Product Supplement No. STOCK LIRN-1 (To Prospectus dated December 30, 2022 and Series A MTN Prospectus Supplement dated December 30, 2022) March 20, 2025



#### BofA Finance LLC

#### Leveraged Index Return Notes® "LIRNs®" Linked to One or More Equity Securities

#### Fully and Unconditionally Guaranteed by Bank of America Corporation

- The LIRNs are unsecured senior notes issued by BofA Finance LLC, a consolidated finance subsidiary of Bank of America Corporation (the "Guarantor"). Any payment due on
  the LIRNs is fully and unconditionally guaranteed by the Guarantor. Any payments due on the LIRNs, including any repayment of principal, will be subject to the credit risk of
  BofA Finance LLC, as issuer of the LIRNs, and the credit risk of Bank of America Corporation, as guarantor of the LIRNs.
- The LIRNs do not guarantee the return of principal at maturity, and we will not pay interest on the LIRNs. Instead, the return on the LIRNs will be based on the performance of an underlying "Market Measure," which will be either the common equity securities or American Depositary Receipts ("ADRs") of a company other than us and our affiliates (the "Underlying Stock"). The Market Measure may also consist of a "Basket" of two or more Underlying Stocks.
- The LIRNs provide an opportunity to earn a multiple of the positive performance of the Market Measure, and may provide limited protection against the risk of losses. You will be
  exposed to any negative performance of the Market Measure below the Threshold Value (as defined in "Summary" below) on a 1-to-1 basis. If specified in the applicable term
  sheet, your LIRNs may be "Capped LIRNs." In the case of Capped LIRNs, the amount payable at maturity will not exceed a specified cap (the "Capped Value"). Additionally, if
  specified in in the applicable term sheet, your LIRNs may be subject to an automatic call, which will limit your return to a fixed amount if the LIRNs are called.
- If the LIRNs are not automatically called prior to maturity, if applicable, and the value of the Market Measure increases from its Starting Value to its Ending Value (each as defined in "Summary" below), you will receive at maturity a cash payment per unit (the "Redemption Amount") that equals the principal amount of your LIRNs plus a multiple of that increase, and in the case of Capped LIRNs, up to the Capped Value. If the LIRNs are not automatically called prior to maturity, if applicable, and the value of the Market Measure does not change or decreases from its Starting Value to its Ending Value but not below the Threshold Value, then unless otherwise provided in the applicable term sheet the Redemption Amount will equal the principal amount. However, if the Ending Value is less than the Threshold Value, you will be subject to 1-to-1 downside exposure to the decrease of the Market Measure below the Threshold Value. In such a case, you may lose all or a significant portion of the principal amount of your LIRNs.
- If specified in the applicable term sheet, your LIRNs may be subject to an automatic call. In that case, the LIRNs will be automatically called if the Observation Level on any
  Observation Date is greater than or equal to the Call Level (each as defined in "Summary" below). If called, you will receive a cash payment per unit that equals the principal
  amount plus the applicable Call Premium (as defined in "Summary" below).
- This product supplement describes the general terms of the LIRNs, the risk factors to consider before investing, the general manner in which the LIRNs may be offered and sold, and other relevant information.
- For each offering of the LIRNs, we will provide you with a pricing supplement (which we refer to as a "term sheet") that will describe the specific terms of that offering, including
  the specific Market Measure, the Capped Value if applicable, the Threshold Value, the Participation Rate (as defined in "Summary" below) and, if the LIRNs are subject to an
  automatic call, the Call Level, the Call Amount and the Call Premium for each Observation Date, the Observation Dates and the Call Settlement Dates, and certain risk factors. The
  applicable term sheet will identify, if applicable, any additions or changes to the terms specified in this product supplement.
- The LIRNs will be issued in denominations of whole units. Unless otherwise set forth in the applicable term sheet, each unit will have a principal amount of \$10. The applicable term sheet may also set forth a minimum number of units that you must purchase.
- · Unless otherwise specified in the applicable term sheet, the LIRNs will not be listed on a securities exchange or quotation system.
- · One or more of our affiliates, including BofA Securities, Inc. ("BofAS"), may act as our selling agents to offer the LIRNs and will act in a principal capacity in such role.

The LIRNs are unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of BofA Finance LLC and the related guarantee of the LIRNs is an unsecured and unsubordinated obligation of Bank of America Corporation. The LIRNs and the related guarantee are not savings accounts, deposits, or other obligation of a bank. The LIRNs are not guaranteed by Bank of America, N.A. or any other bank, and are not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (the "FDIC") or any other governmental agency and may involve investment risks, including possible loss of principal. Potential purchasers of the LIRNs should consider the information in "Risk Factors" beginning on page PS-8 of this product supplement, page S-6 of the accompanying Series A MTN prospectus supplement, and page 7 of the accompanying prospectus. You may lose all or a significant portion of your investment in the LIRNs.

None of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), any state securities commission, or any other regulatory body has approved or disapproved of these securities or passed upon the adequacy or accuracy of this product supplement or the accompanying prospectus supplement or prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

**BofA Securities** 

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 $LIRNs^{\ensuremath{\mathbb{R}}}$  and "Leveraged Index Return Notes  $\ensuremath{\mathbb{R}}$  " are the Guarantor's registered service marks.

## SUMMARY The information in this "Summary" section is qualified in its entirety by the more detailed explanation set forth elsewhere in this product supplement and the accompanying prospectus supplement and prospectus, as well as the applicable term sheet. None of us, the Guarantor or BofAS have authorized any other person to provide you with any information different from the information set forth in these documents. If anyone provides you with different or inconsistent information about the LIRNs, you should not rely on it. Key Terms: The LIRNs are senior debt securities issued by BofA Finance LLC, and are not guaranteed or insured by the FDIC or General: secured by collateral. The LIRNs are fully and unconditionally guaranteed by Bank of America Corporation. The LIRNs will rank equally in right of payment with all other unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of BofA Finance LLC from time to time outstanding, except obligations that are subject to any priorities or preferences by law. The guarantee of the LIRNs will rank equally in right of payment with all other unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of Bank of America Corporation, except obligations that are subject to any priorities or preferences by law, and senior in right of payment to its subordinated obligations. Any payments due on the LIRNs, including any repayment of principal, are subject to the credit risk of BofA Finance LLC, as issuer of the LIRNs, and the credit risk of Bank of America Corporation, as guarantor of the LIRNs. The return on the LIRNs will be based on the performance of a Market Measure, and there is no guaranteed return of principal at maturity. Therefore, you may lose all or a significant portion of your principal amount if the LIRNs are not automatically called prior to maturity, if applicable, and the value of the Market Measure decreases from the Starting Value to an Ending Value that is less than the Threshold Value. Each issue of the LIRNs will mature on the date set forth in the applicable term sheet, unless, if applicable, the LIRNs are automatically called on an earlier date. You will not receive any interest payments on your LIRNs, and we will not make any payments on the LIRNs until maturity or earlier call (as applicable). You should be aware that if the automatic call feature applies to your LIRNs, it may shorten the term of an investment in the LIRNs, and you must be willing to accept that your LIRNs may be called prior to maturity. **Market Measure:** The Underlying Stock of a company (the "Underlying Company") represented either by a class of equity securities registered under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), or by ADRs, which will be set forth in the applicable term sheet. ADRs are securities issued through depositary arrangements that represent non-U.S. equity securities and are registered under the Exchange Act. If an Underlying Stock is an ADR, references to the "Underlying Company" of that Underlying Stock refer to the issuer of the shares underlying the ADR. The Market Measure may consist of a group, or "Basket," of Underlying Stocks. We refer to each Underlying Stock included in any Basket as a "Basket Stock." If the Market Measure to which your LIRNs are linked is a Basket, the Basket Stocks will be set forth in the applicable term sheet. The performance of the Market Measure will be measured according to the percentage change of the Market Measure Market Measure from its Starting Value to its Ending Value. Performance:

	Unless otherwise specified in the applicable term sheet:
	The <b>"Starting Value</b> " will be the price of the Underlying Stock on the date when the LIRNs are priced for initial sale to the public (the <b>"pricing date</b> "), determined as set forth in the applicable term sheet.
	If the Market Measure consists of a Basket, the Starting Value will be equal to 100. See "Description of the LIRNs— Basket Market Measures."
	The " <b>Threshold Value</b> " will be a value of the Market Measure that equals a specified percentage (100% or less) of the Starting Value. The Threshold Value will be determined on the pricing date and set forth in the applicable term sheet. If the Threshold Value is equal to 100% of the Starting Value, you will be exposed to any decrease in the value of the Market Measure from the Starting Value to the Ending Value on a 1-to-1 basis, and you may lose all of your investment in the LIRNs.
	The <b>"Ending Value"</b> will be the Closing Market Price (as defined in "Description of the LIRNs—The Starting Value and the Ending Value—Ending Value") of the Underlying Stock on the calculation day multiplied by its Price Multiplier (as defined below) on that day.
	If the applicable term sheet specifies that the LIRNs will be subject to an automatic call: The <b>Call Level</b> ' will be a value of the Market Measure that equals a specified percentage of the Starting Value. The Call Level will be determined on the pricing date and set forth in the applicable term sheet.
	The <b>"Observation Level</b> " will equal the Closing Market Price of the Underlying Stock on the applicable Observation Date multiplied by the Price Multiplier on that day.
	The "Observation Dates" will be set forth in the applicable term sheet, subject to postponement in the event of Market Disruption Events (as defined in "Description of the LIRNs—Market Disruption Events") or non-trading days (as defined in "Description of the LIRNs—The Starting Value and the Ending Value—Ending Value") as described in "Description of the LIRNs—Automatic Call" below. The final Observation Date will occur prior to the calculation day. See "Description of the LIRNs—Automatic Call."
	If the Market Measure consists of a Basket, the Ending Value will be the value of the Basket on the calculation day, and, if applicable, each Observation Level will be the value of the Basket on the applicable Observation Date, in each case determined as described in "Description of the LIRNs—Basket Market Measures—Observation Level or Ending Value of the Basket."
	If a Market Disruption Event occurs and is continuing on the scheduled calculation day or a scheduled Observation Date, if applicable, or if certain other events occur, the calculation agent will determine the Ending Value or Observation Level as set forth in "Description of the LIRNs—The Starting Value and the Ending Value", "Description of the LIRNs—Automatic Call" or "Description of the LIRNs—Basket Market Measures – Observation Value or Ending Value of the Basket", as applicable.
Participation Rate:	The rate at which investors participate in any increase in the value of the Market Measure, calculated as described in "Redemption Amount at Maturity" below. The Participation Rate will be equal to or greater than 100%, and will be set forth in the applicable term sheet. If the Participation Rate is 100%, your participation in any upside performance of the Market Measure will not be leveraged.

	Value but not below the Threshold Value, then unless otherwise provided in the applicable term sheet the Redemption Amount will equal the principal amount. If the Ending Value is less than the Threshold Value, you will be subject to 1-to-1 downside exposure to the decrease of the Market Measure below the Threshold Value and will receive a Redemption Amount that is less than the principal amount, and could be zero.
Redemption Amount at Maturity:	Unless the LIRNs are subject to an automatic call and are automatically called prior to the maturity date, at maturity, you will receive a Redemption Amount that is greater than the principal amount if the value of the Market Measure increases from the Starting Value to the Ending Value. In the case of Capped LIRNs, the Redemption Amount will not exceed the Capped Value. If the value of the Market Measure does not change or decreases from the Starting Value to the Ending
	The applicable <b>"Call Amount</b> " will be equal to the principal amount per unit plus the <b>'Call Premium</b> " related to the applicable Observation Date. Each Call Premium will be a percentage of the principal amount and will be set forth in the applicable term sheet.
Automatic Call Prior to Maturity:	If specified in the applicable term sheet, your LIRNs may be subject to an automatic call prior to maturity. In that case, the LIRNs will be automatically called, in whole but not in part, at an amount equal to the applicable Call Amount if, on any Observation Date, the Observation Level of the Market Measure is greater than or equal to the Call Level. If the LIRNs are automatically called, the applicable Call Amount will be paid on the applicable Call Settlement Date. No further amounts will be payable after an automatic call.
Price Multiplier:	Unless otherwise set forth in the applicable term sheet, the <b>'Price Multiplier</b> '' for each Underlying Stock will be 1, and will be subject to adjustment for certain corporate events relating to that Underlying Stock as described in "Description of the LIRNs—Anti-Dilution Adjustments."
Capped Value:	For Capped LIRNs, the maximum Redemption Amount. Your investment return on the Capped LIRNs is limited to the return represented by the Capped Value specified in the applicable term sheet. We will determine the applicable Capped Value on the pricing date of each issue of the Capped LIRNs.

