UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

[X] QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Quarterly Period Ended September 30, 2015

OR

[] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission File Number 001-15799

Ladenburg Thalmann Financial Services Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Fl	orida	65-0701248		
(State or oth	er jurisdiction of	(I.R.S. Employer		
incorporation or organization) Identification Number)				
4400 Biscayne Bo	oulevard, 12th Floor			
Miam	i, Florida	33137		
(Address of princ	ipal executive offices)	(Zip Code)		
	(305) 572- (Registrant's telephone number)			
Interactive Data File required the preceding 12 months (or f	I to be submitted and posted pursuant to be submitted and posted pursuant to such shorter period that the registra		apter) during	
	ee the definitions of "large accelerated	erated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerate filer", "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting		
S	1	Accelerated filer	[x]	
Non-accelerated filer [] (Do not check if a smaller reporting compa	Smaller reporting company	П	
Indicate by check mark w	hether the registrant is a shell company	y (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).	es No <u>X</u>	
As of November 2, 2015 th	here were 183,220,169 shares of the reg			

LADENBURG THALMANN FINANCIAL SERVICES INC. **QUARTERLY REPORT ON FORM 10-Q** FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

LADENBURG THALMANN FINANCIAL SERVICES INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

		eptember 30, 2015 (Unaudited)	D	ecember 31, 2014
ASSETS		(,		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	114,548	\$	103,087
Securities owned, at fair value	Ψ	4,125	Ψ	5,910
Receivables from clearing brokers		51,273		38,760
Receivables from other broker-dealers		961		1,788
Notes receivable from financial advisors, net		25,604		26,152
Other receivables, net		38,457		36,872
Fixed assets, net		21,921		19,820
Restricted assets		911		620
Intangible assets, net		143,897		123,000
Goodwill		125,877		115,238
Unamortized debt issue cost		347		644
Cash surrender value of life insurance		8,821		
Other assets				10,419
	Φ.	26,548	Φ.	28,448
Total assets	\$	563,290	\$	510,758
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Securities sold, but not yet purchased, at fair value	\$	419	\$	230
Accrued compensation		22,913		23,483
Commissions and fees payable		50,023		45,294
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		24,615		25,747
Deferred rent		1,573		1,514
Deferred income taxes		1,600		3,216
Deferred compensation liability		16,565		17,640
Accrued interest		1,330		1,129
Notes payable, net of \$1,655 and \$1,093 unamortized discount in 2015 and 2014, respectively		59,184		56,034
Total liabilities		178,222		174,287
Commitments and contingencies (Note 9)				
Shareholders' equity: Preferred stock, \$.0001 par value; authorized 25,000,000 shares in 2015 and 2014: 8% Serie A cumulative redeemable preferred stock; authorized 17,290,000 shares in 2015 and 14,290,000 shares in 2014; shares issued and outstanding 14,610,377 in 2015 and 11,096,23 in 2014 (liquidation preference \$365,259 in 2015 and \$277,406 in 2014)	i	1		1
Common stock, \$.0001 par value; authorized 800,000,000 shares in 2015 and 2014; share issued and outstanding 183,220,166 in 2015 and 184,968,487 in 2014	S	19		18
Additional paid-in capital		517,988		460,446
Accumulated deficit		(132,952)		(124,005)
		(=		(= :,= 30)
Total shareholders' equity of the Company		385,056		336,460
Noncontrolling interest		12		11
Total shareholders' equity		385,068		336,471
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$	563,290	\$	510,758

LADENBURG THALMANN FINANCIAL SERVICES INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts) (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30,					Nine Months Ended September 30,					
		2015		2014		2015		2014			
Revenues:											
Commissions	\$	136,919	\$	109,575	\$	419,664	\$	316,520			
Advisory fees		118,050		86,333		347,984		245,265			
Investment banking		7,318		10,916		25,132		38,306			
Principal transactions		(250)		433		757		1,699			
Interest and dividends		1,076		1,760		2,423		5,132			
Service fees and other income		19,101		14,715		61,825		49,381			
Total revenues		282,214		223,732		857,785		656,303			
Expenses:											
Commissions and fees		214,659		163,393		647,034		477,133			
Compensation and benefits		35,911		28,410		107,710		81,391			
Non-cash compensation		242		3,679		5,926		7,689			
Brokerage, communication and clearance fees		5,170		4,349		15,706		13,003			
Rent and occupancy, net of sublease revenue		2,412		1,905		7,374		4,955			
Professional services		3,628		3,127		10,472		8,091			
Interest		1,255		1,701		3,970		5,193			
Depreciation and amortization		6,798		4,902		20,080		12,527			
Acquisition-related expense		139		850		257		1,308			
Amortization of retention and forgivable loans		2,223		2,471		7,831		8,144			
Loss on extinguishment of debt						252		314			
Other		12,926		9,516		42,478		28,591			
Total expenses		285,363	_	224,303	_	869,090	_	648,339			
(Loss) income before item shown below		(3,149)	_	(571)		(11,305)	_	7,964			
Change in fair value of contingent consideration						31		12			
change in this value of commission constantial		(3,149)	_	(571)	-	(11,274)	_	7,976			
(Loss) income before income taxes		(3,177)		(3/1)		(11,2/4)		1,570			
Income tax benefit		(212)		(13,354)		(2,288)		(11,994)			
Net (loss) income		(2,937)		12,783		(8,986)		19,970			
Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interest		(11)		(20)		(39)		(62)			
Net (loss) income attributable to the Company	\$	(2,926)	\$	12,803	\$	(8,947)	\$	20,032			
Dividends declared on preferred stock		(7,289)		(4,848)		(20,773)		(11,783)			
Net (loss) income available to common shareholders	\$	(10,215)	\$	7,955	\$	(29,720)	\$	8,249			
		(, ,		,		())		,			
Net (loss) income per share available to common shareholders (basic)	\$	(0.06)	\$	0.04	\$	(0.16)	\$	0.05			
Net (loss) income per share available to common shareholders (diluted)	\$	(0.06)	\$	0.04	\$	(0.16)	\$	0.04			
Weighted average common shares used in computation of per share data:											
Basic	1	83,519,768	1	182,988,516	1	84,415,040	1	82,082,141			
Diluted	1	83,519,768	2	210,535,372	1	84,415,040	2	05,243,355			

LADENBURG THALMANN FINANCIAL SERVICES INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

(Dollars in thousands, except share amounts) (Unaudited)

	Prefer	red S	Stock	Comm	on S	Stock		Additional Paid-In			Noncontrolling		Noncontrolling		
	Shares		Amount	Shares		Amount		Capital	A	Deficit		Interest	Total		
Balance - December 31, 2014	11,096,231	\$	1	184,968,487	\$	18	\$	460,446	\$	(124,005)	\$	11	\$ 336,471		
Issuance of common stock under employee stock purchase plan	_			147,576		_		425				_	425		
Exercise of stock				147,570				723					723		
options	_		_	964,691		_		1,074		_		_	1,074		
Stock-based compensation to consultants and independent financial advisors	_		_	_		_		1,445		_		_	1,445		
Stock-based compensation to employees	_		_	_		_		4,481		_		_	4,481		
Issuance of restricted stock	_		_	1,206,081		1		_		_		_	1		
Repurchase and retirement of common stock	_		_	(4,066,669)		_		(11,837)		_		_	(11,837)		
Third party investment in subsidiary	_		_	_		_		_		_		40	40		
Preferred stock issued, net of underwriting discount and expenses of \$1,907	3,514,146							82,727					82,727		
Preferred stock dividends declared and paid			_	_		_		(20,773)		_		_	(20,773)		
Net loss	_		_	_		_		_		(8,947)		(39)	(8,986)		
Balance - September 30, 2015	14,610,377	\$	1	183,220,166	\$	19	\$	517,988	\$	(132,952)	\$	12	\$ 385,068		

LADENBURG THALMANN FINANCIAL SERVICES INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Dollars in thousands) (Unaudited)

> Nine Months Ended September 30,

	2015	September 3	2014
			2011
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net (loss) income	\$ (8	8,986) \$	19,970
Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) income to			
net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		(21)	(12
Change in fair value of contingent consideration		(31)	(12
Adjustment to deferred rent		59	(286
Amortization of intangible assets		5,445	9,360
Depreciation and other amortization	4	1,635 252	3,167 314
Loss on extinguishment of debt Amortization of debt discount		503	371
Amortization of debt issue cost		282	296
Amortization of retention loans	7	7,831	8,144
Deferred income taxes		3,259)	(13,381
Benefit attributable to reduction of goodwill	(-	57	(13,381
Non-cash interest expense on forgivable loan		464	762
Non-cash compensation expense	5	5,926	7,689
Loss on write-off of receivable from subtenant	, and the second se	855	7,007
Loss on write-off of furniture, fixtures and leasehold improvements, net		9	6
2035 on white our or farmetic, fixtures and reasonord improvements, net		,	· ·
Increase) decrease in operating assets, net of effects of acquisition:			
Securities owned, at fair value	1	,943	(1,069
Receivables from clearing brokers	(11	,883)	(36,987
Receivables from other broker-dealers		827	286
Other receivables, net	1	,026	(914
Notes receivable from financial advisors, net	(7	7,058)	(3,291
Cash surrender value of life insurance	1	,598	2,230
Other assets	1	,760	(358
ncrease (decrease) in operating liabilities, net of effects of acquisition:		189	2 251
Securities sold, but not yet purchased, at fair value Accrued compensation			3,351
Accrued interest		(570) (263)	(1,647 (491
Commissions and fees payable		,267	5,142
		1,075)	(2,352
Deferred compensation liability Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		9,224)	(418
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		2,579	
Tet cash provided by (used in) operating activities		,379	(60)
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Purchases of fixed assets	(6	5,674)	(5,887
(Increase) decrease in restricted assets		(291)	100
Acquisition of SSN, net of cash acquired	(16	5,919)	_
Acquisition of certain assets of Dalton	(2	2,100)	_
Acquisition of Highland, net of cash acquired		_	(3,353
Acquisition of certain assets of Select		(503)	_
Net cash used in investing activities	(26	5,487)	(9,140
	_		
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Issuance of Series A preferred stock	82	2,727	103,462
Issuance of common stock	1	,499	2,252
Series A preferred stock dividends paid	(20),773)	(11,783
Repurchases of common stock	(11	,837)	(8,090
Term loan (repayments) additional borrowing		(289)	500
Principal repayments on notes payable	(15	5,930)	(32,518
Principal repayments under revolving credit facility, net	(12	(68)	(32,310

Third party investment in subsidiary		40	_
Net cash provided by financing activities		35,369	53,823
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		11,461	44,623
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		103,087	50,329
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$	114,548	\$ 94,952
Supplemental cash flow information:			
Interest paid	\$	2,977	\$ 4,246
Taxes paid		1,723	2,222
Acquisition of SSN:			
Assets acquired	\$	52,175	\$ _
Liabilities assumed		(4,888)	_
Net assets acquired		47,287	_
Promissory note		(18,697)	_
Due to selling shareholders		(3,590)	_
Cash paid in acquisition		25,000	_
Cash acquired in acquisition		(8,081)	_
Net cash paid in acquisition	\$	16,919	\$ _
Acquisition of certain assets of Dalton:			
Assets acquired	\$	2,689	\$ _
Payable to seller		(589)	_
Net cash paid in acquisition	\$	2,100	\$
Acquisition of Highland:			
Assets acquired	\$	_	\$ 63,308
Liabilities assumed		_	(51,742)
Net assets acquired		_	 11,566
Stock issued in acquisition		_	(7,953)
Cash acquired in acquisition		_	(260)
Net cash paid in acquisition	\$		\$ 3,353
Acquisition of certain assets of Select Brokerage Services, Inc:			
Assets acquired	\$	3,021	\$ _
Payable to seller		(2,518)	_
Net cash paid in acquisition	\$	503	\$ _
rate in adjustment	*		

(Unaudited; Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

1. Description of Business and Basis of Presentation

Ladenburg Thalmann Financial Services Inc. (the "Company" or "LTS") is a holding company. Its principal operating subsidiaries are Securities America, Inc. (collectively with related companies, "Securities America"), Triad Advisors, Inc. ("Triad"), Investacorp, Inc. (collectively with related companies, "Investacorp"), KMS Financial Services, Inc. ("KMS"), which the Company acquired in October 2014, Securities Service Network, Inc. ("SSN"), which the Company acquired in January 2015, Ladenburg Thalmann & Co. Inc. ("Ladenburg"), Ladenburg Thalmann Asset Management Inc. ("LTAM"), Premier Trust, Inc. ("Premier Trust") and Highland Capital Brokerage, Inc. ("Highland"), which the Company acquired in July 2014.

Securities America, Triad, Investacorp, KMS and SSN are registered broker-dealers and investment advisors that serve the independent financial advisor community. The independent financial advisors of these independent broker-dealers primarily serve retail clients. Such entities derive revenue from advisory fees and commissions, primarily from the sale of mutual funds, variable annuity products and other financial products and services.

Ladenburg is a full service registered broker-dealer that has been a member of the New York Stock Exchange since 1879. Broker-dealer activities include sales and trading and investment banking. Ladenburg provides its services principally to middle-market and emerging growth companies and high net worth individuals through a coordinated effort among corporate finance, capital markets, brokerage and trading professionals.

LTAM is a registered investment advisor. It offers various asset management products utilized by Ladenburg and Premier Trust's clients, as well as clients of the Company's independent financial advisors.

Premier Trust, a Nevada trust company, provides wealth management services, including administration of personal trusts and retirement accounts, estate and financial planning and custody services.

Highland is an independent insurance broker that delivers life insurance, fixed and equity indexed annuities and long-term care solutions to investment and insurance providers. Highland provides specialized point-of-sale support along with advanced marketing and estate and business planning techniques, delivering customized insurance solutions to both institutional clients and independent producers.

Securities America's, Triad's, Investacorp's, KMS', SSN's and Ladenburg's customer transactions are cleared through clearing brokers on a fully-disclosed basis and such entities are subject to regulation by, among others, the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA") and the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board. Each entity is a member of the Securities Investor Protection Corporation. Securities America is also subject to regulation by the Commodities Futures Trading Commission and the National Futures Association. Highland is subject to regulation by various regulatory bodies, including state attorneys general and insurance departments. Premier Trust is subject to regulation by the Nevada Department of Business and Industry Financial Institutions Division.

Basis of Presentation

The condensed consolidated financial statements are unaudited and have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. In the opinion of management, the interim data includes all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring adjustments, necessary for a fair statement of the results for the periods presented. Because of the nature of the Company's business, interim period results may not be indicative of full year or future results.

