CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE

Title of Each Class of Securities to be Registered	Amount to be Registered	Proposed Maximum Offering Price Per Unit	Proposed Maximum Aggregate Offering Price	Amount of Registration Fee ⁽¹⁾
Currency-Linked Step Up Notes Linked to the Chinese Renminbi/U.S.				
Dollar Exchange Rate Measure, due October 29, 2013	254,527	\$10.00	\$2,545,270	\$291.69

⁽¹⁾ Calculated in accordance with Rule 457(r) of the Securities Act of 1933.

254,527 Units
Currency-Linked Step Up Notes
Linked to the Chinese Renminbi/U.S. Dollar Exchange Rate Measure,
due October 29, 2013
\$10 principal amount per unit
Term Sheet No. 764

Pricing Date Settlement Date Maturity Date CUSIP No. October 27, 2011 November 3, 2011 October 29, 2013 06051N740

Currency-Linked Step Up Notes

- The notes have a maturity of approximately two years
- The notes are linked to the Chinese Renminbi/U.S. Dollar Exchange Rate Measure (the "Exchange Rate Measure"), which
 represents a long position in the Chinese renminbi relative to the U.S. dollar
- Step Up Payment of \$1.305 per unit at maturity if the value of the Exchange Rate Measure is unchanged or increases, but
 does not increase above the Step Up Value of 113.05% of the Starting Value
- 100% participation in any increase in the value of the Exchange Rate Measure if it increases above the Step Up Value
- . 90% principal protected at maturity against decreases in the value of the Exchange Rate Measure
- Repayment of principal at maturity is subject to the credit risk of Bank of America Corporation
- No periodic interest payments
- No listing on any securities exchange



The notes are being offered by Bank of America Corporation ("BAC"). The notes will have the terms specified in this term sheet as supplemented by the documents indicated below under "Additional Terms" (together, the "Note Prospectus"). Investing in the notes involves a number of risks. There are important differences between the notes and a conventional debt security, including different investment risks. See "Risk Factors" and "Additional Risk Factor" beginning on page TS-5 of this term sheet and "Risk Factors" beginning on page S-9 of product supplement STEP UP-2. The notes:

Are Not FDIC Insured	Are Not Bank Guaranteed	May Lose Value	

In connection with this offering, Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated ("MLPF&S") is acting in its capacity as principal for your account.

None of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), any state securities commission, or any other regulatory body has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this Note Prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

	Per Unit	Total
Public offering price ⁽¹⁾	\$10.000	\$2,545,270.00
Underwriting discount (1)	\$0.175	\$44,542.23
Proceeds, before expenses, to Bank of America Corporation	\$9.825	\$2,500,727,77

(1) The public offering price and underwriting discount for any purchase of 500,000 units or more in a single transaction by an individual investor will be \$9.95 per unit and \$0.125 per unit, respectively.

Merrill Lynch & Co.

October 27, 2011



Linked to Chinese Renminbi/U.S. Dollar Exchange Rate Measure, due October 29, 2013



Summary

The Currency-Linked Step Up Notes Linked to the Chinese Renminbi/U.S. Dollar Exchange Rate Measure, due October 29, 2013 (the "notes") are our senior unsecured debt securities. The notes are not guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or secured by collateral. The notes will rank equally with all of our other unsecured and unsubordinated debt, and any payments due on the notes, including any repayment of principal, will be subject to the credit risk of BAC.

The notes are linked to the Chinese Renminbi/U.S. Dollar Exchange Rate Measure (the "Exchange Rate Measure"), which tracks the value of an investment in the Chinese renminbi, based on the exchange rate of the Chinese renminbi relative to the U.S. dollar (the "Exchange Rate").

The notes provide investors with a Step Up Payment if the value of the Exchange Rate Measure is unchanged or increases from the Starting Value to the Ending Value, but does not increase above the Step Up Value. If the value of the Exchange Rate Measure increases (that is, the Chinese renminbi strengthens relative to the U.S. dollar) over the term of the notes from the Starting Value to an Ending Value that is above the Step Up Value, investors will participate on a 1-for-1 basis in the increase above the Starting Value. Investors must be willing to forgo interest payments on the notes and be willing to accept a repayment at maturity that is up to 10% less than the Original Offering Price.

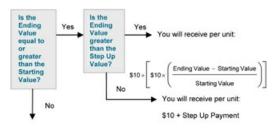
Capitalized terms used but not defined in this term sheet have the meanings set forth in product supplement STEP UP-2. Unless otherwise indicated or unless the context requires otherwise, all references in this document to "we," "us," "our," or similar references are to BAC.