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This product supplement relates only to the LIRNs and does not relate to any Underlying Stock described in any applicable term sheet. You should read carefully the entire prospectus, prospectus supplement and this product supplement, together with the applicable term sheet, to understand fully the terms of your LIRNs, as well as the tax and other considerations important to you in making a decision about whether to invest in any LIRNs. In particular, you should review carefully the section in this product supplement entitled "Risk Factors," which highlights a number of risks of an investment in the LIRNs, to determine whether an investment in the LIRNs is appropriate for you. Additional risk factors may be set forth in the applicable term sheet. If information in this product supplement is inconsistent with the accompanying prospectus or prospectus supplement, this product supplement will supersede those documents. However, if information in any term sheet is inconsistent with this product supplement, that term sheet will supersede this product supplement.

None of us, the Guarantor or any selling agent is making an offer to sell the LIRNs in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted.

Certain terms used and not defined in this product supplement have the meanings ascribed to them in the accompanying prospectus supplement or prospectus. Unless otherwise indicated or unless the context requires otherwise, all references in this product supplement to "we," "us," "our," or similar references are to BofA Finance LLC, and not to Bank of America Corporation (or any other affiliate of ours).

You are urged to consult with your own attorneys and business and tax advisors before making a decision to purchase any LIRNs.

## **RISK FACTORS**

Your investment in the LIRNs is subject to investment risks, many of which differ from those of a conventional debt security. Your decision to purchase the LIRNs should be made only after carefully considering the risks, including those discussed below, together with the risk information contained in the accompanying prospectus supplement and prospectus, in light of your particular circumstances. The LIRNs are not an appropriate investment for you if you are not knowledgeable about the material terms of the LIRNs or investments in equity or equity-based securities in general.

## Structure-related Risks

Your investment may result in a loss; there is no guaranteed return of principal. There is no fixed principal repayment amount on the LIRNs at maturity. The return on the LIRNs will be based on the performance of the Market Measure. If the LIRNs are not automatically called (as applicable), and the Ending Value is less than the Threshold Value, then you will receive a Redemption Amount at maturity that will be less than, and possibly significantly less than, the principal amount of your LIRNs, and if the Threshold Value is equal to 100% of the Starting Value, the Redemption Amount could be zero.

Your investment return is limited to the return represented by the Capped Value, if applicable, and may be less than a comparable investment directly in the Market Measure or the Basket Stocks, as applicable. The appreciation potential of Capped LIRNs is limited to the Capped Value, if applicable. You will not receive a Redemption Amount greater than the Capped Value, regardless of the appreciation of the Market Measure. In contrast, a direct investment in the Market Measure or the Basket Stocks would allow you to receive the full benefit of any appreciation in the value of the Market Measure (or the Basket Stocks).

In addition, unless otherwise set forth in the applicable term sheet or in the event of an adjustment as described in this product supplement under "Description of the LIRNs—Anti-Dilution Adjustments," the value of the Market Measure will not reflect the value of dividends paid or distributions made on any Underlying Stock or any other rights associated with any Underlying Stock. Thus, any return on the LIRNs will not reflect the return you would realize if you actually owned shares of any Underlying Stock.

If the LIRNs are subject to an automatic call and are automatically called prior to maturity, your investment return will be limited to the return represented by the applicable Call Premium. If the LIRNs are subject to an automatic call, and if, on any Observation Date, the Observation Level of the Market Measure is greater than or equal to the specified Call Level, we will automatically call the LIRNs. If the LIRNs are automatically called, your return will be limited to the applicable Call Premium, regardless of the extent of the increase in the value of the Market Measure.

**Reinvestment Risk.** If the LIRNs are subject to an automatic call and are automatically called prior to maturity, the term of the LIRNs will be shorter than their stated term to maturity. There is no guarantee that you would be able to reinvest the proceeds from an investment in the LIRNs at a comparable return for a similar level of risk in the event the LIRNs are automatically called prior to maturity.

Payment on the LIRNs will not reflect changes in the value of the Market Measure that occur other than on the calculation day or on the applicable Observation Dates, if applicable. Changes in the value of the Market Measure during the term of the LIRNs other than on the calculation day, or on the applicable Observation Dates, if applicable, will not be

reflected in the calculation of the Redemption Amount or the determination of whether the LIRNs will be automatically called, if applicable. To calculate the Redemption Amount, the calculation agent will compare only the Ending Value to the Starting Value or the Threshold Value, as applicable. To determine whether the LIRNs will be automatically called, if applicable, the calculation agent will refer only to the value of the Market Measure on the applicable Observation Date. No other values of the Market Measure will be taken into account. As a result, even if the value of the Market Measure has increased at certain times during the term of the LIRNs, your LIRNs will not be called, if applicable, if the Observation Level on each Observation Date is less than the applicable Call Level, and, if not automatically called (as applicable), you will receive a Redemption Amount that is less than the principal amount if the Ending Value is less than the Threshold Value.

If your LIRNs are linked to a Basket, increases in the prices of one or more of the Basket Stocks may be offset by decreases in the prices of one or more of the other Basket Stocks. The Market Measure of your LIRNs may be a Basket. In such a case, changes in the prices of one or more of the Basket Stocks may not correlate with changes in the prices of one or more of the other Basket Stocks. The prices of one or more of the other Basket Stocks. The prices of one or more of the other Basket Stocks. The prices of one or more of the other Basket Stocks may increase, while the prices of one or more of the other Basket Stocks may decrease or not increase as much. Therefore, in calculating the value of the Market Measure at any time, increases in the price of one Basket Stock may be moderated or wholly offset by decreases or lesser increases of one or more of the other Basket Stocks. If the weightings of the applicable Basket Stocks are not equal, decreases in the prices of the Basket Stocks that are more heavily weighted could have a greater impact upon the value of the Market Measure and, consequently, the return on your LIRNs.

Your return on the LIRNs may be less than the yield on a conventional fixed or floating rate debt security of comparable maturity. There will be no periodic interest payments on the LIRNs as there would be on a conventional fixed-rate or floating-rate debt security having the same maturity. Any return that you receive on the LIRNs may be less than the return you would earn if you purchased a conventional debt security with the same maturity date. As a result, your investment in the LIRNs may not reflect the full opportunity cost to you when you consider factors, such as inflation, that affect the time value of money.

Payment on the LIRNs is subject to our credit risk and the credit risk of the Guarantor, and any actual or perceived changes in our or the Guarantor's creditworthiness are expected to affect the value of, or any amounts payable on, the LIRNs. The LIRNs are our senior unsecured debt securities, the payment on which will be fully and unconditionally guaranteed by the Guarantor. The LIRNs are not guaranteed by any entity other than the Guarantor. As a result, your receipt of any payment on the LIRNs is dependent upon our ability and the ability of the Guarantor to repay our respective obligations under the LIRNs on the applicable payment date, regardless of whether the Market Measure increases from the Starting Value to the Ending Value or, if applicable, the Observation Level. No assurance can be given as to what our financial condition or the financial condition of the Guarantor will be on the applicable payment date. If we and the Guarantor become unable to meet our respective financial obligations as they become due, you may not receive the amounts payable under the LIRNs.

In addition, our credit ratings and the credit ratings of the Guarantor are assessments by ratings agencies of our respective abilities to pay our obligations. Consequently, our or the Guarantor's perceived creditworthiness and actual or anticipated decreases in our or the Guarantor's credit ratings or increases in the spread between the yield on our respective securities and the yield on U.S. Treasury securities (the "**credit spread**") prior to the maturity date may adversely affect the market value of the LIRNs. However, because your return on the

LIRNs depends upon factors in addition to our ability and the ability of the Guarantor to pay our respective obligations, such as the value of the Market Measure, an improvement in our or the Guarantor's credit ratings will not reduce the other investment risks related to the LIRNs.

We are a finance subsidiary and, as such, have no independent assets, operations or revenues. We are a finance subsidiary of the Guarantor, have no operations other than those related to the issuance, administration and repayment of our debt securities that are guaranteed by the Guarantor, and are dependent upon the Guarantor and/or its other subsidiaries to meet our obligations under the LIRNs in the ordinary course. However, we will have no assets available for distributions to holders of the LIRNs if they make claims in respect of such LIRNs in a bankruptcy, resolution or similar proceeding. Accordingly, any recoveries by such holders in respect of such claims in any such proceeding will be limited to those available under the Guarantor's guarantee of such LIRNs, and any obligations under that guarantee will rank equally in right of payment with all other unsecured and unsubordinated obligations. Holders of the LIRNs will have recourse only to a single claim against the Guarantor and its assets under the Guarantor's guarantee of the LIRNs, and holders of the LIRNs whold accordingly assume that in any bankruptcy, resolution or similar proceeding, they would not have priority over, and should be treated equally with, the claims of all other unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of the Guarantor, including claims of holders of unsecured senior debt securities issued by the Guarantor.

The Guarantor's ability to make payments under its guarantee of the LIRNs will depend upon its receipt of funds from its subsidiaries, and applicable laws and regulations, and actions taken under the Guarantor's resolution plan, could restrict the ability of its subsidiaries to transfer such funds. The Guarantor is a holding company and conducts substantially all of its operations through its subsidiaries. The Guarantor depends on dividends and other distributions, loans and other payments from its subsidiaries to fund payments under its guarantee of our payment obligations on the LIRNs. Any inability of these subsidiaries to pay dividends or make payments to the Guarantor may adversely affect its cash flow and financial condition. Many of these subsidiaries, including bank and broker-dealer subsidiaries, are subject to laws that restrict dividend payments or authorize regulatory bodies to block or reduce the flow of funds from those subsidiaries to the Guarantor or to its other subsidiaries. In addition, the Guarantor's bank and broker-dealer subsidiaries are subject to restrictions on their ability to lend or transact with affiliates and to minimum regulatory capital and liquidity requirements. Lower earnings in the Guarantor's subsidiaries can reduce the amount of funds available to the Guarantor as a holding company. Adverse business and economic conditions, including changes in interest and currency exchange rates, illiquidity or volatility in areas where the Guarantor has concentrated credit risk, and a failure in or breach of the Guarantor's operational or security systems or infrastructure, could affect the Guarantor's business and results of operations. Intercompany arrangements the Guarantor has entered into in connection with its resolution planning could restrict the amount of funding available to it from its subsidiaries under certain adverse conditions, as described below under "-A resolution under the Guarantor's single point of entry resolution strategy could materially adversely affect its liquidity and financial condition and its ability to make payments under its guarantee of our payment obligations on the LIRNs." These restrictions could prevent the Guarantor's subsidiaries from paying dividends or making other distributions to the Guarantor or otherwise providing funds to the Guarantor that the Guarantor needs in order to make payments under its guarantee of our payment obligations on the LIRNs. In addition, the Guarantor's right to participate in any distribution of assets of any of its subsidiaries upon such subsidiary's liquidation or otherwise, will be subject to the prior

claims of creditors of that subsidiary, except to the extent that any of the Guarantor's claims as a creditor of such subsidiary may be recognized.

A resolution under the Guarantor's single point of entry resolution strategy could materially adversely affect its liquidity and financial condition and its ability to make payments under its guarantee of our payment obligations on the LIRNs. The Guarantor is required periodically to submit a plan to the FDIC and the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System describing its resolution strategy under the U.S. Bankruptcy Code in the event of material financial distress or failure. In the Guarantor's current plan, its preferred resolution strategy is a single point of entry ("SPOE") strategy. This strategy provides that only the Guarantor (the parent holding company) would file for bankruptcy under the U.S. Bankruptcy Code and contemplates providing certain key operating subsidiaries with sufficient capital and liquidity to operate through severe stress and to enable such subsidiaries to continue operating or be wound down in a solvent manner following a Guarantor bankruptcy. The Guarantor has entered into intercompany arrangements governing the contribution of most of its capital and liquidity with these key subsidiaries. As part of these arrangements, the Guarantor has transferred most of its assets (and has agreed to transfer additional assets) to a wholly-owned holding company subsidiary in exchange for a subordinated note. Certain of the Guarantor's remaining assets secure its ongoing obligations under these intercompany arrangements. The wholly-owned holding company subsidiary also has provided the Guarantor with a committed line of credit that, in addition to the Guarantor's cash, dividends and interest payments, including interest payments the Guarantor receives in respect of the subordinated note, may be used to fund the Guarantor's obligations. These intercompany arrangements include provisions to terminate the line of credit and forgive the subordinated note and require the Guarantor to contribute its remaining financial assets to the wholly-owned holding company subsidiary if the Guarantor's projected liquidity resources deteriorate so severely that resolution becomes imminent, which could materially and adversely affect the Guarantor's liquidity and ability to meet its payment obligations, including under its guarantee of our payment obligations on the LIRNs. In addition, the Guarantor's preferred resolution strategy could result in holders of the LIRNs being in a worse position and suffering greater losses than would have been the case under a bankruptcy proceeding or other resolution scenarios or plans.