The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements do not include all information and notes required in annual audited financial statements in conformity with GAAP. The statement of financial condition at December 31, 2014 has been derived from the audited financial statements at that date, but does not include all of the information and notes required by GAAP for complete financial statement presentation. Please refer to the notes to the audited consolidated financial statements included in the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 for additional disclosures and a description of accounting policies.

Certain amounts in the prior period financial statements were reclassified to conform with the current period financial statement presentation.

(Unaudited; Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In April 2015, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2015-03, "Interest - Imputation of Interest (Subtopic 835-30): Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs" which requires that debt issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability be presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the carrying amount of that debt liability, consistent with debt discounts. The ASU requires retrospective adoption and is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2015. Early adoption is permitted. Adoption of ASU 2015-03 is not expected to have a material effect on the Company's consolidated statement of financial condition.

2. Acquisitions

Securities Service Network, Inc.

On January 2, 2015, the Company acquired the capital stock of SSN and an affiliated company, Renaissance Capital Corporation ("RCC"). SSN is an independent broker-dealer, registered investment advisor and insurance agency based in Knoxville, TN. RCC is a corporation that owns fixed assets leased to SSN. The purchase price was approximately \$47,287, including \$25,000 principal amount of secured short-term promissory notes, which bore interest at 0.41% per annum and were paid in full on the business day following the closing date, and \$20,000 principal amount of secured four-year promissory notes, bearing interest at 1.74% per annum and payable in equal quarterly installments of principal and interest (valued at \$18,697 based on an imputed interest rate of 5.1%). The promissory notes are secured by a pledge of the shares of SSN and RCC purchased in the acquisition pursuant to a stock pledge agreement. The Company paid approximately \$3,590, which is included in the purchase price above, based on the amount by which the aggregate net worth of SSN and RCC as of the closing date of the acquisition exceeded a targeted amount.

The Company conducted a valuation study to determine the acquisition-date fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed and related allocation of purchase price of SSN. The following table summarizes the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the acquisition date:

Cash	\$ 8,08	31
Securities owned, at fair value	15	58
Receivables from clearing broker	63	30
Other receivables, net	2,61	11
Fixed assets, net	5	57
Notes receivable	22	25
Identifiable intangible assets	30,90)1
Goodwill	8,79	98
Other assets	71	14
Total assets acquired	52,17	75
Commissions and fees payable	3,46	52
Deferred income	4	44
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1,38	32
Total liabilities assumed	4,88	38
Total purchase price	\$ 47,28	37

(Unaudited; Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

The Company has elected under Section 338 of the Internal Revenue Code to treat the acquisition as an asset acquisition and, accordingly, goodwill will be deductible for income tax purposes over 15 years. Goodwill was assigned to the independent brokerage and advisory services segment.

Factors that contributed to a purchase price resulting in the recognition of goodwill includes SSN's strategic fit with the Company's existing businesses, including the resulting synergies and economies of scale expected from the acquisition.

Identifiable intangible assets as of the acquisition date consist of:

		Useful Life
		(years)
Relationships with financial advisors	\$ 26,654	20
Technology	2,080	12.5
Trade name	1,756	9
Non-compete agreements	411	3
Total identifiable intangible assets	\$ 30,901	

Fair value amounts (Level 3 inputs) were determined using an income approach for relationships with financial advisors and non-compete agreements, the relief from royalty method for trade names and the cost approach for developed technology.

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements include the results of operations of Highland, KMS and SSN from their dates of acquisition; July 31, 2014, October 15, 2014 and January 2, 2015, respectively. The following unaudited pro forma information represents the Company's consolidated results of operations as if the acquisitions of KMS, Highland and SSN had occurred at the beginning of 2014. The pro forma net loss reflects amortization of the amounts ascribed to identifiable intangible assets acquired in the acquisitions, elimination of Highland's interest expense related to notes repaid on the date of acquisition and interest expense on notes issued in the KMS and SSN acquisitions. In addition, \$21,238 of non-recurring income tax benefit resulting from the acquisitions of Highland and KMS has been excluded from the pro forma results in 2014.

	 Months Ended ember 30, 2014	 ptember 30, 2014
Revenue	\$ 278,763	\$ 835,779
Net (loss) income	\$ (4,241)	\$ 410
Net loss available to common shareholders	\$ (9,069)	\$ (11,310)
Basic and diluted loss per share available to common shareholders	\$ (0.05)	\$ (0.06)
Weighted average common shares outstanding:		
Basic and diluted (a)	185,257,947	185,486,802

(a) Includes 3,981,684 shares of Company common stock issued in connection with the acquisitions.

The unaudited pro forma financial information is not intended to represent or be indicative of the Company's consolidated results of operations that would have been reported had the acquisitions of KMS, Highland and SSN been completed as of the beginning of 2014, nor should it be taken as indicative of the Company's future consolidated results of operations.

Combined revenues and net income for SSN from the date of acquisition for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, included in the accompanying statements of operations were \$28,535 and \$86,125 and \$343 and \$961, respectively.

Other

In July 2015, Highland purchased certain assets of the insurance brokerage business of Select Brokerage Services Inc. ("Select") that was deemed to be a business acquisition.

(Unaudited; Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

The consideration for the transaction was \$3,021, consisting of cash of \$503 paid upon closing, a deferred payment of \$504 due on the first anniversary of the closing date and contingent consideration having a fair value of \$2,014, for which a liability was recognized based on estimated acquisition-date fair value of the potential earn-out.

The liability was valued using an income-based approach of the earn-out's probability-weighted expected payout using three earn-out scenarios. The measurement of the earn-out, which relates to a four-year period, is based on unobservable inputs (Level 3) and reflects the Company's own assumptions. The purchase price was allocated as follows: \$2,780 to identifiable intangible and other assets, including renewal revenue, and \$241 to goodwill.

In June 2015, Securities America purchased certain assets of the broker-dealer business of Dalton Strategic Investment Services, Inc. ("Dalton") that was deemed to be a business acquisition. Relationships with certain registered representatives and investment advisor representatives including their client accounts were acquired. The consideration for the transaction was \$2,689, consisting of cash of \$2,100 and contingent consideration having a fair value of \$589, for which a liability was recognized based on the estimated acquisition-date fair value of the potential earn-out.

The liability was valued using an income-based approach discounting to present value the earn-out's probability weighted expected payout using three earn-out scenarios. The fair value measurement of the earn-out which relates to a three-year period, is based on unobservable inputs (Level 3) and reflects the Company's own assumptions. The purchase price was allocated as follows: \$2,675 to identifiable intangible and other assets and \$14 to goodwill.

Results of operations relating to the acquired assets of Select and Dalton are included in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations from their respective dates of acquisition and were not material. In addition, based on materiality, pro forma results were not presented.

3. Securities Owned and Securities Sold, But Not Yet Purchased

The components of securities owned and securities sold, but not yet purchased at September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 which are carried at fair value were as follows:

<u>September 30, 2015</u>	Securities Owned	Securities Sold, But Not Yet Purchased
Certificates of deposit	\$ 423	\$ —
Debt securities	1,351	(15)
U.S. Treasury notes	113	(348)
Common stock and warrants	716	(56)
Restricted common stock and warrants	842	_
Other investments	680	_
Total	\$ 4,125	\$ (419)
<u>December 31, 2014</u>		
Certificates of deposit	\$ 465	\$ —
Debt securities	1,526	(45)
U.S. Treasury notes	102	(151)
Common stock and warrants	1,981	(34)
Restricted common stock and warrants	875	_
Other investments	961	_
Total	\$ 5,910	\$ (230)

As of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, approximately \$3,581 and \$5,429, respectively, of securities owned were deposited with clearing brokers and may be sold or hypothecated by the clearing brokers pursuant to clearing agreements with such clearing brokers. Securities sold, but not yet purchased, represents obligations of the Company's subsidiaries to purchase the specified financial instrument at the then current market price. Accordingly, these transactions result in off-balance-sheet risk as the Company's subsidiaries' ultimate obligation to repurchase such securities may exceed the amount recognized in the consolidated statements of financial condition.

(Unaudited; Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

Authoritative accounting guidance defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and establishes a fair value hierarchy which prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. A fair value measurement assumes that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability occurs in the principal market for the asset or liability or, in the absence of a principal market, the most advantageous market. Valuation techniques that are consistent with the market, income or cost approach are used to measure fair value.

The fair value hierarchy ranks the quality and reliability of the information used to determine fair values. Financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value are classified and disclosed in one of the following three categories:

Level 1 — Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 — Inputs other than quoted market prices that are observable, either directly or indirectly, and reasonably available. Observable inputs reflect the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability and are developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of the Company.

Level 3 — Unobservable inputs which reflect the assumptions that the Company develops based on available information about what market participants would use in valuing the asset or liability.

Securities are classified as follows:

As of September 30, 2015:				
Securities owned, at fair value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Certificates of deposit	\$ 423	\$ _	\$ _	\$ 423
Debt securities	_	1,351	_	1,351
U.S. Treasury notes	_	113	_	113
Common stock and warrants	716	842	_	1,558
Other investments	_	680	_	680
Total	\$ 1,139	\$ 2,986	\$ _	\$ 4,125
Securities sold, but not yet purchased, at fair value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Debt securities	\$ _	\$ (15)	\$ _	\$ (15)
U.S. Treasury notes	_	(348)	_	(348)
Common stock and warrants	(56)	_	_	(56)
Total	\$ (56)	\$ (363)	\$ _	\$ (419)
As of December 31, 2014:				
Securities owned, at fair value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Certificates of deposit	\$ 465	\$ _	\$ _	\$ 465
Debt securities	_	1,526	_	1,526
U.S. Treasury notes	_	102	_	102

Securities owned, at fair value	Level 1	 Level 2	 Level 3	Total
Certificates of deposit	\$ 465	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 465
Debt securities	_	1,526	_	1,526
U.S. Treasury notes	_	102	_	102
Common stock and warrants	1,981	875	_	2,856
Other investments	 _	961	 	 961
Total	\$ 2,446	\$ 3,464	\$ _	\$ 5,910

Securities sold, but not yet purchased, at fair value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Debt securities	\$ 	\$ (45)	\$ 	\$ (45)
U.S. Treasury notes	_	(151)	_	(151)
Common stock and warrants	(34)	_	_	(34)
Total	\$ (34)	\$ (196)	\$ 	\$ (230)

(Unaudited; Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

Debt securities and U.S. Treasury notes are valued based on recently executed transactions, market price quotations, and pricing models that factor in, as applicable, interest rates and bond default risk spreads.

Warrants are carried at a discount to fair value as determined by using the Black-Scholes option pricing model due to illiquidity. This model takes into account the underlying securities' current market values, the underlying securities' market volatility, the terms of the warrants, exercise prices and risk-free return rate. As of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the fair values of the warrants were \$382 and \$403, respectively, and are included in common stock and warrants (Level 2) above.

From time to time, Ladenburg receives common stock as compensation for investment banking services. These securities are restricted under applicable securities laws and may be freely traded only upon the effectiveness of a registration statement covering them or upon the satisfaction of the requirements of Rule 144, including the requisite holding period. Restricted common stock is classified as Level 2 securities.

Other investments consist principally of equity interests in real estate investment trusts, which are valued based on broker-dealer quotations and pricing available from buyers in the secondary market, and are classified as Level 2 securities.

4. Intangible Assets

At September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, intangible assets subject to amortization consisted of the following:

		Septemb	er :	30, 2015	December 31, 2014					
	Weighted- Average Estimated Useful Life (years)	Gross Carrying Amount		Accumulated Amortization		Gross Carrying Amount		.ccumulated mortization		
Technology	7.9	\$ 25,563	\$	11,672	\$	23,483	\$	9,223		
Relationships with financial advisors	15.2	110,671		29,920		81,438		23,704		
Vendor relationships	7	3,613		3,613		3,613		3,458		
Covenants not-to-compete	3.9	6,035		3,026		5,401		2,100		
Customer accounts	8.3	2,029		1,703		2,029		1,516		
Renewal revenue	7.7	42,142		5,927		39,503		2,099		
Trade names	7.9	16,910		7,233		15,154		5,563		
Relationships with investment banking clients	4	2,586		2,586		2,586		2,586		
Leases	6	861		861		861		861		
Referral agreement	6.6	124		96		124		81		
Other	6	67		67		67		67		
Total		\$ 210,601	\$	66,704	\$	174,259	\$	51,258		

Aggregate amortization expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, amounted to \$15,445 and \$9,360. The weighted-average amortization period for total amortizable intangibles at September 30, 2015 is 9.83 years. Estimated amortization expense for each of the five succeeding years and thereafter is as follows:

(Unaudited; Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

2015	\$ 5,204
2016	20,773
2017	20,297
2018	19,512
2019	15,964
2020 - 2027	62,147
	\$ 143,897

5. Goodwill

Changes to the carrying amount of goodwill during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 are as follows:

	Lac	lenburg	В	Independent rokerage and visory Services	Insurance Brokerage	Total
Balance as of December 31, 2014	\$	301	\$	103,422	\$ 11,515	\$ 115,238
Benefit applied to reduce goodwill		_		(57)	_	(57)
Adjustment related to allocation of KMS and Highland purchase price		_		(68)	1,711	1,643
Business acquisitions		_		8,812	241	9,053
Balance as of September 30, 2015	\$	301	\$	112,109	\$ 13,467	\$ 125,877

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, the carrying amount of goodwill was reduced by \$19 and \$57, respectively, representing state tax benefit realized for the excess of tax deductible goodwill over goodwill recognized for reporting purposes with respect to the Company's subsidiaries.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2015, the Company decreased goodwill attributable to the KMS acquisition by \$68 with a corresponding decrease to the deferred tax liability previously recorded at the date of acquisition.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2015, the Company increased goodwill attributable to the Highland acquisition by \$1,711, with a corresponding increase to the deferred tax liability previously recorded at the date of acquisition.

6. Net Capital Requirements

The Company's broker-dealer subsidiaries are subject to the SEC's Uniform Net Capital Rule 15c3-1, which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital. Each of Securities America, Triad, Investacorp, KMS and Ladenburg has elected to compute its net capital under the alternative method allowed by this rule, and, at September 30, 2015, each had a \$250 minimum net capital requirement. At September 30, 2015, Securities America had regulatory net capital of \$5,508, Triad had regulatory net capital of \$7,892, Investacorp had regulatory net capital of \$4,905, KMS had regulatory net capital of \$6,010 and Ladenburg had regulatory net capital of \$23,575.