Terms of the Notes

Issuer:	Bank of America Corporation ("BAC")
Original Offering Price:	\$10.00 per unit
Term:	Approximately two years
Exchange Rate Measure:	The Chinese Renminbi/U.S. Dollar Exchange Rate Measure, which tracks the value of an investment in the Chinese renminbi, based on the exchange rate of the Chinese renminbi relative to the U.S. dollar.
Initial Exchange Rate:	6.3477
Starting Value:	100
Ending Value:	The value of the Exchange Rate Measure on the calculation day, calculated based upon the Exchange Rate for the Chinese remninbi relative to the U.S dollar on that day, as described on page TS-8 under "The Exchange Rate Measure." If it is determined that the scheduled calculation day is not a business day, or if the Exchange Rate is not quoted on the scheduled calculation day, the Ending Value will be determined as more fully described on page TS-8.
Calculation Day:	October 22, 2013
Step Up Payment:	\$1.305 per unit at maturity (representing a return of between 13.05% over the Original Offering Price).
Step Up Value:	113.05 (representing 113.05% of the Starting Value)
Minimum Redemption Amount:	\$9.00 per unit
Calculation Agent:	Merrill Lynch Capital Services, Inc., a subsidiary of BAC
Fees Charged:	The public offering price of the notes includes the underwriting discount of \$0.175 per unit as listed on the cover page and an additional charge of \$0.075 per unit more fully described on page TS-7.

Redemption Amount Determination

On the maturity date, you will receive a cash payment per unit of the notes (the "Redemption Amount") calculated as follows:



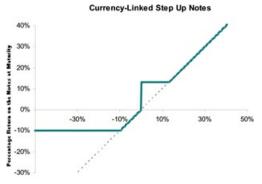
You will receive per unit the greater of:

The Minimum Redemption Amount of \$9.00

(The Redemption Amount cannot be less than the Minimum Redemption Amount of \$9.00 per unit.)



Hypothetical Payout Profile



Exchange Rate Measure Movement

This graph reflects the returns on the notes at maturity, based on the Step Up Payment of \$1.305, the Step Up Value of 113.05, and the Minimum Redemption Amount of \$9.00. The blue line reflects the returns on the notes, while the dotted gray line reflects the returns of a direct investment in the Exchange Rate Measure.

This graph has been prepared for purposes of illustration only. Your actual return will depend on the actual Ending Value and the term of your investment.

Hypothetical Redemption Amounts

The following table and examples are for purposes of illustration only. They are based on **hypothetical** values and show a **hypothetical** return on the notes. The actual amount you receive and the resulting total rate of return will depend on the **actual** Ending Value and the term of your investment.

The following table illustrates, for the Starting Value of 100 and a range of Ending Values:

- the percentage change from the Starting Value to the Ending Value;
- the Redemption Amount per unit of the notes; and
- the total rate of return to holders of the notes.

The table and examples are based on the Step Up Payment of \$1.305, the Step Up Value of 113.05, and the Minimum Redemption Amount of \$9.00 per unit.

Ending Value	Percentage Change from the Starting Value to the Ending Value	Redemption Amount per Unit	Total Rate of Return on the Notes
50.00	-50.00%	\$9.000	-10.00%
60.00	-40.00%	\$9.000	-10.00%
70.00	-30.00%	\$9.000	-10.00%
80.00	-20.00%	\$9.000	-10.00%
90.00	-10.00%	\$9.000 (1)	-10.00%
95.00	-5.00%	\$9.500	-5.00%
97.00	-3.00%	\$9.700	-3.00%
99.00	-1.00%	\$9.900	-1.00%
100.00 (2)	0.00%	\$11.305 ⁽³⁾	13.05%
101.00	1.00%	\$11.305	13.05%
102.00	2.00%	\$11.305	13.05%
103.00	3.00%	\$11.305	13.05%
105.00	5.00%	\$11.305	13.05%
110.00	10.00%	\$11.305	13.05%
113.05 (4)	13.05%	\$11.305	13.05%
120.00	20.00%	\$12.000	20.00%
130.00	30.00%	\$13.000	30.00%
140.00	40.00%	\$14.000	40.00%
150.00	50.00%	\$15.000	50.00%

- (1) The Redemption Amount will not be less than the Minimum Redemption Amount.
- (2) This is the Starting Value.
- (3) This amount represents the sum of the Original Offering Price and the Step Up Payment.
- (4) This is the Step Up Value.

Linked to Chinese Renminbi/U.S. Dollar Exchange Rate Measure, due October 29, 2013



Example 1 — The Ending Value is equal to 50.00:

Redemption Amount (per unit) = \$9.000 (The Redemption Amount cannot be less than the Minimum Redemption Amount.)

