### SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-QSB

[x] QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT SECTION 13 or 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarter ended June 30, 1998

[ ] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 or 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from

Commission File No. 0-23590

SUPER VISION INTERNATIONAL, INC.

(Exact Name of Small Business Issuer as Specified in Its Charter)

Delaware

59-3046866

(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

8210 Presidents Drive Orlando, Florida 32809

(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

(407) 857-9900

(Issuer's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

Not Applicable

(Former Name, Former Address and Former Fiscal Year, if Changed Since Last Report)

Check whether the issuer (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90days.

Yes X

State the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common equity, as of the latest practicable date.

Class

Outstanding at August 12, 1998:

Class A Common Stock, \$.001 par value

1,770,049 shares

Class B Common Stock, \$.001

par value

483,264 shares

Traditional Small Business Disclosure Format Yes X No

SUPER VISION INTERNATIONAL, INC.

SUPER VISION INTERNATIONAL, INC.

INDEX TO FORM 10-OSB

<TABLE> <CAPTION> PART I. <S>

FINANCIAL INFORMATION Page <C> <C> Item 1. Financial Statements Condensed Financial Statements: Condensed Balance Sheets as of June 30, 1998 and December 31, 1997 1

Condensed Statements of Operations for the Six Months Ended June 30, 1998 and 1997

Condensed Statement of Stockholders' Equity

4

9

Condensed Statements of Cash Flows for the Six Months Ended June 30, 1998 and 1997

Notes to Condensed Financial Statements 5

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition Item 2. and Results of Operations

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K

SIGNATURES 14 </TABLE>

12

13

SUPER VISION INTERNATIONAL, INC.

CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

<caption></caption>		
	1998	DECEMBER 31, 1997
<\$>	<c></c>	<c></c>
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$ 1,458,899 104,651	\$ 2,478,145 102,121
Trade accounts receivable, less allowance for	1 500 604	1 501 240
doubtful accounts of \$81,511 and \$156,517 Inventory	1,522,694 2,514,688	
Advances to employees	11,844	
Deferred income taxes		
Other assets	175,185 240,856	
Total current assets	6,028,817	6,456,670
Property & Equipment	6,056,694	5,873,909
Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(777,534)	(526, 436)
Net property & equipment	5,279,160	
Provide to Buildings	2 000	
Deposits on Equipment Deferred Income Taxes	3,900 36,714	39,631
Other Assets	205,917	183,034
	\$ 11,554,508	\$ 12,026,808
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 627.763	\$ 935,943
Accrued compensation and benefits	-	45,225
Deposits	19,191	
Accrued warranty	3,000	-
Total current liabilities		1,079,007
Obligation Under Capital Lease	3,176,436	3,148,359
Stockholders' Equity:		
Preferred stock, \$.001 par value, 5,000,000 shares		
authorized, none issued Class A common stock, \$.001 par value, authorized	_	_
16,610,866 shares authorized, 1,770,049 issued and		
outstanding	1,770	1,770
Class B common stock, \$.001 par value, 3,389,134 shares		
authorized, 483,264 issued and outstanding	483	483
Additional paid-in capital	8,225,179 (499,314)	8,201,040
Retained earnings (deficit)		
Total stockholders' equity	7,728,118	7,799,442
	\$ 11,554,508 =======	\$ 12,026,808
(	<del>-</del>	

</TABLE>

See accompanying notes to condensed financial statements.

1

SUPER VISION INTERNATIONAL, INC.

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

CAFITON	•		ENDED J	SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 1998 1997		
<s> Revenues</s>	<c></c>	<c></c>		<c></c>		
Cost and Expenses:    Cost of sales    Selling, general and administrative    Research and development	932,145	634,029	3,029,222 1,716,855 151,879	1,300,438		
Total costs and expenses	2,664,795		4,897,956			
Operating Income (Loss)	(69 <b>,</b> 699)		16,024	468,674		
Non-Operating Income (Expense):    Interest income    Interest expense    Loss on disposal of assets	24,683 (110,012)	=	57,319 (218,987) (2,902)	=		
Total non-operating income (expense)	(85,329)		(164,570)	75,772		
Income (Loss) Before Income Taxes	(155,028)	337,839	(148,546)	544,446		
Income Tax Expense (Benefit)	(56,000)		(53,083)			
Net Income (Loss)	\$ (99,028)		\$ (95,463) ======			
Income (Loss) Per Common Share:						
Basic	\$ (0.04)		\$ (0.04)			
Diluted	\$ (0.04)		, , , ,			

 ======== |  | ======= | ======== |See accompanying notes to condensed financial statements.

