or otherwise dispose of all or any part of such Shares pursuant to an effective registration statement under the Securities Act or under an exemption from such registration and in compliance with applicable federal and state securities laws. Such Investor is acquiring the Shares hereunder in the ordinary course of its business.

4.4 Investor Status. At the time such Investor was offered the Shares, it was, and at the date hereof it is, an “accredited investor” as defined in Rule 501(a) under the Securities Act.

4.5 General Solicitation. Such Investor is not purchasing the Shares as a result of any advertisement, article, notice or other communication regarding the Shares published in any newspaper, magazine or similar media or broadcast over television or radio or presented at any seminar or any other general advertisement.

4.6 Experience of Such Investor. Such Investor, either alone or together with its representatives, has such knowledge, sophistication and experience in business and financial matters so as to be capable of evaluating the merits and risks of the prospective investment in the Shares, and has so evaluated the merits and risks of such investment. Such Investor is able to bear the economic risk of an investment in the Shares and, at the present time, is able to afford a complete loss of such investment.

4.7 Access to Information. Such Investor acknowledges that it has had the opportunity to review the Company Information and has been afforded (i) the opportunity to ask such questions as it has deemed necessary of, and to receive answers from, representatives of the Company concerning the terms and conditions of the offering of the Shares and the merits and risks of investing in the Shares; (ii) access to information about the Company and the Subsidiaries and their respective financial condition, results of operations, business, properties, management and prospects sufficient to enable it to evaluate its investment; and (iii) the opportunity to obtain such additional information that the Company possesses or can acquire without unreasonable effort or expense that is necessary to make an informed investment decision with respect to the investment. Neither such inquiries nor any other investigation conducted by or on behalf of such Investor or its representatives or counsel shall modify, amend or affect such Investor's right to rely on the truth, accuracy and completeness of the Company Information and the Company's representations and warranties contained in the Transaction Agreements. Such Investor has sought such accounting, legal and tax advice as it has considered necessary to make an informed decision with respect to its acquisition of the Shares.

4.8 Certain Trading Activities. Other than with respect to the transactions contemplated herein, since the earlier to occur of (1) the time that such Investor was first contacted by the Company or any other Person regarding the transactions contemplated hereby and (2) the tenth (10th) day prior to the date of this Agreement, neither the Investor nor any Affiliate of such Investor which (x) had knowledge of the transactions contemplated hereby, (y) has or shares discretion relating to such Investor's investments or trading or information concerning such Investor's investments, including in respect of the Shares, and (z) is subject to such Investor's review or input concerning such Affiliate's investments or trading (collectively, "Trading Affiliates") has directly or indirectly, nor has any Person acting on behalf of or pursuant to any understanding with such Investor or Trading Affiliate, effected or agreed to effect any purchases or sales of the securities of the Company (including, without limitation, any Short Sales involving the Company's securities). Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the case of a Investor and/or Trading Affiliate that is, individually or collectively, a multi-managed investment bank or vehicle whereby separate portfolio managers manage separate portions of such Investor's or Trading Affiliate's assets and the portfolio managers have no direct knowledge of the investment decisions made by the portfolio managers managing other portions of such Investor's or Trading Affiliate's assets, the representation set forth above shall apply only with respect to the portion of assets managed by the portfolio manager that have knowledge about the financing transaction contemplated by this Agreement. Other than to other Persons party to this Agreement, such Investor has maintained the confidentiality of all disclosures made to it in connection with this transaction (including the existence and terms of this transaction).

4.9 Brokers and Finders. No Person will have, as a result of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement, any valid right, interest or claim against or upon the Company or any Investor for any commission, fee or other compensation pursuant to any agreement, arrangement or understanding entered into by or on behalf of the Investor.

4.10 Independent Investment Decision. Such Investor has independently evaluated the merits of its decision to purchase Shares pursuant to this Agreement, and such Investor confirms that it has not relied on the advice of any other Investor's business and/or legal counsel in making such decision. Such Investor understands that nothing in this Agreement or any other materials presented by or on behalf of the Company to the Investor in connection with the purchase of the Shares constitutes legal, tax or investment advice. Such Investor has consulted such legal, tax and investment advisors as it, in its sole discretion, has deemed necessary or appropriate in connection with its purchase of the Shares.

4.11 Reliance on Exemptions. Such Investor understands that the Shares being offered and sold to it in reliance on specific exemptions from the registration requirements of United States federal and state securities laws and that the Company is relying in part upon the truth and accuracy of, and such Investor's compliance with, the representations, warranties, agreements, acknowledgements and understandings of such Investor set forth herein in order to determine the availability of such exemptions and the eligibility of such Investor to acquire the Shares.

4.12 No Governmental Review. Such Investor understands that no United States federal or state agency or any other government or governmental agency has passed on or made any recommendation or endorsement of the Shares or the fairness or suitability of the investment in the Shares nor have such authorities passed upon or endorsed the merits of the offering of the Shares.