Example 2 — The Ending Value is equal to 97.00:

$$\left[\begin{array}{c} \$10 \times \left(\begin{array}{c} 97.00 - 100.00 \\ \hline 100.00 \end{array} \right) \right] = \$9.700 \text{ and (b) } 9.000$$

Redemption Amount (per unit) = \$9.700

Example 3 — The Ending Value is equal to 102.00:

Redemption Amount (per unit) = \$10.00 + \$1.305 = \$11.305

In this case, because the Ending Value is greater than the Starting Value but less than or equal to the Step Up Value, the Redemption Amount (per unit) will equal \$11.305, which is the sum of the Original Offering Price of \$10.00 and the Step Up Payment of \$1.305.

Example 4 — The Ending Value is equal to 130.00:

Redemption Amount (per unit) = \$10 +
$$\left[\begin{array}{c} $10 \times \left(\frac{130.00 - 100.00}{100.00} \right) \end{array} \right] = $13.000$$

In this case, because the Ending Value is greater than the Step Up Value, the Redemption Amount (per unit) will equal \$13.000.

Linked to Chinese Renminbi/U.S. Dollar Exchange Rate Measure, due October 29, 2013



Risk Factors

There are important differences between the notes and a conventional debt security. An investment in the notes involves significant risks, including those listed below. You should carefully review the more detailed explanation of risks relating to the notes in the "Risk Factors" sections beginning on page S-9 of product supplement STEP UP-2 and page S-4 of the MTN prospectus supplement identified below under "Additional Terms." We also urge you to consult your investment, legal, tax, accounting, and other advisors before you invest in the notes.

- Your investment may result in a loss; there is no guaranteed return of principal.
- Your yield may be less than the yield on a conventional debt security of comparable maturity.
- You must rely on your own evaluation of the merits of an investment linked to the Exchange Rate Measure.
- In seeking to provide you with what we believe to be competitive terms for the notes while providing MLPF&S with compensation for its services, we have considered the costs of developing, hedging, and distributing the notes described on page TS-7. The price at which you may sell the notes in any secondary market may be lower than the public offering price due to, among other things, the inclusion of these costs.
- A trading market is not expected to develop for the notes. MLPF&S is not obligated to make a market for, or to repurchase, the notes.
- Payments on the notes are subject to our credit risk, and changes in our credit ratings are expected to affect the value of the notes.
- The Redemption Amount will not be affected by all developments relating to the Exchange Rate Measure.
- If you attempt to sell the notes prior to maturity, their market value, if any, will be affected by various factors that interrelate in complex ways, and their market value may be less than their Original Offering Price.
- Purchases and sales by us and our affiliates of the U.S. dollar and the Chinese renminbi may affect your return.
- Our trading and hedging activities may create conflicts of interest with you.
- Our hedging activities may affect your return at maturity and the market value of the notes.
- There may be potential conflicts of interest involving the calculation agent. We have the right to appoint and remove the calculation agent.
- The return on the notes depends on the Exchange Rate Measure, which is affected by many complex factors outside of our control.
- The Exchange Rate Measure could be affected by the actions of the governments of China and the United States.
- Even though currencies trade around-the-clock, the notes will not trade around-the-clock, and the prevailing market prices for the notes may not reflect the current Exchange Rate.
- Suspensions or disruptions of market trading in the Chinese renminbi and the U.S. dollar may adversely affect the value of the notes.
- The notes are payable only in U.S. dollars and you will have no right to receive any payments in Chinese renminbi.
- The U.S. federal income tax consequences of the notes are uncertain and may be adverse to a holder of the notes. See "Summary Tax Consequences" and "Certain U.S. Federal Income Taxation Considerations" below and "U.S. Federal Income Tax Summary" beginning on page S-23 of product supplement STEP UP-2.

Additional Risk Factor

The exchange rate of the Chinese renminbi is currently managed by the Chinese government.

On July 21, 2005, the People's Bank of China, with the authorization of the State Council of the People's Republic of China, announced that the Chinese renminbi exchange rate would no longer be pegged to the U.S. dollar and would float within managed bands, which the People's Bank of China resets daily. After the closing of the market on each business day, the People's Bank of China announces the closing price of a foreign currency, such as the U.S. dollar, traded against the Chinese renminbi in the interbank foreign exchange market.