2

SUPER VISION INTERNATIONAL, INC.

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY - UNAUDITED

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

COMMON STOCK

	CLASS	 Б А	CLAS	S B	ADDITIONAL	RETAINED
	SHARES	AMOUNT	SHARES	AMOUNT	PAID-IN CAPITAL	EARNINGS (DEFICIT)
<s></s>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Balance, December 31, 1997	1,770,049	\$ 1,770	483,264	\$ 483	\$ 8,201,040	\$ (403,851)
Issue common stock warrants	_	-	-	-	24,139	-
Net loss for the six months ended June 30, 1998		-	-	-		(95,463)
Balance, June 30, 1998	1,770,049	\$ 1,770 ======	483,264	\$ 483 ======	\$ 8,225,179 =======	\$ (499,314) =======

See accompanying notes to condensed financial statements.

3

SUPER VISION INTERNATIONAL, INC.

CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS - UNAUDITED

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 1998 1997

<\$>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Net income (loss)	\$ (95,46	3) \$ 376,608
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash used in operating activities:  Depreciation Accretion of capital lease obligation	259,64 28,07	0 109,182
Deferred income tax Issuance cost Changes in operating assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in:	(53,08 24,13	3) –
Accounts receivable, net Inventory Other assets Increase (decrease) in:	(371,93 (139,63	
Accounts payable Accrued compensation and benefits Accrued and other liabilities Deposits	(308,18 (42,22 (78,64	- (128,188) 8) 11,610
Total adjustments  Net cash used in operating activities	(703,20  (798,66	4) (865,334)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:  Purchase of investments  Proceeds from investments  Purchase of property, plant and equipment  Acquisition of patents and trademarks  Deposits on equipment  Net cash used in investing activities  Cash Flows from Financing Activities:	(26,77 (3,90	1) - 1 - 2) (54,074) 7) (12,411) 0) (386,999)  9) (453,484)
Issuance costs Proceeds from exercise of employee stock options  Net cash provided by financing activities	- - 	7,331
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents  Cash and Cash Equivalents, beginning of period	(1,019,24	6) (934,879) 5 3,327,965
Cash and Cash Equivalents, end of period		

  | 9 \$ 2,393,086 |See accompanying notes to condensed financial statements.

4

SUPER VISION INTERNATIONAL, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

For the Six Months Periods Ended June 30, 1998 and 1997  $\,$ 

### 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION:

In the opinion of the Company, the accompanying unaudited financial statements contain all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring accruals, necessary to present fairly the Company's financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the periods presented. The results of operations for the interim periods presented are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year.

The condensed financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and the related disclosures contained in the Company's Form 10-KSB dated April 13, 1998, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

As of January 1, 1998, the Company adopted Statement 130, Reporting Comprehensive Income. Statement 130 establishes new rules for the reporting and display of comprehensive income and its components; however, the adoption of this Statement had no impact on the Company's net loss or shareholders' equity for 1998 or 1997.

### 2. STOCK OPTION PLAN:

The Company has a stock option plan that provides for the grant of incentive stock options and nonqualified stock options for up to 450,000 shares of the Company's Class A common stock. The option price must be at least 100% of market value at the date of the grant.

The following table summarizes activity of the stock option plan for  $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right)$ 

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

			AVA	OPTIONS AILABLE FOR TURE GRANT	NUMBER OF SHARES	OPTION PRICE PER SHARE
<s></s>			<c></c>	>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Balance,	Janua	ary 1, 1998		22,702	272,095	\$5.00 - \$9.25
		Options authorized	d	100,000		
		Options granted		(14,600)	14,600	\$3.69 - \$9.25
		Options exercised		_	_	
		Options cancelled		13,100	(13, 100)	\$5.00 - \$9.13
Balance,	June	30, 1998		121 <b>,</b> 202	273 <b>,</b> 595	

</TABLE>

Options granted vest ratably over a three-year period or vest based on achievement of performance criteria. As of June 30, 1998, 165,702 options were vested and exercisable.