4.13 Beneficial Ownership. The purchase by such Investor of the Shares at the Closing will not result in such Investor (individually or together with any other Person with whom such Investor has identified, or will have identified, itself as part of a "group" in a public filing made with the Commission involving the Company's securities) acquiring, or obtaining the right to acquire, in excess of 19.999% of the outstanding shares of Common Stock or the voting power of the Company on a post transaction basis that assumes that such Closing shall have occurred. Such Investor does not presently intend to, alone or together with others, make a public filing with the Commission to disclose that it has (or that it together with such other Persons have) acquired, or obtained the right to acquire, as a result of such Closing (when added to any other securities of the Company that it or they then own or have the right to acquire), in excess of 19.999% of the outstanding shares of Common Stock or the voting power of the Company on a post transaction basis that assumes that each Closing shall have occurred.

4.14 Residency. Such Investor's residence (if an individual) or offices in which its investment decision with respect to the Shares was made (if an entity) are located at the address immediately below such Investor's name on its signature page hereto.

5. Transfer Restrictions.

5.1 Compliance with Laws. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section 5, each Investor covenants that the Shares may be disposed of only pursuant to an effective registration statement under, and in compliance with the requirements of, the Securities Act, or pursuant to an available exemption from, or in a transaction not subject to, the registration requirements of the Securities Act, and in compliance with any applicable state and federal securities laws. In connection with any transfer of the Shares other than (i) pursuant to an effective registration statement, (ii) to the Company, (iii) pursuant to Rule 144 (provided that the Investor provides the Company with reasonable assurances (in the form of seller and broker representation letters) that the securities may be sold pursuant to such rule) or Rule 144A, (iv) pursuant to Rule 144(b) following the applicable holding period or (v) in connection with a bona fide pledge as contemplated in Section 5.2, the Company may require the transferor thereof to provide to the Company and the transfer agent for the Common Stock (the "Transfer Agent") an opinion of counsel selected by the transferor and reasonably acceptable to the Company and the Transfer Agent, the form and substance of which opinion shall be reasonably satisfactory to the Company and the Transfer Agent, to the effect that such transfer does not require registration of such transferred Shares under the Securities Act. As a condition of transfer, any such transferee shall agree in writing to be bound by the terms of this Agreement and shall have the rights of a Investor under the Transaction Agreements.

5.2 **Legends.** Certificates evidencing the Shares shall bear any legend as required by the “blue sky” laws of any state and a restrictive legend in substantially the following form, until such time as they are not required under Section 5.1:

THESE SECURITIES HAVE NOT BEEN REGISTERED UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED (THE “SECURITIES ACT”), OR APPLICABLE STATE SECURITIES LAWS. THE SECURITIES MAY NOT BE OFFERED FOR SALE, SOLD, TRANSFERRED OR ASSIGNED (I) IN THE ABSENCE OF (A) AN EFFECTIVE REGISTRATION STATEMENT FOR THE SECURITIES UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OR (B) AN AVAILABLE EXEMPTION FROM, OR IN A TRANSACTION NOT SUBJECT TO, THE REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS OF THE SECURITIES ACT AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE STATE SECURITIES LAWS OR BLUE SKY LAWS AS EVIDENCED BY A LEGAL OPINION OF COUNSEL REASONABLY SATISFACTORY TO THE COMPANY AND ITS TRANSFER AGENT OR (II) UNLESS SOLD PURSUANT TO RULE 144 UNDER SAID ACT. NOTWITHSTANDING THE FOREGOING, THE SECURITIES MAY BE PLEDGED IN CONNECTION WITH A BONA FIDE MARGIN ACCOUNT OR OTHER LOAN OR FINANCING ARRANGEMENT SECURED BY THE SECURITIES.

The Company acknowledges and agrees that an Investor may from time to time pledge, and/or grant a security interest in, some or all of the legended Shares in connection with applicable securities laws, pursuant to a bona fide margin agreement in compliance with a bona fide margin loan. Such a pledge would not be subject to approval or consent of the Company and no legal opinion of legal counsel to the pledgee, secured party or pledgor shall be required in connection with the pledge, but such legal opinion shall be required in connection with a subsequent transfer or foreclosure following default by the Investor transferee of the pledge. No notice shall be required of such pledge, but Investor’s transferee shall promptly notify the Company of any such subsequent transfer or foreclosure. Each Investor acknowledges that the Company shall not be responsible for any pledges relating to, or the grant of any security interest in, any of the Shares or for any agreement, understanding or arrangement between any Investor and its pledgee or secured party. At the appropriate Investor’s expense, the Company will execute and deliver such reasonable documentation as a pledgee or secured party of Shares may reasonably request in connection with a pledge or transfer of the Shares, including the preparation and filing of any required prospectus supplement under Rule 424(b)(3) of the Securities Act or other applicable provision of the Securities Act to appropriately amend the list of Selling Stockholders thereunder. Each Investor acknowledges and agrees that, except as otherwise provided in Section 5.3, any Shares subject to a pledge or security interest as contemplated by this Section 5.2 shall continue to bear the legend set forth in this Section 5.2 and be subject to the restrictions on transfer set forth in Section 5.1.