SSN has elected to compute its net capital under the basic method allowed by the Net Capital Rule and at September 30, 2015, it had net capital of \$5,697, which was \$5,320 in excess of its required net capital of \$377, and had a net capital ratio of 1.01 to 1.

Securities America, Triad, Investacorp, KMS, SSN and Ladenburg claim exemptions from the provisions of the SEC's Rule 15c3-3 pursuant to paragraph (k)(2)(ii) as they clear their customer transactions through correspondent brokers on a fully disclosed basis.

Premier Trust, chartered by the state of Nevada, is subject to regulation by the Nevada Department of Business and Industry Financial Institutions Division.

(Unaudited; Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

Under Nevada law, Premier Trust must maintain minimum stockholders' equity of at least \$1,000, including at least \$250 in cash. At September 30, 2015, Premier Trust had stockholders' equity of \$1,459, including at least \$250 in cash.

7. Income Taxes

The Company files a consolidated federal income tax return and certain combined state and local income tax returns together with its subsidiaries. The tax rate for the 2015 periods is based on the estimated annual effective tax rate.

A net deferred tax liability of approximately \$14,922 was recorded in connection with the acquisition on July 31, 2014 of Highland for the excess financial statement basis over tax basis of the acquired assets and assumed liabilities. As Highland will be included in the Company's consolidated federal and certain combined state and local income tax returns, deferred federal and a portion of deferred state and local tax liabilities assumed in the acquisition may be used to offset the reversal of the Company's pre-existing deferred tax assets. Accordingly, the Company's deferred tax valuation allowance has been reduced by \$14,125 of the deferred tax liability recorded in the acquisition and recorded as a deferred tax benefit in the accompanying statements of operations for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2014.

The effective tax rate differs from the federal statutory income tax rate for the 2015 periods primarily due to nondeductible expenses and state and local income taxes. The effective tax rate differs from the federal statutory income tax rate for the 2014 periods primarily due to the benefit related to the reversal of the valuation allowance referred to above, state and local income taxes and utilization of net operating loss carryforwards for which valuation allowances had previously been provided.

8. Notes Payable

Notes payable consisted of the following:

	Sept	tember 30, 2015	Dec	ember 31, 2014
Notes payable to clearing firm under forgivable loans	\$	10,356	\$	10,356
Note payable to a subsidiary of Premier Trust's former shareholder				200
Notes payable to finance Securities America acquisition, net of \$223 and \$627 of unamortized				
discount in 2015 and 2014, respectively		17,753		29,201
Note payable under subsidiary's term loan with bank		1,049		1,406
Notes payable by subsidiary to certain former Highland shareholders		6,737		6,737
Notes payable to KMS' former shareholders, net of \$374 and \$466 of unamortized discount in				
2015 and 2014, respectively		6,171		7,534
Notes payable to SSN's former shareholders, net of \$1,058 of unamortized discount		16,518		_
Other		600		600
Total	\$	59,184	\$	56,034

The Company estimates that the fair value of notes payable was \$55,439 at September 30, 2015 and \$53,102 at December 31, 2014 based on then current interest rates at which similar amounts of debt could then be borrowed (Level 2 inputs). As of September 30, 2015, the Company was in compliance with all covenants in its debt agreements.

The lenders under the notes payable to finance the Securities America acquisition (the "November 2011 Loan") included Frost Nevada Investments Trust ("Frost Nevada"), an affiliate of the Company's Chairman of the Board and principal shareholder, and Vector Group, Ltd. ("Vector Group"), a principal shareholder of the Company. At September 30, 2015, outstanding principal amounts loaned by Frost Nevada and Vector Group were \$15,120 and \$1,680, respectively.

The Company used the net proceeds from the sale of Series A Preferred Stock during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 (see Note 11) and working capital to prepay \$11,852 principal amount of the remaining aggregate principal amount of the November 2011 Loan.

(Unaudited; Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

In connection with the prepayment, the Company recorded a loss on extinguishment of debt for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 of \$252, which included unamortized discounts and the write-off of debt issuance costs.

At September 30, 2015, the Company had \$40,000 available under its \$40,000 revolving credit agreement with an affiliate of its principal shareholder.

On October 15, 2014, as part of the consideration paid for the acquisition of KMS, the Company issued four-year promissory notes to the former shareholders of KMS in the aggregate principal amount of \$8,000, bearing interest at 1.84% per annum and payable in equal quarterly installments of principal and interest, which were valued at \$7,508 based on an imputed interest rate of 5.5%. The carrying value of promissory notes at September 30, 2015, net of \$374 unamortized discount, amounts to \$6,171.

On January 2, 2015, as part of the consideration paid for the acquisition of SSN, the Company issued four-year promissory notes to the former shareholders of SSN in the aggregate principal amount of \$20,000, bearing interest at 1.74% per annum and payable in equal quarterly installments of principal and interest, which were valued at \$18,697 based on an imputed interest rate of 5.1%. The carrying value of these promissory notes at September 30, 2015, net of \$1,058 of unamortized discount, was \$16,517.

9. Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation and Regulatory Matters

In October 2011, a suit was filed in the U.S. District Court for the District of Delaware by James Zazzali, as Trustee for the DBSI Private Actions Trust, against 50 firms, including two of the Company's subsidiaries, and their purported parent corporations, alleging liability for purported fraud in the marketing and sale of DBSI securities. The plaintiff alleges, among other things, that the defendants failed to conduct adequate due diligence and violated securities laws. The plaintiff seeks an unspecified amount of compensatory damages, as well as other relief. On September 24, 2014, one Company subsidiary entered into a settlement agreement resolving all claims against it; the amount paid by such subsidiary in connection with the settlement was not material. Effective September 26, 2014, the case involving the remaining parties was transferred to the U.S. District Court for the District of Idaho. The remaining Company subsidiary's motion to dismiss the complaint, which was filed in December 2011, is currently pending. The Company believes the claims are without merit and intends to vigorously defend against them.

From April 2014 to July 2015, eleven arbitration claims were filed on behalf of 64 individuals against Securities America and another brokerage firm concerning purported unauthorized trading and unsuitability of investments made on their behalf by a registered representative. Securities America believes that all or virtually all of the transactions at issue occurred while the registered representative was affiliated with his prior brokerage firm. On October 17, 2014, the parties to one of the arbitration claims reached an agreement in principle to resolve all claims on behalf of 29 individual claimants. In June 2015, the parties to another of the arbitration claims reached an agreement in principle to resolve all claims with one individual claimant. The amounts paid in connection with those settlements are not material. The 34 claimants in the remaining nine arbitration claims are seeking reimbursement of investment losses that may exceed \$10,000, and other relief. In addition, Securities America has received notice of four potential claims which would involve 31 individuals seeking reimbursement of investment losses that may exceed \$467, and other relief. The Company believes the claims are without merit and intends to vigorously defend against them.

In December 2014 and January 2015, two purported class action suits were filed in the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of New York against American Realty Capital Partners, Inc. ("ARCP"), certain affiliated entities and individuals, ARCP's auditing firm, as well as the underwriters of ARCP's May 21, 2014 offering of \$1,656,000 in common stock ("May 21, 2014 Offering") and three prior notes offerings. The complaints have been consolidated. Ladenburg was named as a defendant as one of 17 underwriters of the May 21, 2014 offering and as one of eight underwriters of ARCP's July 13, 2013 offering of \$300,000 in convertible notes. The complaints allege, among other things, that the offering materials were misleading based on financial reporting of expenses, improperly-calculated AFFO (adjusted funds from operations), and false and misleading Sarbanes Oxley certifications, including statements as to ARCP's internal controls, and that the underwriters are liable for violations of federal securities laws. The plaintiffs seek an unspecified amount of compensatory damages, as well as other relief. In October 2015, the underwriter defendants' motion to dismiss was granted without prejudice; the plaintiffs were granted leave to file an amended complaint by December 2015.

(Unaudited; Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

The Company believes the claims against Ladenburg are without merit and, if they are re-filed, intends to vigorously defend against them.

During the period from March to October 2015, seven arbitration claims and one lawsuit (U.S. District Court for the Middle District of Alabama) were filed against Triad and others by a total of 43 individuals concerning purported misrepresentations and unsuitability of trading in their advisory accounts. All or most of the transactions at issue were effected through an investment advisory firm not affiliated with Triad or the Company. The lawsuit was transferred to arbitration. Six arbitration claims, including the transferred lawsuit, allege an aggregate amount of \$1,059 in compensatory damages and other relief. The remaining two arbitration claims seek an unspecified amount of compensatory damages and other relief. The Company believes the claims are without merit and intends to vigorously defend against them.

In December 2012, a purported class action suit was filed in the Superior Court of California for San Mateo County against Worldwide Energy & Manufacturing, Inc. ("WEMU"), certain individuals, and Ladenburg as placement agent for a 2010 offering of WEMU securities. The complaint alleged that the defendants, including Ladenburg, were liable for violations of state securities laws. On May 13, 2015, the court approved the parties' settlement agreement entered into on August 11, 2014 that resolved all claims in the complaint in exchange for Ladenburg's payment of \$1,325. Such amount was accrued at December 31, 2013 and paid in December 2014.

During the period from June to November 2013, and in September 2014, seven former clients of Triad filed arbitration claims concerning the suitability of investments in tenant-in-common interests purchased through Section 1031 tax-deferred exchanges. Five clients settled such claims between April 2014 and February 2015. In April 2015, the remaining two claimants entered into settlement agreements with Triad. The amounts paid by Triad in connection with the settlements were not material.

In September 2015, a client of a former Triad registered representative filed an arbitration claim concerning the suitability of investments in tenant-in-common interests purchased through Section 1031 tax-deferred exchanges. The claim, which seeks compensatory damages for purported investment losses totaling \$3,714 and other relief, is currently pending. The Company believes the claim is without merit and intends to vigorously defend against it.

In September 2015, Securities America was named as a defendant in lawsuits brought by the bankruptcy trustee of a broker-dealer (U.S. Bankruptcy Court for the District of Minnesota) and by a customer of that broker-dealer (U.S. District Court for the District of Minnesota). The lawsuits allege that certain of the debtor broker-dealer's assets were transferred to Securities America in June 2015 for inadequate consideration. The complaints seek an unspecified amount of compensatory damages, and other relief. The Company believes the claims are without merit and intends to vigorously defend against them.

Commencing in October 2013, certain states have requested that Securities America provide information concerning the suitability of purchases of non-traded REIT securities by their residents. Securities America is complying with the requests. The Company currently is unable to determine the scope of any potential liability or whether and to what extent any of the states may seek to discipline Securities America.

Since July 2015, the Company's broker-dealer subsidiaries have been reviewing the extent to which they failed to waive mutual fund sales charges for certain customers who purchased shares in mutual funds beginning in July 2009 that provided fee waivers for certain charitable and retirement accounts. The Company's broker-dealer subsidiaries expect to reimburse such mutual fund sales charges, with interest, to the affected customers; the cost to the broker-dealer subsidiaries is not expected to be material. The Company currently is unable to determine whether, and to what extent, any regulatory agency may seek disciplinary action.

In the ordinary course of business, in addition to the above disclosed matters, the Company's subsidiaries are defendants in other litigation and arbitration proceedings and may be subject to unasserted claims primarily in connection with their activities as securities broker-dealers or as a result of services provided in connection with securities offerings. Such litigation and claims may involve substantial or indeterminate amounts and are in varying stages of legal proceedings. When the Company believes that it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated (after giving effect to any expected insurance recovery), the Company accrues such amount. Upon final resolution, amounts payable may differ materially from amounts accrued.

(Unaudited; Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

The Company had accrued liabilities in the amount of approximately \$275 at September 30, 2015 for certain pending matters, which are included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, the Company credited \$206 and charged \$377, respectively to operations with respect to such matters. For other pending matters, the Company was unable to estimate a range of possible loss; however, in the opinion of management, after consultation with counsel, the ultimate resolution of these matters is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations or liquidity.

10. Off-Balance-Sheet Risk and Concentration of Credit Risk

Securities America, Triad, Investacorp, KMS, SSN and Ladenburg do not carry accounts for customers or perform custodial functions related to customers' securities. They introduce all of their customer transactions, which are not reflected in these financial statements, to clearing brokers, which maintain cash and the customers' accounts and clear such transactions. Also, the clearing brokers provide the clearing and depository operations for proprietary securities transactions. These activities create exposure to off-balance-sheet risk in the event that customers do not fulfill their obligations to the clearing brokers, as each of Securities America, Triad, Investacorp, KMS, SSN and Ladenburg has agreed to indemnify such clearing brokers for any resulting losses. Each of such entities continually assesses risk associated with each customer who is on margin credit and records an estimated loss when management believes collection from the customer is unlikely.

During the period, the clearing operations for the broker-dealer subsidiaries' securities transactions were provided by two clearing brokers. At September 30, 2015, amounts due from these clearing brokers was \$51,273, which represents a substantial concentration of credit risk should these clearing brokers be unable to fulfill their obligations.

In the normal course of business, Securities America, Triad, Investacorp, KMS, SSN and Ladenburg may enter into transactions in financial instruments with off-balance sheet risk. As of September 30, 2015, Securities America, Triad and Ladenburg sold securities that they do not own and will therefore be obligated to purchase such securities at a future date. These obligations have been recorded in the statements of financial condition at the market values of the related securities, and such entities will incur a loss if, at the time of purchase, the market value of the securities has increased since the applicable date of sale.

The Company and its subsidiaries maintain cash in bank deposit accounts, which, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts and believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risk on cash.

11. Shareholders' Equity

Repurchase Program

In March 2007, the Company's board of directors authorized the repurchase of up to 2,500,000 shares of the Company's common stock from time to time on the open market or in privately negotiated transactions, depending on market conditions. In October 2011, the board approved an amendment to the repurchase program to permit the purchase of up to an additional 5,000,000 shares, and another amendment was approved in November 2014 to permit the repurchase of an additional 10,000,000 shares. Since inception through September 30, 2015, 10,662,821 shares of common stock have been repurchased for \$27,461 under the program and have been retired, including the repurchase of 2,586,427 shares for \$6,400 and 4,066,669 shares for \$11,837 during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, respectively.

Stock Compensation Plans

Options granted during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 were as follows:

(Unaudited; Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

					Grant Date	<u>Fair</u>
Grant Date		Expiration Date	<u>Shares</u>	Exercise Price	<u>Value (1)</u>	
January 2, 2015	(2)	January 2, 2025	500,000	\$ 3.88	\$	1,163
January 20, 2015	(2)	January 20, 2025	850,000	\$ 4.25	\$	2,550
January 20, 2015	(2)(3)	January 20, 2025	30,000	\$ 4.25	\$	90
May 18, 2015	(4)	May 18, 2025	400,000	\$ 3.38	\$	655
June 16, 2015	(2)	June 16, 2025	30,000	\$ 3.67	\$	62
			1,810,000		\$	4,520

- (1) Fair value is calculated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model
- (2) Options vest in four equal annual installments beginning on the first anniversary of the respective grant dates.
- (3) Compensation expense recognized each period is based on the award's estimated value at the most recent reporting date.
- (4) Options vest on the one year anniversary of the grant date.