The Guarantor's obligations under its guarantee of the LIRNs will be structurally subordinated to liabilities of the Guarantor's subsidiaries. Because the Guarantor is a holding company, its right to participate in any distribution of assets of any subsidiary upon such subsidiary's liquidation or reorganization or otherwise is subject to the prior claims of creditors of that subsidiary, except to the extent the Guarantor may itself be recognized as a creditor of that subsidiary. As a result, any obligations of the Guarantor under its guarantee of the LIRNs will be structurally subordinated to all existing and future liabilities of the Guarantor's subsidiaries, and claimants should look only to the assets of the Guarantor for payments under the Guarantor's guarantee of the LIRNs. Further, creditors of the subsidiaries, including the Guarantor's contributed assets. In addition, any obligations of the Guarantor under its guarantee of the LIRNs will be unsecured and, therefore, in a bankruptcy or similar proceeding, will effectively rank junior to the Guarantor's secured obligations to the extent of the value of the assets securing such obligations.

Each of BofA Finance LLC and the Guarantor is permitted to sell, convey or transfer all or substantially all of its assets to one or more of the Guarantor's majority-owned subsidiaries and, in either such event, such subsidiary or subsidiaries will not be required under the indenture relating to the LIRNs to assume our obligations under the

LIRNs or the Guarantor's obligations under its guarantee of the LIRNs, as the case may be.We and the Guarantor each may sell, convey or transfer all or substantially all of its assets to one or more entities that are direct or indirect subsidiaries of the Guarantor in which the Guarantor and/or one or more of its subsidiaries owns more than 50% of the combined voting power, and under the indenture under which the LIRNs will be issued, including the provisions thereof relating to the Guarantor's guarantee of the LIRNs, such subsidiary or subsidiaries will not be required to assume our obligations under the LIRNs or the Guarantor's obligations under its guarantee thereof, as the case may be. In either such event, (i) we will remain the sole obligor on the LIRNs, as the case may be, (ii) creditors of any such subsidiary or subsidiaries would have additional assets from which to recover on their claims and (iii) obligations of the Guarantor under its guarantee to reditors of such subsidiary or subsidiaries with respect to such transferred assets. See "Description of Debt Securities of BofA Finance LLC—Limitation on Mergers and Sales of Assets" beginning on page 52 of the accompanying prospectus for more information.

The LIRNs issued by us will not have the benefit of any cross-default or cross-acceleration with other indebtedness of BofA Finance LLC or the Guarantor; and events of bankruptcy or insolvency or resolution proceedings relating to the Guarantor and covenant breach by the Guarantor will not constitute an event of default with respect to the LIRNs. The LIRNs issued by us will not have the benefit of any cross-default or cross-acceleration with other indebtedness of BofA Finance LLC or the Guarantor. In addition, events of bankruptcy or insolvency or resolution or similar proceedings relating to the Guarantor will not constitute an event of default with respect to the LIRNs. Furthermore, it will not constitute an event of default with respect to the LIRNs if the guarantee by the Guarantor cases to be in full force and effect for any reason. Therefore, events of bankruptcy or insolvency or resolution or similar proceedings relating to the Guarantor (in the absence of any such event occurring with respect to us) will not permit the LIRNs to be declared due and payable. In addition, a breach of a covenant by the Guarantor (including, for example, a breach of the Guarantor's covenants with respect to mergers or the sale of all or substantially all its assets) will not permit the LIRNs to be declared due and payable. The value you receive on the LIRNs may be significantly less than what you otherwise would have received had the LIRNs been declared due and payable immediately upon certain events of bankruptcy or insolvency or resolution or similar proceedings relating to the Guarantor or the breach of a covenant by the Guarantor or upon the Guarantor's guarantee ceasing to be in full force and effect.

## Valuation- and Market-related Risks

The initial estimated value of the LIRNs considers certain assumptions and variables and relies in part on certain forecasts about future events, which may prove to be incorrect. The initial estimated value of the LIRNs, which will be set forth in the applicable term sheet, is an estimate only, determined as of a particular point in time by reference to our and our affiliates' pricing models. These pricing models consider certain assumptions and variables, including our credit spreads and those of the Guarantor, the Guarantor's internal funding rate on the pricing date, mid-market terms on hedging transactions, expectations on interest rates and volatility, price-sensitivity analysis, and the expected term of the LIRNs. These pricing models rely in part on certain forecasts about future events, which may prove to be incorrect.

The public offering price you pay for the LIRNs will exceed the initial estimated value. If you attempt to sell the LIRNs prior to maturity, their market value may be lower than the price you paid for them and lower than the initial estimated value. This is due to, among other things, changes in the value of the Market Measure, changes in the Guarantor's internal funding rate, and the inclusion in the public offering price of the underwriting discount and an expected hedging-related charge. These factors, together with various credit, market and economic factors over the term of the LIRNs, are expected to reduce the price at which you may be able to sell the LIRNs in any secondary market and will affect the value of the LIRNs in complex and unpredictable ways.

The initial estimated value does not represent a minimum or maximum price at which we, the Guarantor, BofAS or any of our other affiliates would be willing to purchase your LIRNs in any secondary market (if any exists) at any time. The value of your LIRNs at any time after issuance will vary based on many factors that cannot be predicted with accuracy, including the performance of the Market Measure, our and the Guarantor's creditworthiness and changes in market conditions.

We cannot assure you that there will be a trading market for your LIRNs. If a secondary market exists, we cannot predict how the LIRNs will trade, or whether that market will be liquid or illiquid. The development of a trading market for the LIRNs will depend on various factors, including the Guarantor's financial performance and changes in the value of the Market Measure. The number of potential buyers of your LIRNs in any secondary market may be limited. There is no assurance that any party will be willing to purchase your LIRNs at any price in any secondary market.

We anticipate that one or more of the selling agents or their affiliates will act as a market-maker for the LIRNs that it offers, but none of them is required to do so and may cease to do so at any time. Any price at which a selling agent or its affiliate may bid for, offer, purchase, or sell any LIRNs may be higher or lower than the applicable public offering price, and that price may differ from the values determined by pricing models that it may use, whether as a result of dealer discounts, mark-ups, or other transaction costs. These bids, offers, or transaction costs may adversely affect the prices, if any, at which those LIRNs might otherwise trade in the market. In addition, if at any time any selling agent or its affiliates were to cease acting as a market-maker for any issue of the LIRNs, it is likely that there would be significantly less liquidity in that secondary market. In such a case, the price at which those LIRNs could be sold likely would be lower than if an active market existed.

Unless otherwise stated in the applicable term sheet, we will not list the LIRNs on any securities exchange or quotation system. Even if an application were made to list your LIRNs, we cannot assure you that the application will be approved or that your LIRNs will be listed

and, if listed, that they will remain listed for their entire term. The listing of the LIRNs on any securities exchange or quotation system will not necessarily ensure that a trading market will develop or, if a trading market does develop, that there will be liquidity in the trading market.

The LIRNs are not designed to be short-term trading instruments, and if you attempt to sell the LIRNs prior to maturity, their market value, if any, will be affected by various factors that interrelate in complex ways, and their market value may be less than the principal amount. The LIRNs are not designed to be short-term trading instruments. The limited protection against the risk of losses provided by the Threshold Value, if any, will only apply if you hold the LIRNs to maturity. You have no right to have your LIRNs redeemed at your option prior to maturity. If you wish to liquidate your investment in the LIRNs prior to maturity or, if applicable, earlier automatic call, your only option would be to sell them in the secondary market. At that time, there may be an illiquid market for your LIRNs or no market at all. Even if you were able to sell your LIRNs, there are many factors outside of our control that may affect their market value, some of which, but not all, are stated below. The impact of any one factor may be offset or magnified by the effect of another factor. These factors may interact with each other in complex and unpredictable ways. The following paragraphs describe a specific factor's expected impact on the market value of the LIRNs, assuming all other conditions remain constant.

Value of the Market Measure. We anticipate that the market value of the LIRNs prior to maturity generally will depend to a significant
extent on the value of the Market Measure. In general, it is expected that the market value of the LIRNs will decrease as the value of the
Market Measure decreases and increase as the value of the Market Measure increases. However, as the value of the Market Measure
increases, the market value of the LIRNs may decrease or may not increase at the same rate. If you sell your LIRNs when the value of the
Market Measure is less than, or not sufficiently above, the applicable Starting Value or Call Level (as applicable), then you may receive less
than the principal amount of your LIRNs.

In addition, because the Redemption Amount for Capped LIRNs will not exceed the applicable Capped Value, we do not expect that the Capped LIRNs will trade in any secondary market at a price that is greater than the Capped Value.

Additionally, if the LIRNs are subject to an automatic call, because the amount payable on the LIRNs upon an automatic call will not exceed the applicable Call Amount, we do not expect that the LIRNs will trade in any secondary market prior to any Observation Date at a price that is greater than the applicable Call Amount.

- Volatility of the Market Measure. Volatility is the term used to describe the size and frequency of market fluctuations. The volatility of the
  Market Measure during the term of the LIRNs may vary. In addition, an unsettled international environment and related uncertainties may
  result in greater market volatility, which may continue over the term of the LIRNs. Increases or decreases in the volatility of the Market
  Measure may have an adverse impact on the market value of the LIRNs. Even if the value of the Market Measure increases after the
  applicable pricing date, if you are able to sell your LIRNs before their maturity date or, if applicable, earlier automatic call, you may receive
  substantially less than the amount that would be payable upon an automatic call, if applicable, or at maturity based on that value because of
  the anticipation that the value of the Market Measure will continue to fluctuate until the LIRNs are automatically called, if applicable, or
  until the Ending Value is determined.
- Economic and Other Conditions Generally. The general economic conditions of the

capital markets in the United States, as well as geopolitical conditions and other financial, political, public health, regulatory and judicial events, natural disasters, acts of terrorism or war, and related uncertainties that affect stock or commodity markets generally, may adversely affect the value of the Market Measure and the market value of the LIRNs. If an Underlying Stock is an ADR, the value of your LIRNs may also be adversely affected by similar events in the markets of the relevant foreign country.

- Interest Rates. We expect that changes in interest rates will affect the market value of the LIRNs. In general, if U.S. interest rates increase, we expect that the market value of the LIRNs will decrease. In general, we expect that the longer the amount of time that remains until maturity, the more significant the impact of these changes will be on the value of the LIRNs. The level of interest rates also may affect the U.S. economy and any applicable market outside of the U.S., and in turn, the value of the Market Measure, and, thus, the market value of the LIRNs may be adversely affected. If any Underlying Stock is an ADR, the level of interest rates in the relevant foreign country may affect the economy of that foreign country and, in turn, the value of the ADR, and, thus, the market value of the LIRNs may be adversely affected.
- **Dividend Yields.** In general, if the cumulative dividend yield on any Underlying Stock or Basket Stock, as applicable, increases, we anticipate that the market value of the LIRNs will decrease.
- Our and the Guarantor's Financial Condition and Creditworthiness. Our and the Guarantor's perceived creditworthiness, including any
  increases in our respective credit spreads and any actual or anticipated decreases in our respective credit ratings, may adversely affect the
  market value of the LIRNs. In general, we expect the longer the amount of time that remains until maturity, the more significant the impact
  will be on the value of the LIRNs. However, a decrease in our or the Guarantor's credit spreads or an improvement in our or the Guarantor's
  credit ratings will not necessarily increase the market value of the LIRNs.
- Time to Maturity or, if Applicable, the Next Observation Date. There may be a disparity between the market value of the LIRNs prior to maturity or, if applicable, prior to an Observation Date, and their value at maturity or as of the next Observation Date, if applicable. This disparity is often called a time "value," "premium," or "discount," and reflects expectations concerning the value of the Market Measure during the term of the LIRNs. As the time to maturity or, if applicable, the next Observation Date, decreases, this disparity will likely decrease, such that the market value of the LIRNs will approach the expected Redemption Amount to be paid at maturity or, if applicable, the Call Amount applicable to that Observation Date.

## **Conflict-related Risks**

Trading and hedging activities by us, the Guarantor and any of our other affiliates, including the selling agents, may adversely affect your return on the LIRNs and their market value. We, the Guarantor and our other affiliates, including the selling agents, may buy or sell shares of any Underlying Stock, or futures or options contracts or exchange-traded instruments on any Underlying Stock, or other listed or over-the-counter derivative instruments whose value is derived from an Underlying Stock. We, the Guarantor and any of our other affiliates, including the selling agents, may execute such purchases or sales for our own or their own accounts, for business reasons, or in connection with hedging our obligations under the LIRNs. These transactions could adversely affect the price of an Underlying Stock in a manner that could be adverse to your investment in the LIRNs. On or before the applicable pricing date, any purchases or sales by us, the Guarantor or our other affiliates, including the selling agents, or other behalf (including those for the purpose of hedging some or all of our anticipated exposure in connection with the LIRNs), may have the effect of increasing the price of an Underlying Stock. Consequently, the price of that Underlying Stock may decrease subsequent to the pricing date of an issue of the LIRNs, which may adversely affect the market value of the LIRNs.

We, the Guarantor or one or more of our other affiliates, including the selling agents, also expect to engage in hedging activities that could have the effect of increasing the price of an Underlying Stock on the applicable pricing date. In addition, these hedging activities, including the unwinding of a hedge, may decrease the market value of your LIRNs prior to maturity, including on the calculation day or, if applicable, on each Observation Date, and may reduce the payments on the LIRNs.