5.3 Removal of Legends. The legend set forth in Section 5.2 above shall be removed and the Company shall issue a certificate without such legend or any other legend to the holder of the applicable Shares upon which it is stamped or issue to such holder by electronic delivery at the applicable balance account at the Depository Trust Company (“DTC”), if (i) such Shares are registered for resale under the Securities Act (provided that the Investors agree to only sell such Shares when, and as permitted, by the effective registration statement permitting such resale), (ii) such Shares are sold or transferred pursuant to Rule 144 (if the transferor is not an Affiliate of the Company), or (iii) such Shares are eligible for sale under Rule 144 without any volume or manner of sale restrictions. Following the earlier of (i) the effective date of the registration statement covering the resale of the Shares (the “Effective Date”) or (ii) such time as a legend is no longer required for the Shares, the Company shall cause its legal counsel to issue to the Transfer Agent an opinion in the form attached as Exhibit hereto. Any fees (with respect to the Transfer Agent, Company counsel or otherwise) associated with the issuance of such opinion or the removal of such legend shall be borne by the Company. Following the Effective Date, or at such earlier time as a legend is no longer required for certain Shares, the Company will no later than three (3) Trading Days following the delivery by an Investor to the Company or the Transfer Agent (with notice to the Company) of a legended certificate representing such Shares (endorsed or with stock powers attached, signatures guaranteed, and otherwise in form necessary to affect the reissuance and/or transfer) (such third Trading Day, the “Legend Removal Date”) deliver or cause to be delivered to such Investor a certificate representing such Shares that is free from all restrictive and other legends. The Company may not make any notation on its records or give instructions to the Transfer Agent that enlarge the restrictions on transfer set forth in this Section 5. Certificates for Shares subject to legend removal hereunder may be transmitted by the Transfer Agent to the Investors by crediting the account of the Investor’s prime broker with DTC.

5.4 Acknowledgement. Each Investor hereunder acknowledges its primary responsibilities under the Securities Act and accordingly will not sell or otherwise transfer the Shares or any interest therein without complying with the requirements of the Securities Act.

6. Conditions to the Company’s Obligation to Sell.

6.1 Closing Date. The obligation of the Company hereunder to issue and sell the Shares to the Investors at the Closing is subject to the satisfaction, at or before the Closing Date, of each of the following conditions, provided that these conditions are for the Company’s sole benefit and may be waived by the Company at any time in its sole discretion:

(a) The Investors shall have delivered to the Company (i) the Purchase Price for the Shares by wire transfer of immediately available funds pursuant to the wire instructions provided by the Company, and (ii) properly completed Securities Questionnaires substantially in the form attached hereto as Exhibit A.

(b) The representations and warranties of the Investors shall be true and correct in all material respects (except for those representations and warranties that are qualified by materiality, which shall be true and correct in all respects) as of the date when made and as of the Closing Date as though made at that time (except for representations and warranties that speak as of a specific date), and the Investors shall have performed, satisfied and complied in all material respects with the covenants, agreements and conditions required by this Agreement to be performed, satisfied or complied with by the Investors at or prior to the Closing Date.

7. Conditions to the Investors' Obligation to Purchase.

7.1 Closing Date. The obligation of the Investors hereunder to purchase the Shares at the Closing is subject to the satisfaction, at or before the Closing Date, of each of the following conditions, provided that these conditions are for the Investor's sole benefit and may be waived by the Investor at any time in its sole discretion by providing the Company with prior written notice thereof:

(a) The Company shall have delivered to the Investors evidence of receipt by the Company's transfer agent of irrevocable instructions to issue the Shares to the Investor in accordance with the instructions provided in Exhibit A hereto.

(b) The Investors shall have received the opinion of Loeb & Loeb LLP, the Company's outside counsel, dated as of the Closing Date, in substantially the form of Exhibit B attached hereto.

(c) The Company shall have delivered to the Investors certificates evidencing the formation and good standing of the Company issued by the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware, as of a date within three Business Days of the Closing Date.

(d) The Company shall have delivered to the Investors certificates evidencing each of the Company's qualification as a foreign corporation and good standing issued by the Secretary of State (or comparable office) of each jurisdiction in which the Company or the applicable Subsidiary conducts business, as of a date within five Business Days of the Closing Date.

(e) The Company shall have delivered to the Investors a certified copy of its certificate of incorporation as certified by the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware within five Business Days of the Closing Date.

(f) The Company shall have delivered a certificate of the Secretary of the Company, dated as of the Closing Date, (a) certifying the resolutions adopted by the board of directors of the Company or a duly authorized committee thereof approving the transactions contemplated by this Agreement and the other documents or agreements executed in connection with the transactions contemplated hereunder and the issuance of the Shares, and (b) certifying the current versions of the certificate or articles of incorporation, as amended, and by-laws of the Company.