Options to purchase 11,125 and 76,765 shares of common stock were forfeited during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, respectively.

As of September 30, 2015, there was \$11,223 of unrecognized compensation cost for stock-based compensation, of which \$2,964 related to the 2015 grants described above. This cost is expected to be recognized over the vesting periods of the options, which on a weighted-average basis are approximately 2.41 years for all grants and approximately 2.91 years for the 2015 grants.

Options were exercised to purchase 278,037 and 964,691 shares of the Company's common stock during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, for which the intrinsic value on dates of exercise was \$488 and \$2,320, respectively.

Restricted stock granted during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 was as follows:

Grant Date		Final Vesting Date	<u>Shares</u>	Fair Value(1)
January 20, 2015	(2)	January 20, 2019	1,115,000	\$ 4,404
February 3, 2015	(3)(4)	October 27, 2018	28,581	\$ 111
April 28, 2015	(2)	April 28, 2019	62,500	\$ 218
			1,206,081	\$ 4,733

- (1) Fair value is calculated using the closing price on the grant date.
- (2) Vests in four equal annual installments beginning on the first anniversary of the grant
- (3) Compensation expense recognized each period is based on the awards estimated value at the most recent reporting date.
- (4) Vests in four equal annual installments beginning on October 27, 2015 and each anniversary thereafter.

As of September 30, 2015, there was \$3,790 of unrecognized compensation cost for stock-based compensation related to the 2015 restricted stock grants described above. This cost is expected to be recognized over the vesting periods of the restricted stock, which on a weighted-average basis are approximately 3.27 years for all grants and approximately 3.26 years for the 2015 grants.

Stock-based compensation, including options and restricted stock, attributed to employees was \$1,427 and \$4,481 and attributed to consultants and independent financial advisors was \$(1,185) and \$1,445 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, respectively.

Capital Stock

In May 2015, the Company filed an amendment to the Company's Articles of Incorporation to designate an additional 3,000,000 shares as Series A cumulative redeemable preferred stock ("Series A Preferred Stock").

(Unaudited; Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, the Company sold 152,134 and 3,514,146 shares of Series A Preferred Stock, pursuant to the "at the market" offering, which provided total gross proceeds to the Company of \$3,752 and \$84,634, before deducting the commission paid to unaffiliated sales agents and offering expenses aggregating \$175 and \$1,907, respectively. During October 2015, the Company sold an additional 53,233 shares of Series A Preferred Stock, which provided total gross proceeds of \$1,264 before deducting selling expenses of \$25.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, the Company paid dividends of \$7,289 and \$20,773, respectively, on its outstanding Series A Preferred Stock based on a monthly dividend of approximately \$0.1667 per share.

12. Per Share Data

Basic net (loss) income per common share is computed by dividing net (loss) income attributable to the Company, decreased in the case of income and increased in the case of loss by dividends declared on preferred stock, by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding. The dilutive effect of incremental common shares potentially issuable under outstanding options and warrants and unvested restricted stock is included in diluted earnings per share utilizing the treasury stock method. A reconciliation of basic and diluted common shares used in the computation of per share data follows:

	Three Mon Septen	ths Ended aber 30,	Nine Mont Septen	ths Ended iber 30,
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Basic weighted-average shares	183,519,768	182,988,516	184,415,040	182,082,141
Effect of dilutive securities:				
Options to purchase common stock	_	18,424,579	_	15,289,845
Warrants to purchase common stock	_	9,122,277	_	7,871,369
Dilutive potential common shares		27,546,856		23,161,214
Weighted average common shares outstanding and dilutive potential common shares	183,519,768	210,535,372	184,415,040	205,243,355

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, options and warrants to purchase 57,181,576 shares of common stock and 1,220,490 restricted shares of common stock were not included in the computation of diluted loss per share as the effect would have been anti-dilutive. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, options to purchase 3,358,000 shares of common stock were not included in the diluted computation as the effect would have been anti-dilutive.

13. Noncontrolling Interest

Arbor Point Advisors, LLC ("APA"), a registered investment advisor, which began operations in 2013, provides investment advisory services through APA's licensed investment advisor representatives. Securities America holds an 80% interest in APA and an unaffiliated entity owns a 20% interest. Because Securities America is the controlling managing member of APA, the results of operations of APA are included in the Company's consolidated financial statements, and amounts attributable to the 20% unaffiliated investor are recorded as a noncontrolling interest. During the nine months ended September 30, 2015, APA received capital contributions of \$200, of which \$160 was contributed by Securities America and \$40 was contributed by the unaffiliated investor, with no change in proportional ownership.

14. Segment Information

The Company has three operating segments. The independent brokerage and advisory services segment includes the broker-dealer and investment advisory services provided by the Company's independent broker-dealer subsidiaries to their independent contractor financial advisors and the wealth management services provided by Premier Trust. The Ladenburg segment includes the investment banking, sales and trading and asset management services and investment activities conducted by Ladenburg and LTAM. The insurance brokerage segment includes the wholesale insurance brokerage activities provided by Highland, which delivers life insurance, fixed and equity indexed annuities and long-term care solutions to investment and insurance providers.

Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization, or EBITDA, adjusted for acquisition-related expense, amortization of retention and forgivable loans, change in fair value of contingent consideration related to acquisitions, loss on extinguishment of debt, non-cash compensation expense, financial advisor recruiting expense and other expense, which includes loss on write-off of receivable from subtenant, excise and franchise tax expense and compensation expense that may be paid in stock, is the primary profit measure the Company's management uses in evaluating financial performance for its reportable segments. EBITDA, as adjusted, is considered a non-GAAP financial measure as defined by Regulation G promulgated by the SEC under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. The Company considers EBITDA, as adjusted, important in evaluating its financial performance on a consistent basis across various periods. Due to the significance of non-cash and non-recurring items, EBITDA, as adjusted, enables the Company's Board of Directors and management to monitor and evaluate the business on a consistent basis. The Company uses EBITDA, as adjusted, as a primary measure, among others, to analyze and evaluate financial and strategic planning decisions regarding future operating investments and potential acquisitions. The Company believes that EBITDA, as adjusted, eliminates items that are not indicative of its core operating performance, such as amortization of retention and forgivable loans and financial advisor recruiting expenses, or do not involve a cash outlay, such as

stock-related compensation, which is expected to remain a key element in our long-term incentive compensation program. EBITDA, as adjusted, should be considered in addition to, rather than as a substitute for, (loss) income before income taxes, net (loss) income and cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities.

Segment information for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 was as follows:

Three Months Ended September 30, 2015	Bro	dependent okerage and sory Services	L	adenburg	_	nsurance rokerage	C	orporate	Total
Revenues	\$	256,671	\$	13,248	\$	12,210	\$	85	\$ 282,214
Income (loss) before income taxes		3,141		(144)		(1,585)		(4,561) (1)	(3,149)
EBITDA, as adjusted ⁽⁴⁾		10,925		98		417		(3,080)	8,360
Identifiable assets(2)		400,290		44,053		63,522		55,425 (3)	563,290
Depreciation and amortization		4,834		178		1,769		17	6,798
Interest		834		_		172		249	1,255
Capital expenditures		1,646		51		188		_	1,885
Non-cash compensation		(914)		151		60		945	242
Three Months Ended September 30, 2014									
Revenues	\$	197,730	\$	16,675	\$	9,242	\$	85	\$ 223,732
Income (loss) before income taxes		1,186		3,400		(742)		(4,415) (1)	(571)
EBITDA, as adjusted ⁽⁴⁾		11,656		3,734		386		(2,429)	13,347
Identifiable assets(2)		314,083		72,190		62,812		44,247 (3)	493,332
Depreciation and amortization		3,771		176		952		3	4,902
Interest		1,267		11		118		305	1,701
Capital expenditures		1,114		_		48		_	1,162
Non-cash compensation		2,640		153		58		828	3,679

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015	Br	ndependent okerage and risory Services	La	adenburg	 nsurance brokerage (5)	Corporate	Total
Revenues	\$	777,009	\$	44,806	\$ 35,680	\$ 290	\$ 857,785
Income (loss) before income taxes		4,562		2,420	(5,628)	(12,628) (1)	(11,274
EBITDA, as adjusted ⁽⁴⁾		33,677		4,765	203	(7,967)	30,67
Identifiable assets (2)		400,290		44,053	63,522	55,425 (3)	563,290
Depreciation and amortization		14,377		528	5,141	34	20,080
Interest		2,713		7	511	739	3,970
Capital expenditures		5,849		87	652	86	6,674
Non-cash compensation		2,191		486	179	3,070	5,920
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014							
Revenues	\$	588,987	\$	57,830	\$ 9,242	\$ 244	\$ 656,303
Income (loss) before income taxes		6,927		13,176	(742)	(11,385) (1)	7,970
EBITDA, as adjusted ⁽⁴⁾		36,243		14,123	386	(6,857)	43,89
Identifiable assets (2)		314,083		72,190	62,812	44,247 (3)	493,332
Depreciation and amortization		11,082		486	952	7	12,52
Interest		4,121		18	118	936	5,193
Capital expenditures		4,805		926	48	108	5,88
Non-cash compensation		4,913		458	58	2,260	7,689

- (1) Includes interest expense, compensation, professional fees and other general and administrative expenses.
- (2) Identifiable assets are presented as of the end of the period.
- (3) Includes cash and cash equivalents of \$53,399 and \$42,421 as of September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.
- (4) The following table reconciles EBITDA, as adjusted, to (loss) income before income taxes for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014.

(5) Represents operations of Highland, which was acquired in July 2014.

		Three Mon Septem		Nine Months Ended September 30,				
EBITDA, as adjusted	<u> </u>	2015		2014	2015		2014	
Independent Brokerage and Advisory Services	\$	10,925	\$	11,656	\$ 33,677	\$	36,243	
Ladenburg		98		3,734	4,765		14,123	
Insurance Brokerage		417		386	203		386	
Corporate		(3,080)		(2,429)	(7,967)		(6,857)	
Total Segments		8,360		13,347 (1)	30,678		43,895 (1)	
Adjustments:								
Interest income		69		59	178		195	
Change in fair value of contingent consideration		_		_	31		12	
Loss on extinguishment of debt		_		_	(252)		(314)	
Interest expense		(1,255)		(1,701)	(3,970)		(5,193)	
Depreciation and amortization		(6,798)		(4,902)	(20,080)		(12,527)	
Non-cash compensation expense		(242)		(3,679)	(5,926)		(7,689)	
Financial advisor recruiting expense		(764)		(354)	(1,670)		(889)	
Amortization of retention and forgivable loans		(2,223)		(2,471)	(7,831)		(8,144)	
Acquisition-related expense		(139)		(850)	(257)		(1,308)	
Other		(146)		_	(2,136) (2)		_	
Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interest	_	(11)		(20)	(39)		(62)	
(Loss) income before income taxes	\$	(3,149)	\$	(571)	\$ (11,274)	\$	7,976	

⁽¹⁾ Includes increases of \$1,287 and \$3,925 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively, related to amortization of forgivable loans and financial advisor recruiting expenses to conform to the 2015 presentation.

Item 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

(dollars in thousands, except per share data)

Overview

We are a diversified financial services company engaged in independent brokerage and advisory services, investment banking, equity research, institutional sales and trading, asset management services, wholesale life insurance brokerage and trust services through our principal subsidiaries, Securities America, Inc. (collectively with related companies, "Securities America"), Triad Advisors, Inc. ("Triad"), Securities Service Network, Inc. ("SSN"), Investacorp, Inc. (collectively with related companies, "Investacorp"), KMS Financial Services, Inc. ("KMS"), Ladenburg Thalmann & Co. Inc. ("Ladenburg"), Ladenburg Thalmann Asset Management Inc. ("LTAM"), Highland Capital Brokerage, Inc. ("Highland"), and Premier Trust, Inc. ("Premier Trust"). We acquired Highland and KMS in July and October of 2014, respectively, and acquired SSN in January 2015. We are committed to establishing a significant presence in the financial services industry by meeting the varying investment needs of our clients.

Through our acquisitions of Securities America, Triad, SSN, Investacorp and KMS, we have established a leadership position in the independent broker-dealer industry. During the past decade, this has been one of the fastest growing segments of the financial services industry. With approximately 4,000 financial advisors located in 50 states, we have become one of the largest independent broker-dealer networks. We believe that we have the opportunity through acquisitions, recruiting and internal growth to continue expanding our market share in this segment over the next several years.

⁽²⁾ Includes loss on write-off of receivable from subtenant of \$855 for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, rent expense due to default by subtenant of \$468 for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, and excise and franchise tax expense of \$263 for the nine months ended September 30, 2015.

Since 2007, our plan has been to marry the more stable and recurring revenue and cash flows of the independent broker-dealer business with Ladenburg's traditional investment banking, capital markets, institutional sales and trading and related businesses.

Ladenburg's traditional businesses are generally more volatile and subject to the cycles of the capital markets than our independent broker-dealer subsidiaries, but historically have enjoyed strong operating margins in good market conditions. Our goal has been to build sufficient scale in our independent brokerage business, with the accompanying more steady cash flows it can produce, so regardless of capital market conditions, we as a firm can generate significant operating cash flow to create value for our shareholders.

The appealing growth profile of the independent brokerage and advisory business has been a key factor in setting our strategic path. The independent brokerage channel has expanded significantly over the past decade, driven in large part by demographic trends, including the graying of America, the retirement of the baby boomer generation and the expected transfer of retirement assets from 401(k) and group plans to individual retirement accounts. The increasing responsibility of individuals to plan for their own retirement has created demand for the financial advice provided by financial advisors in the independent channel, who are not tied to a particular firm's proprietary products. These developments have been occurring against a backdrop of the steady migration of client assets and advisors from the wirehouse, insurance and bank channels to the independent channel.

We operate each of our independent broker-dealers separately under their own management teams in a network model, which reflects our recognition that each firm has its own unique culture and strengths. We believe this is an important part of the glue that helps bind the advisors to the firm. At the same time, we have taken advantage of the scale we have created across the multiple firms by spreading costs in areas that are not directly visible to the advisors and their clients, such as technology, accounting and other back office functions.