We, the Guarantor or one or more of our other affiliates, including the selling agents, may purchase or otherwise acquire a long or short position in the LIRNs or any Underlying Stock, and may hold or resell the LIRNs or any Underlying Stock. For example, the selling agents may enter into these transactions in connection with any market making activities in which they engage. We cannot assure you that these activities will not decrease the price of any Underlying Stock, decrease the market value of your LIRNs prior to maturity or adversely affect whether the LIRNs will be called, if applicable, or reduce the payments on the LIRNs.

Our trading, hedging and other business activities, and those of the Guarantor and any of our other affiliates, including the selling agents, may create conflicts of interest with you. We, the Guarantor or one or more of our other affiliates, including the selling agents, may engage in trading activities related to an Underlying Stock that are not for your account or on your behalf. We, the Guarantor or one or more of our other affiliates, including the selling agents, also may issue or underwrite other financial instruments with returns based upon an Underlying Stock. These trading and other business activities may present a conflict of interest between your interest in the LIRNs and the interests we, the Guarantor and our other affiliates, including the selling agents, may have in our or their proprietary accounts, in facilitating transactions, including block trades, for our or their other customers, and in accounts under our or their management. These trading and other business activities, if they influence the price of an Underlying Stock or secondary trading in your LIRNs, could be adverse to your interests as a beneficial owner of the LIRNs.

We, the Guarantor and one or more of our other affiliates, including the selling agents, expect to enter into arrangements or adjust or close out existing transactions to hedge our obligations under the LIRNs. We, the Guarantor or our other affiliates, including the selling agents, also may enter into hedging transactions relating to other notes or instruments that we or they issue, some of which may have returns calculated in a manner related to that of a particular issue of the LIRNs. We may enter into such hedging arrangements with one or more

of our affiliates. Our affiliates may enter into additional hedging transactions with other parties relating to the LIRNs and an Underlying Stock. This hedging activity is expected to result in a profit to those engaging in the hedging activity, which could be more or less than initially expected, but could also result in a loss. We, the Guarantor and our affiliates, including the selling agents, will price these hedging transactions with the intent to realize a profit, regardless of whether the value of the LIRNs increases or decreases, whether the LIRNs will be automatically called, if applicable, or whether any payment on the LIRNs is more or less than the principal amount of the LIRNs. Any profit in connection with such hedging activities will be in addition to any other compensation that we, the Guarantor and any of our other affiliates, including the selling agents, receive for the sale of the LIRNs, which creates an additional incentive to sell the LIRNs to you.

There may be potential conflicts of interest involving the calculation agent, which is an affiliate of ours. We have the right to appoint and remove the calculation agent. One of our affiliates will be the calculation agent for the LIRNs and, as such, will determine the Starting Value, the Threshold Value, the Price Multiplier, the Ending Value, the Redemption Amount and, if applicable, each Observation Level and whether the LIRNs will be automatically called. Under some circumstances, these duties could result in a conflict of interest between its status as our affiliate and its responsibilities as calculation agent. These conflicts could occur, for instance, in connection with the calculation agent's determination as to whether a Market Disruption Event has occurred, or in connection with judgments that it would be required to make if certain corporate events occur with respect to any Underlying Stock. See the sections entitled "Description of the LIRNs—Market Disruption Events" and "— Anti-Dilution Adjustments." The calculation agent will be required to carry out its duties in good faith and use its reasonable judgment. However, because we expect that the Guarantor will control the calculation agent, potential conflicts of interest could arise. None of us, the Guarantor or any of our affiliates will have any obligation to consider your interests as a holder or the LIRNs in taking any action that might affect the value of the LIRNs.

## Market Measure-related Risks

You must rely on your own evaluation of the merits of an investment linked to any applicable Underlying Stock. In the ordinary course of business, our affiliates may have expressed views on expected movements in an Underlying Stock, and may do so in the future. These views or reports may be communicated to our clients and clients of our affiliates. However, these views are subject to change from time to time. Moreover, other professionals who deal in markets relating to an Underlying Stock may at any time have significantly different views from those of our affiliates. For these reasons, you are encouraged to derive information concerning an Underlying Stock from multiple sources, and you should not rely on the views expressed by our affiliates.

You will have no rights as a security holder of, you will have no rights to receive any shares of any Underlying Stock of, and you will not be entitled to dividends or other distributions by, any Underlying Company. The LIRNs are our debt securities. They are not equity instruments, shares of stock, or securities of any other issuer, other than the related guarantees, which are the securities of the Guarantor. Investing in the LIRNs will not make you a holder of shares of any Underlying Stock. You will not have any voting rights, any rights to receive dividends or other distributions, or any other rights with respect to any Underlying Stock. As a result, the return on your LIRNs may not reflect the return you would realize if you actually owned shares of an Underlying Stock and received the dividends paid or other distributions made in connection with them. Your LIRNs will be paid in cash and you have no right to receive shares of any Underlying Stock.

If shares of an Underlying Company are also listed on a foreign exchange, your return may be affected by factors affecting international securities markets. The value of securities traded outside of the U.S. may be adversely affected by a variety of factors relating to the relevant securities markets. Factors which could affect those markets, and therefore the return on your LIRNs, include:

- Market Liquidity and Volatility. The relevant foreign securities markets may be less liquid and/or more volatile than U.S. or other securities markets and may be affected by market developments in different ways than U.S. or other securities markets.
- Political, Economic and Other Factors. The prices and performance of securities of companies in foreign countries may be affected by
  political, economic, financial, health, pandemics or other public health emergencies, natural disasters, acts of terrorism or war and social
  factors in those regions. Direct or indirect government intervention to stabilize a particular securities market and cross-shareholdings in
  companies in the relevant foreign markets may affect prices and the volume of trading in those markets. In addition, recent or future changes
  in government, economic and fiscal policies in the relevant jurisdictions, the possible imposition of, or changes in, currency exchange laws,
  or other laws or restrictions, and possible fluctuations in the rate of exchange between currencies, are factors that could adversely affect the
  relevant securities markets. The relevant foreign economies may differ from the U.S. economy in economic factors such as growth of gross
  national product, rate of inflation, capital reinvestment, resources and self-sufficiency.

In particular, many emerging nations are undergoing rapid change, involving the restructuring of economic, political, financial and legal systems. Regulatory and tax environments may be subject to change without review or appeal, and many emerging markets suffer from underdevelopment of capital markets and tax systems. In addition, in some of these nations, issuers of the relevant securities face the threat of expropriation of their assets and/or nationalization of their businesses. The economic and financial data about some of these countries may be unreliable.

Additionally, the accounting, auditing and financial reporting standards and requirements applicable to foreign companies may differ from those applicable to U.S. companies.

We, the Guarantor and any of our other affiliates, including the selling agents, do not control any Underlying Company and have not verified any disclosure made by any Underlying Company. We, the Guarantor or our other affiliates, including the selling agents, currently, or in the future, may engage in business with any Underlying Company, and we, the Guarantor or our affiliates, including the selling agents, may from time to time own securities of any Underlying Company. However, none of us, the Guarantor nor any of our other affiliates, including the selling agents, have the ability to control any actions of any Underlying Company or have undertaken any independent review of, or made any due diligence inquiry with respect to, any Underlying Company is derived from publicly available information. You should make your own investigation into any Underlying Stock and any Underlying Company.

The business activities of us, the Guarantor and any of our other affiliates, including the selling agents, relating to any Underlying Company may create conflicts of interest with you. We, the Guarantor and our other affiliates, including the selling agents, at the time of any offering of the LIRNs or in the future, may engage in business with any Underlying Company, including making loans to or equity investments in, or providing investment banking, asset management, or other services to that Underlying Company, its affiliates, and its competitors.

In connection with these activities, we, the Guarantor or our other affiliates, including the selling agents, may receive information about those companies that we or they will not divulge to you or other third parties. One or more of our affiliates may have published, and in the future may publish, research reports on one or more of these companies. This research is modified from time to time without notice and may express opinions or provide recommendations that are inconsistent with purchasing or holding your LIRNs. Any of these activities may adversely affect the price of an Underlying Stock and, consequently, the market value of your LIRNs. None of us, the Guarantor nor any of our other affiliates, including the selling agents, makes any representation to any purchasers of the LIRNs regarding any matters whatsoever relating to any Underlying Stock or any Underlying Company. Any prospective purchaser of the LIRNs should undertake an independent investigation into an Underlying Stock and an Underlying Company to a level that, in its judgment, is appropriate to make an informed decision regarding an investment in the LIRNs. The selection of an Underlying Stock

does not reflect any investment recommendations from us, the Guarantor or our other affiliates, including the selling agents.

An Underlying Company will have no obligations relating to the LIRNs and none of us, the Guarantor nor any of our other affiliates, including the selling agents, will perform any due diligence procedures with respect to any Underlying Company. An Underlying Company will not have any financial or legal obligation with respect to the LIRNs or the amounts to be paid to you, including any obligation to take our interest or the interests of holders of the LIRNs into consideration for any reason, including when taking any corporate actions that might adversely affect the price of an Underlying Stock or the value of the LIRNs. An Underlying Company will not receive any of the proceeds from any offering of the LIRNs, and will not be responsible for, or participate in, the offering of the LIRNs. No Underlying Company will be responsible for, or participate in, the determination or calculation of any payments on the LIRNs.

None of us, the Guarantor nor any of our other affiliates, including the selling agents, will conduct any due diligence inquiry with respect to any Underlying Company or Underlying Stock in connection with an offering of the LIRNs. None of us, the Guarantor nor any of our other affiliates, including the selling agents, has made any independent investigation as to the completeness or accuracy of publicly available information regarding any Underlying Stock or any Underlying Company or as to the future performance of any Underlying Stock. Any prospective purchaser of the LIRNs should undertake such independent investigation of any Underlying Stock and any Underlying Company as in its judgment is appropriate to make an informed decision with respect to an investment in the LIRNs.

The Price Multiplier or other terms of the LIRNs will not be adjusted for all corporate events that could affect an Underlying Company. The Price Multiplier of an Underlying Stock, the Observation Level(s) (if applicable), the Ending Value, the amount paid upon an automatic call (if applicable), the Redemption Amount, and other terms of the LIRNs may be adjusted for the specified corporate events affecting that Underlying Stock, as described in the section entitled "Description of the LIRNs—Anti-Dilution Adjustments." However, these adjustments do not cover all corporate events that could affect the market price of an Underlying Stock, such as offerings of common shares for cash or in connection with certain acquisition transactions. The occurrence of any event that does not require the calculation agent to adjust the Price Multiplier of an Underlying Stock or the amount paid to you at maturity or upon an automatic call (if applicable) or other terms of the LIRNs may adversely affect the Closing Market Price of that Underlying Stock, the Observation Level(s) (if applicable), the Ending Value, whether the LIRNs will be called and the amount paid upon an automatic call (if applicable) and the Redemption Amount, and, as a result, the market value of the LIRNs.

### **Risks Relating to Underlying Stocks That Are ADRs**

The value of an ADR may not accurately track the value of the common shares of the related Underlying Company. If an Underlying Stock is an ADR, each ADR will represent shares of the relevant Underlying Company. Generally, the ADRs are issued under a deposit agreement that sets forth the rights and responsibilities of the depositary, the Underlying Company and the holders of the ADRs. The trading patterns of the ADRs will generally reflect the characteristics and valuations of the underlying common shares; however, the value of the ADRs may not completely track the value of those shares. There are important differences between the rights of holders of ADRs and the rights of holders of the underlying common shares. In addition, trading volume and pricing on the applicable non-U.S. exchange may, but will not necessarily, have similar characteristics as the ADRs. For example, certain factors may increase or decrease the public float of the ADRs and, as a result, the ADRs may have less liquidity or lower market value than the underlying common shares.

Exchange rate movements may adversely affect the value of an Underlying Stock that is an ADR. If an Underlying Stock is an ADR, the market price of that Underlying Stock will generally track the U.S. dollar value of the market price of its underlying common shares. Therefore, if the value of the related foreign currency in which the underlying common shares are traded decreases relative to the U.S. dollar, the market price of the Underlying Stock may decrease while the market price of the underlying common shares remains stable or increases, or does not decrease to the same extent. As a result, changes in, and the volatility of, the exchange rates between the U.S. dollar and the relevant non-U.S. currency could have an adverse impact on the value of that Underlying Stock and consequently, the value of your LIRNs and the amount payable on the LIRNs.

Adverse trading conditions in the applicablenon-U.S. market may negatively affect the value of an Underlying Stock that is an ADR. Holders of an Underlying Company's ADRs may usually surrender the ADRs in order to receive and trade the underlying common shares. This provision permits investors in the ADRs to take advantage of price differentials between markets. However, this provision may also cause the market prices of the applicable Underlying Stock to more closely correspond with the values of the common shares in the applicable non-U.S. markets. As a result, a market outside of the United States for the underlying common shares that is not liquid may also result in an illiquid market for the ADRs, which may negatively impact the value of such ADRs and, consequently, the value of your LIRNs.