The initial adjustment of the Chinese renminbi exchange rate occurred on July 21, 2005 and resulted in an approximate 2% revaluation from an exchange rate of 8.28 renminbi per U.S. dollar to 8.11 renminbi per U.S. dollar. As of the pricing date, the exchange rate was 6.3477 renminbi per U.S. dollar. The People's Bank of China has also announced that the daily trading price of the U.S. dollar against the renminbi in the interbank foreign exchange market will continue to be allowed to float within a band of 0.50 percent around the central parity published by the People's Bank of China, while the trading prices of the non-U.S. dollar currencies against the renminbi will be allowed to move within a certain band announced by the People's Bank of China. The People's Bank of China will announce the closing price of a foreign currency such as the U.S. dollar traded against the renminbi in the interbank foreign exchange market after the closing of the market on each working day, and will make it the central parity for trading against the renminbi

Linked to Chinese Renminbi/U.S. Dollar Exchange Rate Measure, due October 29, 2013



on the following working day. The People's Bank of China has stated that it will make adjustments to the renminbi exchange rate band when necessary according to market, economic, and financial developments.

The People's Bank of China has indicated that an upward revaluation in the value of the Chinese renminbi against the U.S. dollar may be allowed; however, no assurances can be given that this will occur. Despite the change in its exchange rate regime, the Chinese government continues to manage the valuation of the renminbi and, as currently managed, its price movements may not contribute significantly to either an increase or decrease in the value of the Exchange Rate Measure. However, further changes in the Chinese government's management of the renminbi could result in a significant movement in the U.S. dollar/renminbi exchange rate. A decrease in the value of the renminbi relative to the U.S. dollar, whether as a result of a change in the Chinese government's management of the renminbi or for other reasons, would result in a decrease in the value of the Exchange Rate Measure.

Investor Considerations

You may wish to consider an investment in the notes if:

- You anticipate that the Ending Value will be greater than the Starting Value. In other words, you anticipate that the Chinese renminbi will strengthen relative to the U.S. dollar over the term of the notes.
- You accept that you will lose up to 10% of your original investment amount if the Ending Value is less than the Starting Value.
- You are willing to forgo interest payments on the notes, such as fixed or floating rate interest
 paid on traditional interest bearing debt securities.
- You are willing to accept that a trading market is not expected to develop for the notes. You
 understand that secondary market prices for the notes, if any, will be affected by various
 factors, including our actual and perceived creditworthiness.
- You are willing to make an investment, the payments on which depend on our creditworthiness, as the issuer of the notes.

The notes may not be an appropriate investment for you if:

- You anticipate that the Ending Value will be less than the Starting Value. In other words, you anticipate that the Chinese renminbi will weaken relative to the U.S. dollar over the term of the notes.
- You seek 100% principal protection or preservation of capital.
- You seek interest payments or other current income on your investment.
- You seek assurances that there will be a liquid market if and when you want to sell the notes
 prior to maturity.
- You are unwilling or are unable to assume the credit risk associated with us, as the issuer of the notes.

Linked to Chinese Renminbi/U.S. Dollar Exchange Rate Measure, due October 29, 2013



Supplement to the Plan of Distribution; Role of MLPF&S and Conflicts of Interest

We will deliver the notes against payment therefor in New York, New York on a date that is greater than three business days following the pricing date. Under Rule 15c6-1 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, trades in the secondary market generally are required to settle in three business days, unless the parties to any such trade expressly agree otherwise. Accordingly, purchasers who wish to trade the notes more than three business days prior to the original issue date will be required to specify alternative settlement arrangements to prevent a failed settlement.

The notes will not be listed on any securities exchange. In the original offering, the notes will be sold in minimum investment amounts of 100 units.

MLPF&S, a broker-dealer subsidiary of BAC, is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. ("FINRA") and will participate as selling agent in the distribution of the notes. Accordingly, offerings of the notes will conform to the requirements of FINRA Rule 5121 applicable to FINRA members. MLPF&S may not make sales in this offering to any of its discretionary accounts without the prior written approval of the account holder.

Under our distribution agreement with MLPF&S, MLPF&S will purchase the notes from us as principal at the public offering price indicated on the cover of this term sheet, less the indicated underwriting discount. The public offering price includes, in addition to the underwriting discount, a charge of approximately \$0.075 per unit. This charge reflects an estimated profit earned by MLPF&S from transactions through which the notes are structured and resulting obligations hedged. The fees charged reduce the economic terms of the notes. Actual profits or losses from these hedging transactions may be more or less than this amount. In entering into the hedging arrangements for the notes, we seek competitive terms and may enter into hedging transactions with a division of MLPF&S or one of our subsidiaries or affiliates. For further information regarding these charges, our trading and hedging activities and conflicts of interest, see "Risk Factors—General Risks Relating to the Notes," beginning on page S-9 and "Use of Proceeds" on page S-16 in Product Supplement STEP UP-2.

If you place an order to purchase the notes, you are consenting to MLPF&S acting as a principal in effecting the transaction for your account.

MLPF&S may repurchase and resell the notes, with repurchases and resales being made at prices related to then-prevailing market prices or at negotiated prices. MLPF&S may act as principal or agent in these market-making transactions; however, it is not obligated to engage in any such transactions.