5

SUPER VISION INTERNATIONAL, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) - CONTINUED

For the Six Months Periods Ended June 30, 1998 and 1997

### 3. INCOME TAXES:

The components of the net deferred tax asset recognized in the accompanying balance sheet at June 30, 1998 are as follows:

<TABLE>

<\$>	<c></c>
Deferred tax liability	\$ (133,834)
Deferred tax asset	429,362
Valuation allowance	(83,629)
	\$ 211,899

</TABLE>

The types of temporary differences between the tax basis of assets and liabilities and their financial statement reporting amounts are attributable principally to depreciation methods, deferred gains, and different accounting methods used.

As of June 30, 1998, the Company had approximately \$813,000 in net operating loss carryforwards for federal and state income tax purposes, which expire in 2012.

### 4. INVENTORY:

Inventory at June 30, 1998 and December 31, 1997 consisted of the following components:

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

	JUNE 30, 1998	DECEMBER 31, 1997
<s></s>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Raw materials	\$ 1,960,497	\$ 1,635,278
Work in progress	3,000	-
Finished goods	603,236	559 <b>,</b> 521
	2,566,733	2,194,799
Less: Reserve for excess inventory	(52,045)	(52,045)
	\$ 2,514,688	\$ 2,142,754

</TABLE>

SUPER VISION INTERNATIONAL, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) - CONTINUED

For the Six Months Periods Ended June 30, 1998 and 1997

#### 5. CAPITAL LEASE:

The Company leases its operating facility from a corporation owned by the Company's Chief Executive Officer. The lease has a fifteen-year term, and became effective June 15, 1997, extending through June 15, 2012.

Assets recorded under capital lease and included in Property, Plant and Equipment are as follows:

<TABLE>

<C> <S>

Office/Warehouse building \$ 3,081,000 Less accumulated amortization

(204,556)

\$ 2,876,444

</TABLE>

Future minimum annual lease payments for the five years subsequent to June 30, 1998 and in the aggregate are as follows:

<table></table>	
<\$>	<c></c>
1999	\$ 384,975
2000	570,150
2001	581,520
2002	605,750
2003	610,596
2004 and thereafter	6,407,679
Minimum lease payments	9,160,670
Less amount representing interest and executory costs	(5,984,234)
Present value of net minimum lease payments under capital lease	\$ 3,176,436

  |Deposits paid under this lease agreement totaled \$58,167 at June 30,

SUPER VISION INTERNATIONAL, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) - CONTINUED

For the Six Months Periods Ended June 30, 1998 and 1997

### EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE:

In 1997, the FASB issued SFAS No. 128, Earnings per Share. This statement replaced the calculation of primary and fully diluted earnings per share with basic and diluted earnings per share. Unlike primary earnings per share, basic earnings per share excludes any dilutive effects of options, warrants and convertible securities. Diluted earnings per share are very similar to the previously reported fully diluted earnings per share. All earnings per share amounts for all periods have been presented, and where appropriate, restated to conform to the Statement 128 requirements. The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share:

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

	FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30,		FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30,	
	1998	1997	1998	1997
<s> Numerator:</s>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Net income (loss) (numerator for basic and diluted earnings per share)	\$ (99,028)	\$ 227,945	\$ (95,463)	\$ 376,608
Denominator: Denominator for basic earnings per share - weighted average shares	2,227,183	2,138,736	2,227,183	2,138,410
Effect of dilutive securities: Options Warrants	- - 	24,749 47,878	- - 	29,169 111,436

Dilutive potential shares		_		72,627		-		140,605
Denominator for diluted earnings per share - adjusted weighted average share	es	2,227,244	2	,211,363	2	,229,702	2,	279,015
Basic earnings (loss) per share	\$	(0.04)	\$	0.11	\$	(0.04)	\$	0.18
	==		===	======	===	======	====	
Diluted earnings (loss) per share	\$	(0.04)	\$	0.10	\$	(0.04)	\$	0.17

  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |Certain warrants and escrowed shares are not included in the computation of earnings per share because the related shares are contingently issuable or to do so would have been anti-dilutive for the periods presented.

Я

# Item 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the Financial Statements and Notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this report.

The following discussion contains certain forward-looking statements, within the meaning of the "safe-harbor" provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, the attainment of which involve various risks and uncertainties. Forward-looking statements may be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as "may", "will", "expect", "believe", "estimate", "anticipate", "continue", or similar terms, variations of those terms or the negative of those terms. The Company's actual results may differ materially from those described in these forward-looking statements due to, among other factors, competition in each of the Company's product areas, dependence on suppliers, the Company's limited manufacturing experience and the evolving nature of the Company's fiber optic technology.