Delisting of an Underlying Stock that is an ADR may adversely affect the value of the LIRNs.If an Underlying Stock that is an ADR is no longer listed or admitted to trading on a U.S. securities exchange registered under the Exchange Act or included in the Over-The-Counter Bulletin Board Service (the "OTC Bulletin Board") operated by the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. ("FINRA"), or if the ADR facility between the Underlying Company and the ADR depositary is terminated for any reason, that Underlying Stock will be deemed to be the Underlying Company's common equity securities rather than the ADRs, and the calculation agent will determine the price of the Underlying Stock by reference to those common shares, as described below under "Description of the LIRNs—Delisting of ADRs or Termination of ADR Facility." Replacing the original ADRs with the underlying common shares may adversely affect the value of the LIRNs and the amounts payable on the LIRNs.

#### Other Risk Factors Relating to an Underlying Stock

The applicable term sheet may set forth additional risk factors as to an Underlying Stock that you should review prior to purchasing the LIRNs.

### Tax-related Risks

The U.S. federal income tax consequences of an investment in the LIRNs are uncertain, and may be adverse to a holder of the LIRNs.No statutory, judicial, or administrative authority directly addresses the characterization of the LIRNs or securities similar to the LIRNs for U.S. federal income tax purposes. As a result, significant aspects of the U.S. federal income tax consequences of an investment in the LIRNs are not certain. Under the terms of the LIRNs, you will have agreed with us to treat the LIRNs as single financial contracts, as described under "U.S. Federal Income Tax Summary —General." If the Internal Revenue Service (the "IRS") were successful in asserting an alternative characterization for the LIRNs, the timing and character of gain or loss with respect to the LIRNs may differ. No ruling will be requested from the IRS with respect to the LIRNs and no assurance can be given that the IRS will agree with the statements made in the section entitled "U.S. Federal Income Tax Summary."

You are urged to consult with your own tax advisor regarding all aspects of the U.S. federal income tax consequences of investing in the LIRNs.

## **USE OF PROCEEDS**

Unless otherwise specified in the applicable term sheet, we intend to lend the net proceeds we receive from each sale of the LIRNs to the Guarantor and/or its other subsidiaries. Unless otherwise specified in the applicable term sheet, the Guarantor expects that it and/or its subsidiaries will use the proceeds from these loans to provide additional funds for operations and for other general corporate purposes. In addition, we may use a portion of the net proceeds from the sale of the LIRNs to hedge our obligations under the LIRNs by entering into hedging arrangements with one or more of our affiliates.

See "Use of Proceeds" in the accompanying prospectus.

## DESCRIPTION OF THE LIRNS

### General

Each issue of the LIRNs will be part of a series of medium-term notes entitled "Medium-Term Notes, Series A" that will be issued under the senior indenture, as amended and supplemented from time to time, among us, the Guarantor and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company N.A., as trustee. The senior indenture is described more fully in the accompanying prospectus and prospectus supplement. The following description of the LIRNs supplements and, to the extent it is inconsistent with, supersedes the description of the general terms and provisions of the notes and debt securities set forth under the headings "Description of the Notes" in the prospectus supplement and "Description of Debt Securities of BofA Finance LLC" in the prospectus. These documents should be read in connection with the applicable term sheet.

Our payment obligations on the LIRNs are fully and unconditionally guaranteed by the Guarantor. The LIRNs will rank equally in right of payment with all of our other unsecured and unsubordinated obligations from time to time outstanding, except obligations that are subject to any priorities or preferences by law. The guarantee of the LIRNs will rank equally in right of payment with all other unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of the Guarantor from time to time outstanding, except obligations that are subject to any priorities or preferences by law, and senior in right of payment to its subordinated obligations. Any payments due on the LIRNs, including any repayment of principal, are subject to our credit risk, as issuer, and the credit risk of Bank of America Corporation, as guarantor.

The maturity date of the LIRNs and the aggregate principal amount of each issue of the LIRNs will be stated in the applicable term sheet. If the scheduled maturity date is not a business day (as defined in the accompanying prospectus supplement in "Description of the Notes—Payment of Principal, Interest and Other Amounts Payable—Business Day Conventions"), we will make the required payment on the next business day, and no interest will accrue as a result of such delay.

We will not pay interest on the LIRNs. The LIRNs do not guarantee the return of principal at maturity. The LIRNs will be payable only in U.S. dollars.

Unless the LIRNs are subject to an automatic call, as described below under "—Automatic Call", and are automatically called prior to the maturity date, LIRNs will mature on the date set forth in the applicable term sheet. Prior to the maturity date, the LIRNs are not redeemable by us at our option or repayable at the option of any holder, except under the limited circumstances as set forth below in "—Anti-Dilution and Discontinuance Adjustments Relating to Underlying Funds". The LIRNs are not subject to any sinking fund.

We will issue the LIRNs in denominations of whole units. Unless otherwise set forth in the applicable term sheet, each unit will have a principal amount of \$10. The CUSIP number for each issue of the LIRNs will be set forth in the applicable term sheet. You may transfer the LIRNs only in whole units.

## **Payment at Maturity**

Unless the LIRNs are subject to an automatic call, as described below under "—Automatic Call", and are automatically called prior to the maturity date, at maturity, subject to our credit risk as issuer of the LIRNs and the credit risk of Bank of America Corporation as guarantor of the LIRNs, you will receive a Redemption Amount denominated in U.S. dollars.

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Unless otherwise specified in the applicable term sheet, the "Redemption Amount" will be calculated as follows:

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• If the Ending Value is greater than the Starting Value, then the Redemption Amount will equal:

If your LIRNs are Capped LIRNs, the Redemption Amount will not exceed the Capped Value set forth in the applicable term sheet.

- If the Ending Value is equal to or less than the Starting Value, but is equal to or greater than the Threshold Value, then unless otherwise provided in the applicable term sheet the Redemption Amount will equal the principal amount.
- If the Ending Value is less than the Threshold Value, then the Redemption Amount will equal:

The Redemption Amount will not be less than zero.

The **"Threshold Value**" will be a value of the Market Measure that equals a specified percentage of the Starting Value, which will be less than or equal to 100%. The Threshold Value will be determined on the applicable pricing date and set forth in the applicable term sheet. If the Threshold Value is equal to 100% of the Starting Value, then the Redemption Amount for the LIRNs will be less than the principal amount if there is any decrease in the value of the Market Measure from the Starting Value to the Ending Value, and you may lose all of your investment in the LIRNs.

Your participation in any upside performance of the Market Measure underlying your LIRNs will also be impacted by the Participation Rate. Unless otherwise set forth in the applicable term sheet, the "**Participation Rate**" may be equal to or greater than 100%. If the applicable term sheet specifies that the Participation Rate is 100%, your participation in any upside performance of the Market Measure will not be leveraged.

Each term sheet will provide examples of Redemption Amounts based on a range of hypothetical Ending Values.

The applicable term sheet will set forth information as to the specific Market Measure, including information as to the historical prices of the Underlying Stock(s). However, historical prices of any Underlying Stock are not indicative of its future performance or the performance of your LIRNs.

An investment in the LIRNs does not entitle you to any ownership interest in or any other rights with respect to the Underlying Stock, including any voting rights, or any dividends paid or other distributions made by any Underlying Company.

## Automatic Call

If specified in the applicable term sheet, the LIRNs may be subject to an automatic call prior to maturity. In that case, the LIRNs will be automatically called, in whole but not in part,

at an amount equal to the applicable Call Amount if, on any Observation Date, the Observation Level of the Market Measure is greater than or equal to the Call Level.

Unless otherwise specified in the applicable term sheet, the 'Observation Level' of an Underlying Stock will equal the product of the Closing Market Price of the Underlying Stock on the applicable Observation Date multiplied by its Price Multiplier (as defined in "—The Starting Value and the Ending Value" below) on that day.

The "Call Level" will be a value of the Market Measure that equals a specified percentage of the Starting Value. The Call Level will be determined on the pricing date and set forth in the applicable term sheet.

The "**Observation Dates**" will be scheduled trading days (as defined in "—The Starting Value and the Ending Value—Ending Value") and will be set forth in the applicable term sheet, subject to postponement in the event a Market Disruption Event (as defined in "—Market Disruption Events") or non-trading day occurs. The final Observation Date will be scheduled to occur prior to the calculation day (as defined in "—The Starting Value and the Ending Value—Ending Value") below).

If the LIRNs are automatically called, for each unit of the LIRNs that you own, we will pay you the Call Amount applicable to the related Observation Date on the relevant Call Settlement Date. No further amounts will be payable after an automatic call.

The applicable "Call Amount" will be equal to the principal amount per unit plus the Call Premium related to the applicable Observation Date. Each "Call Premium" will be a percentage of the principal amount. The Call Amounts and Call Premiums will be specified in the applicable term sheet.

Each "Call Settlement Date" will occur on approximately the fifth business day after the applicable Observation Date, subject to postponement as described below. If the applicable Call Settlement Date is not a business day (as defined in the accompanying prospectus supplement), we will make the required payment on the next business day, and no interest will accrue as a result of such delay.

If a scheduled Observation Date is determined by the calculation agent not to be a trading day by reason of an extraordinary event, occurrence, declaration, or otherwise, or if there is a Market Disruption Event on that day, the applicable Observation Date will be the immediately succeeding trading day during which no Market Disruption Event occurs or is continuing; provided that the Observation Level will not be determined on a date later than the fifth scheduled trading day after the scheduled Observation Date, and if that fifth day is not a trading day, or if there is a Market Disruption Event on that date, the calculation agent will determine (or, if not determinable, estimate) the Observation Level on that fifth scheduled trading day.

If, due to a Market Disruption Event or otherwise, a scheduled Observation Date is postponed, the relevant Call Settlement Date will be postponed to approximately the fifth business day following the Observation Date as postponed, unless otherwise specified in the applicable term sheet.

## The Starting Value and the Ending Value

#### **Starting Value**

The "Starting Value" of an Underlying Stock will be the price of the Underlying Stock on the applicable pricing date, determined as set forth in the applicable term sheet.

If the Market Measure consists of a Basket, the Starting Value will be equal to 100. See "-Basket Market Measures."

#### Ending Value

Unless otherwise specified in the applicable term sheet, the **'Ending Value**' of an Underlying Stock will equal the Closing Market Price of the Underlying Stock on the calculation day multiplied by its Price Multiplier on that day.

If the Market Measure consists of a Basket, the Ending Value of the Basket will be determined as described in "-Basket Market Measures-Observation Level or Ending Value of the Basket."

The "Closing Market Price" for one share of an Underlying Stock (or one unit of any other security for which a Closing Market Price must be determined) on any trading day means any of the following:

- if the Underlying Stock (or such other security) is listed or admitted to trading on a national securities exchange, the last reported sale price, regular
  way (or, in the case of The Nasdaq Stock Market, the official closing price), of the principal trading session on that day on the principal U.S.
  securities exchange registered under the Exchange Act on which the Underlying Stock (or such other security) is listed or admitted to trading;
- if the Underlying Stock (or such other security) is not listed or admitted to trading on any national securities exchange but is included in the OTC Bulletin Board, the last reported sale price of the principal trading session on the OTC Bulletin Board on that day;
- if the closing price of the Underlying Stock (or such other security) cannot be determined as set forth in the two bullet points above, and the Underlying Stock (or such other security) is listed or admitted to trading on a non-U.S. securities exchange or market, the last reported sale price, regular way, of the principal trading session on that day on the primary non-U.S. securities exchange or market on which the Underlying Stock (or such other security) is listed or admitted to U.S. dollars using such exchange rate as the calculation agent, in its sole discretion, determines to be commercially reasonable); or
- if the Closing Market Price cannot be determined as set forth in the prior bullets, the mean, as determined by the calculation agent, of the bid prices for the Underlying Stock (or such other security) obtained from as many dealers in that security (which may include us, BofAS and/or any of its affiliates), but not exceeding three, as will make the bid prices available to the calculation agent. If no such bid price can be obtained, the Closing Market Price will be determined (or, if not determinable, estimated) by the calculation agent in its sole discretion in a commercially reasonable manner.

Unless otherwise set forth in the applicable term sheet, for any applicable trading day under the terms of the LIRNs, the value of an Underlying Stock will be determined by

multiplying its Closing Market Price on that day by its Price Multiplier. The initial "**Price Multiplier**" for an Underlying Stock will be 1, unless otherwise set forth in the applicable term sheet. The Price Multiplier for each Underlying Stock will be subject to adjustment for certain corporate events relating to that Underlying Stock as described in "—Anti-Dilution Adjustments."

The "calculation day" means a scheduled trading day shortly before the maturity date. The calculation day will be set forth in the applicable term sheet.