Linked to Chinese Renminbi/U.S. Dollar Exchange Rate Measure, due October 29, 2013



The Exchange Rate Measure

The notes are designed to allow investors to participate in the movements of the Exchange Rate Measure over the term of the notes. The Exchange Rate Measure is designed to track the value of an investment in the Chinese renminbi, based on the Exchange Rate. The notes provide upside participation at maturity if the value of the Exchange Rate Measure increases (that is, the Chinese renminbi strengthens relative to the U.S. dollar) over the term of the notes.

The Exchange Rate is expressed as the number of Chinese renminbi for which one U.S. dollar can be exchanged. Accordingly, an increase in the Exchange Rate means that the Chinese renminbi has weakened relative to the U.S. dollar; a decrease in the Exchange Rate means that the Chinese renminbi has strengthened relative to the U.S. dollar.

If investing in the notes, investors should be of the view that the value of the Exchange Rate Measure will increase over the term of the notes (that is, the Chinese renminbi will strengthen relative to the U.S. dollar from the Initial Exchange Rate to the Final Exchange Rate).

The Initial Exchange Rate was, and the Final Exchange Rate will be, the number of Chinese renminbi for which one U.S. dollar can be exchanged, as reported by Reuters Group PLC ("Reuters") on page SAEC, or any substitute page thereto, at approximately 9:15 a.m. in Beijing, China, on the pricing date or calculation date, as applicable.

If the calculation agent determines that the scheduled calculation day is not a business day by reason of an extraordinary event, occurrence, declaration, or otherwise, or the Exchange Rate is not quoted on the page indicated above on the scheduled calculation day (each, a "Non-Publication Event"), then the calculation agent will determine the Final Exchange Rate on the next applicable business day on which the Exchange Rate is so quoted.

However, in no event will the determination of the Exchange Rate be postponed to a date (the "final determination date") that is later than the close of business in New York, New York on the second scheduled business day prior to the maturity date.

If, following a Non-Publication Event and postponement as described above, the Exchange Rate remains not quoted on the final determination date, the Final Exchange Rate will nevertheless be determined on the final determination date. The calculation agent, in its sole discretion, will determine the Final Exchange Rate on the final determination date in a manner which the calculation agent considers commercially reasonable under the circumstances. In making its determination, the calculation agent may take into account spot quotations for the Exchange Rate and any other information that it deems relevant.

The Starting Value was set to 100 on the pricing date.

The Ending Value will equal the value of the Exchange Rate Measure on the calculation day.

The value of the Exchange Rate Measure on the calculation day will equal:

Any strengthening of the Chinese renminbi relative to the U.S. dollar will result in an increase in the Ending Value, while any weakening of the Chinese renminbi relative to the U.S. dollar will result in a decrease in the Ending Value.

The "Initial Exchange Rate" was determined on the pricing date.

The "Final Exchange Rate" will be determined on the calculation day, subject to postponement as described above.

Linked to Chinese Renminbi/U.S. Dollar Exchange Rate Measure, due October 29, 2013



Hypothetical Calculations of the Ending Value

Set forth below are two examples of **hypothetical** Ending Value calculations (rounded to two decimal places), based on the Initial Exchange Rate of 6.3477 and assuming **hypothetical** Final Exchange Rates as follows.

Example 1:

Initial Exchange Rate: 6.3477 **Hypothetical** Final Exchange Rate: 4.7608

The **hypothetical** Ending Value would be 133.33, determined as follows:

Ending Value =
$$100 + \left[100 \times \left(\frac{6.3477 - 4.7608}{4.7608} \right) \right] = 133.33$$

Example 2:

Initial Exchange Rate: 6.3477 **Hypothetical** Final Exchange Rate: 7.6172

The **hypothetical** Ending Value would be 83.33, determined as follows:

Ending Value =
$$100 + \left[100 \times \left(\frac{6.3477 - 7.6172}{7.6172} \right) \right] = 83.33$$

Currency-Linked Step Up Notes Linked to Chinese Renminbi/U.S. Dollar Exchange Rate Measure, due October 29, 2013



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Historical Data on the Exchange Rates

The following tables set forth the high and low daily Exchange Rate from the first quarter of 2006 through the pricing date. These rates were obtained from publicly available information. These exchange rates should not be taken as an indication of the future performance of any of the Exchange Rate Measure, or as an indication of whether, or to what extent, the Ending Value will be greater than the Starting Value.

As described above, the Exchange Rate is expressed as the number of Chinese renminbi for which one U.S. dollar can be exchanged. As a result, the "High" values represent the strongest the U.S. dollar was relative to the Chinese renminbi for the given quarter, while the "Low" values represent the weakest the U.S. dollar was relative to the Chinese renminbi for the given quarter.