(g) The representations and warranties of the Company shall be true and correct in all material respects (except for those representations and warranties that are qualified by materiality or Material Adverse Effect, which shall be true and correct in all respects) as of the date when made and as of the Closing Date as though made at that time (except for representations and warranties that speak as of a specific date) and the Company shall have performed, satisfied and complied in all material respects with the covenants, agreements and conditions required by this Agreement to be performed, satisfied or complied with by the Company at or prior to the Closing Date.

(h) The Company shall have performed, satisfied and complied in all material respects with all covenants, agreements and conditions required by this Agreement to be performed, satisfied or complied with by it at or prior to the Closing.

(i) The Company shall have delivered to the Investors a certificate, dated as of the Closing Date and signed by its Chief Executive Officer or its President certifying to the fulfillment of the conditions specified in Sections 7.1(g) and (h) in a form reasonably acceptable to the Investors.

(j) No statute, rule, regulation, executive order, decree, ruling or injunction shall have been enacted, entered, promulgated or endorsed by any court or governmental authority of competent jurisdiction that prohibits the consummation of any of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement.

(k) The Company shall have obtained in a timely fashion any and all consents, permits, approvals, registrations and waivers necessary for consummation of the purchase and sale of the Shares at the Closing, all of which shall be and remain so long as necessary in full force and effect.

(l) Since the date of execution of this Agreement, no event or series of events shall have occurred that has had or would reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect.

8. Indemnification.

8.1 Indemnification of the Investors. The Company will indemnify and hold the Investors and their respective directors, officers, stockholders, members, partners, employees and agents (and any other Persons with a functionally equivalent role of a Person holding such titles notwithstanding a lack of such title or any other title), each Person who controls the Investor (within the meaning of Section 15 of the Securities Act and Section 20 of the Exchange Act), and the directors, officers, stockholders, agents, members, partners or employees (and any other Persons with a functionally equivalent role of a Person holding such titles notwithstanding a lack of such title or any other title) of such controlling person (each, an "Investor Party") harmless from any and all losses, liabilities, obligations, claims, contingencies, damages, costs and expenses, including all judgments, amounts paid in settlements, court costs and reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of investigation that any such Investor Party may suffer or incur as a result of any breach of any of the representations, warranties, covenants or agreements made by the Company in this Agreement or in any other documents or agreements executed in connection with the transactions contemplated hereunder. The Company will not be liable to any Investor Party under this Agreement to the extent, but only to the extent that a loss, claim, damage or liability is attributable to any Investor Party's breach of any of the representations, warranties, covenants or agreements made by such Investor Party in this Agreement.

8.2 Conduct of Indemnification Proceedings. Promptly after receipt by any Person (the “Indemnified Person”) of notice of any demand, claim or circumstances which would or might give rise to a claim or the commencement of any action, Proceeding or investigation in respect of which indemnity may be sought pursuant to Section 8(a), such Indemnified Person shall promptly notify the Company in writing and the Company shall assume the defense thereof, including the employment of counsel reasonably satisfactory to such Indemnified Person, and shall assume the payment of all fees and expenses; *provided, however*, that the failure of any Indemnified Person so to notify the Company shall not relieve the Company of its obligations hereunder except to the extent that the Company is actually and materially prejudiced by such failure to notify. In any such Proceeding, any Indemnified Person shall have the right to retain its own counsel, but the fees and expenses of such counsel shall be at the expense of such Indemnified Person unless: (i) the Company and the Indemnified Person shall have mutually agreed to the retention of such counsel; (ii) the Company shall have failed promptly to assume the defense of such Proceeding and to employ counsel reasonably satisfactory to such Indemnified Person in such Proceeding; or (iii) in the reasonable judgment of counsel to such Indemnified Person, representation of both parties by the same counsel would be inappropriate due to actual or potential differing interests between them. The Company shall not be liable for any settlement of any Proceeding effected without its written consent, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, delayed or conditioned. Without the prior written consent of the Indemnified Person, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, delayed or conditioned, the Company shall not effect any settlement of any pending or threatened Proceeding in respect of which any Indemnified Person is or could have been a party and indemnity could have been sought hereunder by such Indemnified Person, unless such settlement includes an unconditional release of such Indemnified Person from all liability arising out of such Proceeding.

9. Survival of Representations, Warranties and Agreements. Notwithstanding any investigation made by any party to this Agreement, all covenants, agreements, representations and warranties made by the Company and the Investors herein shall survive the execution of this Agreement, and the payment by the Investor for the Shares being purchased pursuant to this Agreement.