### Results of Operations

Revenues are derived primarily from the sale of fiber optic side glow(R) and end glow(TM) cable and light sources, point of purchase fiber optic signs and displays and sales of fiber optic landscape and task lighting systems. Total revenues for the three months ("1998 quarter") and six months ended June 30, 1998 ("1998 six months") were approximately \$2,596,000 and \$4,914,000, respectively, as compared to approximately \$2,542,000 and \$4,746,00 for the three months ("1997 quarter") and six months ended June 30, 1997 ("1997 six months"). This represented increases of 2% and 4%, respectively. The increase in revenues is primarily attributable to domestic sales of the Company's architectural lighting products. The Company's improved lighting systems have been well received in the architectural lighting community, and the Company has expanded marketing and sales efforts in this area. Modest revenue growth was also seen in the Company's pool and spa division, although sales of the Company's pool and spa products were below forecast. Sales in the pool and spa industry have been weakened by continued wet weather conditions in the Western United States. Management believes the delay in the building season in the Western United States may result in an extended construction season in this region in the remainder of 1998. The Company further noted that export sales were well below historical levels. Exports to the Pacific Rim were 80% below forecast for the 1998 six months. Management believes this is due to Asian regional economic difficulties and the strength of the U.S. dollar which has made the Company's products more expensive relative to other conventional lighting products. The Company is concentrating international marketing efforts in the European and South American regions at this time. Revenues during the 1997 six months included approximately \$830,000 of revenue recognized under a long-term contract completed in May 1997 for what the Company believes to be the world's largest custom fiber optic display. Management believes the overall market available to fiber optic lighting products continues to increase as the commercial, sign and pool and spa industries become aware of the benefits and applications of fiber optics in these market segments.

Cost of sales were approximately \$1,659,000, or 64% of revenues, during the 1998 quarter and \$3,029,000, or 62% of revenues, for the 1998 six months as compared to approximately \$1,524,000, or 60% of revenues, for the 1997 quarter and \$2,845,000, or 60% or revenues, for the 1997 six months. The gross margin was 36% and 38%, respectively, for the 1998 quarter and 1998 six months as compared to 40% for the both 1997 quarter and 1997 six months. Gross margins for the 1998 quarter and six months were adversely affected by a sales mix that favored light sources as opposed to lighting systems and fiber products. Management anticipates that the sales mix will normalize over the course of the full year. Management further noted that the lower than anticipated sales volume increased fixed overhead costs per unit produced. The increase in overall fixed overhead costs resulted from the Company's relocation in August 1997 from its previous facilities totaling 27,000 square feet to its new facility of 70,000 square feet. Fixed overhead costs include rent, utilities, insurance and other costs of facility maintenance and operation. Management believes that the increased costs associated with the new facility are necessary for the Company to effectively compete in the long term in the market and to service the potential increased sales volumes which Management believes may result from continued marketing and sales efforts.

Selling, general and administrative expenses were approximately \$932,000 and \$1,717,000 during the 1998 quarter and 1998 six months, respectively, as compared to approximately \$634,000 and \$1,300,000 for the 1997 quarter and 1997

six months, respectively. This represented increases of 47% and 32%, respectively. During the 1998 quarter, the Company attended eight major trade shows compared to three in the 1997 quarter. Advertising expenditures for trade publication placements were significantly increased to support these trade events.

9

Literature expenses and educational training seminars were also increased as the Company received greatly increased inquiries for product catalogs and requests for applications training, which Management believes is a result of the trade advertising and show attendance. Management believes this increased exposure may result in future revenue growth for the Company. The Company has developed several new products specifically for its target markets and expenses were incurred during the 1998 six months to introduce these products. Additionally, the Company had increased personnel levels during late 1997 in the areas of Sales, Marketing, and Customer Service in order to more effectively penetrate and service the selected markets for the Company's products. While Management believes these marketing and sales expenses are critical to potential future revenue growth, Management is implementing more cost effective methods of developing and delivering these materials and training services including utilization of electronic catalogs and internet based systems.