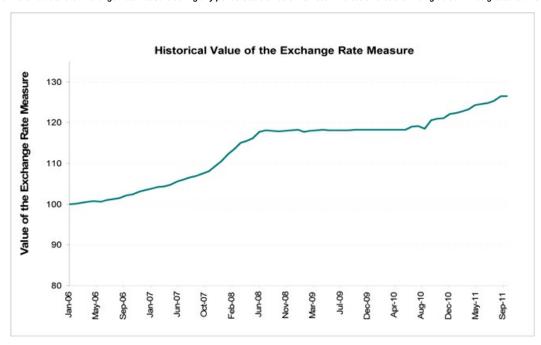
The Initial Exchange Rate is 6.3477 Chinese renminbi per U.S. dollar.

	High	Low
2006		
First Quarter	8.0702	8.0172
Second Quarter	8.0265	7.9943
Third Quarter	8.0048	7.8965
Fourth Quarter	7.9149	7.8045
2007		
First Quarter	7.8160	7.7269
Second Quarter	7.7350	7.6151
Third Quarter	7.6059	7.5036
Fourth Quarter	7.5276	7.3037
2008		
First Quarter	7.3041	7.0116
Second Quarter	7.0185	6.8544
Third Quarter	6.8792	6.8113
Fourth Quarter	6.8872	6.8171
2009		
First Quarter	6.8519	6.8270
Second Quarter	6.8373	6.8192
Third Quarter	6.8362	6.8259
Fourth Quarter	6.8311	6.8233
2010		
First Quarter	6.8339	6.8256
Second Quarter	6.8333	6.7818
Third Quarter	6.8108	6.6873
Fourth Quarter	6.6917	6.6070
2011		
First Quarter	6.6350	6.5483
Second Quarter	6.5477	6.4634
Third Quarter)	6.4721	6.3781
Fourth Quarter (through the pricing date)	6.3841	6.3479

Currency-Linked Step Up Notes Linked to Chinese Renminbi/U.S. Dollar Exchange Rate Measure, due October 29, 2013



The following graph sets forth the monthly historical values of the Exchange Rate Measure from January 1, 2006 through September 30, 2011 based upon historical Exchange Rates as of the end of each month. For purposes of this graph, the value of the Exchange Rate Measure was set to 100 as of December 30, 2005 and the value of the Exchange Rate Measure as of the end of each month is based upon the Ending Value as of the end of that month, calculated as described in the section "The Exchange Rate Measure" above. This historical data on the Exchange Rate as reported by Bloomberg is not necessarily indicative of the future performance of the Exchange Rate or the Exchange Rate Measure or what the value of the notes may be. Any historical upward or downward trend in the value of the Exchange Rate Measure during any period set forth below is not an indication that the Ending Value will be greater than the Starting Value.



Linked to Chinese Renminbi/U.S. Dollar Exchange Rate Measure, due October 29, 2013



Summary Tax Consequences

You should consider the U.S. federal income tax consequences of an investment in the notes, including the following:

- Although there are no statutory provisions, regulations, published rulings, or judicial decisions addressing the characterization, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, of the notes, we intend to treat
 the notes as debt instruments for U.S. federal income tax purposes and, where required, intend to file information returns with the IRS in accordance with such treatment.
- . A U.S. Holder will be required to report original issue discount ("OID") or interest income based on a "comparable yield" with respect to a note without regard to cash, if any, received on the notes.
- Upon a sale, exchange, or retirement of a note prior to maturity, a U.S. Holder generally will recognize taxable gain or loss equal to the difference between the amount realized on the sale, exchange, or retirement and the holder's tax basis in the notes. A U.S. Holder generally will treat any gain as ordinary interest income, and any loss as ordinary up to the amount of previously accrued OID and then as capital loss. At maturity, (i) if the actual Redemption Amount exceeds the projected Redemption Amount, a U.S. Holder must include such excess as interest income, or (ii) if the projected Redemption Amount exceeds the actual Redemption Amount, a U.S. Holder will generally treat such excess first as an offset to previously accrued OID for the taxable year, then as an ordinary loss to the extent of all prior OID inclusions, and thereafter as a capital loss.

Certain U.S. Federal Income Taxation Considerations

Set forth below is a summary of certain U.S. federal income tax considerations relating to an investment in the notes. The following summary is not complete and is qualified in its entirety by the discussion under the section entitled "U.S. Federal Income Tax Summary" beginning on page S-23 of product supplement STEP UP-2, which you should carefully review prior to investing in the notes. Capitalized terms used and not defined herein have the meanings ascribed to them in product supplement STEP UP-2.