A "trading day" means a day on which trading is generally conducted (or was scheduled to have been generally conducted, but for the occurrence of a Market Disruption Event) on the New York Stock Exchange (the "NYSE"), the Nasdaq Stock Market, the Chicago Board Options Exchange, and in the over-the-counter market for equity securities in the United States, or any successor exchange or market, or in the case of a security traded on one or more non-U.S. securities exchanges or markets, on the principalnon-U.S. securities exchange or market for such security.

If the scheduled calculation day is not a trading day by reason of an extraordinary event, occurrence, declaration or otherwise or there is a Market Disruption Event on the scheduled calculation day with respect to an Underlying Stock, the calculation day will be the immediately succeeding trading day during which no Market Disruption Event occurs or is continuing; provided that the Closing Market Price of that Underlying Stock will be determined (or, if not determinable, estimated) by the calculation agent in a commercially reasonable manner on a date no later than the second scheduled trading day prior to the maturity date, regardless of the occurrence of a Market Disruption Event or non-trading day on that day.

### **Market Disruption Events**

As to any Underlying Stock (which, for purposes of this section includes any "successor Underlying Stock," which refers to the common equity securities or the ADRs of any Successor Entity (as defined below in "—Anti-Dilution Adjustments—Reorganization Events")), a "Market Disruption Event" means one or more of the following events, as determined by the calculation agent in its sole discretion:

- (A) the suspension of or material limitation on trading, in each case, for more than two consecutive hours of trading, or during theone-half hour period preceding the close of trading, of the shares of the Underlying Stock on the primary exchange where such shares trade, as determined by the calculation agent (without taking into account any extended or after-hours trading session); or
- (B) the suspension of or material limitation on trading, in each case, for more than two consecutive hours of trading, or during theone-half hour period preceding the close of trading, in options contracts or futures contracts related to the shares of the Underlying Stock on the primary exchange that trades options contracts or futures contracts related to the shares of the Underlying Stock as determined by the calculation agent (without taking into account any extended or after-hours trading session).

For the purpose of determining whether a Market Disruption Event as to any Underlying Stock has occurred:

- (1) a limitation on the hours in a trading day and/or number of days of trading will not constitute a Market Disruption Event if it results from an announced change in the regular business hours of the relevant exchange;
- (2) a decision to permanently discontinue trading in the shares of the Underlying Stock or the relevant futures or options contracts relating to such shares will not constitute a Market Disruption Event;
- (3) a suspension in trading in a futures or options contract on the shares of the Underlying Stock, by a major securities market by reason of (a) a price change violating limits set by that securities market, (b) an imbalance of orders relating to those contracts, or (c) a disparity in bid and ask quotes relating to those contracts, will each constitute a suspension of or material limitation on trading in futures or options contracts relating to the Underlying Stock;
- (4) subject to paragraph (3) above, a suspension of or material limitation on trading on the relevant exchange will not include any time when that exchange is closed for trading under ordinary circumstances; and
- (5) for the purpose of clause (A) above, any limitations on trading during significant market fluctuations under NYSE Rule 80B, or any applicable rule or regulation enacted or promulgated by the NYSE or any other self-regulatory organization or the SEC of similar scope as determined by the calculation agent, will be considered "material."

## **Anti-Dilution Adjustments**

As to any Underlying Stock (which, for purposes of this section includes any successor Underlying Stock), the calculation agent, in its sole discretion, may adjust the Price Multiplier (and as a result, affect the Observation Level(s) (as applicable) and the Ending Value), and any other terms of the LIRNs (such as the Starting Value), if an event described below occurs after the applicable pricing date and on or before the maturity of the LIRNs and if the calculation agent determines that such an event has a dilutive or concentrative effect on the theoretical value of the shares of the Underlying Stock.

The Price Multiplier for any Underlying Stock resulting from any of the adjustments specified below will be rounded to the eighth decimal place with five one-billionths being rounded upward. No adjustments to the Price Multiplier will be required unless the adjustment would require a change of at least 0.1% in the Price Multiplier then in effect. Any adjustment that would require a change of less than 0.1% in the Price Multiplier which is not applied at the time of the event may be reflected at the time of any subsequent adjustment that would require an adjustment of the Price Multiplier. The required adjustments specified below do not cover all events that could affect an Underlying Stock.

No adjustments to the Price Multiplier for any Underlying Stock or any other terms of the LIRNs will be required other than those specified below. However, the calculation agent may, at its sole discretion, make additional adjustments or adjustments that differ from those described herein to the Price Multiplier or any other terms of the LIRNs to reflect changes to an Underlying Stock if the calculation agent determines in good faith and in a commercially reasonable manner that the adjustment is appropriate to ensure an equitable result.

The calculation agent will be solely responsible for the determination of any adjustments to the Price Multiplier for any Underlying Stock or any other terms of the LIRNs and of any related determinations with respect to any distributions of stock, other securities or

other property or assets, including cash, in connection with any corporate event described below; its determinations and calculations will be conclusive absent a determination of a manifest error.

No adjustments are required to be made for certain other events, such as offerings of common equity securities by any Underlying Company for cash or in connection with the occurrence of a partial tender or exchange offer for any Underlying Stock by the Underlying Company.

Following certain corporate events relating to an Underlying Stock, where the Underlying Company is not the surviving entity, any payment you receive on the LIRNs may be based on the equity securities of a successor to the Underlying Company or on any cash or other assets distributed to holders of the Underlying Stock in such corporate event.

Following an event that results in an adjustment to the Price Multiplier for any Underlying Stock or any of the other terms of the LIRNs, the calculation agent may (but is not required to) provide holders of the LIRNs with information about that adjustment as it deems appropriate, depending on the nature of the adjustment. Upon written request by any holder of the LIRNs, the calculation agent will provide that holder with information about such adjustment.

#### Anti-Dilution Adjustments to Underlying Stocks that Are Common Equity

The calculation agent, in its sole discretion and as it deems reasonable, may adjust the Price Multiplier for any Underlying Stock (and as a result, affect the Observation Level(s) (if applicable) and the Ending Value), and any other terms of the LIRNs (such as the Starting Value), as a result of certain events related to an Underlying Stock, which include, but are not limited to, the following:

Stock Splits and Reverse Stock Splits. If an Underlying Stock is subject to a stock split or reverse stock split, then once such split has become effective, the applicable Price Multiplier will be adjusted such that the new Price Multiplier will equal the product of:

- the prior Price Multiplier; and
- the number of shares that a holder of one share of the Underlying Stock before the effective date of the stock split or reverse stock split would have owned immediately following the applicable effective date.

For example, a two-for-one stock split would ordinarily change a Price Multiplier of one into a Price Multiplier of two. In contrast, a one-for-two reverse stock split would ordinarily change a Price Multiplier of one into a Price Multiplier of one-half.

*Stock Dividends.* If an Underlying Stock is subject to (i) a stock dividend (i.e., an issuance of additional shares of Underlying Stock) that is given ratably to all holders of the Underlying Stock or (ii) a distribution of additional shares of the Underlying Stock as a result of the triggering of any provision of the organizational documents of the Underlying Company, then, once the dividend or distribution has become effective and the Underlying Stock is trading ex-dividend, the applicable Price Multiplier will be adjusted on the ex-dividend date such that the new Price Multiplier will equal the prior Price Multiplier *plus* the product of:

• the prior Price Multiplier; and

the number of additional shares issued in the stock dividend with respect to one share of the Underlying Stock;

provided that no adjustment will be made for a stock dividend for which the number of shares of the Underlying Stock paid or distributed is based on a fixed cash equivalent value, unless such distribution is an Extraordinary Dividend (as defined below).

For example, a stock dividend of one new share for each share held would ordinarily change a Price Multiplier of one into a Price Multiplier of two.

*Extraordinary Dividends.* There will be no adjustments to the Price Multiplier of an Underlying Stock to reflect any cash dividends or cash distributions paid with respect to that Underlying Stock other than Extraordinary Dividends, as described below, and distributions described under the section entitled "—Reorganization Events" below.

An "**Extraordinary Dividend**" means, with respect to a cash dividend or other distribution with respect to an Underlying Stock, a dividend or other distribution that the calculation agent determines, in its sole discretion, is not declared or otherwise made according to the Underlying Company's then existing policy or practice of paying such dividends on a quarterly or other regular basis. If an Extraordinary Dividend occurs, the applicable Price Multiplier will be adjusted on the ex-dividend date so that the new Price Multiplier will equal the product of:

- the prior Price Multiplier; and
- a fraction, the numerator of which is the Closing Market Price per share of the Underlying Stock on the trading day preceding the ex-dividend date and the denominator of which is the amount by which the Closing Market Price per share of the Underlying Stock on that preceding trading day exceeds the Extraordinary Dividend Amount.

The "Extraordinary Dividend Amount" with respect to an Extraordinary Dividend will equal:

- in the case of cash dividends or other distributions that constitute regular dividends, the amount per share of the Underlying Stock of that Extraordinary Dividend minus the amount per share of the immediately preceding non-Extraordinary Dividend for that share; or
- in the case of cash dividends or other distributions that do not constitute regular dividends, the amount per share of the Underlying Stock of that Extraordinary Dividend.

To the extent an Extraordinary Dividend is not paid in cash, the value of thenon-cash component will be determined by the calculation agent, whose determination will be conclusive. A distribution on the Underlying Stock described in "—Issuance of Transferable Rights or Warrants" below or clause (a), (d) or (e) of the section entitled "—Reorganization Events" below that also constitutes an Extraordinary Dividend will only cause an adjustment under those respective sections.

Issuance of Transferable Rights or Warrants. If an Underlying Company issues to all holders of record of the Underlying Stock transferable rights or warrants to subscribe for or purchase the Underlying Stock, including new or existing rights to purchase the Underlying

Stock under a shareholder rights plan or arrangement, then the applicable Price Multiplier will be adjusted on the trading day immediately following the issuance of those transferable rights or warrants so that the new Price Multiplier will equal the prior Price Multiplier plus the product of:

- the prior Price Multiplier; and
- the number of shares of the Underlying Stock that can be purchased with the cash value of those warrants or rights distributed on one share of the Underlying Stock.

The number of shares that can be purchased will be based on the Closing Market Price of the Underlying Stock on the date the new Price Multiplier is determined. The cash value of those warrants or rights, if the warrants or rights are traded on a registered national securities exchange, will equal the closing price of that warrant or right. If the warrants or rights are not traded on a registered national securities exchange, the cash value will be determined by the calculation agent and will equal the average of the bid prices obtained from three dealers at 3:00 p.m., New York time on the date the new Price Multiplier is determined, provided that if only two of those bid prices are available, then the cash value of those warrants or rights will equal the average of those bids and if only one of those bids is available, then the cash value of those warrants or rights will equal that bid.

## **Reorganization Events**

If after the pricing date and on or before the maturity date of the notes, as to any Underlying Stock:

- there occurs any reclassification or change of the Underlying Stock, including, without limitation, as a result of the issuance of tracking stock by the Underlying Company;
- (b) the Underlying Company, or any surviving entity or subsequent surviving entity of the Underlying Company (a "Successor Entity"), has been subject to a merger, combination, or consolidation and is not the surviving entity;
- (c) any statutory exchange of securities of the Underlying Company or any Successor Entity with another corporation occurs, other than under clause (b) above;
- (d) the Underlying Company is liquidated or is subject to a proceeding under any applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, or other similar law;
- (e) the Underlying Company issues to all of its shareholders securities of an issuer other than the Underlying Company, including equity securities of an affiliate of the Underlying Company, other than in a transaction described in clauses (b), (c), or (d) above;
- (f) a tender or exchange offer or going-private transaction is consummated for all the outstanding shares of the Underlying Company;
- (g) there occurs any reclassification or change of the Underlying Stock that results in a transfer or an irrevocable commitment to transfer all such outstanding shares of the Underlying Stock to another entity or person;

- (h) the Underlying Company or any Successor Entity is the surviving entity of a merger, combination, or consolidation, that results in the outstanding Underlying Stock (other than Underlying Stock owned or controlled by the other party to such transaction) immediately prior to such event collectively representing less than 50% of the outstanding Underlying Stock immediately following such event; or
- (i) the Underlying Company ceases to file the financial and other information with the SEC in accordance with Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act (an event in clauses (a) through (i), a "**Reorganization Event**"),

then, on or after the date of the occurrence of a Reorganization Event, the calculation agent shall, in its sole discretion, make an adjustment to the Price Multiplier or the method of determining the amounts payable on an automatic call (as applicable) or the Redemption Amount or any other terms of the LIRNs as the calculation agent, in its sole discretion, determines appropriate to account for the economic effect on the LIRNs of that Reorganization Event (including adjustments to account for changes in volatility, expected dividends, stock loan rate, or liquidity relevant to the Underlying Stock or to the LIRNs), which may, but need not, be determined by reference to the adjustment(s) made in respect of such Reorganization Event by an options exchange to options on the relevant Underlying Stock traded on that options exchange and determine the effective date of that adjustment.