Research and development costs were approximately \$74,000 and \$152,000, respectively, during the 1998 quarter and 1998 six months as compared to approximately \$83,000 and \$132,000, respectively, during the 1997 quarter and 1997 six months. This represented a decrease of 11% for the 1998 quarter and an increase of 15% for the 1998 six months. During the 1998 quarter, the Company undertook several joint product development efforts with key vendors and technology partners to attempt to reduce fixed research and development costs. Management believes that these relationships may allow the Company to accelerate product development while reducing development costs and cycle times. During the 1998 six months, the Company increased personnel levels in the area of research and development in order to further shorten development time of several new light sources and to accelerate a cost reduction and re-engineering program in several core product categories to reduce manufacturing costs of these product lines. Further increases in costs were incurred in the development of products designed to unique customer specifications under rapid development cycles, which the Company is now marketing to specific niche target markets. Management believes the increased expenditures for engineering and research and development are necessary to ensure that the Company continues to expand its product offerings to the market and to maintain a leadership position in fiber optic lighting technology.

Interest income is derived from the short-term investments of liquid cash balances in low risk commercial paper and money market funds. Net interest income for the 1998 quarter and 1998 six months was approximately \$25,000 and \$57,000, respectively, as compared to approximately \$37,000 and \$76,000, respectively, for the 1997 quarter and 1997 six months. The decrease is attributable to lower average cash balances available for investment during the 1998 six months. The Company utilized cash during the 1998 six months to expand inventory in advance of the traditional summer building season in the pool and spa and architectural lighting markets.

Interest expense increased from approximately \$0 for the 1997 quarter and 1997 six months to approximately \$110,000 and \$219,000 for the 1998 quarter and 1998 six months. The increase is attributable to the accounting treatment for the lease on the Company's new facility as a capital lease under Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 13, Accounting for Leases.

Provision for income taxes included a tax benefit of approximately \$56,000 and \$53,000, respectively, for the 1998 quarter and 1998 six months compared to income tax expense of \$110,000 and \$168,000, respectively, for the 1997 quarter and 1997 six months. The tax benefit as a percentage of the loss before taxes was 36% for the 1998 quarter and the 1998 six months. The provision for income taxes as a percentage of pre-tax income was 35% and 31%, respectively, for the 1997 quarter and 1997 six months.

The net loss for the 1998 quarter and 1998 six months was approximately \$(99,000) and \$(95,000), respectively, or \$(.04) per diluted common share, as compared to net income of approximately \$228,000, or \$.10 per diluted common share, in the 1997 quarter and \$377,000, or \$.17 per diluted common share for the 1997 six months. The decrease is primarily due to sales volume that was below projected levels in the areas of pool and spas and export markets.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

At June 30, 1998, the Company had working capital of approximately \$5,379,000.

Cash and investments decreased by approximately \$1,019,000 during the 1998 six months. Inventory increased by approximately \$372,000 during the 1998 six months. Inventory was expanded in order to ensure availability of finished goods, primarily in the pool and spa and architectural product lines in advance of the summer construction season. Other assets increased by approximately \$140,000. The increase was primarily due to payment of deposits on booth space at trade shows. Deposits on orders decreased by approximately \$79,000. In the past, the Company had required deposits on orders prior to order acceptance. As the Company's customer

extended credit term purchases from major vendors became due. Net equipment and furniture decreased by approximately \$68,000. Acquisitions of fixed assets and computer equipment were exceeded by depreciation on existing assets. Management believes capital expenditures for fixed plant will remain at these levels, with the exception of tooling investments that Company plans to make in core product lines to increase the unit profitability of these products.

#### Escrowed Shares

In January 1994, the Company and certain stockholders of the Company entered into an agreement providing for the escrow of 2,918,000 shares held by such individuals (the "Escrow Shares"). In the event any of the shares were released from escrow to officers, directors and other employees of the Company, compensation expense would be recorded for financial reporting purposes as required by GAAP. As of March 31, 1997, Brett Kingstone, the President and Chairman, voluntarily retired 2,891,870 shares of Class B Common Stock previously held in the escrow account. These shares were returned to the Company treasury. The Company currently has 26,130 shares of Class B Common Stock held in escrow. In the event the Company attains certain earnings thresholds, or the Company's Class A Common Stock meets certain minimum bid prices required for the release of the remaining 26,130 Escrow Shares, the Company may, in the event of the release of such shares from escrow, recognize during the period in which the earnings threshold are met or are probable of being met or such minimum bid prices attained, charges to earnings as compensation expense which would have the effect of reducing the Company's earnings at such time.