While we keep each firm separate, we seek to share intellectual capital and best practices among the firms. For instance, we offer Securities America's industry recognized Next Level practice development tools to our other advisors. Similarly, the advisors in our independent brokerage and advisory services segment have other resources to enhance their practices, including access to Ladenburg's proprietary research, investment banking and capital markets services, fixed income trading and syndicate products, Premier Trust's trust services, Highland's insurance solutions and LTAM's wealth management solutions.

Ladenburg is a full service broker-dealer that has been a member of the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") since 1879. It provides its services principally for middle market and emerging growth companies and high net worth individuals through a coordinated effort among corporate finance, capital markets, asset management, brokerage and trading professionals.

LTAM is a registered investment advisor. LTAM offers various asset management products utilized by Ladenburg's and Premier Trust's clients, as well as clients of our independent financial advisors.

Highland is a leading independent insurance brokerage that delivers life insurance, fixed and equity indexed annuities and long-term care solutions to investment and insurance providers. Highland provides specialized point-of-sale support along with advanced marketing and estate and business planning techniques, delivering customized insurance solutions to both institutional clients and independent producers.

Premier Trust, a Nevada trust company, provides trust administration of personal and retirement accounts, estate and financial planning, wealth management and custody services. We acquired Premier Trust in September 2010 to provide our network of independent financial advisors with access to a broad array of trust services. This was another important strategic step in our efforts to meaningfully differentiate our independent broker-dealer platform by the breadth of the products and services we offer to our advisors.

Each of Securities America, Triad, SSN, Investacorp, KMS and Ladenburg is subject to regulation by, among others, the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA"), and the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board and is a member of the Securities Investor Protection Corporation. Securities America is also subject to regulation by the Commodities Futures Trading Commission and the National Futures Association. Highland is subject to regulation by various regulatory bodies, including state attorneys general and insurance departments. Premier Trust is subject to regulation by the Nevada Department of Business and Industry Financial Institutions Division.

Recent Developments

Preferred Stock Offerings

During the nine months ended September 30, 2015, we sold 3,514,146 shares of our Series A Preferred Stock pursuant to an "at the market" program, which provided net proceeds of \$82,727.

Common Stock Repurchases

During the nine months ended September 30, 2015, we repurchased an aggregate of 4,066,669 shares of our common stock for \$11,837.

Acquisition Strategy

We continue to explore opportunities to grow our businesses, including through possible acquisitions of other financial services firms, both domestically and internationally. These acquisitions may involve payments of material amounts of cash, the incurrence of material amounts of debt, which would increase our leverage, or the issuance of significant amounts of our equity securities, which may be dilutive to our existing shareholders. We cannot assure you that we will be able to complete any such possible acquisitions on acceptable terms or at all or, if we do, that any acquired business will be profitable. We also may not be able to integrate successfully acquired businesses into our existing business and operations.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2015, we incurred \$20,000 of indebtedness related to acquisitions, \$17,575 of which was outstanding as of September 30, 2015. During the three years ended September 30, 2015, in connection with acquisitions, we issued 3,981,684 shares of common stock and incurred \$35,600 of indebtedness.

Critical Accounting Policies

There have been no material changes from the critical accounting policies set forth in Item 7, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," of our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014. Please refer to that section for disclosures regarding the critical accounting policies related to our business.

Results of Operations

The following discussion provides an assessment of our results of operations, capital resources and liquidity and should be read in conjunction with our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this report. The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include our accounts and the accounts of our subsidiaries.

The following table includes a reconciliation of EBITDA, as adjusted, to net (loss) income attributable to the Company as reported:

Three Months Ended	
September 30,	

	September 30,					Nine Months Ended September 30,					
		2015		2014		2015		2014			
Total revenues	\$	282,214	\$	223,732	\$	857,785	\$	656,303			
Total expenses		285,363		224,303		869,090		648,339			
(Loss) income before income taxes		(3,149)		(571)		(11,274)		7,976			
Net (loss) income attributable to the Company		(2,926)		12,803		(8,947)		20,032			
Reconciliation of EBITDA, as adjusted, to net (loss) income attributable to the Company:											
EBITDA, as adjusted(1)	\$	8,360	\$	13,347	\$	30,678	\$	43,895			
Add:											
Interest income		69		59		178		195			
Change in fair value of contingent consideration		_		_		31		12			
Less:											
Loss on extinguishment of debt		_		_		(252)		(314)			
Interest expense		(1,255)		(1,701)		(3,970)		(5,193)			
Income tax benefit		212		13,354		2,288		11,994			
Depreciation and amortization		(6,798)		(4,902)		(20,080)		(12,527)			
Non-cash compensation expense		(242)		(3,679)		(5,926)		(7,689)			
Financial advisor recruiting expense		(764)		(354)		(1,670)		(889)			
Amortization of retention and forgivable loans		(2,223)		(2,471)		(7,831)		(8,144)			
Acquisition-related expense		(139)		(850)		(257)		(1,308)			
Other		(146)		_		$(2,136)^{(2)}$		_			
Net (loss) income attributable to the Company	\$	(2,926)	\$	12,803	\$	(8,947)	\$	20,032			

(1) Includes increases of \$1,287 and \$3,925 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively, related to amortization of forgivable loans and financial advisor recruiting expenses to conform to the 2015 presentation.

(2) Includes loss on write-off of receivable from subtenant of \$855 for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, rent expense due to default by subtenant of \$468 for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, and excise and franchise tax expense of \$263 for the nine months ended September 30, 2015.

Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization, or EBITDA, adjusted for acquisition-related expense, amortization of retention and forgivable loans, change in fair value of contingent consideration related to acquisitions, loss on extinguishment of debt, non-cash compensation expense, financial advisor recruiting expense and other expense, which includes loss on write-off of receivable from subtenant, excise and franchise tax expense and compensation expense that may be paid in stock, is a key metric we use in evaluating our financial performance. EBITDA, as adjusted, is considered a non-GAAP financial measure as defined by Regulation G promulgated by the SEC under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. We consider EBITDA, as adjusted, important in evaluating our financial performance on a consistent basis across various periods. Due to the significance of non-cash and non-recurring items, EBITDA, as adjusted, enables our Board of Directors and management to monitor and evaluate the business on a consistent basis. We use EBITDA, as adjusted, as a primary measure, among others, to analyze and evaluate financial and strategic planning decisions regarding future operating investments and potential acquisitions. We believe that EBITDA, as adjusted, eliminates items that are not indicative of our core operating performance, such as amortization of retention and forgivable loans and financial advisor recruiting expenses, or do not involve a cash outlay, such as stock-related compensation. EBITDA, as adjusted, should be considered in addition to, rather than as a substitute for, (loss) income before income taxes, net (loss) income and cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities.

Third quarter 2015 EBITDA, as adjusted, was \$8,360, a decrease of \$4,987 (37%), from EBITDA, as adjusted, of \$13,347 for the third quarter of 2014. The decrease was primarily driven by lower revenues in our Ladenburg segment, which has higher margins than our other segments, resulting from a decline in equity capital offerings for small and mid-cap public companies. Our independent brokerage and advisory services segment also experienced reduced profitability due to a decline in revenues from our bank sweep programs on cash deposits, lower alternative investments sales and increased expenses related to business expansion as compared to the prior-year period.

Segment Description

We have three operating segments. The independent brokerage and advisory services segment includes the broker-dealer and investment advisory services provided by our independent broker-dealer subsidiaries to their independent contractor financial advisors and the wealth management services provided by Premier Trust. The Ladenburg segment includes the investment banking, sales and trading and asset management services and investment activities conducted by Ladenburg and LTAM. The insurance brokerage segment, which arose when we acquired Highland on July 31, 2014, includes the wholesale insurance brokerage activities provided by Highland, which delivers life insurance, fixed and equity indexed annuities and long-term care solutions to investment and insurance providers.

	 Three Months Ended September 30,					ths Ended aber 30,	
	2015		2014		2015		2014
Revenues:							
Independent Brokerage and Advisory Services	\$ 256,671	\$	197,730	\$	777,009	\$	588,987
Ladenburg	13,248		16,675		44,806		57,830
Insurance Brokerage	12,210		9,242		35,680		9,242
Corporate	 85		85		290		244
Total revenues	\$ 282,214	\$	223,732	\$	857,785	\$	656,303
Income (loss) before income taxes:							
Independent Brokerage and Advisory Services	\$ 3,141	\$	1,186	\$	4,562	\$	6,927
Ladenburg	(144)		3,400		2,420		13,176
Insurance Brokerage	(1,585)		(742)		(5,628)		(742)
Corporate ⁽¹⁾	(4,561)		(4,415)		(12,628)		(11,385)
Total (loss) income before income taxes	\$ (3,149)	\$	(571)	\$	(11,274)	\$	7,976

(1) Includes interest expense, compensation, professional fees and other general and administrative expenses.

Three months ended September 30, 2015 versus three months ended September 30, 2014

For the quarter ended September 30, 2015, we had net loss attributable to the Company of \$2,926 as compared to net income attributable to the Company of \$12,803 for the quarter ended September 30, 2014 primarily due to a \$13,142 decrease in income tax benefit. Third quarter 2014 results included an income tax benefit of \$14,125 due to the reversal of a valuation allowance previously provided to offset deferred tax assets. The decrease in the 2015 period also was driven by our Ladenburg segment and independent brokerage and advisory services segment, resulting from lower capital raising activities, a reduction in interest and dividends revenue due to the expiration of our prior bank sweep programs on cash deposits, declining commission revenues from alternative investments and increased expenses related to business expansion. Depreciation and amortization expense of the Company also increased \$1,896 in the third quarter 2015 from the 2014 period primarily attributable to the acquisitions of KMS and SSN. Highland, which we acquired on July 31, 2014, had an increase of \$843 in pre-tax net loss during the third quarter of 2015 as compared to the 2014 period. Total revenues and total expenses for the quarter ended September 30, 2015 increased by 26% and 27%, respectively, from the prior-year period.

Our total revenues for the three months ended September 30, 2015 increased \$58,482 (26%) from the 2014 period, in part due to the addition of \$52,902 in revenues from KMS and SSN, which were acquired in October 2014 and January 2015, respectively.

Third quarter 2015 revenues also benefited from the inclusion of Highland for the full period, which had revenues of \$12,210 for the three months ended September 30, 2015 or an increase of \$2,968 from its revenues for the quarter ended September 30, 2014. Revenues for the quarter ended September 30, 2014 included two months of revenue from Highland due to the July 31, 2014 acquisition date. Third quarter 2015 revenues included increases in commissions of \$27,344, advisory fees of \$31,717 and service fees and other income of \$4,386, partially offset by decreases in investment banking revenue of \$3,598, principal transactions of \$683 and interest and dividends of \$684. Our independent brokerage and advisory services segment revenues increased \$58,941 (30%) from the 2014 period, driven by the addition of \$52,902 from the KMS and SSN acquisitions, successful recruitment of additional advisors and increased advisory assets under management. Our Ladenburg segment revenues in the third quarter of 2015 decreased \$3,427 (21%) from the 2014 period.

Our total expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2015 increased \$61,060 (27%) as compared to the 2014 period, in part due to the addition of \$52,743 of expenses from KMS and SSN. Third quarter 2015 expenses also included Highland, which had expenses of \$13,795 for the three months ended September 30, 2015. Expenses for the quarter ended September 30, 2014 amounted to \$9,984, representing two months of expenses from Highland due to the July 31, 2014 acquisition date. Third quarter 2015 expenses included increases in commissions and fees expense of \$51,266, compensation and benefits expense of \$7,501, other expense of \$3,410, depreciation and amortization expense of \$1,896, rent and occupancy expense, net of sublease revenue, of \$507, professional services expense of \$501 and brokerage, communication and clearance fee expense of \$821, which were partially offset by decreases in non-cash compensation expense of \$3,437, acquisition-related expenses of \$711, amortization of retention loans of \$248 and interest expense of \$446.

The \$27,344 (25%) increase in commissions revenue for the three months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to the 2014 period was primarily attributable to the acquisitions of KMS and SSN, which added \$24,182 in commissions revenue. Our independent brokerage and advisory services segment commissions revenue increased \$24,732 (26%) driven by the acquisitions of KMS and SSN. Ladenburg segment commissions revenue decreased \$297 (7%) for the third quarter of 2015 as compared to the third quarter of 2014. Commissions revenue in our insurance brokerage segment was \$12,013 for the third quarter of 2015 as compared to \$9,104 for the third quarter of 2014. Revenues for the quarter ended September 30, 2014 included two months of revenue from Highland due to the July 31, 2014 acquisition date.

The \$31,717 (37%) increase in advisory fee revenue for the three months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to the 2014 period was primarily attributable to a \$31,494 (37%) increase in advisory fee revenue in our independent brokerage and advisory services segment. The acquisitions of KMS and SSN added \$24,928 in advisory fee revenue. Advisory fee revenue for a particular period is primarily affected by the level of advisory assets and market conditions. As of September 30, 2015, our advisory assets have increased by 30% as compared to September 30, 2014, mainly resulting from the KMS and SSN acquisitions and strong new business development. Total advisory assets under management at September 30, 2015 were approximately \$49,200,000 as compared to \$37,800,000 at September 30, 2014.

The \$3,598 (33%) decrease in investment banking revenue for the three months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to the 2014 period was primarily due to a \$3,541 decrease in capital raising revenue and a \$57 decrease in strategic advisory services revenue during the 2015 third quarter. We derive investment banking revenue from Ladenburg's capital raising activities, including underwritten public offerings and private placements, and strategic advisory services. Revenue from capital raising activities was \$6,816 for the 2015 third quarter as compared to \$10,357 for the 2014 period, primarily due to a reduction in equity capital raising for small and mid-cap public companies. Strategic advisory services revenue was \$502 in the third quarter of 2015 as compared to \$559 in the comparable 2014 quarter.

The \$683 (158%) decrease in principal transactions revenue for the three months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to the 2014 period was primarily attributable to our Ladenburg segment, which had a decrease of \$520 that primarily consists of a decrease of \$303 in fixed income trading during the third quarter of 2015 and a decrease of \$278 in market-making activity. Our independent brokerage and advisory services segment had a decrease of \$162 in principal transactions resulted from losses incurred upon liquidation of other investments.

The \$684 (39%) decrease in interest and dividends revenue for the three months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to the 2014 period was primarily due to lower revenue from our cash sweep programs. We received enhanced revenue during 2014 under our prior cash sweep program, but the benefits expired in the fourth quarter of 2014. Interest revenue from our cash sweep program was \$664 in the third quarter of 2015, as compared to \$1,241 in the 2014 period.