If the calculation agent determines that no adjustment that it could make will produce a commercially reasonable result, then the calculation agent may cause the maturity date of the LIRNs to be accelerated to the fifth business day following the date of that determination and the Redemption Amount payable to you will be calculated as though the date of acceleration were the stated maturity date of the LIRNs and as though the calculation day were the fifth trading day prior to the date of acceleration.

If the Underlying Company ceases to file the financial and other information with the SEC in accordance with Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act, as contemplated by clause (i) above, and the calculation agent determines in its sole discretion that sufficiently similar information is not otherwise available to you, then the calculation agent may cause the maturity date of the LIRNs to be accelerated to the fifth business day following the date of that determination and the Redemption Amount payable to you will be calculated as though the date of acceleration were the stated maturity date of the LIRNs, and as though the calculation day were the fifth trading day prior to the date of acceleration. If the calculation agent determines that sufficiently similar information is available to you, the Reorganization Event will be deemed to have not occurred.

### Anti-Dilution Adjustments to Underlying Stocks that Are ADRs

For purposes of the anti-dilution adjustments set forth above, if an Underlying Stock is an ADR (an **Underlying ADR**"), the calculation agent will consider the effect of any of the relevant events on the Underlying ADR, and adjustments will be made as if the Underlying ADR was the Underlying Stock described above. For example, if the stock represented by the Underlying ADR is subject to a two-for-one stock split, and assuming an initial Price Multiplier of 1, the Price Multiplier for the Underlying ADR would be adjusted so that it equals two. Unless otherwise specified in the applicable term sheet, with respect to the LIRNs linked to an Underlying ADR (or an Underlying Stock issued by a non-U.S. Underlying Company), the term "dividend" means the dividends paid to holders of the Underlying ADR (or the Underlying Stock issued by the non-U.S. Underlying Company), and such dividends may reflect the netting of any applicable foreign withholding or similar taxes that may be due on dividends paid to a U.S. person.

The calculation agent may determine not to make an adjustment if:

- (A) holders of the Underlying ADR are not eligible to participate in any of the events that would otherwise require anti-dilution adjustments as set forth above if the LIRNs had been linked directly to the common shares of the Underlying Company represented by the Underlying ADR; or
- (B) to the extent that the calculation agent determines that the Underlying Company or the depositary for the ADRs has adjusted the number of common shares of the Underlying Company represented by each share of the Underlying ADR, so that the market price of the Underlying ADR would not be affected by the corporate event.

If the Underlying Company or the depositary for the ADRs, in the absence of any of the events described above, elects to adjust the number of common shares of the Underlying Company represented by each share of the Underlying ADR, then the calculation agent may make the appropriate antidilution adjustments to reflect such change. The depositary for the ADRs may also make adjustments in respect of the ADRs for share distributions, rights distributions, cash distributions and distributions other than shares, rights, and cash. Upon any such adjustment by the depositary, the calculation agent may adjust the Price Multiplier or other terms of the LIRNs as the calculation agent determines commercially reasonable to account for that event.

#### Alternative Anti-Dilution and Reorganization Adjustments

The calculation agent may elect at its discretion to not make any of the adjustments to the Price Multiplier for any Underlying Stock or to the other terms of the LIRNs, including the method of determining the Redemption Amount, described in this section, but may instead make adjustments, in its discretion, to the Price Multiplier for any Underlying Stock or any other terms of the LIRNs (such as the Starting Value) that will reflect the adjustments to the extent practicable made by the Options Clearing Corporation on options contracts on an Underlying Stock or any successor common stock. For example, if an Underlying Stock is subject to a two-for-one stock split, and the Options Clearing Corporation adjusts the strike prices of the options contract on that Underlying Stock by dividing the strike price by two, then the calculation agent may also elect to divide the Starting Value by two. In this case, the Price Multiplier will remain one. This adjustment would have the same economic effect on holders of the LIRNs as if the Price Multiplier had been adjusted.

## **Delisting of ADRs or Termination of ADR Facility**

If an Underlying ADR is no longer listed or admitted to trading on a U.S. securities exchange registered under the Exchange Act or included in the OTC Bulletin Board Service operated by FINRA, or if the ADR facility between the Underlying Company and the ADR depositary is terminated for any reason, then, on and after the date that the Underlying ADR is no longer so listed or admitted to trading or the date of such termination, as applicable (the "termination date"), the Underlying Stock will be deemed to be the Underlying Company's common equity securities rather than the Underlying ADR. The calculation agent will determine the price of the Underlying Stock by reference to those common shares. Under such circumstances, the calculation agent may modify any terms of the LIRNs as it deems necessary, in its sole discretion, to ensure an equitable result. On and after the termination date, for all purposes, the Closing Market Price of the Underlying Company's common shares on their primary exchange will be converted to U.S. dollars using such exchange rate as the calculation agent, in its sole discretion, determines to be commercially reasonable.

## Information Regarding the Underlying Stock

Any information regarding any Underlying Stock or any Underlying Company will be derived from publicly available documents. Any Underlying Stock, including an ADR, will be registered under the Exchange Act. Information provided to or filed with the SEC by any Underlying Company can be located at the SEC's facilities or through the SEC's website, www.sec.gov. None of us, the Guarantor or any of our other affiliates will have independently verified the accuracy or completeness of any of the information or reports of an Underlying Company.

The selection of an Underlying Stock is not a recommendation to buy or sell the Underlying Stock. None of us, the Guarantor or any of our other affiliates makes any representation to any purchaser of the LIRNs as to the performance of any Underlying Stock.

## **Basket Market Measures**

If the Market Measure to which your LIRNs are linked is a Basket, the Basket Stocks will be set forth in the applicable term sheet. We will assign each Basket Stock a weighting (the "**Initial Component Weight**") so that each Basket Stock represents a percentage of the Starting Value of the Basket on the pricing date. The Basket Stocks may or may not have equal Initial Component Weights, as set forth in the applicable term sheet.

### Determination of the Component Ratio for Each Basket Stock

The "Starting Value" of the Basket will be equal to 100. We will set a fixed factor (the **Component Ratio**") for each Basket Stock on the applicable pricing date, based on the weighting of that Basket Stock. The Component Ratio for each Basket Stock will equal:

- the Initial Component Weight (expressed as a percentage) for that Basket Stock, multiplied by 100;divided by
- the Closing Market Price of that Basket Stock on the applicable pricing date.

Each Component Ratio will be rounded to eight decimal places.

The Component Ratios will be calculated in this way so that the Starting Value of the Basket will equal 100 on the applicable pricing date. The Component Ratios will not be revised subsequent to their determination on the applicable pricing date, except that the calculation agent may in its good faith judgment adjust the Component Ratio of any Basket Stock in the event that Basket Stock is materially changed or modified in a manner that does not, in the opinion of the calculation agent, fairly represent the price of that Basket Stock had those material changes or modifications not been made.

The following table is for illustration purposes only, and does not reflect the actual composition, Initial Component Weights, or Component Ratios of a Basket, all of which will be set forth in the applicable term sheet.

Example: The **hypothetical** Basket Stocks are Stock ABC, Stock XYZ, and Stock RST, with their Initial Component Weights being 50.00%, 25.00% and 25.00%, respectively, on a **hypothetical** pricing date:

		Hypothetical			
	Initial	Closing	Hypothetical	Initial Basket	
	Component	Market	Component	Value	
Basket Stock	Weight	Price <sup>(1)</sup>	Ratio <sup>(2)</sup>	Contribution	
Stock ABC	50.00%	100.00	0.50000000	50.00	
Stock XYZ	25.00%	24.00	1.04166667	25.00	
Stock RST	25.00%	10.00	2.50000000	25.00	
Starting Value				100.00	

(1) This column sets forth the hypothetical Closing Market Price of each Basket Stock on the hypothetical pricing date.

(2) The hypothetical Component Ratio for each Basket Stock equals its Initial Component Weight (expressed as a percentage) multiplied by 100, and then divided by the hypothetical Closing Market Price of that Basket Stock on the hypothetical pricing date, with the result rounded to eight decimal places.

### **Observation Level or Ending Value of the Basket**

The "Observation Level" of the Basket on an Observation Date, as applicable, will be the value of the Basket on the applicable Observation Date.

The "Ending Value" of the Basket will be the value of the Basket on the calculation day.

The calculation agent will calculate the value of the Basket for the calculation day or, if applicable, a relevant Observation Date, by summing the products of (1) the Closing Market Price of each Basket Stock on the calculation day or, if applicable, the applicable Observation Date (multiplied by the applicable Price Multiplier on that day) and (2) the Component Ratio for that Basket Stock. The value of the Basket will vary based on the increase or decrease in the value of each Basket Stock. Any increase in the value of a Basket Stock (assuming no change in the value of the other Basket Stock(s)) will result in an increase in the value of the Basket. Conversely, any decrease in the value of a Basket Stock (assuming no change in the value of the other Basket Stock(s)) will result in a decrease in the value of the Basket.

Unless otherwise specified in the applicable term sheet, if, for any Basket Stock (an "Affected Basket Stock"), (i) a Market Disruption Event occurs on the scheduled calculation day or, if applicable, a scheduled Observation Date, or (ii) any such date is determined by the calculation agent not to be a trading day by reason of an extraordinary event, occurrence, declaration, or otherwise (any such day in either (i) or (ii) being a "non-calculation day"), the calculation agent will determine the Closing Market Prices of the Basket Stocks for such non-calculation day, and as a result, the Ending Value or the relevant Observation Level, if applicable, as follows:

- The Closing Market Price of each Basket Stock that is not an Affected Basket Stock will be its Closing Market Price on such non-calculation day.
- The Closing Market Price of each Basket Stock that is an Affected Basket Stock for the applicablenon-calculation day will be determined in the same manner as described above in "—Automatic Call" (if determining an Observation Level) or "—

The Starting Value and the Ending Value—Ending Value," (if determining the Ending Value) as applicable, provided that references to "Observation Level" or "Ending Value" will be deemed to be references to "closing value of the Basket Stock."

For purposes of determining whether a Market Disruption Event has occurred as to any Basket Stock, "Market Disruption Event" will have the meaning stated above in "---Market Disruption Events."

## **Role of the Calculation Agent**

The calculation agent has the sole discretion to make all determinations regarding the LIRNs as described in this product supplement, including determinations regarding the Starting Value, the Threshold Value, the Ending Value, the Market Measure, the Basket Stocks, as applicable, the Price Multiplier(s), the Closing Market Price(s), the Redemption Amount, any Market Disruption Events, any anti-dilution adjustments, a successor Underlying Stock, business days, trading days and non-calculation days and, if applicable, the Call Level, the Observation Level of the Market Measure on each Observation Date and whether the LIRNs will be automatically called. Absent manifest error, all determinations of the calculation agent will be conclusive for all purposes and final and binding on you, the Guarantor and us, without any liability on the part of the calculation agent.

We expect to appoint BofAS or one of our other affiliates as the calculation agent for each issue of the LIRNs. However, we may change the calculation agent at any time without notifying you. The identity of the calculation agent will be set forth in the applicable term sheet.

## Same-Day Settlement and Payment

The LIRNs will be delivered in book-entry form only through The Depository Trust Company against payment by purchasers of the LIRNs in immediately available funds. We will pay any amount payable on the LIRNs in immediately available funds so long as the LIRNs are maintained in book-entry form.

#### **Events of Default and Acceleration**

Events of Default are defined in the senior indenture relating to the LIRNs and in the section entitled "Description of Debt Securities of BofA Finance LLC—Events of Default and Rights of Acceleration; Covenant Breaches" on page 54 of the accompanying prospectus. Subject to the below paragraph, if such event occurs and is continuing, unless otherwise stated in the applicable term sheet, the amount payable to a holder of the LIRNs upon any acceleration permitted under the senior indenture will be equal to the Redemption Amount described in "—Payment at Maturity," determined as if the LIRNs matured on the date of acceleration, and as if the calculation day were the fifth trading day prior to the date of acceleration.

If the LIRNs are subject to an automatic call and an event of default occurs on or prior to the final Observation Date on which the LIRNs may be subject to an automatic call, then the payment on the LIRNs will be determined as described in "—Automatic Call" as if the next scheduled Observation Date were the fifth trading day prior to the date of acceleration, provided that the applicable Observation Level as of that date is greater than or equal to the Call Level. In such case, the calculation agent shall pro-rate the applicable Call Premium and Call Amount according to the period of time elapsed between the settlement date of the LIRNs

and the date of acceleration. For the avoidance of doubt, if the Observation Level of the Market Measure as of that date is less than the Call Level, the payment on the LIRNs will be calculated as set forth in the prior paragraph.

If a bankruptcy proceeding is commenced in respect of us, your claim may be limited under applicable bankruptcy law. In case of a default in payment of the LIRNs, whether at their maturity or upon acceleration, they will not bear a default interest rate.

## Listing

Unless otherwise specified in the applicable term sheet, the LIRNs will not be listed on a securities exchange or quotation system.