11

### PART II

### Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

On May 8, 1998 the Company held an Annual Meeting of Stockholders (the "1998 Annual Meeting"). At the 1998 Annual Meeting: (i) all five director nominees were elected; (ii) the amendment to the Company's 1994 Stock Option Plan increasing from 250,000 to 450,000 the number of shares of Class A Common Stock reserved for issuance was approved and ratified; (iii) the amendment to Article Four of the Company's Certificate of Incorporation to allow for certain limited transfers of the Class B Common Stock without causing an automatic conversion was adjourned to a later meeting; and (iv) the appointment of Ernst & Young, LLP, as the independent auditors of the Company was approved and ratified.

The following directors were elected for a one year term at the 1997 Annual Meeting by the votes indicated:

# <TABLE>

	For	Withheld
<s> Brett M. Kingstone</s>	<c> 2,577,388</c>	<c></c>
Edgar Protiva	2,577,888	300
Eric Protiva	2,577,888	300
Brian McCann	2,577,888	300
Anthony Castor	2,577,888	300

</TABLE>

- 2. The amendment to the Company's 1994 Stock Option Plan increasing the number of shares of Class A Common Stock authorized to be issued under such Plan from 250,000 to 450,000 was approved and ratified by a vote of 2,495,493 for; 80,967 against and 1,728 abstaining.
- 3. The amendment to Article Four of the Company's Certificate of incorporation to allow for certain limited transfers of the Class B Common Stock without causing an automatic conversion was adjourned until May 22, 1998. Due to insufficient response, there were not enough votes to have a quorum. The meeting was further adjourned due to lack of votes until June 1, 1998. At the 1998 Annual Meeting held on June 1, 1998, the proposal for the amendment to Article Four of the Company's Certificate of Incorporation to allow for certain limited transfers of the Class B Common Stock without causing an automatic conversion was approved and ratified by a vote of 3,181,979 for; 187,757 against and 3,863 abstaining.
- 4. The appointment of Ernst & Young, LLP as independent auditors of the Company for the ensuing fiscal year was approved and ratified by a vote of 2,577,188 for; 0 against and 1,000 abstaining.

- (a) 27 Financial data schedule (for SEC use only)
- (b) The Company did not file any current reports on Form 8-K during the six months ending on June 30, 1998.

13

In accordance with the requirements with the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunder duly authorized.

SUPER VISION INTERNATIONAL, INC. <TABLE> <<>>

Date: August 12, 1998

Brett M. Kingstone, Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

By: /s/ John P. Stanney

John P. Stanney, President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer) </TABLE>

## <ARTICLE> 5

<LEGEND>

THIS SCHEDULE CONTAINS SUMMARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION EXTRACTED FROM THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF SUPER VISION INTERNATIONAL, INC. FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 1998 AND IS QUALIFIED IN ITS ENTIRETY BY REFERENCE TO SUCH FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

</LEGEND>

<\$>	<c></c>	
<period-type></period-type>	6-MOS	
<fiscal-year-end></fiscal-year-end>		DEC-31-1998
<period-end></period-end>		JUN-30-1998
<cash></cash>		1,458,899
<securities></securities>		104,651
<receivables></receivables>		1,522,694
<allowances></allowances>		81,511
<inventory></inventory>		2,514,688
<current-assets></current-assets>		6,028,817
<pp&e></pp&e>		6,056,694
<pre><depreciation></depreciation></pre>		(777 <b>,</b> 534)
<total-assets></total-assets>		11,554,508
<current-liabilities></current-liabilities>		649 <b>,</b> 954
<bonds></bonds>		0
<preferred-mandatory></preferred-mandatory>		0
<preferred></preferred>		0
<common></common>		1,770
<other-se></other-se>		8,225,179
<total-liability-and-equity></total-liability-and-equity>		11,554,508
<sales></sales>		4,913,980
<total-revenues></total-revenues>		4,913,980
<cgs></cgs>		3,029,222
<total-costs></total-costs>		4,897,956
<other-expenses></other-expenses>		0
<loss-provision></loss-provision>		0
<pre><interest-expense></interest-expense></pre>		218,987
<income-pretax></income-pretax>		(148,546)
<income-tax></income-tax>		(53,083)
<pre><income-continuing></income-continuing></pre>		(95,463)
<discontinued></discontinued>		0
<extraordinary></extraordinary>		0
<changes></changes>		0
<net-income></net-income>		(95,463)
<eps-primary></eps-primary>		(.04)
<eps-diluted></eps-diluted>		(.04)

<sup>&</sup>lt;/TABLE>