We implemented a new cash sweep program beginning in April 2015 that applies to the cash balances at four of our broker-dealer subsidiaries, and implemented such program at another of our broker-dealer subsidiaries in September 2015. Future levels of interest and dividend revenue are dependent upon changes in prevailing interest rates and asset levels. At September 30, 2015, client assets included cash balances of approximately \$5,860,000, including approximately \$3,810,000 participating in our new cash sweep programs.

The \$4,386 (30%) increase in service fees and other income for the three months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to the 2014 period was attributable primarily to the acquisitions of KMS and SSN, which added \$3,833 in service fees and other income. We expect service fees and other income revenue to increase in the fourth quarter of 2015 as compared to the third quarter of 2015 due to forgiveness of principal and interest on the NFS forgivable loans and expect such revenue to increase in the near term due to recent enterprise-wide initiatives to enhance revenue.

The \$51,266 (31%) increase in commissions and fees expense for the three months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to the 2014 period was directly correlated to the increase in advisory fees revenue in our independent brokerage and advisory services segment. Commissions and fees expense comprises compensation earned by the registered representatives who serve as independent contractors in our independent brokerage and advisory services segment. These payments to the independent contractor registered representatives are calculated based on a percentage of revenues generated by such persons and vary by product. Accordingly, when our independent contractor registered representatives increase their business, both our revenues and expenses increase because our representatives earn additional compensation based on the revenues produced. The addition of KMS and SSN increased commissions and fees expense by \$45,763.

The \$7,501 (26%) increase in compensation and benefits expense for the three months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to the 2014 period was primarily attributable to the addition of \$2,836 in compensation and benefits expense from KMS and SSN. Third quarter 2015 compensation and benefits expense also included Highland, which had compensation and benefits expense of \$7,523 for the three months ended September 30, 2015. Expense for the quarter ended September 30, 2014 included \$4,659, representing two months of expenses from Highland due to the July 31, 2014 acquisition date. The Ladenburg segment also experienced an increase of \$116.

The \$3,437 (93%) decrease in non-cash compensation expense for the three months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to the 2014 period was primarily attributable to a decrease of \$3,787 from stock option grants made to Securities America financial advisors in connection with the 2011 acquisition and consultants, partially offset by an increase of \$289 from restricted stock grants to employees. Compensation expense for share-based awards granted to independent financial advisors is measured at their vesting date fair value. The compensation expense recognized each period is based on the awards' estimated value at the most recent reporting date. We use a Black-Scholes model to estimate fair value, which uses volatility, price and interest inputs. Also, we estimate a forfeiture rate based on historical experience. The decrease in the price of our common stock partially offset by the decrease in the expected forfeitures for these grants has contributed to the decrease in our non-cash compensation expense related to grants made to advisors.

The \$821 (19%) increase in brokerage, communication and clearance fees expense for the three months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to the 2014 period was primarily due to a increase of \$977 in our independent brokerage and advisory services segment, including \$863 in brokerage, communication and clearance fees expense from the acquisitions of KMS and SSN. Brokerage, communication and clearance fees expense in our Ladenburg segment decreased by \$209 due to the decrease in transaction-based revenues.

The \$507 (27%) increase in rent and occupancy expense, net of sublease revenue, for the three months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to the 2014 period was primarily due to an increase of \$277 in our independent brokerage and advisory services segment, which included \$134 from the acquisitions of KMS and SSN and the addition of Highland, which had rent and occupancy expense, net of sublease revenue of \$468 for the three months ended September 30, 2015. Expense for the quarter ended September 30, 2014 included \$308, representing two months of expenses from Highland due to the July 31, 2014 acquisition date.

The \$501 (16%) increase in professional services expense for the three months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to the 2014 period was primarily attributable to increases at our corporate segment of \$334, independent brokerage and advisory services segment of \$92 and our Ladenburg segment of \$76. The acquisitions of KMS and SSN added \$231 in professional services expense.

The \$446 (26%) decrease in interest expense for the three months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to the 2014 period primarily resulted from decreased average interest rates. Our average outstanding debt balance was

approximately \$61,376 for the third quarter of 2015 as compared to \$61,447 for the 2014 period. The average interest rate was 7.1% for the three months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to 9.9% for the 2014 period.

Our outstanding debt balance as of September 30, 2015 included \$6,737, \$6,545 and \$17,575 of indebtedness incurred in connection with the Highland, KMS and SSN acquisitions, respectively. We may prepay indebtedness with cash flows from operations.

The \$1,896 (39%) increase in depreciation and amortization expense for the three months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to the 2014 period was largely due to \$654 of additional depreciation and amortization expense from the acquisitions of KMS and SSN and the addition of Highland, which had depreciation and amortization expense of \$1,769 for the three months ended September 30, 2015. Depreciation and amortization expense for the quarter ended September 30, 2014 included \$951, representing two months of expenses from Highland due to the July 31, 2014 acquisition date.

The \$711 (84%) decrease in acquisition-related expense for the three months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to the 2014 period was due to the acquisitions of Highland and KMS during the third and fourth quarters of 2014, respectively, and SSN in the first quarter of 2015.

The \$3,410 (36%) increase in other expense for the three months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to the 2014 period was primarily due to the acquisitions of Highland, KMS and SSN, which added \$4,460 in other expense. Excluding KMS and SSN, the \$190 decrease in other expense in our independent brokerage and advisory services segment for the quarter ended September 30, 2015 was primarily attributable to decreases in deferred compensation plan expense of \$690, other office expense of \$283, bad debt, error and settlement expense of \$260 and dues, license and registration expense of \$100, partially offset by increases in financial advisor acquisition expense of \$406, conference expense of \$313 and insurance expense of \$300. Our Ladenburg segment added \$233 in other expense related to a newly-created healthcare conference held in the third quarter of 2015. Our insurance brokerage segment had other expense of \$1,978 for the quarter ended September 30, 2015 as compared to \$1,091 for the quarter ended September 30, 2014. Expense in our insurance brokerage segment for the quarter ended September 30, 2014 represents two months of expenses from Highland due to the July 31, 2014 acquisition date.

We had an income tax benefit of \$212 for the three months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to an income tax benefit of \$13,354 in the comparable 2014 period. The effective tax rate differs from the federal statutory income tax rate for the 2015 period primarily due to non-deductible expenses and state and local income taxes.

In 2014, a net deferred tax liability of approximately \$14,922 was recorded in connection with the acquisition of Highland for the excess financial statement basis over tax basis of the acquired assets and assumed liabilities. As Highland will be included in the Company's consolidated federal and certain combined state and local income tax returns, deferred federal and a portion of deferred state and local tax liabilities assumed in the acquisition may be used to offset the reversal of the Company's pre-existing deferred tax assets. Accordingly, the Company's deferred tax valuation allowance has been reduced by \$14,125 of the deferred tax liability recorded in the acquisition and recorded as a deferred tax benefit in the accompanying statements of operations for the three-month periods ended September 30, 2014.

Nine months ended September 30, 2015 versus nine months ended September 30, 2014

For the nine months ended September 30, 2015, we had net loss attributable to the Company of \$8,947 as compared to net income attributable to the Company of \$20,032 for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 primarily due to a \$9,706 decrease in income tax benefit, an increase in depreciation and amortization expense of \$7,553 and a reduction in interest and dividends revenue of \$2,709 due to the expiration of our prior bank sweep program on cash deposits. The decrease was primarily driven by lower revenues in our Ladenburg segment, which has higher margins than our other segments, resulting from a decline in equity capital raising for small and mid-cap public companies as compared to the prior-year period in which the Ladenburg segment had high levels of capital raising revenues. Our independent brokerage and advisory services segment also experienced reduced profitability due to declining commission revenues from alternative investments, lower investment banking revenues and increased expenses related to business expansion. Net loss attributable to the Company for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 benefited from decreases in non-cash compensation expense of \$1,763, interest expense of \$1,223 and acquisition-related expense of \$1,051 from the 2014 period. The 2014 results reflected a \$14,125 income tax benefit resulting from the reversal of a valuation allowance previously provided to offset deferred tax assets. Highland, which we acquired during the third quarter of 2014, had a pre-tax net loss of \$5,628 for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, as compared to a net loss of \$742 from the date of acquisition (July 31, 2014) through September 30, 2014.

Total expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 increased by 34% and total revenues for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 increased by 31% from the prior-year period.

Our total revenues for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 increased \$201,482 (31%) from the 2014 period, primarily due to the addition of \$192,183 in revenues from Highland, KMS and SSN which were acquired in July 2014, October 2014 and January 2015, respectively. 2015 revenues included increases in commissions of \$103,144, advisory fees of \$102,719 and service fees and other income of \$12,444, partially offset by decreases in investment banking revenue of \$13,174, interest and dividends of \$2,709 and principal transactions of \$942. Our independent brokerage and advisory services segment revenues increased \$188,022 (32%) from the 2014 period, driven by the addition of \$156,503 from the KMS and SSN acquisitions, successful recruitment of additional advisors and increased advisory assets under management. Our Ladenburg segment revenues for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 decreased \$13,024 (23%) from the 2014 period primarily due to lower investment banking revenue as compared to the prior-year period. Our insurance brokerage segment revenues were \$35,680 for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to \$9,242 from the date of acquisition (July 31, 2014) through September 30, 2014.

Our total expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 increased \$220,751 (34%) as compared to the 2014 period, primarily due to the addition of \$195,634 of expenses from Highland, KMS and SSN which were acquired in July 2014, October 2014 and January 2015, respectively. 2015 expenses included increases in commissions and fees expense of \$169,901, compensation and benefits expense of \$26,319, other expense of \$13,887, depreciation and amortization of \$7,553, rent and occupancy expense, net of sublease revenue, of \$2,419, brokerage, communication and clearance fee expense of \$2,703 and professional services expense of \$2,381, which were partially offset by decreases in non-cash compensation of \$1,763, interest expense of \$1,223, acquisition-related expense of \$1,051, amortization of retention and forgivable loans of \$313 and loss on extinguishment of debt of \$62 due to the prepayment of indebtedness.

The \$103,144 (33%) increase in commissions revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to the 2014 period was attributable to the acquisitions of Highland, KMS and SSN, which added \$109,940 in commissions revenue. Our independent brokerage and advisory services segment commissions revenue increased \$78,053 (27%) mainly driven by the acquisitions of KMS and SSN, which added \$74,722, and by increased sales of mutual funds and variable annuities, as well as increased commission trails during the 2015 period. Our Ladenburg segment commissions revenue decreased \$1,023 (8%) in the nine months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to the same period of 2014. Commissions revenue in our insurance brokerage segment was \$35,218 for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to \$9,104 from the date of acquisition (July 31, 2014) through September 30, 2014.

The \$102,719 (42%) increase in advisory fee revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to the 2014 period was primarily attributable to a \$101,816 (42%) increase in advisory fee revenue in our independent brokerage and advisory services segment. The acquisitions of KMS and SSN added \$71,678 in advisory fee revenue. Advisory fee revenue for a particular period is primarily affected by the level of advisory assets and market conditions. As of September 30, 2015, our advisory assets increased by 30% as compared to September 30, 2014, mainly resulting from the KMS and SSN acquisitions and strong new business development. Total advisory assets under management at September 30, 2015 were approximately \$49,200,000 as compared to \$37,800,000 at September 30, 2014.

The \$13,174 (34%) decrease in investment banking revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to the 2014 period was primarily due to a \$14,170 decrease in capital raising revenue, partially offset by a \$997 increase in strategic advisory services revenue during 2015. We derive investment banking revenue from Ladenburg's capital raising activities, including underwritten public offerings and private placements, and strategic advisory services. Revenue from capital raising activities was \$23,138 for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to \$37,309 for the prior-year period, primarily due to high levels of capital raising revenue in the prior-year period. Strategic advisory services revenue was \$1,994 in the nine months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to \$997 in the comparable 2014 period.

The \$942 (55%) decrease in principal transactions revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to the 2014 period was primarily attributable to our Ladenburg segment, which had a decrease of \$878 (48%) due to a decline in the value of the firm's investments.

The \$2,709 (53%) decrease in interest and dividends revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to the 2014 period was primarily due to lower revenue from our cash sweep programs. We received enhanced revenue during 2014 under our cash sweep program but the benefits expired in the fourth quarter of 2014.

Interest revenue from our cash sweep program was \$1,020 in the nine months ended September 30, 2015, as compared to \$3,600 in the comparable 2014 period. We implemented a new cash sweep program beginning in April 2015 that applies to the cash balances at four of our broker-dealer subsidiaries, and implemented such program at another of our broker-dealer subsidiaries in September 2015. We anticipate interest and dividends revenue to increase for the remainder of 2015 as compared to current-year levels, resulting from the implementation of the new cash sweep programs. Future levels of interest and dividend revenue are dependent upon changes in prevailing interest rates and asset levels. At September 30, 2015, client assets included cash balances of approximately \$5,860,000, including approximately \$3,810,000 participating in our new cash sweep programs.

The \$12,444 (25%) increase in service fees and other income for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to the 2014 period was primarily attributable to the acquisitions of Highland, KMS and SSN, which added \$10,575 in service fees and other income. Also, we had an increase of \$1,682 in miscellaneous trading services revenue.

The \$169,901 (36%) increase in commissions and fees expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to the 2014 period was directly correlated to the increase in advisory fees revenue in our independent brokerage and advisory services segment. Commissions and fees expense comprises compensation earned by the registered representatives who serve as independent contractors in our independent brokerage and advisory services segment. These payments to the independent contractor registered representatives are calculated based on a percentage of revenues generated by such persons and vary by product. Accordingly, when our independent contractor registered representatives increase their business, both our revenues and expenses increase because our representatives earn additional compensation based on the revenues produced. The additions of Highland, KMS and SSN increased commissions and fees expense by \$141,387.

The \$26,319 (32%) increase in compensation and benefits expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to the 2014 period was attributable to increased headcount in our independent brokerage and advisory services segment, which grew 33% from the prior-year period primarily due to acquisitions. The additions of Highland, KMS and SSN increased compensation and benefits expense by \$30,755, partially offset by a decrease of \$4,061 in the Ladenburg segment.

The 1,763 (23%) decrease in non-cash compensation expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to the 2014 period was primarily attributable to a decrease of \$3,311 from stock option grants made to Securities America financial advisors in connection with the 2011 acquisition and consultants, partially offset by \$673 from stock option grants to employees and directors, including \$449 granted to employees of newly-acquired companies and \$842 from restricted stock grants to employees. Compensation expense for share-based awards granted to independent financial advisors is measured at their vesting date fair value. The compensation expense recognized each period is based on the awards' estimated value at the most recent reporting date. We use a Black-Scholes model to estimate fair value, which uses volatility, price and interest inputs. Also, we estimate a forfeiture rate based on historical experience. The decrease in the price of our common stock and the decrease in the expected forfeitures for these grants has contributed to the decrease in our non-cash compensation expense related to grants made to advisors.