10. **General Release.** Excepting only their respective rights to enforce the terms of this Agreement, each of the Investors fully and forever releases, remises and fully discharges the Company and its agents, employees, predecessors, representatives, subsidiaries, affiliates, parents, divisions, owners, officers, directors, attorneys, successors and assigns from and against all actions, proceedings, causes of action, claims for relief, demands, rights, titles, interests, damages, losses, costs, expenses, disbursements (including attorneys' fees), obligations, liabilities and other claims of every nature whatsoever, made or asserted, known, unknown or suspect as of the date of this Agreement, including, but not limited to, any and all claims arising out of or relating to the Term Sheet dated November 30, 2009, and covenants not to sue or otherwise initiate or cause to be instituted or in any way participate in any proceedings or actions concerning any such matters. It is expressly agreed that the claims released pursuant to this Section 10 include all claims against individual employees and officers of the Company whether or not such employees were acting within the course or scope of their employment. Section 1542 of the California Civil Code provides as follows:

"A GENERAL RELEASE DOES NOT EXTEND TO CLAIMS WHICH A CREDITOR DOES NOT KNOW OR SUSPECT TO EXIST IN HIS FAVOR AT THE TIME OF EXECUTING THE RELEASE, WHICH IF KNOWN BY HIM MUST HAVE MATERIALLY AFFECTED HIS SETTLEMENT WITH THE DEBTOR."

Each Investor hereby expressly, knowingly and voluntarily waives and relinquishes all rights and benefits afforded by Section 1542 or any analogous state or federal law or regulation, and in so doing, understands and acknowledges the significance and consequence of such specific waiver.

11. **Notices.** All notices, requests, consents and other communications hereunder shall be in writing, shall be mailed (A) if within domestic United States by first-class registered or certified airmail, or nationally recognized overnight express courier, postage prepaid, or by facsimile, or (B) if delivered from outside the United States, by International Federal Express or facsimile, and shall be deemed given (i) if delivered by first-class registered or certified mail domestic, three Business Days after so mailed, (ii) if delivered by nationally recognized overnight carrier, one (1) Business Day after so mailed, (iii) if delivered by International Federal Express, two (2) Business Days after so mailed, (iv) if delivered by facsimile, upon electric confirmation of receipt and shall be delivered as addressed as follows:

(a) if to the Company, to:

Titan Pharmaceuticals, Inc.
400 Oyster Point Blvd., Suite #505
South San Francisco, CA 94080
Attn: President
Phone: (650) 989-2260
Telecopy: (650) 244-4956

(b) with a copy to:

Loeb and Loeb LLP
345 Park Avenue
New York, NY 10154
Attn: Fran Stoller
Phone: (212) 407-4935
Telecopy: (212) 214-0706

(c) if to the Investors, at the address or facsimile number on the Securities Questionnaire attached as Exhibit A hereto, or at such other address or addresses as may have been furnished to the Company in writing.

12. **Termination.** Except as otherwise provided in this Agreement, this Agreement shall terminate on the earlier of (a) the date on which the Company and the Investors agree by mutual written consent to terminate this Agreement, and (b) the Closing Date.

13. **Changes.** This Agreement may not be modified or amended except pursuant to an instrument in writing signed by the Company and the Investors.

14. **Headings.** The headings of the various sections of this Agreement have been inserted for convenience of reference only and shall not be deemed to be part of this Agreement.

15. **Severability.** In case any provision contained in this Agreement should be invalid, illegal or unenforceable in any respect, the validity, legality and enforceability of the remaining provisions contained herein shall not in any way be affected or impaired thereby.

16. **Governing Law.** This Agreement shall be deemed to be a contract made under the laws of New York, and for all purposes shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of New York, including, without limitation, Section 5-1401 of the New York General Obligations Law. Each party agrees that all Proceedings concerning the interpretations, enforcement and defense of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement (whether brought against a party hereto or its respective Affiliates, employees or agents) shall be commenced exclusively in the New York Courts. Each party hereto hereby irrevocably submits to the exclusive jurisdiction of the New York Courts for the adjudication of any dispute hereunder or in connection herewith or with any transaction contemplated hereby or discussed herein, and hereby irrevocably waives, and agrees not to assert in any Proceeding, any claim that it is not personally subject to the jurisdiction of any such New York Court, or that such Proceeding has been commenced in an improper or inconvenient forum. Each party hereto hereby irrevocably waives personal service of process and consents to process being served in any such Proceeding by mailing a copy thereof via registered or certified mail or overnight delivery (with evidence of delivery) to such party at the address in effect for notices to it under this Agreement and agrees that such service shall constitute good and sufficient service of process and notice thereof. Nothing contained herein shall be deemed to limit in any way any right to serve process in any manner permitted by law. **EACH PARTY HERETO HEREBY IRREVOCABLY WAIVES, TO THE FULLEST EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, ANY AND ALL RIGHT TO TRIAL BY JURY IN ANY LEGAL PROCEEDING ARISING OUT OF OR RELATING TO THIS AGREEMENT OR THE TRANSACTIONS CONTEMPLATED HEREBY.**

17. **Counterparts.** This Agreement may be executed in two or more counterparts, each of which shall constitute an original, but all of which, when taken together, shall constitute but one instrument, and shall become effective when one or more counterparts have been signed by each party hereto and delivered to the other parties. In the event that any signature is delivered by facsimile transmission, or by e-mail delivery of a “.pdf” format data file, such signature shall create a valid and binding obligation of the party executing (or on whose behalf such signature is executed) with the same force and effect as if such facsimile signature page were an original thereof.