General. There are no statutory provisions, regulations, published rulings, or judicial decisions addressing the characterization, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, of the notes or other instruments with terms substantially the same as the notes. However, although the matter is not free from doubt, under current law, each note should be treated as a debt instrument for U.S. federal income tax purposes. We currently intend to treat the notes as debt instruments for U.S. federal income tax purposes and, where required, intend to file information returns with the IRS in accordance with such treatment, in the absence of any change or clarification in the law, by regulation or otherwise, requiring a different characterization of the notes. You should be aware, however, that the IRS is not bound by our characterization of the notes as indebtedness and the IRS could possibly take a different position as to the proper characterization of the notes for U.S. federal income tax purposes. If the notes are not in fact treated as debt instruments for U.S. federal income tax purposes, then the U.S. federal income tax treatment of the purchase, ownership, and disposition of the notes could differ materially from the treatment discussed below, with the result that the timing and character of income, gain, or loss recognized in respect of a note could differ materially from the timing and character of income, gain, or loss recognized in respect of a note had the notes in fact been treated as debt instruments for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Accordingly, prospective purchasers are urged to consult their own tax advisors regarding the tax consequences of investing in the notes. The following summary assumes that the notes will be treated as debt instruments of BAC for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

Interest Accruals. The amount payable on the notes at maturity will depend on the performance of the Exchange Rate Measure. We intend to take the position that the "denomination currency" (as defined in the applicable Treasury regulations) of the notes is the U.S. dollar and, accordingly, we intend to take the position that the notes will be treated as "contingent payment debt instruments" for U.S. federal income tax purposes, subject to taxation under the "noncontingent bond method," and the balance of this discussion assumes that this characterization is proper and will be respected. Under this characterization, the notes generally will be subject to the Treasury regulations governing contingent payment debt instruments. Under those regulations, a U.S. Holder will be required to report OID or interest income based on a "comparable yield" and a "projected payment schedule," established by us for determining interest accruals and adjustments with respect to a note. A U.S. Holder who does not use the "comparable yield" and follow the "projected payment schedule" to calculate its OID and interest income on a note must timely disclose and justify the use of other estimates to the IRS.

Sale, Exchange, or Retirement of the Notes. Upon a sale, exchange, or retirement of a note prior to maturity, a U.S. Holder generally will recognize taxable gain or loss equal to the difference between the amount realized on the sale, exchange, or retirement and the holder's tax basis in the notes. A U.S. Holder's tax basis in a note generally will equal the cost of that note, increased by the amount of OID previously accrued by the holder for that note (without regard to any positive or negative adjustments under the contingent payment debt regulations). A U.S. Holder generally will treat any gain as interest income, and will treat any loss as ordinary loss to the extent of the excess of previous interest inclusions over the total negative adjustments previously taken into account as ordinary losses, and the balance as long-term or short-term capital loss depending upon the U.S. Holder's holding period for the notes. At maturity, (i) if the actual Redemption Amount exceeds the projected Redemption Amount, a U.S. Holder must include such excess as interest income, or (ii) if the projected Redemption Amount exceeds the actual Redemption Amount, a U.S. Holder will generally treat such excess first as an offset to previously accrued OID for the taxable year, then as an ordinary loss to the extent of all prior OID inclusions, and thereafter as a capital loss. The deductibility of capital losses by a U.S. Holder is subject to

Linked to Chinese Renminbi/U.S. Dollar Exchange Rate Measure, due October 29, 2013



Tax Accrual Table. The following table is based upon a projected payment schedule (including a projection for tax purposes of the Redemption Amount) and a comparable yield equal to 3.8829% per annum (compounded semi-annually) that we established for the notes. The table reflects the expected issuance of the notes on November 3, 2011 and the scheduled maturity date of October 29, 2013. This tax accrual table is based upon a projected payment schedule per \$10 principal amount of the notes, which would consist of a single payment of \$10.7949 at maturity. This information is provided solely for tax purposes, and we make no representations or predictions as to what the actual Redemption Amount will be.

		Total Interest Deemed
	Interest Deemed to	to Have Accrued on
	Accrue on the Notes	the Notes as of End of
	During Accrual Period	Accrual Period
Accrual Period	(per Unit of the Notes)	(per Unit of the Notes)
November 3, 2011 to December 31, 2011	0.0626	0.0626
January 1, 2012 to December 31, 2012	0.3946	0.4572
January 1, 2013 to October 29, 2013	0.3377	0.7949

Projected Redemption Amount = \$10.7949 per unit of the notes.