## SUPPLEMENTAL PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

One or more of our affiliates may act as our selling agent for any offering of the LIRNs. The selling agents will act on a principal basis, as set forth in the applicable term sheet. Each selling agent will be a party to the distribution agreement described in "Supplemental Plan of Distribution (Conflicts of Interest)" beginning on page S-54 of the accompanying prospectus supplement.

Each selling agent will receive an underwriting discount or commission that is a percentage of the aggregate principal amount of the LIRNs sold through its efforts, which will be set forth in the applicable term sheet. You must have an account with the applicable selling agent in order to purchase the LIRNs.

None of the selling agents is acting as your fiduciary or advisor solely as a result of the making of any offering of the LIRNs, and you should not rely upon this product supplement, the applicable term sheet, or the accompanying prospectus or prospectus supplement as investment advice or a recommendation to purchase any LIRNs. You should make your own investment decision regarding the LIRNs after consulting with your legal, tax, and other advisors.

BofAS and any of our other affiliates may use this product supplement and the accompanying prospectus supplement and prospectus, together with the applicable term sheet, in a market-making transaction for any LIRNs after their initial sale.

## U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX SUMMARY

The following summary of the material U.S. federal income and estate tax considerations of the acquisition, ownership, and disposition of the LIRNs supplements and, to the extent inconsistent, supersedes the discussion under "U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations" in the accompanying prospectus and is not exhaustive of all possible tax considerations. This summary is based upon the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "**Code**"), regulations promulgated under the Code by the U.S. Treasury Department ("**Treasury**") (including proposed and temporary regulations), rulings, current administrative interpretations and official pronouncements of the IRS, and judicial decisions, all as currently in effect and all of which are subject to differing interpretations or to change, possibly with retroactive effect. No assurance can be given that the IRS would not assert, or that a court would not sustain, a position contrary to any of the tax consequences described below. This summary does not include any description of the tax laws of any state or local governments, or of any foreign government, that may be applicable to a particular holder. If the tax consequences associated with the LIRNs are different than those described below, they will be described in the applicable term sheet.

Although the LIRNs are issued by us, they will be treated as if they were issued by Bank of America Corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Accordingly throughout this tax discussion, references to "we," "our" or "us" are generally to Bank of America Corporation unless the context requires otherwise.

This summary is directed solely to U.S. Holders and Non-U.S. Holders that, except as otherwise specifically noted, will purchase the LIRNs upon original issuance and will hold the LIRNs as capital assets within the meaning of Section 1221 of the Code, which generally means property held for investment, and that are not excluded from the discussion under "U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations" in the accompanying prospectus.

You should consult your own tax advisor concerning the U.S. federal income tax consequences to you of acquiring, owning, and disposing of the LIRNs, as well as any tax consequences arising under the laws of any state, local, foreign, or other tax jurisdiction and the possible effects of changes in U.S. federal or other tax laws.

## General

Although there is no statutory, judicial, or administrative authority directly addressing the characterization of the LIRNs, in the opinion of our counsel, Sidley Austin LLP, and based on certain factual representations received from us, the LIRNs with terms described in this product supplement should be treated as single financial contracts with respect to the Market Measure and under the terms of the LIRNs, we and every investor in the LIRNs agree, in the absence of an administrative determination or judicial ruling to the contrary, to treat the LIRNs in accordance with such characterization. This discussion assumes that the LIRNs constitute single financial contracts with respect to the Market Measure for U.S. federal income tax purposes. If the LIRNs did not constitute single financial contracts, the tax consequences described below would be materially different.

This characterization of the LIRNs is not binding on the IRS or the courts. No statutory, judicial, or administrative authority directly addresses the characterization of the LIRNs or any similar instruments for U.S. federal income tax purposes, and no ruling is being requested from the IRS with respect to their proper characterization and treatment. Due to the absence of authorities on point, significant aspects of the U.S. federal income tax consequences of an investment in the LIRNs are not certain, and no assurance can be given that the IRS or any court

will agree with the characterization and tax treatment described in this product supplement. Accordingly, you are urged to consult your tax advisor regarding all aspects of the U.S. federal income tax consequences of an investment in the LIRNs, including possible alternative characterizations.

Unless otherwise stated, the following discussion is based on the characterization described above. The discussion in this section assumes that there is a significant possibility of a significant loss of principal on an investment in the LIRNs.

We will not attempt to ascertain whether the issuer of any Market Measure would be treated as a "passive foreign investment company" (**PFIC**"), within the meaning of Section 1297 of the Code, or a United States real property holding corporation, within the meaning of Section 897(c) of the Code. If the issuer of a Market Measure were so treated, certain adverse U.S. federal income tax consequences could possibly apply to a holder of the LIRNs. You should refer to information filed with the SEC by the issuer of any Market Measure and consult your tax advisor regarding the possible consequences to you, if any, if any issuer of a Market Measure is or becomes a PFIC or is or becomes a United States real property holding corporation.

### **U.S. Holders**

Upon receipt of a cash payment at maturity or upon a sale or exchange of the LIRNs prior to maturity, a U.S. Holder generally will recognize capital gain or loss equal to the difference between the amount realized and the U.S. Holder's tax basis in the LIRNs. A U.S. Holder's tax basis in the LIRNs will equal the amount paid by that holder to acquire them. This capital gain or loss generally will be long-term capital gain or loss if the U.S. Holder held the LIRNs for more than one year. The deductibility of capital losses is subject to limitations.

Alternative Tax Treatments. Due to the absence of authorities that directly address the proper tax treatment of the LIRNs, prospective investors are urged to consult their tax advisors regarding all possible alternative tax treatments of an investment in the LIRNs. In particular, if the LIRNs have a term that exceeds one year, the IRS could seek to subject the LIRNs to the Treasury regulations governing contingent payment debt instruments. If the IRS were successful in that regard, the timing and character of income on the LIRNs would be affected significantly. Among other things, a U.S. Holder would be required to accrue original issue discount every year at a "comparable yield" determined at the time of issuance. In addition, any gain realized by a U.S. Holder at maturity or upon a sale or exchange, of the LIRNs generally would be treated as ordinary income, and any loss realized at maturity or upon sale or exchange of the LIRNs have a term of one year or less, a U.S. holder who uses the accrual method of accounting generally should be required to a straight-line basis. At maturity, or upon a sale or exchange, a U.S. holder using either a cash or accrual method of accounting generally should be required to accrue any original issue discount a LIRN on a straight-line basis. At maturity, or upon a sale or exchange, a U.S. holder using either a cash or accrual method of accounting generally should be required to the difference between the amount realized and such holder's tax basis in the LIRNs.

The Notice sought comments from the public on the taxation of financial instruments currently taxed as "prepaid forward contracts." This Notice addresses instruments such as the LIRNs. According to the Notice, the IRS and Treasury are considering whether a holder of an instrument such as the LIRNs should be required to accrue ordinary income on a current basis, regardless of whether any payments are made prior to maturity. It is not possible to determine what guidance the IRS and Treasury will ultimately issue, if any. Any such future

guidance may affect the amount, timing and character of income, gain, or loss in respect of the LIRNs, possibly with retroactive effect.

The IRS and Treasury are also considering additional issues, including whether additional gain or loss from such instruments should be treated as ordinary or capital, whether foreign holders of such instruments should be subject to withholding tax on any deemed income accruals, whether Section 1260 of the Code, concerning certain "constructive ownership transactions," generally applies or should generally apply to such instruments, and whether any of these determinations depend on the nature of the underlying asset.

In addition, proposed Treasury regulations require the accrual of income on a current basis for contingent payments made under certain notional principal contracts. The preamble to the regulations states that the "wait and see" method of accounting does not properly reflect the economic accrual of income on those contracts, and requires current accrual of income for some contracts already in existence. While the proposed regulations do not apply to prepaid forward contracts, the preamble to the proposed regulations expresses the view that similar timing issues exist in the case of prepaid forward contracts. If the IRS or Treasury publishes future guidance requiring current economic accrual for contingent payments on prepaid forward contracts, it is possible that you could be required to accrue income over the term of the LIRNs.

Because of the absence of authority regarding the appropriate tax characterization of the LIRNs, it is also possible that the IRS could seek to characterize the LIRNs in a manner that results in tax consequences that are different from those described above. For example, the IRS could possibly assert that any gain or loss that a holder may recognize at maturity or upon the sale or exchange of the LIRNs should be treated as ordinary gain or loss. It is possible that the IRS could assert that a U.S. Holder's holding period in respect of the LIRNs should end on the calculation day, even though such holder will not receive any amounts in respect of the LIRNs prior to the maturity of the LIRNs. In such case, if the calculation day is not in excess of one year from the original issue date, a U.S. Holder may be treated as having a holding period in respect of the LIRNs equal to one year or less, in which case any gain or loss such holder recognizes at such time would be treated as short-term capital gain or loss.

#### Non-U.S. Holders

Except as discussed below, a Non-U.S. Holder generally will not be subject to U.S. federal income or withholding tax for amounts paid in respect of the LIRNs, provided that the Non-U.S. Holder complies with applicable certification requirements and that the payment is not effectively connected with the conduct by the Non-U.S. Holder of a U.S. trade or business. Notwithstanding the foregoing, gain from the sale or exchange of the LIRNs or their settlement at maturity may be subject to U.S. federal income tax if that Non-U.S. Holder is a non-resident alien individual and is present in the U.S. for 183 days or more during the taxable year of sale, exchange or settlement and certain other conditions are satisfied.

If a Non-U.S. Holder of the LIRNs is engaged in the conduct of a trade or business within the U.S. and if gain realized on the settlement at maturity, or upon sale or exchange of the LIRNs, is effectively connected with the conduct of such trade or business (and, if certain tax treaties apply, is attributable to a permanent establishment maintained by the Non-U.S. Holder in the U.S.), the Non-U.S. Holder, although exempt from U.S. federal withholding tax, generally will be subject to U.S. federal income tax on such gain on a net income basis in the same manner as if it were a U.S. Holder. Such Non-U.S. Holders, 'for a description of the U.S. federal income tax consequences of acquiring, owning and disposing of the LIRNs. In addition, if such Non-U.S.

Holder is a foreign corporation, it may also be subject to a branch profits tax equal to 30% (or such lower rate provided by any applicable tax treaty) of a portion of its earnings and profits for the taxable year that are effectively connected with its conduct of a trade or business in the U.S., subject to certain adjustments.

A "dividend equivalent" payment is treated as a dividend from sources within the United States and such payments generally would be subject to a 30% U.S. withholding tax if paid to a Non-U.S. Holder. Under Treasury regulations, payments (including deemed payments) with respect to equity-linked instruments ("ELIs") that are "specified ELIs" may be treated as dividend equivalents if such specified ELIs reference an interest in an "underlying security," which is generally any interest in an entity taxable as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes if a payment with respect to such interest could give rise to a U.S. source dividend. However, IRS guidance provides that withholding on dividend equivalent payments will not apply to specified ELIs that are not delta-one instruments and that are issued before January 1, 2027. Based on our determination that the LIRNs are notelta-one instruments, Non-U.S. Holders should not be subject to withholding on dividend equivalent payments, if any, under the LIRNs. However, it is possible that the LIRNs could be treated as deemed reissued for U.S. federal income tax purposes upon the occurrence of certain events affecting the Market Measure or the LIRNs, and following such occurrence the LIRNs could be treated as subject to the Market Measure or the LIRNs, on dividend equivalent their other transactions in respect of the Market Measure or the LIRNs should consult their tax advisors as to the application of the dividend equivalent withholding tax in the context of the LIRNs and their other transactions. If any payments are treated as dividend equivalents subject to withhold taxes without being required to pay any additional amounts with respect to amounts so withheld.

As discussed above, alternative characterizations of the LIRNs for U.S. federal income tax purposes are possible. Should an alternative characterization, by reason of change or clarification of the law, by regulation or otherwise, cause payments as to the LIRNs to become subject to withholding tax, tax will be withheld at the applicable statutory rate. As discussed above, the IRS has indicated in the Notice that it is considering whether income in respect of instruments such as the LIRNs should be subject to withholding tax. Prospective Non-U.S. Holders of the LIRNs should consult their own tax advisors regarding the tax consequences of such alternative characterizations.

U.S. Federal Estate Tax. Under current law, while the matter is not entirely clear, individualNon-U.S. Holders, and entities whose property is potentially includible in those individuals' gross estates for U.S. federal estate tax purposes (for example, a trust funded by such an individual and with respect to which the individual has retained certain interests or powers), should note that, absent an applicable treaty benefit, the LIRNs are likely to be treated as U.S. situs property, subject to U.S. federal estate tax. These individuals and entities should consult their own tax advisors regarding the U.S. federal estate tax consequences of investing in the LIRNs.

### **Backup Withholding and Information Reporting**

Please see the discussion under "U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations—General—Backup Withholding and Information Reporting" in the accompanying prospectus for a description of the applicability of the backup withholding and information reporting rules to payments made on the LIRNs.