18. **Fees and Expenses.** The Company and the Investors shall each pay the fees and expenses of their respective advisers, counsel, accountants and other experts, if any, and all other expenses incurred by such party in connection with the negotiation, preparation, execution, delivery and performance of this Agreement. The Company shall pay all transfer agent fees, stamp taxes and other taxes and duties levied in connection with the sale and issuance of the Shares to the Investors.

19. **Entire Agreement.** The Transaction Agreements, together with the Exhibits and Schedules thereto, contain the entire understanding of the parties with respect to the subject matter hereof and supersede all prior agreements, understandings, discussions and representations, oral or written, with respect to such matters, which the parties acknowledge have been merged into such documents, exhibits and schedules. At or after the Closing, and without further consideration, the Company and the Investors will execute and deliver to the other such further documents as may be reasonably requested in order to give practical effect to the intention of the parties under the Transaction Agreements.

20. **Remedies.** In addition to being entitled to exercise all rights provided herein or granted by law, including recovery of damages, the Investor shall be entitled to specific performance under this Agreement. The Company agrees that monetary damages may not be adequate compensation for any loss incurred by reason of any breach of obligations described in the foregoing sentence and hereby agree to waive in any action for specific performance of any such obligation (other than in connection with any action for a temporary restraining order) the defense that a remedy at law would be adequate.

21. **Adjustments in Share Numbers and Prices.** In the event of any stock split, subdivision, dividend or distribution payable in shares of Common Stock (or other securities or rights convertible into, or entitling the holder thereof to receive directly or indirectly shares of Common Stock), combination or other similar recapitalization or event occurring after the date hereof and prior to the Closing, each reference in this Agreement to a number of Shares or a price per share shall be deemed to be amended to appropriately account for such event.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Company and the Investor have executed this Stock Purchase Agreement as of the date first set forth above.

TITAN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

By: /s/ Sunil Bhonsle

Name: Sunil Bhonsle

Title: President

INVESTORS:

HENRY C. BEINSTEIN

/s/ Harry C. Beinstein

Signature

HENRY C. BEINSTEIN ROLLOVER IRA

By: /s/ Harry C. Beinstein

Name: Harry C. Beinstein

Title: Rollover IRA a/c

EXHIBIT A

SECURITIES QUESTIONNAIRE

Pursuant to Section 6.1 of this Agreement, please provide us with the following information:

1. The exact name that your interests in the Shares are to be registered in: _____
2. The relationship between the Investor and the registered holder listed in response to item 1 above: _____
3. The mailing address of the registered holder listed in response to item 1 above: _____
4. The telephone number of the registered holder listed in response to item 1 above: _____
5. The facsimile number of the registered holder listed in response to item 1 above: _____
6. The Social Security Number or Tax Identification Number of the registered holder listed in the response to item 1 above: _____
7. You represented in the Stock Purchase Agreement that you are an “accredited investor” (as defined in Rule 501(a)(1), (2), (3), (5), (6) or (7) of Regulation D under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended).

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

We hereby consent to the use in this Registration Statement on Form 10/A of our report dated January 13, 2010 relating to the consolidated financial statements of Titan Pharmaceuticals, Inc. as of December 31, 2008 and 2007 and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2008.

/s/ ODENBERG, ULLAKKO, MURANISHI & CO. LLP

San Francisco, California
February 23, 2010

FRAN STOLLER
Partner
345 Park Avenue
New York, NY 10154

Direct 212.407.4935
Main 212.407.4000
Fax 212.214.0706
fstoller@loeb.com

February 24, 2010

Jeffrey P. Riedler
Assistant Director
Securities and Exchange Commission
100 F Street, N.E.
Washington, D.C. 20549

Re: Titan Pharmaceuticals, Inc.
Registration Statement on Form 10-12G
File No. 000-27436

Dear Mr. Reidler:

On behalf of our client, Titan Pharmaceuticals, Inc., a Delaware corporation ("Titan" or the "Company"), we transmit herewith for filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission"), pursuant to Rule 101(a)(1)(i) of Regulation S-T under the Commission's Electronic Data Gathering and Retrieval System (EDGAR), one complete electronic version of an amended Registration Statement on Form 10-12G (the "Amended Form 10").

The Amended Form 10 is being filed to respond to the comments set forth in the Staff's letter dated February 16, 2010 (the "Staff's Letter"). In order to facilitate your review of the Amended Form 10, we have responded, on behalf of the Company, to each of the comments set forth in the Staff's Letter, on a point-by-point basis. The numbered paragraphs set forth below respond to the Staff's comments and correspond to the numbered paragraphs in the Staff's Letter. Page numbers refer to the marked copy of the Amended Form 10.