The \$2,703 (21%) increase in brokerage, communication and clearance fees expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to the 2014 period was primarily due to the acquisitions of KMS and SSN, which added \$2,388 in brokerage, communication and clearing fees expense.

The \$2,419 (49%) increase in rent and occupancy, net of sublease revenue, for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to the 2014 period was primarily due to the additional expense of \$468 in the third quarter of 2015 due to the bankruptcy of a subtenant under a lease that expired in September 2015 at our Ladenburg segment, the addition of \$1,381 from Highland and an increase of \$742 in our independent brokerage and advisory services segment.

The \$2,381 (29%) increase in professional services expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to the 2014 period was attributable primarily to increases at our independent brokerage and advisory services segment of \$980, our insurance brokerage segment of \$334 and our Ladenburg segment of \$261. The acquisitions of Highland, KMS and SSN added \$1,270 in professional services expense.

The \$1,223 (24%) decrease in interest expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to the 2014 period primarily resulted from decreased average interest rates. Our average outstanding debt balance was approximately \$63,427 for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to \$62,241 for the 2014 period.

The average interest rate was 7.2% for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to 10.1% for the 2014 period. Our outstanding debt balance as of September 30, 2015 included \$6,737, \$6,545 and \$17,575 of indebtedness incurred in connection with the Highland, KMS and SSN acquisitions, respectively.

The \$7,553 (60%) increase in depreciation and amortization expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to the 2014 period was largely due to \$5,202 of additional depreciation and amortization expense from the acquisitions of Highland, KMS and SSN and an increase of \$3,234 in our independent brokerage and advisory services segment driven by capitalized information technology expense.

The \$1,051 (80%) decrease in acquisition-related expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to the 2014 period was due to the acquisitions of Highland, KMS in 2014 and SSN in January 2015.

The \$13,887 (49%) increase in other expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to the 2014 period was primarily due to the acquisitions of Highland, KMS and SSN, which added \$11,185 in other expense. Excluding KMS and SSN, the \$1,959 increase in other expense in our independent brokerage and advisory services segment for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 was primarily attributable to increases in insurance expense of \$741, financial advisor acquisition expense of \$714, bad debt, error and settlement expense of \$534, travel, entertainment and meals expense of \$318 and conference expense of \$450, partially offset by decreases in deferred compensation plan expense of \$466 and other office expense of \$520. Our Ladenburg segment recorded a write-off of \$855 in the first quarter of 2015 due to the bankruptcy of a subtenant under a lease that expired in June 2015 and added \$233 related to a new healthcare conference held in the third quarter of 2015. Our insurance brokerage segment had other expense of \$5,475 in the nine months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to \$1,091 from the date of acquisition (July 31, 2014) through September 30, 2014.

We had an income tax benefit of \$2,288 for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to an income tax benefit of \$11,994 in the comparable 2014 period. The effective tax rate differs from the federal statutory income tax rate for the 2015 period primarily due to non-deductible expenses and state and local income taxes.

In 2014, a net deferred tax liability of approximately \$14,922 was recorded in connection with the acquisition of Highland for the excess financial statement basis over tax basis of the acquired assets and assumed liabilities. As Highland will be included in the Company's consolidated federal and certain combined state and local income tax returns, deferred federal and a portion of deferred state and local tax liabilities assumed in the acquisition may be used to offset the reversal of the Company's pre-existing deferred tax assets. Accordingly, the Company's deferred tax valuation allowance has been reduced by \$14,125 of the deferred tax liability recorded in the acquisition and recorded as a deferred tax benefit in the accompanying statements of operations for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2014.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Approximately 30% and 29% of our total assets at September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively, consisted of cash and cash equivalents, securities owned and receivables from clearing brokers and other broker-dealers, all of which fluctuate, depending upon the levels of customer business and trading activity. Receivables from broker-dealers, which are primarily from clearing brokers, turn over rapidly. Our total assets or the individual components of our total assets may vary significantly from period to period because of changes relating to economic and market conditions.

Each of Securities America, Triad, Investacorp, KMS, SSN and Ladenburg is subject to a minimum net capital requirement. At September 30, 2015, each of Securities America, Triad, Investacorp, KMS and Ladenburg was subject to a \$250 minimum net capital requirement. SSN was subject to a \$377 minimum net capital requirement.

At September 30, 2015, the regulatory net capital of each of our broker-dealer subsidiaries was as follows: Securities America \$5,508, Triad \$7,892, Investacorp \$4,905, KMS \$6,010, SSN \$5,697 and Ladenburg \$23,575. Failure to maintain the required net capital may subject our broker-dealer subsidiaries to suspension or expulsion by FINRA, the SEC and other regulatory bodies and ultimately may require their liquidation. The Net Capital Rule also prohibits the payment of dividends, redemption of stock and prepayment or payment of principal of subordinated indebtedness if net capital, after giving effect to the payment, redemption or prepayment, would be less than specified percentages of the minimum net capital requirement. Compliance with the Net Capital Rule could limit Ladenburg's operations that require the intensive use of capital, such as underwriting and trading activities, and also could restrict our ability to withdraw capital from our subsidiaries, which in turn, could limit our ability to pay dividends and repay debt.

Premier Trust, chartered by the state of Nevada, is subject to regulation by the Nevada Department of Business and Industry Financial Institutions Division. Under Nevada law, Premier Trust must maintain stockholders' equity of at least \$1,000, including cash of at least \$250. At September 30, 2015, Premier Trust had stockholders' equity of \$1,459, including at least \$250 in cash.

Our primary sources of liquidity include cash flows from operations, sales of securities in public or private transactions and funds available under our \$40,000 revolving credit agreement with an affiliate of Dr. Phillip Frost, our chairman and principal shareholder.

On September 24, 2013, September 13, 2014, November 21, 2014 and May 22, 2015, we entered into equity distribution agreements under which we sold shares of our Series A Preferred Stock in "at the market" offerings under Rule 415 under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"). During the nine months ended September 30, 2015, we sold 3,514,146 shares of Series A Preferred Stock pursuant to the "at the market" offering, which provided us with total gross proceeds of \$84,634, before deducting the commission paid to unaffiliated sales agents and offering expenses aggregating \$1,907. As of September 30, 2015, approximately 2,662,829 shares remained available for issuance pursuant to the "at the market" offering. During October 2015, we sold 53,233 shares of Series A Preferred Stock pursuant to the "at the market" offering, which provided us with total gross proceeds of \$1,264, before deducting the commission paid to unaffiliated sales agents and offering expenses aggregating \$25.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2015, we used the net proceeds from the Series A Preferred offerings to prepay \$11,852 principal amount of the \$160,700 aggregate principal amount of our 11% notes due 2016, which were used to finance our 2011 acquisition of Securities America.

Borrowings under the \$40,000 revolving credit agreement bear interest at a rate of 11% per annum, payable quarterly. We had no outstanding balance under the revolving credit agreement at either September 30, 2015 or December 31, 2014. We may repay outstanding amounts or re-borrow amounts under our revolving credit facility at any time prior to the maturity date of August 25, 2016, without penalty. We believe our existing assets, cash flows from operations and funds available under our \$40,000 revolving credit facility will provide adequate funds for continuing operations at current activity levels and for payment of our obligations, including outstanding indebtedness and the dividends for our outstanding Series A Preferred Stock. We were in compliance with all covenants in our debt agreements as of September 30, 2015.

Cash provided by operating activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 was \$2,579, which primarily consisted of our net loss of \$8,986 adjusted for non-cash expenses, amortization of intangible assets, deferred income taxes, decreases in securities owned at market value, other receivables, net and cash surrender value, receivables from other broker-dealers offset by increases in receivables from clearing brokers and notes receivable, as well as decreases in accrued compensation, deferred compensation liability and accounts payable and accrued liabilities. Cash used in operating activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 was \$60, which primarily consisted of our net income of \$21,149 adjusted for non-cash expenses and increases in commissions and fees payable and securities sold, but not yet purchased, notes receivable and decreases in cash surrender value of life insurance, partially offset by increases in receivables from clearing brokers, securities owned at market value, other receivables, net, and decreases in accrued compensation, deferred compensation liability and accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

Investing activities used \$26,487 for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, primarily due to the acquisition of SSN, the purchase of furniture, equipment, leasehold improvements and the capitalization of software development costs and certain asset acquisitions. Investing activities used \$9,140 for the nine months ended September 30, 2014, primarily due to the purchase of furniture, equipment, leasehold improvements and the capitalization of software development costs and the acquisition of Highland. The increase in investing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to the comparable 2014 period is primarily due to the acquisition of SSN.

Financing activities provided \$35,369 for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, primarily due to \$82,727 from the issuance of the Series A Preferred Stock under our "at the market" offering, \$1,499 from the issuance of common stock upon option exercises and under our employee stock purchase plan, partially offset by \$16,287 in payments of outstanding indebtedness, including a \$11,852 loan repayment of our 11% notes due 2016, a \$2,425 repayment of outstanding notes related to the SSN acquisition, a \$1,455 repayment of outstanding notes related to the KMS acquisition and \$68 repayment under a revolving credit agreement, payment of \$20,773 of dividends on our Series A Preferred Stock and \$11,837 of common stock repurchases.

Financing activities provided \$53,823 for the nine months ended September 30, 2014, primarily due to the issuance of the Series A Preferred Stock and the issuance of common stock upon warrant and option exercises and under our employee stock purchase plan, partially offset by loan repayments of outstanding notes related to the Securities America acquisition, payment of dividends on our Series A Preferred Stock, common stock repurchases and repayment of the outstanding balance on our subsidiary's term loan.

At September 30, 2015, we were obligated under several non-cancelable lease agreements for office space, which provide for future minimum lease payments aggregating approximately \$25,254 through February 2025, exclusive of escalation charges. We have subleased vacant space under subleases to unrelated subtenants, some of whom are engaged in the financial services industry, which entitle us to receive rents aggregating approximately \$243 through February 2020. Our Ladenburg subsidiary leased office space at 590 Madison Avenue, New York, New York in 1995. This lease expired in June 2015. We sublet the space. The subleases provided for sublease payments to Ladenburg of approximately \$807 through June 2015. One of these subtenants filed for bankruptcy protection under Chapter 7 of the Federal Bankruptcy Code in April 2015. We wrote-off a receivable from subtenant of \$855 for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, and we incurred additional rent expense due to default by subtenant of \$468 for the nine months ended September 30, 2015.

In connection with the Securities America acquisition, we entered into a senior loan agreement with various lenders, under which the lenders loaned us \$160,700, a portion of which we used to fund the acquisition. We refer to this loan as the November 2011 Loan. Interest on this loan is payable quarterly at 11% per year. Interest is payable in cash; however, we may pay interest-in-kind with the consent of certain lenders. This payment-in-kind feature increases the principal sum outstanding on the note that is due at maturity by the amount of such payment-in-kind. All interest payments through September 30, 2015 have been paid in cash. This loan, together with accrued and unpaid interest thereon, is due on November 4, 2016. We may voluntarily repay the November 2011 Loan at any time without premium or penalty. In connection with this loan, we issued to the lenders warrants to purchase an aggregate of 10,713,332 shares of our common stock. These warrants are exercisable at any time prior to their expiration on November 4, 2016 at \$1.68 per share, which was the closing price of our common stock on the acquisition closing date.

As of December 31, 2014, we had prepaid \$130,872 of the November 2011 Loan with proceeds from the Series A Preferred Stock offerings. During the nine months ended September 30, 2015, we prepaid an additional \$11,852 of the November 2011 Loan with proceeds of the Series A Preferred Stock offerings. At September 30, 2015, \$17,976 remained outstanding under the November 2011 Loan.

The lenders under the November 2011 Loan included Frost Nevada Investments Trust ("Frost Nevada"), an affiliate of our chairman of the board and principal shareholder, Dr. Phillip Frost, M.D., and Vector Group, Ltd. ("Vector Group"), a principal shareholder. At September 30, 2015, outstanding principal amounts loaned by Frost Nevada and Vector Group were \$15,120 and \$1,680, respectively. A special committee of our board was formed to review and consider the terms of the November 2011 Loan, the notes issued thereunder and the warrants. Upon such review and consideration, which included the advice of the committee's independent financial advisor, the committee determined that the financing was fair from a financial point of view to us and our unaffiliated shareholders.

On November 4, 2011, National Financial Services LLC ("NFS") provided us with a seven-year, \$15,000 forgivable loan. We used the proceeds to fund expenses related to the Securities America acquisition. Interest on the loan accrues at the average annual Federal Funds effective rate plus 6% per annum, subject to the maximum rate of 11% per annum. If Securities America meets certain annual clearing revenue targets set forth in the loan agreement, the principal balance of the loan will be forgiven in seven equal yearly installments of \$2,143 commencing on November 4, 2012 and continuing on an annual basis through November 2018.

Interest payments due with respect to each such year will also be forgiven if the annual clearing revenue targets are met. Any principal amounts not forgiven will be due in November 2018, and any interest payments not forgiven are due annually. If during the loan term any principal amount is not forgiven, we may have such principal forgiven in future years if Securities America exceeds subsequent annual clearing revenue targets. We will expense interest under this loan agreement until such time as such interest is forgiven. Securities America met the annual clearing revenue target for the periods ending November 4, 2012, 2013, 2014 and 2015, resulting in the forgiveness of \$2,143 aggregate principal amount of the loan in November of each period.

The 2011 forgivable loan agreement contains other covenants including limitations on the incurrence of additional indebtedness, maintaining minimum adjusted shareholders' equity levels and a prohibition on the termination of our \$40,000 revolving credit agreement prior to its current maturity.

The 2011 forgivable loan agreement is secured by our, but not our subsidiaries', deposits and accounts held at NFS or its affiliates. Upon the occurrence of an event of default, the outstanding principal and interest under the 2011 forgivable loan agreement may be accelerated and become due and payable. If the clearing agreements between NFS and certain of our broker-dealer subsidiaries are terminated prior to the loan maturity date, all amounts then outstanding must be repaid on demand. The clearing agreements contain customary termination provisions. NFS is permitted to terminate such agreements following certain termination events, including, but not limited to, our breach of such agreements that is not cured within any applicable time periods. The NFS loans are conditioned upon the continuation of the clearing agreements with NFS and any termination of the clearing agreements by NFS prior to the loan maturity date would require us to repay any outstanding amounts under the NFS loans.