Additional Medicare Tax on Unearned Income. With respect to taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012, certain U.S. Holders, including individuals and estates and trusts, will be subject to an additional 3.8% Medicare tax on unearned income. For individual U.S. Holders, the additional Medicare tax applies to the lesser of (i) "net investment income," or (ii) the excess of "modified adjusted gross income" over \$200,000 (\$250,000 if married and filing jointly or \$125,000 if married and filing separately). "Net investment income" generally equals the taxpayer's gross investment income reduced by the deductions that are allocable to such income. Investment income generally includes passive income such as interest, dividends, annuities, royalties, rents, and capital gains. U.S. Holders are urged to consult their own tax advisors regarding the implications of the additional Medicare tax resulting from an investment in the notes.

You should consult your own tax advisor concerning the U.S. federal income tax consequences to you of acquiring, owning, and disposing of the notes, as well as any tax consequences arising under the laws of any state, local, foreign, or other tax jurisdiction and the possible effects of changes in U.S. federal or other tax laws. See the discussion under the section entitled "U.S. Federal Income Tax Summary" beginning on page S-23 of product supplement STEP UP-2.

Validity of the Notes

In the opinion of McGuireWoods LLP, as counsel to BAC, when the notes offered by this Note Prospectus have been completed and executed by BAC, and authenticated by the trustee in accordance with the provisions of the Senior Indenture, and delivered against payment therefor as contemplated by this Note Prospectus, such notes will be legal, valid and binding obligations of BAC, subject to applicable bankruptcy, reorganization, insolvency, moratorium, fraudulent conveyance or other similar laws affecting the rights of creditors now or hereafter in effect, and to equitable principles that may limit the right to specific enforcement of remedies, and further subject to 12 U.S.C. §1818(b)(6)(D) (or any successor statute) and any bank regulatory powers now or hereafter in effect and to the application of principles of public policy. This opinion is given as of the date hereof and is limited to the Federal laws of the United States, the laws of the State of New York and the Delaware General Corporation Law (including the statutory provisions, all applicable provisions of the Delaware Constitution and reported judicial decisions interpreting the foregoing). In addition, this opinion is subject to customary assumptions about the trustee's authorization, execution and delivery of the Senior Indenture, the validity, binding nature and enforceability of the Senior Indenture with respect to the trustee, the legal capacity of natural persons, the genuineness of signatures, the authenticity of all documents submitted to McGuireWoods LLP as originals, the conformity to original documents of all documents submitted to McGuireWoods LLP as photocopies, the authenticity of the originals of such copies and certain factual matters, all as stated in the letter of McGuireWoods LLP dated April 28, 2011, which has been filed as an exhibit to our Current Report on Form 8-K dated April 28, 2011.

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Additional Terms

You should read this term sheet, together with the documents listed below, which together contain the terms of the notes and supersede all prior or contemporaneous oral statements as well as any other written materials. You should carefully consider, among other things, the matters set forth under "Risk Factors" and "Additional Risk Factor" in the sections indicated on the cover of this term sheet. The notes involve risks not associated with conventional debt securities. We urge you to consult your investment, legal, tax, accounting, and other advisors before you invest in the notes.

You may access the following documents on the SEC Website at www.sec.gov as follows (or if such address has changed, by reviewing our filings for the relevant date on the SEC Website):

- Product supplement STEP UP-2 dated September 22, 2009: http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/70858/000119312509195722/d424b5.htm
- Series L MTN prospectus supplement dated April 21, 2009 and prospectus dated April 20, 2009: http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/70858/000095014409003387/q18667b5e424b5.htm

Our Central Index Key, or CIK, on the SEC Website is 70858.

We have filed a registration statement (including a product supplement, a prospectus supplement, and a prospectus) with the SEC for the offering to which this term sheet relates. Before you invest, you should read the product supplement, the prospectus supplement, and the prospectus in that registration statement, and the other documents relating to this offering that we have filed with the SEC for more complete information about us and this offering. You may get these documents without cost by visiting EDGAR on the SEC Website at www.sec.gov. Alternatively, we, any agent, or any dealer participating in this offering will arrange to send you the Note Prospectus if you so request by calling MLPF&S toll-free at 1-866-500-5408.

Market Downside Protection

MLPF&S classifies certain market-linked investments (the "Market-Linked Investments") into categories, each with different investment characteristics. The following description is meant solely for informational purposes and is not intended to represent any particular Market Downside Protection Market-Linked Investment or guarantee any performance.

Market Downside Protection Market-Linked Investments combine some of the capital preservation features of traditional bonds with the growth potential of equities and other asset classes. They offer full or partial market downside protection at maturity, while offering market exposure that may provide better returns than comparable fixed income securities. It is important to note that the market downside protection feature provides investors with protection only at maturity, subject to issuer credit risk. In addition, in exchange for full or partial protection, you forfeit dividends and full exposure to the linked asset's upside. In some circumstances, this could result in a lower return than with a direct investment in the asset.