Comment

Number

Response

General

- 1. Please note that the Form 10 goes effective by lapse of time within 60 days of the date filed pursuant to Exchange Act Section 12(g)(1). Please note that the effectiveness of your Form 10 will commence your periodic reporting obligations under the Exchange Act even if all of our comments have not yet been resolved.**

We note the provisions of Section 12(g)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") and confirm our understanding that the Company's reporting obligations commence March 15, 2010 notwithstanding resolution of all of the Staff's comments.

- 2. Please file the warrant agreement for the warrants issued to Oxford Capital Financing in December of 2009.**

The warrant issued to Oxford Capital Financing has been filed as Exhibit 4.3 to the Amended Form 10.

- 3. Please file the Stock Purchase Agreement, dated December 8, 2009, as an exhibit to your registration statement, as required by Item 601(b)(10) of Regulation S-K.**

The Stock Purchase Agreement, dated December 8, 2009, has been filed as Exhibit 10.13 to the Amended Form 10.

Business

Overview

- 4. Please revise your disclosure to explain what a “depot formulation” is the first time you use this term.**

The disclosure has been revised to explain that depot formulation refers to an injectible form of a drug with specified characteristics.

- 5. In the first bullet point in this section, which provides a summary of Iloperidone (Fanapt™), please specify the remaining number of years for which you are entitled to a royalty on net sales of this product.**

The first bullet point has been expanded to clarify the period during which the Company is entitled to royalties from sales of the approved oral formulation of Fanapt™.

Our Products

- 6. We note your statement that the \$7.6 million grant by the NIH is “in partial support of the second controlled Phase 3 study; and that you will require significant further capital, over and above the NIH grant, to support the development of Probuphine and ultimately bring it to market. Please disclose how much more money is needed for the second controlled Phase 3 study and, if practicable, provide an estimate of the additional funds needed to develop, test and obtain regulatory approval of Probuphine prior to commercialization.**

The disclosure in the second paragraph beneath the table has been expanded to disclose the additional funds required to complete the referenced Phase 3 study, as well as an estimate of the additional funds the Company will need to complete the requisite manufacturing development, testing and regulatory approval process for commercialization of Probuphine. It also clarifies that further additional funds may be needed if the FDA requires further clinical testing prior to commercialization; however, the Company cannot estimate those potential costs at this point.

7. **Please revise your discussion of the efficacy results of Probuphine. The revised discussion should be written in terms easily understood by readers with no scientific background, particularly since the discussion appears to serve as the basis for your statement that “Probuphine has been shown to be safe and effective in the three Phase 3 studies that have been completed to date.” By way of example only, and not as an exhaustive list, you should explain:**
- **what a “re-treatment” safety trial is and how that differs from a pharmacokinetic safety study;**
 - **what “top-line” results, primary and secondary endpoints are;**
 - **what “p values” are and their significance;**
 - **the meaning of “cumulative distribution function of % negative urines”;**
 - **the meaning of “difference in mean % negative urines”; and**
 - **the difference between “patient rated” and “physician rated”**

The discussion of the efficacy results of Probuphine has been revised to make the disclosure more easily understandable by readers with no scientific background and certain information that was determined not to be material to such understanding has been removed.

Sponsored Research and License Agreements

8. **Please disclose the other material terms and conditions you are required to satisfy under the Sanofi-Aventis license agreement, apart from the royalty and milestone payments.**

The disclosure in the second paragraph of this section has been expanded to clarify that the only other material condition that must be satisfied is continued diligent product development efforts, a standard provision for these types of agreements.

9. **Please disclose the conditions regarding timely performance of product development activities that you must satisfy in order to retain your license rights to the technology relating to the continuous drug delivery system acquired from MIT. In addition, please disclose the material payment obligations that you owe to MIT under the MIT license, including a range of royalty payments and percentage of income from sublicenses.**

The fifth paragraph of this section has been revised to remove the reference timely performance since all of those conditions are no longer applicable. The royalty rate and percentage of sublicense income has been included in the Amended Form 10.

Patents and Proprietary Rights

10. **Please expand your disclosure here to identify the specific jurisdictions covered by each of the foreign patents described. In addition, please provide the basis for your statement that the market exclusivity period for Fanapt may be extended until 2016 by the provisions of the Hatch-Waxman Act.**

The disclosure on page 6 of the Amended Form 10 has been expanded in response to the Staff's comment.

11. **With respect to the MIT license, please indicate which patents have expired and, to the extent material, include a discussion of the expiration of these patents in your risk factor captioned "We may be unable to protect our patents and proprietary rights" on page 10.**

The disclosure on page 6 of the Amended Form 10 has been expanded to include the expiration dates of these patents. In addition, the risk factor referenced in the Staff's Letter has been revised to include a comment on the MIT patent expiration as an example.