In connection with entering into the new forgivable loan in 2011, Securities America and our other broker—dealer subsidiaries amended their respective clearing agreements with NFS to, among other things, extend the term of those agreements through November 2018. Also, we and NFS amended the terms of the 2009 forgivable loan made by NFS to us such that the remaining principal balance of \$7,143 and the related accrued interest will be forgiven, subject to the terms and conditions of the loan, in four equal annual installments commencing in November 2012 without us being required to satisfy the annual clearing revenue targets previously established. We have expensed, and will continue to expense, interest under the 2009 NFS agreement until such interest is forgiven. The required conditions to forgiveness were met in November 2015 for the 2009 and 2011 forgivable loans. Accordingly, we will recognize income in the fourth quarter of 2015 of \$3,929 and \$619 from the forgiveness of principal and interest, respectively, and the outstanding balances under the 2009 and 2011 forgivable loans were reduced to \$0 and \$6,429, respectively. We recognized income in 2014 of \$3,929 and \$839, and in 2013 of \$3,929 and \$1,067 from the forgiveness of principal and interest, respectively.

In November 2011, as part of the amendment of Ladenburg's clearing agreement with NFS, NFS agreed to provide a \$1,000 annual credit to Ladenburg for a five-year period. The first such payment occurred on November 4, 2012. Such expense reduction must be repaid pro-rata if the clearing agreement is terminated prior to the end of the term. We have reflected the expense reduction ratably in our financial statements.

In connection with the Premier Trust acquisition in 2010, we issued a \$1,161 promissory note to a subsidiary of Premier Trust's former shareholder. The note bore interest at 6.5% per annum, payable quarterly, and was fully paid in September 2015.

On July 31, 2014, we acquired by way of merger HCHC Holdings, Inc. ("HCHC"), the parent company of Highland. Under the terms of the merger agreement, all outstanding shares of HCHC common stock were converted into the right to receive \$3,613 in cash and 2,540,762 shares of our common stock, which are subject to certain transfer restrictions. Also, we caused all indebtedness owed by certain HCHC subsidiaries under a credit agreement (in the amount of \$21,834) to be repaid. At September 30, 2015, approximately \$6,737 of HCHC Acquisition Inc.'s (as successor in interest to HCHC) 10% promissory notes due February 26, 2019 remain outstanding. Accrued interest on the promissory notes is payable quarterly on the 15th of October, January, April and July. The promissory notes may be prepaid, except that if the promissory notes are prepaid in full prior to August 26, 2016, the holders of the promissory notes are entitled to receive the total amount of interest that would otherwise have been payable through August 26, 2016, less any interest already paid. Payment of the principal and all accrued and unpaid interest under the promissory notes may be accelerated upon the occurrence of customary events of default, including the failure to make payments when due and the commencement of bankruptcy or similar proceedings. We used approximately \$25,400 of cash to finance the Highland acquisition.

On October 15, 2014, we acquired all of the issued and outstanding capital stock of KMS. At the closing of the acquisition, we paid approximately \$24,000, consisting of \$11,000 in cash, \$8,000 principal amount of promissory notes, and 1,440,922 shares of our common stock, which are subject to certain transfer restrictions. The notes are unsecured and bear interest at 1.84% per annum and are payable in 16 equal quarterly installments. The notes may be prepaid in full or in part at any time without premium or penalty. The holders may accelerate the notes upon certain customary events of default. At September 30, 2015, the outstanding balance of these notes, net of \$374 discount, amounted to \$6,171.

On January 2, 2015, we acquired all of the capital stock of SSN and RCC. The purchase price was approximately \$47,287, consisting of \$25,000 principal amount of secured short-term promissory notes, which bore interest at 0.41% per annum and were paid in full on the business day following the closing date, and \$20,000 principal amount of secured four-year promissory notes, bearing interest at 1.74% per annum and payable in equal quarterly installments of principal and interest. The notes may be prepaid in full or in part at any time without premium or penalty. The holders may accelerate the notes upon certain customary events of default.

The notes are secured by a pledge of the shares of SSN and RCC purchased in the acquisition pursuant to a stock pledge agreement. At September 30, 2015, the outstanding balance of these notes, net of \$1,058 discount, amounted to \$16,517.

We paid an additional amount of approximately \$3,590, which is included in the purchase price above, based on the amount by which the aggregate net worth of SSN and RCC as of the closing date of the acquisition exceeded a targeted amount.

In March 2007, our board of directors authorized the repurchase of up to 2,500,000 shares of our common stock from time to time on the open market or in privately negotiated transactions depending on market conditions. In October 2011, our board amended the repurchase program to permit the purchase of up to an additional 5,000,000 shares and another amendment was made in November 2014 to permit the repurchase of an additional 10,000,000 shares. As of September 30, 2015, 10,662,821 shares had been repurchased for \$27,461 under the program, including 4,066,669 shares for \$11,837 repurchased during the nine months ended September 30, 2015. Beginning in the fourth quarter of 2015, we adopted a Rule 10b5-1 trading plan to permit the repurchase of common stock pursuant to the existing stock repurchase program during certain restricted trading periods. We intend to execute similar Rule 10b5-1 plans periodically in the future.

Off-Balance-Sheet Risk and Concentration of Credit Risk

Each of our broker-dealer subsidiaries, as guarantor of its customer accounts to its clearing broker, is exposed to off-balance-sheet risks in the event that its customers do not fulfill their obligations with the clearing broker. Also, if any of our broker-dealer subsidiairies maintains a short position in certain securities, it is exposed to off-balance-sheet market risk, because its ultimate obligation to purchase securities may exceed the amount recognized in the financial statements.

Please see Note 10 to our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this quarterly report on Form 10-Q.

Market Risk

Market risk generally represents the risk of loss that may result from the potential change in the value of a financial instrument as a result of fluctuations in interest and currency exchange rates, equity and commodity prices, changes in the implied volatility of interest rates, foreign exchange rates, equity and commodity prices and also changes in the credit ratings of either the issuer or its related country of origin. Market risk is inherent to both derivative and non-derivative financial instruments, and accordingly, the scope of our market risk management procedures extends beyond derivatives to include all market risk sensitive financial instruments.

Current and proposed underwriting, corporate finance, merchant banking and other commitments are subject to due diligence reviews by our senior management, as well as professionals in the appropriate business and support units involved. Credit risk related to various financing activities is reduced by the industry practice of obtaining and maintaining collateral. We monitor our exposure to counter-party risk through the use of credit exposure information, the monitoring of collateral values and the establishment of credit limits.

We maintain inventories of trading securities. At September 30, 2015, the fair market value of our inventories was \$4,125 in long positions and \$419 in short positions. We performed an entity-wide analysis of our financial instruments and assessed the related market risk. Based on this analysis, we do not expect that the market risk associated with our financial instruments at September 30, 2015 will have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial position or results of operations.

Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

We and our representatives may from time to time make oral or written "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, including any statements that may be contained in the foregoing discussion in "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in this report, elsewhere in this report, and in other filings with the SEC and in our reports to shareholders, which reflect our expectations or beliefs with respect to future events and financial performance.

These forward-looking statements are subject to certain risks and uncertainties and, in connection with the "safe-harbor" provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act, we have identified under "Risk Factors" in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 and our quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2015, important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from these contained in any forward-looking statement made by or on behalf of us.

Results actually achieved may differ materially from expected results included in these forward-looking statements as a result of these or other factors. Due to such uncertainties and risks, readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on such forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date on which such statements are made. We do not undertake to update any forward-looking statement that may be made from time to time by or on behalf of us, except as required by law.

Item 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

The information under the caption "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Market Risk" contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q is incorporated herein by reference. Through the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, there have been no material changes to the information provided in Item 7A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014.

Item 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) or 15d-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) are our controls and other procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding disclosure.

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, we evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report, and, based on that evaluation, our principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that these controls and procedures were effective as of such date.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended September 30, 2015 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

Please see Note 9 to our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Item 1A. RISK FACTORS

There have been no material changes to the risk factors previously disclosed in Part 1, Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 and in Part II, Item 1A of our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2015.

Item 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

This table shows information regarding our purchases of our common stock during the third quarter of 2015.

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Avo p	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Maximum Number of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs(1)	
July1 to July 31, 2015	272,215	\$	3.35	272,215	9,151,391
August 1 to August 31, 2015	604,026		2.60	604,026	8,547,365
September 1 to September 30, 2015	1,710,186		2.29	1,710,186	6,837,179
Total	2,586,427	\$	2.47	2,586,427	

⁽¹⁾ In March 2007, our board of directors authorized the repurchase of up to 2,500,000 shares of our common stock from time to time on the open market or in privately negotiated transactions depending on market conditions. In October 2011, our board amended this repurchase program to permit the purchase of up to an additional 5,000,000 shares. In November 2014, our board amended this repurchase program to permit the purchase of up to an additional 10,000,000 shares. As of September 30, 2015, 10,662,821 shares had been repurchased for \$27,461 under the program. Beginning in the fourth quarter of 2015, we adopted a Rule 10b5-1 trading plan to permit the repurchase of common stock pursuant to the existing stock repurchase program during certain restricted trading periods. We intend to execute similar Rule 10b5-1 plans periodically in the future.

Item 6. EXHIBITS

Exhibit No. Description

- 12.1 Statement re: Computation of Ratios of Earnings to Fixed Charges, and Ratios of Earnings to Combined Fixed Charges and Preferred Stock Dividends*
- 31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer, Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002*
- 31.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer, Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002*
- 32.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer, Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002**
- 32.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer, Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002**
- 101.INS XBRL Instance Document.*
- 101.SCH XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema.*
- 101.CAL XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase.*
- 101.DEF XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase.*
- 101.PRE XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase.*
- 101.LAB XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase.*

^{*}Filed herewith

^{**}Furnished herewith

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

LADENBURG THALMANN FINANCIAL SERVICES INC. (Registrant)

Date: November 5, 2015 By: /s/ Brett H. Kaufman

Brett H. Kaufman

Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

EXHIBIT INDEX

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^{*} Filed herewith

^{**} Furnished herewith

Ladenburg Thalmann Financial Services Inc. Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges and Ratio of Earnings to Combined Fixed Charges and Preferred Stock Dividends (dollars in thousands) (unaudited)

		ne Months Ended ptember 30,				Vear I	Enda	ed December	31			
	30	2015	_	2014		2013	ilu	2012	31,	2011		2010
Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges		2010		2011		2013		2012		2011		2010
(Loss) income before income taxes	\$	(11,274)	\$	10,006	\$	2,404	\$	(14,892)	\$	(12,302)	\$	(10,090)
Add: Fixed charges		6,428		9,337	_	17,534		26,741	_	7,814		4,344
(Loss) income before income taxes and fixed charges	\$	(4,846)	\$	19,343	\$	19,938	\$	11,849	\$	(4,488)	\$	(5,746)
Fixed Charges:												
	ø	2.070	ø	6,990	\$	15 420	ď	24.541	\$	6.542	ø	2 241
Total interest expense Interest factor in rents (1)	\$	3,970 2,458	\$	2,347	Þ	15,438 2,096	\$	24,541 2,200	Ф	6,543 1,271	\$	3,241 1,103
								,	_			,
Total fixed charges	\$	6,428	\$	9,337	\$	17,534	\$	26,741	\$	7,814	\$	4,344
Ratio of earnings to fixed charges		*		2.1		1.1		*		*		*
* Deficiency of earnings available to cover fixed charges	\$	(11,274)	\$	_	\$	_	\$	(14,892)	\$	(12,302)	\$	(10,090)
Ratio of Earnings to Combined Fixe	ed Cha	arges and Pre	ferre	ed Stock Divid	lend	S						
(Loss) income before income taxes	\$	(11,274)	\$	10,006	\$	2,404	\$	(14,892)	\$	(12,302)	\$	(10,090)
Add: Fixed charges		6,428		9,337	_	17,534		26,741		7,814		4,344
(Loss) income before income taxes and combined fixed charges and preferred stock dividends	\$	(4,846)	\$	19,343	\$	19,938	\$	11,849	\$	(4,488)	\$	(5,746)
Fixed Charges:												
Total interest expense	\$	3,970	\$	6,990	\$	15,438	\$	24,541	\$	6,543	\$	3,241
Interest factor in rents (1)	Ψ	2,458	φ	2,347	Ψ	2,096	Ψ	2,200	Φ	1,271	Ψ	1,103
Preferred stock dividends (2)		34,622		28,740		11,518						
Total combined fixed charges and preferred stock dividends	\$	41,050	\$	38,077	\$	29,052	\$	26,741	\$	7,814	\$	4,344
Ratio of earnings to combined fixed charges and preferred stock dividends		*		*		*		*		*		*
* Deficiency of earnings available to cover fixed charges and preferred stock dividends	\$	(45,896)	\$	(18,734)	\$	(9,114)	\$	(14,892)	\$	(12,302)	\$	(10,090)

⁽¹⁾ One-third of rent expense is the portion deemed representative of the interest factor.

⁽²⁾ The preferred stock dividend amounts represent pre-tax earnings required to cover dividends on preferred stock.

RULE 13a-14(a) CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

- I, Richard J. Lampen, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Ladenburg Thalmann Financial Services Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 5, 2015

/s/ Richard J. Lampen
Richard J. Lampen
President and Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

RULE 13a-14(a) CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

- I, Brett H. Kaufman, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Ladenburg Thalmann Financial Services Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 5, 2015

/s/ Brett H. Kaufman
Brett H. Kaufman
Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

SECTION 1350 CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Ladenburg Thalmann Financial Services Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2015 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Richard J. Lampen, President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. section 1350, as adopted pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to my knowledge:

- 1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- 2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: November 5, 2015

Richard J. Lampen

Richard J. Lampen President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

The certification set forth above is being furnished as an exhibit solely pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes – Oxley Act of 2002 and is not being filed as part of the Report or as a separate disclosure document of Ladenburg Thalmann Financial Services Inc., or the certifying officers.

<u>/s/</u>

SECTION 1350 CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Ladenburg Thalmann Financial Services Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2015 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Brett H. Kaufman, Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. section 1350, as adopted pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to my knowledge:

- 1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934;
- 2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: November 5, 2015

/s/ Brett H. Kaufman

Brett H. Kaufman Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

The certification set forth above is being furnished as an exhibit solely pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes – Oxley Act of 2002 and is not being filed as part of the Report or as a separate disclosure document of Ladenburg Thalmann Financial Services Inc., or the certifying officers.