Government Regulation

12. **We note the second full paragraph on page 8 that begins "In May 2009, in recognition of the significant number ..., " does not appear to relate to the discussion of government regulation. Please move this paragraph to the section of your registration statement that deals with the compensation of your board of directors.**

This paragraph was inadvertently copied into this section and has been removed from the Amended Form 10.

Risk Factors

Our available capital is sufficient to fund our operations only through September 2010

- 13. Please specify the amount of proceeds received from the December 2009 private placement, as well as the amount of the NIH grant, in order to give investors an idea of how much cash the company believes will be sufficient to last until September 2010. In addition, please provide an estimate of the amount of money needed to fully fund the Probuphine program.**

The referenced risk factor has been expanded to include the information requested in the Staff's Letter. Reference is made to our response to comment 6 above.

We may not be able to retain our key management and scientific personnel

- 14. Please identify the executive management and scientific staff on whom you rely and disclose whether you have employment agreements with these individuals.**

This risk factor has been expanded to include the identities of the individuals, as well as a statement that Titan has employment agreements with such individuals.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

- 15. Please revise your filing to include a table of contractual obligations. It appears that you have contractual obligations to pay minimum annual royalty payments for your sponsored research and license agreement with the University of Iowa Research Foundation and you disclose on page 15 that you have annual minimum license fees. In addition, you also entered into a financing agreement in December 2009 which has future interest, principal and payment fee obligations. Please disclose these obligations and any additional future obligations.**

The table requested in the Staff's Letter has been included on page 16 of the Amended Form 10.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

16. **Please expand your disclosure here to discuss with more specificity the, “various agreements with research institutions, universities, and other entities” you have entered into, including the parties to, and the material terms of, each of these agreements. In addition, to the extent material, please file the agreements as exhibits to your registration statement.**

As stated in the last sentence of the paragraph referenced in the Staff’s Letter, the Company’s commitments under its existing agreements aggregate only \$100,000 over the next 12 months. The language referenced in the Staff’s Letter has been revised to reflect the only two material agreements to which the Company is a party and has any remaining obligations. There are no material agreements to which the Company is a party that have not been filed.

Overview

17. **With respect to your employee retention program, please disclose all modifications to existing severance provisions, including the increase in the severance periods.**

The second paragraph of this section has been expanded to disclose the severance provision modifications that were part of the employee retention program.

Base Salaries

18. **Please disclose here the lump sum payments received by each of Dr. Rubin and Mr. Bhonsle in January 2009.**

The third sentence of this paragraph has been revised to include the amounts of the executives’ lump sum severance payments.

Long-Term Equity Incentives

19. **We note your disclosure that the Compensation Committee considers the Radford Survey to determine the size and term of the stock option grants to named executive officers. Please disclose how the Committee applied the range of grants in the Radford Survey to determine the size and term of the option grants to the Titan executives and how the actual option grants to Titan executives compared to the grants in the Radford Survey.**

The disclosure in the second paragraph of this section has been expanded to clarify that the compensation committee historically used the Radford Survey as a benchmark for executive option grants and that Titan’s grants generally fell within the 50-75% range outlined in the survey.

20. We note your statement that the determination of the fair market value of your option grants is discussed in “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations-Critical Accounting Policies and the Use of Estimates.” However, it does not appear that this disclosure can be found in your registration statement. Please revise accordingly or advise.

This subsection has been included in the Amended Form 10 beginning on page 14.

Employment Agreements

21. We note your disclosure that Dr. Rubin will receive no cash salary until the earlier of your receipt of iloperidone royalty payments or February 28, 2010, which you refer to as the “Trigger Date”. Similarly, we note your disclosure that Mr. Bhonsle is entitled to a cash salary of \$200,000 per year until the Trigger Date. With respect to each of Dr. Rubin and Mr. Bhonsle, please disclose how their base salaries will change after the Trigger Date.

The Company has entered into amendment agreements with each of Mr. Bhonsle and Dr. Rubin and the disclosure has been revised to describe the terms of such amendments. In addition, the amendments have been filed as part of Exhibits 10.4 and 10.5 to the Amended Form 10.

Note 12. Stock Plans

22. Please disclose the method used to estimate the expected volatility. Refer to paragraph (f)(2)(ii) of FASB ASC 718-10-50-2.

The disclosure referenced in the Staff’s Letter has been added to Note 12 to the Consolidated Financial Statements on page F-19 and Note 2 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements on page F-30 of the Amended Form 10.

Exhibit 23.1

- 23 The auditor’s consent references an audit report dated November 20, 2009 yet the audit report included in the Form 10 is dated January 13, 2010. Please revise to correct this inconsistency.

A new auditor’s consent has been filed as Exhibit 23.1 to the Amended Form 10 reflecting the correct audit report date.

Should you have any questions concerning any of the foregoing please contact me by telephone at (212) 407-4935 or Michael Kistler at (212) 407-4826.

Sincerely,

/s/ Fran Stoller

Fran Stoller
Partner